

Wendell Phillips Academy High School / Plan summary

2018-2020 plan summary

Team

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Team meetings

Date	Participants	Topic
04/13/2018	all team members	Finalizing SEF
04/19/2018	Content teachers	Review document before submission

School Excellence Framework

Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement

4 of 4 complete

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Leadership & Collective Responsibility:

Leadership & Collective Responsibility is characterized by an unwavering commitment to fulfilling a shared vision of success. There is a clear focus and high expectations for staff and students, motivating the entire school community to continue striving for success for every student.

At the beginning of the 2017-2018 school year, the teachers took ownership over the mission and vision statement of the school and created a new one that was more reflective of our building. The Five Essentials survey increased to Organizational. We have all staff reiterating the importance of post-secondary success for all of our students and have seen three consecutive years of 100% college acceptance, which is a first in this building's history.

Guide for Leadership & Collective Responsibility

- Set the direction and create a sense of purpose by building consensus on and implementing a shared vision.
 - Consider the demographics of the school community in developing a shared vision.
 - Help stakeholders understand the relationship between the school's vision and their initiatives and priorities.
 - Consistently use informal and formal opportunities to champion and articulate the vision.
 - Act in ways that consistently reflect the school's core values, beliefs, and priorities in order to establish trust.
 - Ensure the school's identity, vision, and mission drive school decisions.
 - Use the Multi-Tiered System of Support framework as a standard for how to distribute leadership and make significant decisions both academically and social-emotionally.
- Inspire a culture of collective responsibility for the success of ALL students in the whole school (not solely teacher's own students).
- Empower others to make or influence significant decisions.
 - Build shared leadership structures and opportunities for job-embedded leadership training and development.
 - Capitalize on the leadership skills of others.
 - Constantly listen and synthesize what is heard, and learn from all sources.
- Employ the skills to effectively manage change.
 - Master skills associated with large-scale strategic planning processes and implementation of such plans.
 - Steer through the challenges associated with making improvements, both large and small.
- Create and sustain a coherent instructional program (coordinated and consistent) with learning goals.
- Use the CPS Framework for Teaching to ground instructional guidance and coaching.
 - Model ambitious goals for teaching and learning for all students, including priority groups.
 - Draw from the best available evidence to inform instructional improvement decisions.
- Enable staff to focus and prioritize what matters most.
 - Buffer staff from external distractions to the school's priorities and goals.
 - · Limit school improvement goals to a few high leverage activities.
 - Prioritize teaching challenging content, engaging students in learning, rigor and ways to raise achievement.

Suggested Evidence	 ✓ School's vision, beliefs, and how it is shared (e.g. presentations to community, promotional materials) ✓ Five Essentials – Program Coherence 	
Measures	√ Five Essentials	
Five Essentials	Effective Leaders Collaborative Teachers	
CPS Framework for Teaching	4d. Growing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism	
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIWP A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driven Instruction A5. School Vision and Mission Drive Decision-Making D4. Demonstrates Change Management	

Instructional Leadership Team:

The ILT is characterized by having a consistent structure for teacher leadership that is focused on creating and implementing the theories of action that improve teaching and learning. ILT meetings are a productive forum to identify challenges, collect and review evidence, exchange ideas, and propose and implement solutions to challenges to school improvement.

The ILT has been intentional around pushing our instructional priorities in their departments and grade level teams. They helped form the IP's originally and have stayed true throughout this school year. We are now going to explore more granular IP's for next year as the foundation has been set.

Guide for Instructional Leadership Team

- Engage in on-going inquiry (e.g. continuous improvement cycles) as a basis for improvement.
 - Gain productive insight and take substantial new action or adjust strategy that clearly addresses root causes.
 - Relentlessly ask, "Is it working?" about every program, initiative, and strategy in the school.
 - Vet Initiatives and strategies on the basis of their direct or proven impact on outcomes.
 - Monitor if previous actions were implemented (fidelity) and working as intended. Ask, "If not, why not?"
- · Share leadership for improving teaching and learning with representative school members.
 - Organize the team around a common understanding of team's purpose and instructional priorities.
 - Represent all relevant specialty content areas, programs, related services, and grade bands/department teams and is an appropriate size.

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- Represent a balance of work styles (e.g. task-oriented, provides push-back, synthesizes, etc.)
- Use protocols and ask probing questions.
 - Ask questions focused on factors within sphere of control and avoid a focus on student factors.
 - Use appropriate protocols and level of analysis (grade, school-wide, individuals) for meeting purpose.
 - Systematically consider root cause(s) based on thorough review of evidence.
- Use timely and relevant data/evidence sources.
 - Gather and use current and relevant local student, school, teacher performance (e.g. attendance data, assessment results), and operational data formatively to review and revise school and classroom practices as needed.
 - Disaggregate data for priority student groups (e.g. English learners, diverse learners).
- Schedule and structure frequent meetings.
 - Meet regularly (2-4 times per month).
 - Use an agenda with a clear focus.
- Collaborate effectively, value transparency, and inform and engage stakeholders.
 - All team members have equity of voice and are actively engaged in asking questions.
 - Celebrate small wins and improvements.
 - Regularly inform and engage stakeholders of key data and work of the ILT.
- Build the capacity of teacher teams to lead cycles of learning and problem solving focused on student learning data and student work.

Suggested Evidence Verificate (e.g. agenda, calendar, protocols, minutes) Verificate (har work) Verificate (ha		✓ ILT Effectiveness Rubric Score
outcomes for students and staff Teacher team agendas/minutes reflective of ILT focus Measures Teacher team agendas/minutes reflective of ILT focus Five Essentials Effective Leaders Collaborative Teachers MTSS Framework Shared Leadership, Evaluation of MTSS 4a. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning 4d. Growing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIVIP Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driven Instruction		
Measures	Suggested Evidence	
Five Essentials Cillaborative Leaders Collaborative Teachers MTSS Framework Shared Leadership, Evaluation of MTSS 4a. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning 4d. Growing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIVIP Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driver Instruction		✓ Teacher team agendas/minutes reflective of ILT focus
Five Essentials Collaborative Teachers MTSS Framework Annea Leadership, Evaluation of MTSS 4a, Reflecting on Teaching & Learning 4b, Crowing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIVIP Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driven Instruction	Measures	√ Five Essentials: Instructional Leadership
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CPS Framework for Teaching 4. Learning 4. Comming 4. Comming and Developing Professionally 4. Demonstrating Professionally 4. Demonstrating Professionalism 4. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIVIP Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driver Decision Making and Data Driver Instruction	Five Essentials	Collaborative Teachers
CPS Performance CPS Performance CPS Performance CPS Red for School A2. Implements Data Driver Decision Making and Data Driver Instruction	MTSS Framework	Shared Leadership, Evaluation of MTSS
Teaching 4d. Growing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIVIP Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driver Decision Making and Data Driver Instruction	CDC Farmanuada far	4a. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning
Ae. Demonstrating Professionalism A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and CPS Performance Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driven Instruction	Teaching	4d. Growing and Developing Professionally
CPS Performance Develops a CIWP Standards for School A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driven Leaders Instruction		4e. Demonstrating Professionalism
Leaders Instruction	CPS Performance	
NOW WHAT? MATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING		
	NOW WHAT? M.	ATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING

Professional Learning:

Score Professional Learning includes sufficient time, support, and 'safe practice' space to internalize new knowledge to change practice and 2

We need to do better at intentionally building our teachers capacity. We have a staff of teachers that want to better their practice and are hungry to learn. We need to improve on that and foster an environment where administration brings in PD tailed to our teachers to improve our student learning.

beliefs. Adults persevere in collaboration with their colleagues to innovate and improve implementation of new practices.

Guide for Professional Learning

- Select and design professional learning (PL) to achieve school-wide improvement, including closing priority group achievement gaps.
 - Use data to identify performance and practice gaps to inform PL plan.
 - Use research about best practices to identify potential learning and subject matter experts to support.
 - Solicit feedback from staff to inform selection of PL opportunities.
 - Provide PL relevant to the cultural and linguistic needs of students.
 - Provide both whole staff and differentiated PL to individual teacher levels.
- Implement and sustain on-going, job-embedded professional learning (PL) (e.g. coaching, peer learning opportunities, action research)
 - Recommend and/or provide PL opportunities directly related to individuals' specific areas of need and professional growth goals.
 - Encourage staff to broaden networks to bring new knowledge and resources to learning environment.
 - Teachers initiate opportunities for professional growth and proactively seek opportunities to enhance content knowledge and pedagogical skill.
- · Structure time for teachers to collaborate and learn together.
 - Create schedules and systems to conduct peer observations, and coaching. Reflect on its impact.
 - Teachers provide and accept collegial support and feedback to/from colleagues.
 - Teachers participate in and facilitate professional inquiry in teams to advance student learning.
- · Make 'safe practice' an integral part of professional learning.
 - Allow teachers ample time to try new strategies, refine skills, grapple with implementation problems, and share knowledge and experience.
 - Provide support that addresses the specific challenges of changing classroom practice. Provide coaching/mentoring support to validate continuing to work through struggles.
- . Monitor implementation to ensure staff uses new knowledge to improve practice and it is having the desired effect on practice and student outcomes.
 - Conduct frequent non-REACH observations to provide coaching and actionable feedback.
- · Provide induction and support for new teachers.
 - Assign each new teacher a mentor who is skilled in pedagogy and is an open, collaborative colleague.
 - Schedule a series of 'learning experiences' for new teachers that helps them navigate important initiatives (e.g. REACH) and provides information on school specific goals and resources.

QRP Attainment and Growth ve Essentials: Collaborative Teachers five Leaders borative Teachers
d Leadership, Curriculum & Instruction
eflecting on Teaching & Learning Frowing and Developing Professionally Emonstrating Professionalism
ibserves and Evaluates Staff and Gives Feedback to Staff rofessional Development Provided for Staff
LS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING

- ✓ Framework for Teaching PD Module

Aligned Resources:

Resources (e.g. time, budget, staff, and community resources) are aligned to school priorities. Improving achievement guides resource allocation. Making the most of student time and staffing is a priority. The school organizes resources school-wide through schedules and staffing plans that target additional time and individual attention to those students who need it most and to highest priority subject areas.

The AUSL Network has adopted the Engage Curriculum, which align to our school wide instructional priorities. Teacher schedules and staffing assignments are determined by the highest priority subject areas.

Guide for Aligned Resources

- . Design a school day that is responsive to student needs.
 - Use CPS Instructional Time Guidelines to maximize instructional time.
 - Use CPS Instructional Block Guidelines to maximize academic-engaged time.
- . Align the budget to the CIWP priorities and the mission of the school.
 - Avoid overemphasis on the purchase of products/programs that are not research based or do not respond to SEF needs.
 - Leverage strategic source vendors to maximize dollars.
 - · Seek and obtain grants to support articulated needs.
 - Use grant funds strategically to support areas of highest need.
 - Maximize the use of supplemental funding to close any priority group achievement gaps.
- Streamline purchase procedures to minimize lapses between ordering and receiving materials.
- Evaluate, to the extent possible, the consequences for student learning of resource allocation decisions to develop an evidence base of outcomes of particular uses of resources.

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- Have a 'hiring team' and collaborative hiring process with clear selection criteria to identify and select best available candidates.
 - Actively work to build a pool of potential staff members, particularly difficult to fill positions (e.g. staff to serve English learners).
 - Use an interview process including a protocol for questioning and select highly qualified candidates.
 - Require a classroom lesson demonstration to assess candidate expertise, philosophy and commitment.
 - Check teachers' previous performance at CPS schools.
- Strategically assign teachers to grade and content areas to create a balanced team with a variety of strengths.
 - Ensure all students have fair access to high-quality teachers in the school.
- Effectively utilize Related Service Providers at the classroom level.
- Use data including teacher evaluations and exit interviews to inform a retention strategy.
 - Create a positive climate and working conditions for teaching that attracts and retains educator talent.
 - Create opportunities for growth including opportunities for staff to assume additional leadership roles or pursue personal growth goals.
 - Track retention rates over time and use this information to isolate staffing strengths and identify opportunities to improve.
 - Solicit information from staff using exit interviews/surveys to understand reasons for leaving school or district.
- Make outreach efforts to engage community members as partners and resources.
- · Partner with one or more organizations that share the values of the school and have a complementary mission to the school's vision.
 - Monitor the impact of partner organizations' activity.

7	✓ Schedules
	✓ Teacher retention rates
	 ✓ Staff exit interviews/surveys (data on reasons for leaving school or district)
	✓ Candidate interview protocol documents
Suggested Evidence	√ List of community-based organizations that partner with the school and description of services.
	✓ Evidence of effectiveness of the services that community- based organizations provide
	✓ Budget analysis and CIWP
Measures	✓ Five Essentials
Five Essentials	Effective Leaders, Collaborative Teachers
MTSS Framework	Shared Leadership, Curriculum & Instruction, Family & Community Engagment
CPS Framework for	4a. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning
Teaching	4e. Demonstrating Professionalism
CPS Performance Standards for School	A3. Allocates Resources to Support Student Learning, Prioritizing Time
Leaders	B4. Hires and Retains Highly Effective Teachers
NOW WHAT? M.	ATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING
	es with Priorities: Focusing on What Matters Most
✓ Instructional Sup	ports
✓ Strategic Source	Vendor List
✓ CPS Instructional	Time Guidelines: Elementary School Overview
✓ CPS Instructional	Time Guidelines: High School Overview
✓ CPS Instructional	Block Guidance: K-2 Literacy
✓ CPS Instructional	Block Toolkits: Math

Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning

4 of 4 complete

Curriculum:

The curriculum – what students should know and be able to do - makes standards come alive for students. All students have access to an academically rigorous curriculum that inspires students to think and contribute high quality work to authentic audiences beyond the classroom. The curriculum fully integrates academic and social emotional learning opportunities for all students, including diverse learners, English learners, and advanced learners. The school regularly examines the curriculum to check alignment to standards and opportunities for all students to meet those standards.

Teachers use Engage New York, a rigorous standards-aligned curriculum, to plan collaboratively. The curriculum is "ambitious" enough to address the learning and teaching styles of teachers. ENY offers opportunities to differentiate and extend instruction to all students. A departmental practice of annotating curriculum is used to make the curriculum more accessible to all teachers. This practice also ensures that teachers are intentional about using ENY to deliver and assess instruction. Teachers use student-friendly standards-based objectives to deliver instruction to a diverse student body. In grade-level, departmental, and network-wide meetings teachers regularly examine and analyze the viability of the adopted curriculum. Teachers are coached by school and network leadership to maintain the fidelity of Phillip's instructional focus through the Engage New York curriculum.

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Guide for Curriculum

- Align units of instruction (horizontally/vertically) to scope and sequence maps and pace units and lessons appropriately.
 - Focus so units can be adequately addressed in the time available.
 - Examine formative data to determine mastery and pace. Discuss how much time it takes to adequately address the essential elements, and the viability of documents that articulate essential content and timing of delivery (e.g. pacing guides, curriculum maps).
- Utilize the 'big ideas' that should be taught to determine whether students are being taught the body of knowledge, the understandings and the skills expected.
 - Identify the essential understandings what students should learn in greater depth. In other words, know 'covering everything but learning nothing'
 does not work
- Expose and extend opportunities for all students to grade appropriate levels of text complexity in all types of texts, including informational
 in all content areas.
 - Articulate language goals that are separate from and support content goals. Literacy reading, writing and speaking are essential 'learning tools'
 across the curriculum (disciplinary literacy).
- Engage all learners in content areas by fully integrating opportunities for all learners, including:
 - Diverse learners to demonstrate core knowledge and skills.
 - English Learners to develop academic language to demonstrate mastery.
 - Use English and native language development standards in addition to content standards to differentiate instruction and assessments for English learners, to ensure meaningful access to content, regardless of English language proficiency.
 - Understand research and implement programs to develop native language literacy for English learners.
 - Advanced learners to extend core knowledge and skills.
- · Integrate academic and social emotional learning.
- · Connection to real world, authentic application of learning. For example,
 - Provide opportunities for meaningful project-based learning.
 - Integrate field-based learning through partnerships with city institutions (e.g. museums), colleges, universities, and community based organizations.
 - Curriculum is culturally relevant/sustaining and provides opportunities to explore and celebrate students' communities, culture, history, and language.
 - Curriculum is tailored to the strengths, needs, and interests of each student.

EVIDENCE, MEASU	RES, AND STANDARDS
Suggested Evidence	Curriculum maps, vertical/horizontal Sequencing and pacing guides Thematic units which cover multiple disciplines Comprehensive unit plans including assessments
Measures	✓ SQRP Attainment and Growth
Five Essentials	Ambitious Instruction Effective Leaders Collaborative Teachers
MTSS Framework	Curriculum & Instruction
CPS Framework for Teaching	3a. Communicating with Students 3c. Engaging Students in Learning 1a. Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy 1d. Designing Coherent Instruction
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	Implements Curricular Scope and Sequence and Reviews Instructional Practices C1. Creates a Culture that Supports Social Emotional Learning and Effective Effort
NOW WHAT? M	ATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING
CPS Literacy Sci CPS Math Scope Digital Citizensh K-12 Financial L Personal Financi Physical Educatio Health Educatio Interdisciplinary	iteracy Guide

Instructional Materials: Score

Materials to present learning content and what the learner uses to demonstrate are characterized by variability and flexibility. Materials are identified and adapted to increase access to learning for all students. Materials include multimedia and embedded, just-in-time supports; varied tools and supports; alternative pathways, and varied levels of support and challenge. (adapted from UDL Guidelines 2.0)

At Phillips, materials include PowerPoint, textbooks, Google Suite, online curriculum programs (Ex: MathXL), online textbook resources, interactive websites (Ex: Desmos, Khan Academy), online databases, Eureka curriculum, and manipulatives. Unit plans describe ideas for scaffolding and differentiation. Exit slips and other forms of data are used to provide differentiation. City Year, Math Lab and other community partners help to provide reinforcement of differentiation. Diverse learner teachers differentiate in their classrooms daily with support from paraprofessionals. Activities that teachers across the building use to provide differentiation in classrooms include conferences, small group instruction, grouping by levels, leveled assignments, rubrics, and centers.

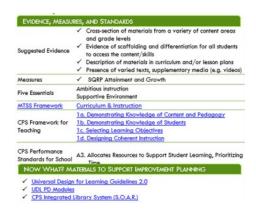
Guide for Instructional Materials

Instructional materials (including technology) are.....

- Aligned to curricular plans and expectations of the standards.
- Varied and flexible.
 - Are selected and adapted based on learning objectives and learner needs.
 - Include a variety of quality media, manipulatives and supplies to achieve valued learning outcomes.
- Intentionally planned by identifying or adapting appropriate tools (including technology) for specific instructional needs.
 - Student outcomes and developmental appropriateness determine when and who will use the materials.
 - Materials are updated/upgraded in response to new information and understandings.
- Equitably available and accessible to all teachers and students.
 - Teachers and students have available a variety of high quality, standards-aligned instructional materials and resources.
 - Materials are in English and native language for English learners.
 - Reference and resource materials are readily available and circulated throughout the school.
- Include multimedia and embedded, just-in-time supports (e.g. hyperlinked glossaries, background information, and on-screen coaching) for conveying conceptual knowledge.
 - Students interact with instructional materials to engage all modalities in the learning process.
 - Technology is integral to students learning experiences.
 - Units and lessons include grade-appropriate levels of texts and other materials so every student can access the content/skills.
- Include tools and supports needed to access, analyze, organize, synthesize, and demonstrate understanding in varied ways for learning and expression of knowledge.
 - The needs of the students at different performance levels are met by using a variety of instructional materials that allow students to draw on all of their learning capacities.
 - The teacher models effective use of various materials.
 - Students understand that materials are a means to acquire language, knowledge, and competencies.
 - Technology enhances students' higher order, creative thinking and problem solving.
 - Materials connect subject area content to real life applications.
- Include alternative pathways including choice of content, varied levels of support and challenge, and options for recruiting and sustaining interest and motivation – for engaging and learning.
 - Students make choices about instructional materials as part of learning.
 - Materials address the needs of the total child: cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, physical, and aesthetic.

• Consumables are often non-print supplies that promote active, hands-on learning.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



Rigorous Student Tasks:

The school regularly examines student work - what students are being asked to do on in their classrooms - across grades or courses in all content areas. Examining the texts and tasks students experience provides the necessary insight to gauge rigor and illuminate how the standards are actualized prompting the question whether or not approaches support the true spirit of college and career readiness. (adapted from The Education Trust – Equity in Motion Series)

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Student work (writing especially) is regularly examined in department meetings. Teachers have standardized the assessment of writing instruction by using a school-wide writing rubric--developed by the school's writing team. This team is comprised of teachers from all content areas who meet monthly to examine student work, help to develop each other's writing instruction/ assessment, and to plan the direction of the school's writing program--a priority at Phillips.

Guide for Rigorous Student Tasks

- Begin with the belief that all students can learn. (see Culture for Learning)
 - Convey high learning expectations for all students and develop structures that enable practice and perseverance for each individual student.
 - Create an environment where students assume responsibility for high-quality work by persevering, initiating improvements, addressing critiques, making revisions, adding detail and/or helping peers.
 - Communicate the necessity of attendance and engagement everyday in order to succeed.
- Plan and assign tasks that are cognitively challenging for individual students and require students to provide evidence of their reasoning.
 - Align tasks with standards-based learning objectives that reflect the depth of knowledge expectations.
 - Tasks are Integrative to draw on multiple standards.
 - Teach for Robust Understanding in Mathematics (TRU Math). Engage students with important mathematical ideas, not simply receiving knowledge, requiring students to engage in productive struggle.
- Tasks reflect the key shifts in literacy.
 - Complexity: Tasks reward close reading of complex text; Focus on comprehension of academic language, not obscure vocabulary.
 - Evidence: Cite evidence from text and write to sources, not decontextualized prompts.
 - Knowledge (non-fiction): Tasks embed reading and writing across disciplines with a variety of literary and informational complex texts and tasks and demonstrate comprehension through speaking, listening.
- Tasks reflect the key shifts in mathematics.
 - Focus: Tasks reflect a curricular and instructional focus on the major work in (e.g. operational fluency and number sense in K-2).
 - Coherence: Multi-grade progressions stress key beginnings (e.g. ratios in 6th grade) and key end points (e.g. fluency with multiplication in 3rd);
 - Rigor: Problems require construction of mathematical reasoning and critiques of other possible solutions
- Provide opportunities for students to create authentic work for real audiences (beyond the teacher) to motivate them to meet standards and engage in critique and revision.
- . Examine student work to identify and showcase the qualities of strategic thinking that are both rich in content and relevant for students.
 - Analyze models with students to build a vision of quality
 - Use protocols to collectively reflect regularly on the level of cognitive demand asked of students across the school, particularly priority group students, to think strategically as speakers, listeners, readers, and writers.
 - Analyze student work samples as part of professional learning to best support students' attainment of quality work and standards.

Sugge	ested Evidence	Cross-section of student work from a variety of content area: Observation of student learning (e.g. learning walks/walkthroughs) Focus group(s) and discussions with students	
Meas	res	✓ SQRP Attainment and Growth	
Five E	ssentials	Ambitious instruction	
MTSS	Framework	Shared Leadership, Curriculum & Instruction	
CPS Framework for Teaching		1d. Designing Coherent Instruction 2b. Establishing a Culture for Learning 3b. Using Guestioning and Discussion Techniques 3c. Engaging Students in Learning	
	erformance ards for School ers	B1. Implements Curricular Scope and Sequence and Reviews Instructional Practices	
NO	W WHAT? M	ATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING	
1	Teaching for R	obust Understanding in Mathematics (TRU Math)	
~	Math Practices: What to Look For Observation Tool		
1	Checking In: Do Classroom Assignments Reflect Today's Higher Standards?		
4	Student Work Protocol (EQuiP)		
1	Slice Protocol - Looking at Student Work		

Transitions, College & Career Access & Persistence:

The school creates pathways to success built on a vision in which all students leave secondary school with a clear plan for their initial postsecondary destination, whether in apprenticeship training, work, or college. All students have equal access to college preparatory curriculum to be successful. The school is characterized by structures for developing early postsecondary awareness and the knowledge and skills that lay the foundation for the academic rigor and social development necessary for college and career success. Students are equipped with the confidence in their ability to implement and adapt their plan throughout their lives as they and the world around them change. This vision sees students as the architects of their own lives.(adapted from Creating Pathways to Success, Ontario)

In regard to transition, we could improve by creating a transition team/process to ensure new students are introduced to all the key staff and offices in the building before starting class. Our freshmen team could expand coherent interventions services, however, we do excel at recruitment of students, freshmen celebrations, freshmen orientation and connection (when budgets have allowed for this). City Year provides Phillips with a boost in freshmen support as well as math lab for our students' math skills. These programs are essential to the success of freshmen because they provide extra caring adults in the building and an additional contact for parents regarding freshmen performance.

Our postsecondary data is showing growth for our seniors, in all areas, including scholarship dollars, college enrollment, and persistence. In general, we are covering each item in the SUCCESS area completely. However, we need to grow our school wide postsecondary culture by being more intentional with implementing Naviance/college going and career tasks at every grade level so that senior year is not so heavily packed with post-secondary tasks. We also want to improve executive functioning at each grade level as we are concerned by students' skill level in areas such as organization, studying, and deadline management. In addition to this, we provide rigorous coursework but are facing two issues. 1) Our students taking AP courses are not achieving a college eligible score on their AP classes and 2) A percentage of students placed in dual enrollment classes struggle and end up transitioning into a general classroom setting at semester.

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Guide for Transitions, College & Career Access & Persistence

- TRANSITIONS Have structures and processes in place to ensure successful transitions (e.g. into school, grade to grade, school to school, school to post-secondary).
 - Mitigate the adverse effects experienced by some students in transition such as arriving part-way through the school year that can cause students to fall behind or become disengaged from school.
 - Monitor the progress of English learners after transition from services.
 - Provide programs and interventions that help students as they move from middle school through Freshmen year, including but not limited to: High School Investigation Days, CTE recruitment fairs, Freshmen Connection program (where budget allows), and a robust Freshmen Orientation program. Implement targeted holistic student supports the entire Freshmen year.
 - Provide sustained summer learning experiences to minimize learning loss and support key transition periods (e.g. summers before Kindergarten, HS, and college).
 - Use student data and best practices research to develop focused programs.
 - Expand access beyond students who are struggling academically.
 - Provide school counseling and postsecondary advising transition support and follow-up during "Summer Melt" and the first year of college.
- AWARENESS Expose students early to academic/professional worlds beyond K-12.
 - Provide students opportunities to discover personal talents and skills, identify career interests, and pursue coursework/activities necessary to reach
 personal, academic and career goals. Expose students to CTE Pathways around career options
 - Expose students to a range of career paths and the educational requirements of each to improve long-term planning and goal-setting.
 - Start the conversation about college in primary grades.
 - Make parents aware of academic opportunities and supports for their child.
- READINESS Ensure equitable access to college preparatory curriculum.
 - Provide access to 8th Grade Algebra to all eligible 8th grade students.
 - Provide access to early college and career coursework and credential opportunities while in HS (e.g. AP credit, Dual credit, industry credentials (CTE),
 Seal of Biliteracy)
 - Teach students to analyze their transcripts and test scores, as well as connect course selection, attendance, and grades to their continued success
 and access to postsecondary options, and adjust their actions and behavior to make progress toward graduation and their top postsecondary choice.
 Provide support and motivation to encourage B's or better and improving attendance.

- Create opportunities for students to explore college and career knowledge, mindsets, and skills necessary for academic planning and goal setting.
- Find opportunities to work with all students on academic and personal behaviors, including persistence, engagement, work habits/organization, communication/ collaboration, and self-regulation.
- In Naviance, develop an Individual Learning Plan that tracks coursework, college and career assessments, goal setting, 6th-12th grade milestones completion that culminates in a concrete postsecondary plan.
- Provide opportunities for Dual Credit/Dual Enrollment
- . SUCCESS Provide direct assistance to all students and families through every stage of the college selection, application, and entry process (Transition to College (HS)) including, but not limited to academic planning/advising to assist with:
 - Selecting colleges with the best institutional graduation rates for their level of qualifications. (Students of all qualification levels are more likely to graduate from college if they attend a postsecondary institution with high graduation rates
 - Researching/comparing options including short and long-term financial outcomes, comparing college graduation rates, and other statistics to narrow down options
 - Researching living wage options such as an apprenticeship or certification programs for students who wish to work after high school and/or want to delay college.
 - Applying to multiple colleges—generally three or more.
 - Navigating financial aid and capitalizing on grant and scholarship opportunities.
 - Equipping students and families with persistence strategies. (College Persistence Toolkit)
 - Help families learn about existing CTE career pathways, apprenticeships/pre-apprenticeship programs



Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching

3 of 3 complete

Instruction:

The teachers have finely honed instructional skills. They can shift from one approach to another as the situation demands by carefully monitoring the effect of their teaching on student learning. They seamlessly incorporate ideas and concepts from other parts of the curriculum into their explanations and activities. Their questions probe student thinking and serve to extend understanding. They promote the emergence of self-directed learners.

This is an AUSL Network focus. This is the meat and potatoes of a school. Students depend on good instruction. We must have a staff that delivers strong instruction consistently. That will lead to better test scores, a higher SQRP rating, and more importantly, our students being successful.

Guide for Instruction

- Plan a range of effective pedagogical approaches suitable to student learning of the content/skills taught and anticipate student misconceptions.
- · Effectively communicate with students.
 - Guide students to articulate the relevance of the objective(s) to learning.
 - · Anticipate possible student misunderstanding.
 - Enable students to develop a conceptual understanding of content while making connections to their interests, knowledge, and experience.
 - Enable students to contribute to extending the content by explaining concepts to their classmates.
 - Build on students' language development and understanding of content.
 - Use vocabulary appropriately for students' ages and development. Students contribute to the correct use of academic vocabulary.
- Use questioning and discussion as techniques to deepen student understanding and challenge.
 - Use a variety of low- and high-level, open-ended, and developmentally appropriate questions to challenge students cognitively, advance high level thinking and discourse, and promote metacognition.
 - Use techniques that enable students to engage each other in authentic discussions about content. And, enable students to formulate their own questions and respectfully challenge one another using viable arguments based on evidence.

3

Score

1 2

- Encourage student responsibility for ensuring all voices are heard in the discourse and that all students are listening and responding to questions and answers from their teacher and peers.
- Require students to cite textual evidence to support/develop a claim.
- · Engage students in learning.
 - Scaffold instruction to ensure all students, including diverse learners and English Learners, access complex texts and engage in complex tasks.
 - Provide targeted supports to individual students or groups of students based on their identified needs.
 - Provide instruction designed to develop language domains for English learners.
- Monitor the effect of teaching on student learning and integrate formative assessment into instruction.
 - Monitor progress and check for understanding for individual students.
 - Change instructional practice based on analysis of current data.
 - Use universally designed assessments that allow for multiple pathways for students to demonstrate understanding of the objective(s.
 - Also see Balanced Assessment.
- Persist in adjusting instruction so individual student misunderstandings or advanced needs are successfully accommodated.
 - Intervene in a timely and effective way to help students who are struggling.
 - When formative assessments show a need for intervention or enrichment, make effective impromptu adjustments that individualize instruction.
 - Use progress monitoring data to trace effectiveness of interventions and student response to intervention.
- Foster student ownership. Create opportunities for students to have voice and choice in instructional tasks.

 ✓ Evidence of best practices (flexible grouping, cognitively demanding tasks, open-ended questions) ✓ Informational observations, peer observations, learning walks ✓ Lesson studies
 ✓ SQRP Attainment and Growth ✓ REACH observation trends (de-identified)
Ambitious Instruction Effective Leaders Supportive Environment
Curriculum & Instruction
3a. Communicating with Students 3b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques 3c. Engaging Students in Learning 3d. Using Assessment in Instruction 3e. Demonstrating Resiciality and Responsiveness
Instructional Practices Observes and Evaluates Staff and Gives Feedback to Staff
NATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING
work for Teaching with Critical Attributes work for Teaching Professional Learning Modules work for Teaching Professional Learning Opportunities

Balanced Assessment & Grading:

A balanced assessment system effectively measures the depth and breadth of student learning and monitors student progress towards college and career readiness. It also produces actionable data to inform planning for instruction, academic supports, and resource allocation. To meet these goals, a balanced assessment system must include multiple measures and be responsive to the needs of all students, including diverse learners and English learners.

At Phillips, teachers use multiple forms of assessment regularly including, checks for understanding, exit slips, projects, quizzes, tests, written assessments, presentations, essays, student reflections, and performance tasks. Grading is scaffolded across the grade levels and value-based grades are the same throughout the school. Data from the varied assessments are used to plan daily instruction by the teachers. Various other sources of data such as attendance, standardized tests, student history, and student growth to decide upon academic interventions and support necessary. Teachers meet with their departments weekly and grade levels monthly to discuss current trends in academic behavior and create action plans to address current issues.

Score

1 2 3

Guide for Balanced Assessment & Grading

- Use multiple measures (i.e. a range of assessment types and at multiple points in time) to supplement district-centralized assessments with other formative assessments to provide a more comprehensive picture of student learning.
- Use screening, diagnostic, and progress monitoring assessment to correctly identify specific gaps and monitor improvement, especially for students receiving Tier 2 and 3 services, in addition to Tier 1 core instruction. (also see MTSS and Instruction)
- Make assessments accessible to students, including diverse learners and English Learners through employing features of universal design and use of accommodations and, where needed, modifications.
 - Provide accommodations in presentation (i.e. how assessment text and tasks are presented to students), response (i.e. how students provide their answers), and/or setting/timing (i.e. scheduling/location of assessment).
- Utilize assessments that reflect the key shifts in literacy and mathematics in teacher created or selected assessments. (see Rigorous Student Tasks)
- Utilize assessments that measure the development of academic language for English learners.
- Have access to and analyze school-wide, teacher team, and classroom assessment data to determine instructional effectiveness and subsequent learning needs

- Improve and promote assessment literacy.
 - Work together on building common assessments within a department, course, or grade level team.
 - Invest resources in helping teachers evaluate and improve the quality of formative assessments. For example, use the Assessment Design Toolkit.
 - Use common protocols and calibrate on scoring and grading in teacher teams.
 - Analyze quality and alignment of assessments and tasks to ensure they meet the expectations of the standards and embed various levels of complexity.
- Have a grading system that clearly, accurately, consistently, and fairly communicates learning progress and achievement to students, families, postsecondary institutions, and prospective employers.
 - Ensure that students, families, teachers, counselors, advisors, and support specialists have the detailed information they need to make important decisions about a student's education.
 - Measure, report, and document student progress and proficiency:
 - Against a set of clearly defined cross-curricular and content-area standards and learning objectives collaboratively developed with staff.
 - Separately from work habits, character traits, and behaviors, so that educators, counselors, advisors, and support specialists can accurately
 determine the difference between learning needs and behavioral or work-habit needs. academic mindsets and behaviors (CCSR).
 - Ensure consistency and fairness in the assessment of learning, and assignment of scores and proficiency levels against the same learning standards, across students, teachers, assessments, learning experiences, content areas, and time.
 - Ensure grades are not used as a form of punishment, control, or compliance.



Multi-Tiered System of Supports:

The school is characterized by full implementation a system of academic and social emotional (SEL) supports for all students. Every day, in all classrooms, all teachers provide: Universal instruction in the core curriculum - academic & SEL (Tier 1) to all students; additional targeted academic and SEL supports (Tier 2) where needed; and deep and intense supports (Tier 3) based on individual and small group needs. The school also monitors On Track data (grades/GPA and attendance (ES), and course credits (HS)) to provide interventions/supports for students at risk for failure and/or truancy.

At Phillips, most of the high impact practices are consistently evident for some students and staff. We implement a system of academic and social emotional supports for all students through various organizations such as City Year, Math Lab, and SGA. All teachers provide universal instruction aligned to Common Core State Standards. Most, or nearly all, teachers use differentiation in the classrooms when appropriate to meet the needs of individual students. Teachers work closely with the counselors, case manager, and diverse learner teachers to address the needs of students who require intense supports. In every core subject at Phillips, we offer co-taught classes, in which a general education teachers plans and implements a lesson side-by-side with a Special Education teacher, who specializes in providing accommodations, modifications, and differentiation. In all core subject areas/course offerings, there is a self-contained class, which is limited to students who require intense supports per their Individualized Education Plan (IEP). Once per week, the whole staff receives a data tracking sheet from the counseling department which tracks students academic progress and on-track rate. The staff also receives weekly attendance updates broken down by grade level to show which group of students needs to be targeted to keep their attendance data on track. In the Diverse Learner department, all students with an IEP or 504 Plan are divided among the 11 diverse learner teachers and closely monitored every 2 or every 5 weeks, depending on the individual needs of the student. The social worker manages a caseload of approximately 65 students that she meets with weekly or quarterly to develop social emotional supports. Students who require intense behavior plans meet with the case manager, administration, deans, parent/guardian, etc. upon enrollment or as necessary to create and implement a school safety plan.

Score

1 2 3 4

Guide for Multi-Tiered System of Supports

- TIER 1 Persist in adjusting instruction so individual student misunderstandings or advanced needs are successfully accommodated. (3e)
 - Intervene in a timely and effective way to help students who are struggling.
 - When formative assessments show a need for intervention or enrichment, teachers make effective impromptu adjustments that individualize instruction

for students

- Use progress monitoring data to trace effectiveness of interventions and student response to intervention.
- TIER 1 Customize the learning environment, pace, and approach of teaching and curriculum in order to meet each learners' individual needs ('Personalized Learning').
 - Empower student to advance their learning.
 - Use up-to-date individual student profiles that include strengths, needs, motivations, and outlines an individualized path to reach his/her goals.
 - Classrooms are student-centered with student agency.
 - Each student has the opportunity to advance upon demonstrating mastery.
- ON TRACK Provide universal supports to prevent failing and absenteeism and targeted interventions for grades below "C" or chronic absenteeism. (On Track)
 - Identify students off track due to low attendance and poor course performance and provide intensive supports to address root causes of why students have low grades and poor attendance.
- TIER 2 & 3 Collaborate and work as teams of teachers and Related Service Providers (RSP) to plan and monitor targeted student support
 with varied instructional strategies and SEL support of varying degrees of intensity for all students.
 - Monitor students requiring and receiving targeted and intensive instruction/interventions.
 - Use the Problem Solving Process to plan Tier 2 and 3 instruction/interventions.
 - Determine appropriate interventions for students or groups of students not making adequate progress.
 - Use progress monitoring data to track effectiveness of interventions and student response to intervention.
- TIER 2 & 3 Implement Personal Learning Plans (PLP) goals and intervention strategies for students requiring school year supports as described in Elementary School Promotion Policy (Board Report 09-1028-PO2).
 - Ensure implementation of these plans, review subsequent 5 week data, determine the effectiveness of the strategies and adjust plans as needed.
- Communicate to parents/guardians the additional supports and/or interventions provided for their child to better align school and home environments.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards

Suggested Evidence	V Evidence of multi-tiered system of supports (e.g. progress monitoring data, menu of available interventions in use, teacher team protocols in use) V Evidence of Personal Learning Plan (PLP) implementation Integrated data system that informs instructional choices V Flexible learning environments V Use of student learning plans V Use of competency-based assessments V Use of personalized learning rubric
	✓ Evidence of On Track monitoring and supports
Measures	 ✓ SQRP Attainment and Growth ✓ Attendance Rates ✓ Course success rates (e.g. grade distributions, pass/failure rates)
Five Essentials	Ambitious Instruction Collaborative Teachers Supportive Environment
CPS Framework for Teaching	1a. Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy 1b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students 1d. Designing Coherent Instruction 2d. Managing Student Behavior 3d. Using Assessment in Instruction 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness 4b. Maintaining Accurate Records
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	B3. MTSS Implemented Effectively in School

Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life

6 of 6 complete

Culture for Learning:

A culture for learning is characterized by a school atmosphere that reflects the educational importance of the work undertaken by both students and staff. It describes the norms that govern the interactions among individuals about the mindsets (e.g. ability/confidence to grow with effort), academic behaviors (e.g. attending classes, completing assignments), the learning strategies and skills, the value of perseverance despite challenges and obstacles, and the general tone of the school. The classroom is characterized by high cognitive energy, by a sense that what is happening there is important, and that it is essential to "get it right." There are high expectations for all students. The classroom is a place where teachers and students value learning and hard work, and students take visible delight in accomplishing their work. Staff believe they can make a difference, that their hard work is the fundamental cause of student achievement, and are invested in student outcomes.

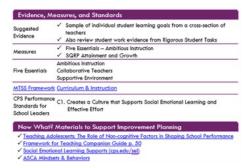
Score

At Phillips, students are aware that the skills they learning are applicable to all classes, and make active connections between content areas. Students are given weekly feedback via a minimum of three weekly grades, and are highly fluent in using student portal day-to-day to keep track of their own progress. Phillips provides all students with a seminar class which builds non-cognitive "soft-skills" such as organization, grit, communication, note-taking and social-emotional skills. Students are regularly challenged in both formative and summative assessments. History and English classrooms hold students accountable with weekly written feedback to push them further every week, encouraging students to explicitly name the skills they are developing, while the math department builds grit by assigning significant homework to all students via MathXL. Juniors are acutely aware of their PSAT and SAT scores, as well as their growth from previous testing. Students are actively encouraged to metagacognize regarding their academic progress via seminar, data reflections after major testing, and special events such town halls and academic cafes organized by the counseling department.

Guide for Culture for Learning

- Create a culture that reflects a shared belief in the importance of learning and hard work.
 - Use strategies to reinforce and cultivate student curiosity.
 - Make learning goals relevant to students, and inspire students to stay committed to their learning goals.
 - Consistently communicate the expectation that all students can achieve at high levels.
 - Utilize strategies to encourage daily and timely attendance.
- Convey high learning expectations for all students and develop structures that enable practice and perseverance for each individual student.
 - Clearly display school-wide expectations for academic and personal success throughout the building.
 - Set high expectations according to grade-appropriate learning objectives.
 - Differentiate expectations so all students stretch to not only meet but exceed personal learning goals.
 - Recognize high levels of student achievement. All students receive recognition.
 - Encourage student resilience and hard work.
 - Ensure students feel safe to share misunderstandings and struggles.
- Encourage students to take ownership and pride in their work where students assume responsibility for high-quality work by persevering, initiating improvements, addressing critiques, making revisions, adding detail and/or helping peers.
 - Students self-assess (e.g. checking own work before giving to teacher) to develop a reflective habit of mind essential for improvement. This ensures
 students take responsibility for their own learning, focuses attention on criteria for success, and increases effort and persistence.
- Provide students frequent, informative feedback.
 - Tell/show students what they have done well (through positive reinforcement) and what they need to do to improve, including clarifying criteria and goals.
 - Give feedback on the task, the processes used to complete the task, and on the student's ability to self-regulate their own learning.
- Develop academic mindsets and behaviors.
 - Teach a growth mindset that over time with effort and practice, students can learn and succeed.
 - Encourage students' sense of belonging to the school and classroom community (see Relational Trust).
 - Employ strategies including ongoing monitoring and support of students' academic behaviors.
 - Praise effort and process. For example, "Good job, that must have taken a lot of effort" instead of, "Good job. You must be really smart."

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



Relational Trust:

Score

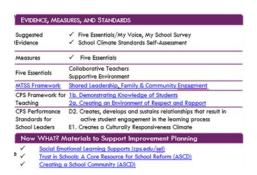
The school is characterized by high levels of relational trust between all school participants - the "glue" or the essential element that coordinates and supports the processes essential to effective school improvement. Interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring. Students contribute to high levels of civility. Interactions are sensitive to students as individuals, appropriate to the ages and development of individual students, and to the context of the class. The net result of interactions is that of academic and personal connections among students and adults.

At Phillips, the adults in the building care about the students and the students care about the adults. This can lead to a familiar vibe in and outside of the classroom where playfulness sometimes gets in the way of classroom routines, but more often leads to student's ownership of their successes and failures. For most of our students, Phillips is a second home. They are comfortable here, they feel at home. They know, as with most families, that they can mess up and be forgiven. They also know to learn from their mistakes and improve so as not to continue ineffective strategies in life and in the classroom. Many students feel comfortable speaking with their teachers and other Phillips adults when they have a problem. Adults will reach out (to each other, to students' families, and to the student) if students are not themselves or seem to be struggling. There are outside organizations to help students with counseling, trauma, peace circles, after-school studying, college readiness; there are clubs and sports; there are weekend activities nearly every weekend. On most school days, Phillips hosts a large cross-section of the population well past 6:00pm. This building and this institution are very much alive.

Guide for Relational Trust

- . Develop trusting relationships with students so each student has at least one trusted adult in the school.
 - Adults are responsible for occasional check-ins or serve as mentors.
- Adult-student interactions are positive, caring, and respectful.
 - Ensure a greater proportion of interactions are positive (as opposed to corrective) between staff and student consistently school-wide.
- · Student interactions are mutually supportive and respectful, with strong norms for positive behavior.
 - Create opportunities for students to build positive relationships with peers.
 - · Create opportunities for older students to mentor younger students.
- Understand diversity and its impact on student learning; recognize and integrate the learning opportunities that come from a diverse community.
 - Create opportunities for students to learn about the community they serve (e.g. culture and neighborhoods).
 - Have mutual respect for individual differences (e.g. gender, race, culture, etc.) at all levels of the school—student-student; adult-student; adult-adult and overall norms for tolerance.
 - Provide training to engage diverse families and communities.
- · Support and respect one another, personally and professionally (Teacher-Teacher Trust, Teacher-Principal Trust)
 - Respect other teachers who take the lead in school improvement efforts.
 - · Respect colleagues who are experts at their craft.
 - Exchanges are marked by genuinely listening to what each person has to say and by taking these views into account in subsequent actions. Even when people disagree, individuals can still feel valued if others respect their opinions.
 - Personal regard springs from a collective willingness to extend beyond the formal requirements of a job definition or a union contract (e.g. openness
 or reaching out to others).
- · Utilize relationships as a means of deterring truant behavior brought on by unspoken hurdles a child may be facing.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



Student Voice, Engagement, & Civic Life:

Students are interested and engaged in learning, invested in their school, and contributing to their community. The school provides early and ongoing exposure to a wide range of extracurricular activities and rigorous courses and programming.

Score

Our school is characterized by its' resolute desire to ensure that students have every opportunity to have voice, engagement and civic exposure. However, there are some discrepancies in the implementation process that correlates to students not receiving all of the educational benefits that are at their disposal. Starting with the positive impact teachers have on our students, this translate into our teachers facilitating learning opportunities for our students to learn the intricacies that politics and civic responsibilities have in quaranteeing our students engagement in the analyses of power and how to identify and implement strategies that are useful and empowering as individuals of their respective school and extended environments. Students are taught about the electoral process and the implications of being an informed voter. Although it is taught superficially, the application is not enforced. Our school presently does not support non-partisan engagement in all parts of the electoral process. Our school does encourage discussions regarding current and controversial issues. Some teachers construct lessons that assist students in exploring and understanding their identity and belief systems. Some teachers may reflect on their individual identities and reflect on the impact their roles may have on student learning. Student voice is hampered due to their inability to participate on multiple decision/policy making decisions for their school. Student voice does not represent diversity in the school, nor does it address school-based issues on a regular basis to have the impact needed for change. Authentic engagement in the school community/environment is missing to have the positive impact needed for the community to consider full partnership with our school to become the change so desperately needed. Service learning opportunities are offered, but not reintegrated into the school for learning possibilities for others (e.g. peers and adults). Integration of civic learning across the curriculum is lacking at our school.

Guide for Student Voice, Engagement, & Civic Life

Study politics

- Teachers teach about the structure and function of government as well as local, national, and international political structures and power dynamics.
- Teachers invite students to reflect on their own role in the political landscape, engage in analyses of power, and identify strategies they can use to utilize civic power as an individual and as a member of a community.
- Become informed voters and participants in the electoral process
 - Students learn about the history and structures of the local and national voting process and ballot issues and candidates.
 - The school supports non-partisan engagement in all parts of the electoral process, including voter education, voter mobilization and registration.
 - There are a variety of school/classroom activities or simulations that support student voter preparation and participation in the electoral process.
- Engage in discussions about current and controversial issues.
 - Students prepare for discussions, learn about issues that matter to them through deliberation, evaluate evidence from a range of sources, consider competing views, develop arguments, and deepen their viewpoints.
 - With teachers' support, students learn how to engage in and lead respectful and productive democratic discussions where everyone expresses their viewpoints, shares evidence, and listens to one another.
 - Teachers teach how to find different points of view online and instruct how to engage in respectful, informed, and productive online dialogue.

Explore their identities and beliefs

- Teachers design learning experiences that enable students to explore how their identities influence their lived experiences and their perspectives.
- Students are encouraged to learn about and understand the perspectives of those who have different identities and beliefs.
- School staff reflect on their own identities and consider how that impacts their role and support of teaching and learning with youth.

Exercise student voice

- Students can participate on multiple decision/policy making bodies and their perspectives are regularly included in decisions at their school.
- Student Voice Committee represents the diversity of the school, addresses school-based issues, and regularly gathers input from their peers to inform and impact school policy and decisions.
- Teachers respond to and integrate students' lived experiences, perspectives, and interests in class.
- Authentically interact with civics leaders
- Students learn about community, city, state, and national civic leaders and their roles in civil society.
- School staff support engagement with civic leaders by inviting them into classrooms/the school and identifying face-to-face or online avenues for students to share their feedback and perspectives with civic leaders.

Engage with their community

- Students complete at least 2 service learning projects before graduation in which they gain exposure to civic organizations, leaders, and careers. Students gain tools to work cooperatively in partnership with peers, community members, and organizations to advance a specific cause
- Take informed action where they work together to propose and advocate for solutions.
 - Students research and analyze issues that matter to them, identify root causes, develop a theory of action, determine relevant audiences, outline specific goals, implement a response, and reflect before, during and after experiences.
 - Students use social and digital platforms to raise awareness about issues, produce and circulate multimedia content, and mobilize involvement.

Experience a Schoolwide civics cultur

- School leaders articulate a commitment to and vision for the importance of civic learning; students are civic leaders in the school.
- Schools integrate civic learning across the curriculum, including projects that address relevant issues in their schools and communities.
- School staff have professional development, collaboration time, and curriculum resources to infuse civic learning across disciplines.
- Systems and structures exist where students are invited to participate in shaping school's policies, goals, instruction, and climate.

	 MVMS Student Survey completion rates and results 	
	 Artifacts from student-run organizations and events (including SVCs) 	
	Mosting minutes/agandos that include student participation	
10 100000	 Policies regarding student engagement in decision making 	
Suggested Evidence	 Service learning reports and/or reflections of SL projects 	
	 Unit and curriculum maps, rubrics, assessment artifacts 	
	Evidence of student work	
	 Democracy School recognition 	
Moseuroe	Fire Essentials - Supportive Environment	
Fivo Essentials	Supportive Environment	
MTSS Framework	Curriculum & Instruction, Family & Community Engagment	
CPS Framowork for	2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Repport	
Tooching	3c. Engaging Students in Learning	
CPS Performance		
Standarde for School Loadore	D3. Utilizer Feedback from Multiple Stakeholders for School Improvement	
Contant Standards	Illinois Social Scienco Standards, Illinois Social Emotional Loarning Standards, CCSS ELA/HST Standards	

Safety & Order:

The school is characterized by high levels of safety and order. Students feel physically and emotionally safe from harm, and adults work to actively maintain a safe, orderly school environment.

Our staff and students feel safe in this building. We cannot control the outside community. We can, however, control inside. We have worked tirelessly over the past seven years to build this safe space. Our security and deans to a fantastic job supporting our teachers. Any situations that arise are dealt with swiftly and according to CPS protocols.

Score

2 3 4

Guide for Safety & Order

- . Ensure students and adults feel physically, socially, intellectually, and emotionally safe throughout the school.
- Provide clear procedures for reporting and responding to safety concerns.
- Manage efficient and orderly transitions between activities.
 - Manage classroom routines and procedures to maximize instructional time.
 - Orchestrate the environment so students contribute to the management of classroom routines (e.g. transitions) without disruption of learning).
 - Arrival, dismissal, and other school-wide transitions are safe, efficient, and orderly.
- Provide a framework for positive behavior throughout the school based on shared values and expectations.
 - Have shared expectations for positive behavior. (See Restorative Approaches to Discipline)
- · Teach, model, and reinforce (by all staff members) clear behavior expectations for all areas of the school.
 - All adults use active supervision (move, scan, and interact) in all settings.
- Have a voice and take informed action.
 - Students are included in key conversations about their learning experience and work with the principal and staff to identify issues and implement solutions. (e.g. student voice committee).
 - Students initiate and lead some school improvement initiatives.
 - Students participate in democratic decision-making at the school level.
 - Students identify and research issues of relevance and work together to propose/advocate for solutions.
- Emphasize proactive, instructive, and restorative approaches to student behavior and minimize punitive consequences through policies and procedures. (See Restorative Approaches to Discipline)
 - Adults correct misbehavior in ways that reinforce established expectations and cause minimal disruption to learning.
- Clarify criteria for office referrals versus classroom managed behavior.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards

	✓ MVMS score – "Safety"
_	% of teachers proficient or distinguished in 2c (Management of
Suggested	Transitions) on the Framework for Teaching?
Evidence	 Examples of teacher practice improving in Domain 2 of the Framework for Teaching.
	✓ School Climate Standards Rubric/Assessment
	√ Five Essentials – Supportive Environment score
Measures	✓ My Voice, My School Survey "Safety" score
Five Essentials	Supportive Environment
MTSS Framework	Curriculum & Instruction
CPS Framework for	2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport
Teaching	2c. Managing Classroom Procedures
reduling	2d. Managing Student Behavior
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	A4. Creates a Safe, Clean and Orderly Learning Environment

Restorative Approaches to Discipline:

The school is characterized by having and implementing policies and procedures that emphasize proactive, instructive, and restorative approaches minimizing punitive consequences. Discipline practices primarily focus on shaping behavior as opposed to punishing behavior. The school only uses out-of-school suspension as a last resort and utilizes a systems-change approach to bring about a more restorative culture. The school is also characterized by strong and consistent school and classroom climates. The school reinforces positive behaviors and responds to misbehaviors in calm, respectful, and thoughtful ways, teaching students important social and emotional skills that enable them to get along with others, make responsible decisions, and focus on learning.

Score

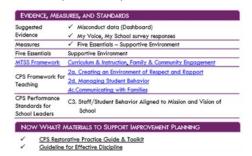
When misbehavior occurs, the school seeks to understand the underlying reasons (root cause) in order to design a response that effectively changes student behavior using a menu of instructive, corrective and restorative responses.

We have a team that will be receiving PD on talking and peace circles to finish out this school year. We have been building toward restorative discipline, but we still have a way to go. Our out of school suspension rate has decreased drastically over the past three years.

Guide for Restorative Approaches to Discipline

- PROACTIVE Reinforce positive student behavior with clear expectations, routines, and procedures.
 - A team meets regularly to organize systems that support a restorative environment.
 - Develop, reinforce, and model shared agreements and clear, positively stated expectations.
 - Well-managed routines and transitions maximize instructional time.
 - Engage families as partners.
 - Contact families frequently to inform them of positive student behavior and progress.
 - Vary acknowledgements and provide both short and long term opportunities for reinforcement for all students.
- INSTRUCTIVE Integrate universal SEL skills instruction and core content.
 - Intentionally teach competencies outlined in SEL Standards. Use discipline as opportunity to teach these skills.
 - Use a Multi-tiered System of Supports (MTSS) for social, emotional, and behavioral growth.
 - Use data to determine which behaviors should be retaught or more heavily reinforced.
 - Explicitly teach expected behavior and positively reinforce consistently school-wide.
 - Avoid power struggles with students by offering choices. Redirect students privately and respectfully.
- RESTORATIVE Employ a discipline system that guides students to take ownership, resolve conflict, and learn from their actions.
 - Support all staff to engage in restorative conversations and respond to behavior incidents in ways that de-escalate conflict, reteach expectations, build social & emotional skills, repair relationships, and cause minimal disruption to learning.
 - Support staff in understanding the impact of trauma on student behaviors and using trauma-sensitive approaches to discipline.
 - Identify clear disciplinary procedures for classroom-managed behaviors and office-managed behaviors. Develop a continuum of interventions and logical consequences that address the root cause of behavior and align to MTSS processes.
 - Ensure discipline systems minimize the use of punitive responses, including removing students from the classroom or school community.
 - Respond equitably to students in all subgroups. Implement processes that address and meet the needs of students who are impacted by behavior
 incidents.
 - Designate an administrator, such as a dean or restorative practices coordinator, responsible for leading centrally-managed response to behaviors
 using consistent, restorative processes.
 - Provide opportunities for students to take responsibility for repairing harm caused by their actions, generate solutions, and resolve conflicts with peers
 or staff.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



Parent and Family Partnership:

All schools have authentic partnerships with parents or family members that lead to a sense of shared responsibility for the academic, physical, and social emotional development of their students. Through meaningful consultation with parents, these partnerships include creating an intentional process to foster and sustain school-wide procedures, programs, and activities which involve and empower parents or family members and are responsive to student and family's needs. Schools provide a variety of parent volunteer opportunities (both in and out of school) and leadership opportunities (ie - PACs, BACs and PLNs), which support school operations, instructional programs and community partnerships. Research shows that when families, schools and communities partner in promoting learning and healthy development for all students schools thrive and student outcomes increase. The development and implementation of effective outreach and communication strategies will be inclusive of all families and school staff, creating a two-way feedback loop process which will lead to an increase in the home-school connection to identify, problem-solve and design actions which target instructional and student programs.

Score

At Phillips, we encourage teacher/staff members to reach out to parents/guardians approximately every 5 weeks, around progress reports and report cards deadlines. There is not a strong sense of shared responsibility for the development of students. The majority of Phillips' parents report that they hear from teachers or deans when their student is performing poorly academically or behaviorally. Information and incidents are communicated to parents, but there is a lack of partnership between school personnel and families. Phillips has made attempts to establish programs and activities which involve parents or family members, but they have not been implemented successfully. Some parents have asked about parent volunteer opportunities, and they are directed to complete a form through CPS, but there is little follow through. Phillips has made attempts to establish a Parent Advisory Committee (PAC) and an Local School Council (LSC) but has received minimal response from the school families. At Report Card Pick Up (twice a year), approximately 40% of our students' families are represented. Roughly 30% of our students' families utilize Parent Portal to stay connected to their students' classwork and academic progress. In the 2016-2017 SY 5Essentials survey results, Phillips received a "Neutral" score of 55 in the category of "Involved Families": a 44 in Teacher-Parent Trust, a 58 in Parent Involvement, and a 63 in Parent Involvement in Decision Making in School.

Guide for Parent and Family Partnership

- Establish a non-threatening, welcoming environment that is warm, inviting, and helpful.
- Provide frequent, high quality, well publicized opportunities for families and community to participate in authentic and engaging activities in the school community (e.g. student performances/ exhibitions, literacy or math events).
- Provide multiple opportunities for parents to ask questions, raise concerns, and give feedback.
 - Respond to families' concerns and requests for information professionally and in a timely manner, providing resources and solutions to address the
 concerns.
- Solicit the support and engagement of families as partners in the instructional program (e.g. volunteering, working at home with their child, involvement in class and school projects in and out of school, and parent workshops).
 - Host events for parents to share with other parents how home and school complement each other.
 - Share best practices around learning and development with parents to support students at home.
 - Inform parents of grade level standards and expectations and grading policies with a clear description of what meeting the standard looks like.
 - Inform parents of attendance expectations and the impact of attendance on a student's trajectory.
 - Assist parents to volunteer in the school and/or participate on teams/committees.
 - Promote the use of Parent Portal and Parent University to connect and engage parents with school.
- Frequently communicate with families about class and individual activities and individual student's progress.
 - Regularly inform parents of their child's progress across all relevant measures: attendance, discipline, academics, social-emotional learning, and health and wellness.
 - Send regular, positive, personalized communication from a staff member.
 - Use a variety of consistent communication methods (e.g. calls, text, newsletter, website, face to face) sensitive to cultural norms and needs.
- · Conduct intensive outreach to families in need of specialized support through home visits and collaboration with social services agencies.
 - School responses to student excessive absences and/or tardiness includes outreach to families.
- Provide proactive communication (e.g. parent handbook and resources).
- · Partner equitably with parents speaking languages other than English.
 - Information is provided to parents in their native language.
 - Parent meetings scheduled with interpreters present to facilitate participation.



Score	Framework dimension and category			Area of focus ⊘= Not of focus					
1	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Parent and Family Partner	ship		1	2	3	4	5	0
2	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Professional Learning			1	2	3	4	5	Ø
2	Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching: Instruction			1	2	3	4	5	0
2	Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Rigorous Student Tasks			1	2	3	4	5	Ø
2	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Restorative Approaches to	Discipline		1	2	3	4	5	0
2	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Student Voice, Engagemen	nt, & Civic Life		1	2	3	4	5	Ø
3	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Aligned Resources			1	2	3	4	5	Ø
3	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Instructional Leadership Te	eam		1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Leadership & Collective Re	esponsibility		1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching: Balanced Assessment &	Grading		1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching: Multi-Tiered System of S	upports		1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Curriculum			1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Instructional Materials			1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Transitions, College & C Persistence	areer Access &	k	1	2	3	4	5	0
3	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Culture for Learning			1	2	3	4	5	Ø
3	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Relational Trust			1	2	3	4	5	Ø
3	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Safety & Order			1	2	3	4	5	0
0 1 -									
Goals	matrice (Highesheel)							17 o	f 17 gamplata
Required i	metrics (Highschool)	2016-2017	2017-2018	2017	7-2018	3 20	18-20		f 17 complete 2019-2020
My Voice,	My School 5 Essentials Survey	Actual	Actual	SQR Goal			QRP pal		SQRP Goal
We have g	grow to Organized, with the goal of Very Organized for each year moving	(Blank)	(Blank)	(ВІ	lank)		(Blani	k)	(Blank)
PSAT 9 An	nual Growth Measure								
Our intent	tional freshmen supports will allow our young people to demonstrate continued	(Blank)	28.00	29	.00		30.00		31.00

(Blank)	19.00	20.00	21.00	22.00
(Blank)	29.00	30.00	31.00	40.00
(Blank)	(Blank)	30.00	31.00	32.00
(Blank)	29.00	30.00	31.00	40.00
(Blank)	(Blank)	0.00	0.00	0.00
(Blank)	(Blank)	30.00	31.00	32.00
(Blank)	(Blank)	30.00	31.00	32.00
(Blank)	12.00	14.00	17.00	20.00
34.00	30.00	30.00	32.00	33.00
73.00	83.00	85.00	88.00	90.00
57.00	59.00	60.00	62.00	65.00
	(Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) 73.00	(Blank) 29.00 (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) 12.00 34.00 30.00	(Blank) 29.00 30.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 (Blank) (Blank) 0.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 (Blank) 12.00 14.00 73.00 83.00 85.00	(Blank) 29.00 30.00 31.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 31.00 (Blank) (Blank) 0.00 0.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 31.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 31.00 (Blank) (Blank) 30.00 31.00 (Blank) 12.00 14.00 17.00

College Enrollment Rate

These goals are based on the previous trends showing a 2% growth each year. 55.00 57.00 60.00 62.00 65.00 College Persistence Rate 60.00 60.00 62.00 66.00 These goals are based on the fact that our enrollment rate increasing and the intentional 63 00 supports put in place to prepare our students for post secondary success. Average Daily Attendance Rate We have never had over 85% for the year. We are currently at 84.5 and we believe we 81.00 81.00 85.00 86.00 87.00 can get there this year. If we do that, our attendance team and strategic and intentional interventions will allow us to grow over the next two years. 0 of 0 complete Custom metrics 2016-2017 2017-2018 2017-2018 2018-2019 2019-2020 **SQRP SQRP** SQRP Actual Actual Goal Goal Goal Strategies Strategy 1 If we do... ...then we see... ...which leads to... Use the CCSS and NGSS to drive our Students demonstrating mastery of skills and Our PSAT/SAT attainment scores increasing instruction across all content areas. content that will lead to post secondary each year as well as our college enrollment and persistance. success. Tags: Area(s) of focus: Instruction, Instruction priorities, Sat, Instruction strategy, Planning for instruction, Instruction, assessment, data use, Action step Responsible Timeframe Status May 8, 2018 to Engage in Standards Study in ELA dept. by Dr. Carry during the 2018-Admin, ILT, Dept. On-Track May 9, 2018 2019 school year. Chairs, Teachers Assessment, Instruction, Instruction priorities, Sat, Planning for instruction, Strategic planning Strategy 2 If we do... ...then we see... ...which leads to... Develop intentional strategies to improve more parent support and engagement Phillips being a part of the fabric of the parent/school relationships. throughout a student's time here at Phillips Bronzeville community, increased attendance, increased 4 year graduation rate, and increased academic performance. Area(s) of focus: Parent engagement, Parent involvement, Parent contact, Parent meetings, Parent groups Action step Responsible Timeframe Status Jul 2, 2018 to We have to make our parents feel more welcome in our building. We have Administration and Not started Jun 30, 2019 to ensure our parents do not feel intimidated coming into our building and parent engagement want to be engaged with their child's teachers and administrators. committee, teachers and staff

Action Plan

Strategy 1

ON-TRACK

Engage in Standards Study in ELA dept. by Dr. Carry during the 2018-2019 school year."

May 08, 2018 to May 09, 2018 - Admin, ILT, Dept. Chairs, Teachers

Status history

May 9

ON-TRACK

May 09, 2018

Evidence

Increased PSAT/SAT scores, college enrollent and persistance

Strategy 2

NOT STARTED

We have to make our parents feel more welcome in our building. We have to ensure our parents do not feel intimidated coming into our building and want to be engaged with their child's teachers and administrators."

Jul 02, 2018 to Jun 30, 2019 - Administration and parent engagement committee, teachers and staff

Status history

May 9

NOT STARTED

May 09, 2018

Evidence

Increased attendance at open house, parent teacher conferences,

Fund Compliance

Supplemental General State Aid(SGSA)

My school receives SGSA funds

By checking the above box, the school is verifying that the attendance center complies with the statement regarding the use of SGSA funds:

- 1. The attendance center allocation is correctly based on the number of students eligible to receive free and reduced lunch and breakfast.
- 2. The attendance center has an approced plan, developed in consultation with teachers, administrators, and other appropriate personnel, and parents of thes tudents attending the attendance center.
- 3. The attendance center's plan is approved by the LSC and CPS.
- 4. SGSA funded activities fall within the allowable program categories: early childhood education, reduced class size, enrichment programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and other educationally beneficial expenditures which supplement the regular programs as determined by the illinois state board of education.
- 5. SGSA Funds supplement and do not suppland non-categorical and other categorical funds allocated to the attendance center.
- 6. SGSA funds are supporting only those activities specified in the school's approved plan/amendment.
- 7. SGSA funds are not used for capital expenditures. 8. SGSA funds are not used for any political or lobbying activities by the attendance center.

ESSA Program

ESSA Schoolwide Program

(Not available to schools receiving NCLB funds for the first time) [Title 1/SW].

The school annually reviews the schoolwide plan/program. The schoolwide program plan is available to CPS, parents, and the public, and the information in the plan is in an understandable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable in a language the parents can understand.

ESSA Targeted Assistance Program Title I funded staff participate in the school's general professional development and school planning activities. Title I funded staff assume limited duties that are assigned to similar personnel including duties beyond the classroom, or that do not benefit Title I students, as long as the amount of time spent on such duties is the same proportion of the total work time with respect to similar staff.

Non-title school that does not receive any Title funds

Parent Involvement in Targeted Assistance and Schoolwide Programs

I verify that the statement below is correct

Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), the reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965 continues a legislative commitment to parental involvement. Central features of prior reauthorizations, such as school-parent compacts, parent involvement policies, and the parent involvement funding formula remain unaltered. However, the ESSA reauthorization represents a notable shift in the role of parental involvement in the schools. It includes new provisions increasing parental notification requirements, parental selection of educational options, and parental involvement in governance. It envisions parents as informed and empowered decision makers in their children's education.

Parent and Family Plan

Parent and Family Engagement Policy

Complete

Schools must involve parents and family in the joint development and periodic review and revision of the ESSA, Title I school parental and family engagement plan and policy, and in the process of school review and improvement. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

This will be accomplished at PAC and LSC meetings throughout the year.

The school will hold an annual meeting at a time convenient to parents and families during the first month of school to inform them of the school's participation in ESSA, Title I programs and to explain the Title I requirements and their right to be involved in the Title I programs. The school will also offer a number of additional parental and family engagement meetings, including school PAC meetings, at different times and will invite all parents and key family members of children participating in the ESSA, Title I program to these meetings, and encourage them to attend. Please describe how this will be accomplished. Please list the projected date of your Title I Annual Meeting and your Title I PAC Organizational Meeting

The meeting time and place will be decided upon at the beginning of the school year with all stakeholders having a voice in the decision. The meetings will be held in accordance with the guidelines outlined by Title I and CPS.

At the request of parents and family members, schools will provide opportunities for regular meetings, including the School Parent Advisory Council meetings, for parents and family members to formulate suggestions and to participate, as appropriate, in decisions about the education of their children. Please describe how the school will immediately respond to any such suggestions.

Phillips is always open and flexible to parent concerns. If this is requested, the school will absolutely convene the requested meeting.

Schools will provide parents a report of their child's performance on the State assessment in at least math, language arts and reading. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

PSAT/SAT scores will be shared both electronically through College Board as well as hard copies sent home to parents.

Schools will provide parents timely notice when their child has been assigned to, or taught by, a teacher who is not "highly qualified," as defined in the Title I Final Regulations, for at least four (4) consecutive weeks. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

This is currently not the case at Phillips, but we will provide notice adhering to the policies set forth electronically and by mail.

Schools will assist parents of participating ESSA Title I children in understanding: the state's academic content standards; the state's student academic achievement standards; the state and local academic assessments including alternate assessments; the requirements of Title I, Part A; how to monitor their child's progress; and how to work with educators. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

This opportunity will be shared at PAC and LSC meetings throughout the year.

Schools will provide information, resources, materials and training, including literacy training and technology, as appropriate, to assist parents and family members in working with their children to improve their academic achievement, and to encourage increased parental involvement. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

This information will be provided at PAC and LSC meetings as well as Report Card Pick up.

Schools will educate all staff in the value and utility of contributions by parents and family and in how to reach out to, communicate and work with, parents and family as equal partners in the education of their children and in how to implement and coordinate parent and family programs and build ties with parents and family members. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

This is being planned now for next year as it is one of our three main goals for the CIWP.

Schools will, to the extent feasible and appropriate, coordinate and integrate parent and family programs and activities with Head Start, Reading First, Early Reading First involvement, Even Start, Home Instruction Programs for Preschool Youngsters, the Parents as Teachers Program, public preschool, and other programs, to further encourage and support parents and families in more fully participating in their children's education. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

Any and all pertinent information will be shared with parents at PAC and LSC meetings as well as Report Card Pick up.

Schools will ensure that information related to the school and parent and family programs, meetings, and other activities is sent to parents in understandable and uniform formats, including language. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

Any and all pertinent information will be shared with parents at PAC and LSC meetings as well as Report Card Pick up.

Policy Implementation Activities

The LSC will approve the school improvement plan and monitor the CIWP.

d

In the CIWP, the school identifies current parental and family engagement practices and outlines activities related to expanding parent and family partnership programs.

V

The school will coordinate the parent and family engagement programs identified in the CIWP.

4

The school will evaluate the Parent and Family Engagement Policy for effectiveness and make improvements as necessary.

Explain why any of the boxes above are unchecked: (type "n/a" if all are checked)

n/a

School-Parent Compact Complete

The school will provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables the participating student to meet the State's student academic achievement standards. Describe how the school will provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive environment. (Restate the school mission.)

Wendell Phillips Academy High School is committed to giving students rigorous instruction and comprehensive personal support, fostering independent thinkers and strong communicators who thrive in college and beyond.

The school will hold parent-teacher conferences. Describe the kinds of parent-teacher conferences that will be held and the dates on which they are scheduled.

First and third quarter as per CPS guidelines. Also, our teachers will be made available for any and all individual conference requests.

The school will provide parents with frequent reports on their children's progress. Describe when and how the school will provide reports to parents.

Progress reports will be sent home every five weeks. In addition, parents of failing students will be contacted every two weeks.

The school will provide parents access to staff. Describe when, where and how staff will be available for consultations with parents.

All teachers emails and phone extensions at the school will be provided to parents during orientation and enrollment.

The school will provide parents opportunities to volunteer and participate in their children's classes. Describe how and when parents and family members may volunteer, participate, and observe classroom activities.

All parents are welcome to sit in their child's class. This is made clear upon enrollment.

The parents will support their children's learning. Describe how the parents will assist learning (i.e. monitoring attendance, homework completion).

Parents will receive a tutorial on how to use parent portal as well as how to contact teachers during orientation and enrollment.

The parents will participate in decisions relating to the education of their children. Describe when, where and how parents will consult with the school.

During PAC and LSC meetings. In addition, administration is available to meet with parents individually to discuss.

The students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement. Describe how the students will assure academic achievement (i.e. good attendance, positive attitude, class preparation).

Student agency is a goal at Phillips. Our teachers and administrators will put onus on our students to advocate and take responsibility for their education.

Parent Budget Complete

Goals: Indicate goals, timeline of activities and training topics that are designed to assist parents and families with increasing their students' academic achievement. The overarching goal is to increase student academic achievement through parental and family engagement involvement; specify your goals

If we develop intentional strategies to improve parent/school relationships, then				
Allocate your Mandated Title 1 Parent and Family Engagement Funds to support your Parent and Family Engagement Program.				
Account(s)	Description	Alloc	ation	
51130,	Teacher Presenter/ESP Extended Day	\$	300	.00
2130	For Teacher presenter, ESP Extended Day, please remember to put money on the benefits line. Non- Instructional pay rate applies.	·		
3405	Supplies	•	200	00
	In addition to supplies for parent program, please use this account to also purchase books for parents only. Use this account for equipment with a per unit cost of less than \$500.	\$	300	.00
	Petrophments			
53205	Refreshments Allocation CAN NOT EXCEED 25% of the Parent Budget. Refreshments must be used for Title 1 PAC	\$	500	.00
	meetings, trainings and workshops.			
54125	Consultants For Parent Training Only. Consultant must have a CPS vendor number and paid with a Purchase Order	\$	300	.00
	after service is rendered (NO CHECKS ARE ALLOWED)			
54505	Admission and Registration Fees, Subscriptions and memberships For Parents use only.	\$	200	.00
:p>54205 </td <td>n§ravel</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	n§ravel			
p 0.200 /	Buses for Parents use. Overnight Conference travel- schools must follow the CPS Travel Policy. The CPS Parent Overnight Travel Approval Form and Conference Travel Form must be completed.	\$	200	.00
	CF3 Falent Overlinght Haver Approval Form and Conference Haver Form must be completed.			
p>54565 </td <td>pReimbursements Allocation CAN NOT EXCEED 25% OF THE Parent Budget. All Parent Reimbursements related to Title 1</td> <td>\$</td> <td>500</td> <td>.00</td>	p Reimbursements Allocation CAN NOT EXCEED 25% OF THE Parent Budget. All Parent Reimbursements related to Title 1	\$	500	.00
	parent and family engagement must be paid from this account. Receipts must be clear unaltered and itemized. School must keep all receipts.			
:p>53510 </td <td>oPostage</td> <td>•</td> <td>500</td> <td>00</td>	oPostage	•	500	00

Must be used for parent and family engagement programs only.

53306	Software Must be educational and for parent use only.	\$ 300	.00
55005	Furniture and Equipment Must have a parent room or a secure place to keep furniture/equipment. Cannot be placed in the main office or where staff and students have access too. To by used only by parents.	\$ 300	.00

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