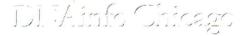
The DIGITAL ROADMAP A Free digital and social media event for neighborhood businesses hosted by DNAinfo

Attachment





My Chicago Pulitzer Prize-winner Mark Konkol delivers the inside scoop.



Uptown & Andersonville

Education

Charter School Cancels Meeting About Expansion, But Opponents Vent Outside



By Adeshina Emmanuel on September 18, 2013 10:32am | Updated 37 mins ago ₩ @ Public_Ade

ANDERSONVILLE -

Opponents of Passages Charter School's plan to add a high school worry that it could siphon students and resources away from area high schools already facing slashed budgets.

Passages Charter School in Andersonville wants to add a high school to the Edgewater area that would be called Asian Human



Opponents of Passages Charter School's potential high school expansion gathered outside the school Tuesday after the.

-View Full Caption

DNAinfo/Adeshina Emmanuel

Services College Preparatory and open in the 2014-2015 school year if approved by the Chicago Board of Education.

Passages, 1643 W. Bryn Mawr Ave., is a division of Asian Human Services, a social service agency, and is managed by the American Quality Schools Corporation.

The charter school abruptly canceled a public meeting about its expansion plans on Tuesday due to what officials called "facilities issues," leaving would-be attendees, including teachers, community members and union organizers on the sidewalk outside the school without a formal forum to air their thoughts — but with plenty to vent.

Karen Dreyfus, an Edgewater resident and education liaison for Ald. Harry Osterman (48th), was one of the folks on the sidewalk. Dreyfus said she had

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Community Members, we need your input!

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School will hold a ser meetings to discuss a possible school expansion to include grades 9-12. ould like to hear your input about adding our high school Asian Human Services College Preparatory to the Edgewater neighborhood Come out and show your support! We will further discuss the expansion project and address any questions, comments or concerns that you may have about Asian Human Services College Preparatory!

Our next Community Meeting will be held on:

Tuesday, September 17, 2013 5:00pm-6:00pm

in the Asian Human Services Passages Charter School Cafeteria

1643 W. Bryn Mawr Chicago, IL 60660

If you are unable to attend please visit our schools website at: www.passagescharterschool.com and click on our "High School" link to upload a letter of support or leave a comment!

You can also respond to our Community Survey at www.surveymonkey.com/s/passageshighschool



come to the school on behalf of Edgewater residents who have been contacting Osterman's office to oppose "charters in our community."

She was also there at the request of administrators at Senn High School, who she said feared that a new charter high school would hurt the Edgewater school, which is dealing with about \$690,000 in budget cuts.

"Senn is a rising star in our community, it's becoming a more vibrant neighborhood school," Dreyfus said. "We just want to really concentrate on creating a successful neighborhood high school option. We would like to see resources concentrated in our local neighborhood schools."

Rogers Park resident Carol Reicher said the proposed expansion would "decimate the local public high schools who are trying to get on their feet," amid budget cuts, including Roger Park's Sullivan High School (a school potentially facing nearly \$1.5 million in cuts), Mather High School in West Ridge (a school facing about \$863,000 in cuts) and Lincoln Square's Amundsen High School (a school facing about \$1.5 million in cuts).

Passages, however, saw its budget increased by about \$302,000.

Chicago Public Schools issued a request for proposals for new charter schools in August, urging applicants to apply to open schools in areas suffering from school overcrowding, with a focus on the Southwest and Northwest sides. But critics of the Passages expansion plan say Edgewater hardly fits any of those criteria.

Michael J. Harrington, director of union operations in the office of the president for the Chicago Teachers Union, blasted Asian Human Services for the expansion plan.

"The statement that's happening here with well-meaning community organizations, supposedly, thinking of opening a charter school — it's a betrayal," said Harrington, who has a son at Senn and sits on its local school council. "It's a betrayal of the public, it's a betrayal of the taxpayers who pay for public schools, and also the sad part, it's the 'grass is green on the other side of the fence,' scam."

Passages Principal Nicole Feinberg declined to comment about the potential expansion. She referred questions to Asian Human Services and the American Quality School Corporation, and neither organization returned calls.

Some parents and students outside the school Tuesday, however, voiced support for the high school expansion.

Edgewater resident Missy Hill, mother of two children at the school, said the expansion would be "very convenient," for her and other parents.

Passages sixth-graders Joryel and Berri who both said "I can't say it," when asked for their last names, said the staff "care about the students a lot," and "protect us." Although they don't know many of the details of the controversy, they too support the expansion.

And Uptown resident Yeboah Sefah, who was picking up his two children at Passages, said: "This is a very good school."

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"We need more in Chicago," Sefah said.

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COMMUNITY MEETINGS

Community Members, we need your input!

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School will hold a series of community meetings to discuss a possible school expansion to include grades 9-12.

We would like to hear your input about adding our high school,

Asian Human Services College Preparatory to the Edgewater neighborhood.

Come out and show your support! We will further discuss the expansion project and address any questions, comments or concerns that you may have about Asian Human Services College Preparatory!

The series of Community Meetings will be held on:

Tuesday, September 10, 2013 9:00am -10:00am

Tuesday, September 17, 2013 5:00pm-6:00pm

in the Asian Human Services Passages Charter School Cafeteria. 1643 W. Bryn Mawr Chicago, IL 60660

If you are unable to attend please visit our schools website at: www.passagescharterschool.com and click on our "High School" link to upload a letter of support or leave a comment! You can also respond to our Community Survey at:

https://www.surveymonkey.com/s/passageshighschool





Asian Human Services College Prep. High School Sign-In Sheet

5/23/13

| No. | Name | Phone Number | Parent | Guest | Student |
|----------|-------------------------|-----------------|--------|-------|---------|
| 1 | NANYTES BLANGA | (312) 451- 1849 | | | |
| 2 | Matolis Deswitt / | 713)204-3169 | V | | |
| 3 | Yolorna Creusine | B12) (,22430' | | | |
| 4 | Cilmer Mencia | 773 6791885 | • | | |
| 5 | Marc Rasien | 773/564-0835 | V | | 19- |
| 6 | father frantoping | 713 2225532 | | | |
| 7 | Klisban Karmer | 773-593-4 | NO V | | |
| 8 | Johnnecon Zaloz GwerBur | 15 713761-007 | 1 | V | i |
| 9 | Dolores Valdivia | (773) 796-1675 | | | |
| 10 | ERISTIAH PETRE | 312-450-5962 | V | | |
| 11 | Con Riverel | 273 7642261 | | | |
| 12 | marther Cluz | 773-630-4287 | 0/ | | |
| 13 | SINAMA CRUZ | 773 449 2228 | | | |
| 14 | Larry Hurn | 224 434 7677 | V | | |
| 15 | Rekiska Wilson | 713 501 5516 | V | | |
| 16 17 | Tom Luganh | 773-913-990 | | | |
| 18 | 2 00.4.7 | 773 230 8279 | | | |
| 19 | Joan Liwagur | 773 (36 (6) | | - | |
| 20 | Charity NEpart | 773 620 8521 | V | | |
| 21 | Angré Villaris | | V | | |
| 22 | Charles ANUMUOU | 7 08 955-6123 | V | | |
| 23 | THIS Shankard | 312835439X | | | |
| 24 | Frelyn Anglola | 630 401 9924 | | | |
| 25 | Abera Jebogy | 312 931-7723 | 1 | _ | 1/ |
| 26 | Marra Vuzquez | 31 2 9/2-5130 | V | | |
| 27 | Nasreen Osman | 173-971-055 | 11/ | | |
| 28 | SUSSAU IDEHEN | 3125327579 | | | |
| 29 | Chytopher wusho | 773 739 4867 | luuoha | | |
| 30 | Christian Iwuona | | I ware | | |
| 31 | Victoria Blankson | 773-2721414 | V | | |
| 32 | NLADAN DASIC | 773 655 7346 | M | | |
| 33 | Gremsola Armi | 273 274 69 | B1. | _ | |
| 34 | Sharampe, Kaya | 773-537-8174 | | | |
| 35 | Amelie Williams, | 173-756-841 | 725 | | |
| 36 | Theyowa Sodio | 773-370-3576 | | | 2 |
| 37 | Lougal Hinteren | 773 31247TZTT | V | | |
| 38 | Rose Rutzen | 773 398 3988 |) | | |
| 39 | Jammi Halness | 773-490,4940 | V | | |
| 40 | Mortha Sigamu | 173-412-5269 | | | |
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Asian Human Services College Prep. High School Sign-In Sheet

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| No. | Name | Phone Number | Parent | Guest | Studenț | , 1 |
| 1 | Karina (2/12- | 773266816 | V | 3 | Saray Hero | n. |
| 2 | Kulvinder Arora | 2017806942 | V | 0 | Mamali | |
| 3 | ANDREW Green | 773-623-9902 | 1/ | | | |
| 4 | Jennifer Daylor | 773-501-107 | TV | 2 | C. Nelso | 10 |
| 5 | Juson Taylor | 773-600-5286 | V | 2 | c. Leison | V (|
| 6 | AWELY JAMES | 6199474021 | V | 1 | July Ant | 314 |
| 7 | Natalia Arante | 773)46 -9114 | V | 1 | (riselle | |
| 8 | Wendy Obasa | 773-544-4821 | 1/ | | | |
| 9 | Dienor | 7732719040 | | 0 | Belle | |
| 10 | Erika Alvarado | 73/961.5134 | V | | Sayori + Tu | livar. |
| 11 | AURELIA ATROM | 773 1697-1554 | · V | / | Adiza | 1,040 |
| 12 | Jellu Date | 312-509-58 | 8 V | | | |
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| 14 | Shakir Usman | 773-988-39 | ガー | | | |
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| 21 | AMAH AYKale | 772-879-2106 | V | i | TUANA AUSTIN | |
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| 26 | BANICOLE ASIBULA (| 7731720-5793 | V | 5 | KOLA | 97 |
| 27 | Abdul Molammed | | | 3 | Rafae | |
| 28 | Kan (++60) | A. | | | _ | |
| 29 | CAKISHA Ridley | 773 8447264 | | | | |
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AHS Passages College Prep 9/5/13

4:30-5:30 p.m.

Please sign below to show your support for Passages expanding to a high school in the 2014-2015 school year.

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AHS Passages College Prep 9/5/13

4:30-5:30 p.m.

Please sign below to show your support for Passages expanding to a high school in the 2014-2015 school year.

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Section 1.1a
Attachment 1

All sheets

4:30-5:30 p.m.

Please sign below to show your support for Passages expanding to a high school in the 2014-2015 school year.

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AHS Passages College Prep Community Meeting 9/10/13

9:00-10:00 a.m.

Please sign below to confirm your attendance at today's meeting for Passages expanding to a high school in the 2014-2015 school year.

| Signature |
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| Lus A Montesinos Jugellea Garrey |
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Community Partnership Agreement

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School – College Preparatory High School

| Date: | School Year: | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| he mission of the Asian Human Services Passages Charter School is to service and educate a diverse student popu b become life-long learners and citizens of the world. | | | | | |
| | that Asian Human Services Passages Charter School – College ent citizens and provide every child access to a quality education | | | | |
| Increased learning opportunities Programs designed to help each child to succe Creating a learning environment to meet every The intent of this partnership is to support student ach Shared information, time, personnel and resources. | | | | | |
| he activities outlined below, have been developed collaboratively between the Asian Human Services Passages Chart chool – College Preparatory High School and the Community Partner. These activities have been developed with the urpose to offer quality educational opportunities for students. | | | | | |
| As partners in education, we pledge our commitment leveloped through our partnership. | to fulfill and create mutual supportive goals and objectives | | | | |
| | uld remain in effect for the duration of a school year. hips annually by completing a new Community Partnership each new school year. | | | | |
| A partnership has been entered into by Asian Human S | Services Passages Charter School – College Preparatory High | | | | |
| School andwith the terms as outlined below. | Both parties have entered into this agreement | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| SCHOOL/PROGRAM INFORMATION Name of School/Program | PARTNER INFORMATION Name of Business/Agency/Organization | | | | |
| tame of Jenooy Frogram | | | | | |
| Address | Address | | | | |
| Zip | | | | | |
| School Partner Coordinator | | | | | |
| | Partner Contact | | | | |

| Proposed Projects/Activities: | | | |
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| Both Parties agree to: Designate partnership coor Provide orientation and trai | | onnel/staff/students in | volved in the |
| program/partnership.Conduct an evaluation of the | ne stated objective | 25. | |
| Conduct periodic reviews as determine the feasibility of | • | • . | the end of each school year to |
| This agreement can be mod | | • | either party. |
| The Community Partner and Schoo Partnership and to work together f curriculum, ensuring the quality of workforce and/or increasing suppo | or the benefit of e | education and the com ary for economic grow | munity-at-large by enriching the th, strengthening the future |
| Signature of Community Partner | | Signature of Sch | nool/Program Partner Coordinator |
| Title | Date | Title | Date |

EDGEVILLE BUZZ

Your source for news about Chicago's Edgewater and Andersonville neighborhoods.

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Andersonville Edgewater Lincoln Square Northcenter Roscoe Village West Lakevie

Like to add your event to our calendar? Click here to post.

Calendar of Events

| SUN | MON | TUE | WED | THU | FRI | SAT |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---|
| | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| | | | Andersonville Farmers Market | | 48th Ward Back to School Celebration | Lakewood Balmoral Yan Sale |
| | | | Thorndale Positive Loitering | | Here Is Your Alibi FREE BYOB COMEDY | |
| 3 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| Li'l Buds Theatre Fall Back to | Thorndale Positive Loitering | | Andersonville Farmers Market | Beat 2023 CAPS Meeting | Live Music at Lickity Split | D'Elia Playlot Clean-Up |
| School Open House Block Party | Loitering | | ETNA Block Club meeting | | | Edgewater Glen Plant Swap |
| Kegs for Kids | | | | | | ASNA Garage/Alley Sale |
| 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
| ASNA Garage/Alley Sale | Free Family Night @ Lil Buds Theater | Happy Yappy Hour | Beat 2013 CAPS Meeting | | | City Made Fe in Andersonville |
| EHS Home Four – Edgewater Glen | Thorndale Positive Loitering | SBIF Info Session Asian Human Service | Farmers Market wrvice | | | Kathy Osterman Beach Clean- Up |
| Double Decker Bus Tour | | Passages Charter School Community Meetings | | | | Day on Devo |
| Partying For Pets | | | | | | |
| 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
| City Made Fest in Andersonville | | Thorndale Positive Loitering | Andersonville Farmers Market | | | Care for Real Hunger Walk |
| Cider Toast | | Loitering | Warket | | | Edgewater Fa |
| at Uncommon Ground | | | | | | Edgewater Fa Art Fair |
| | | | | | | Edgewater Singers fundraiser @ Marty's |
| 29 | 30 | | | | | |
| Edgewater Fall Art Fair | | | | | | |
| Edgewater Singers iundraiser @ | | | | | | |



Section 1.1a Attachment 1

Firehouse Open House

ICAL IMPORT

| News Calendar Restaurants 1000 Words Five Questions Become A Member! Advertise About | Andersonville Edgewater Lincoln Square Northcenter Roscoe Village West Lakeview | Copyright © 2013 Jeremy Bressman. All Rights Reserved. Got news tips? Use this form. |
|--|---|--|

| | #2: How supportive are | #3: How supportive are you of having | |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | you of Passages | more public high school choices in | |
| #1: I am a | expansion? | Edgewater? | #4: Which characteristic is most important(a) |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
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| Passages parent | Very supportive | Somewhat supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Somewhat supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
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| Passages parent | Very supportive | Not supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
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| | #2: How supportive are | #3: How supportive are you of having | |
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| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
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| Passages parent | Somewhat supportive | Somewhat supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Somewhat supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Somewhat supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Somewhat supportive | Somewhat supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |

| | #2: How supportive are | #3: How supportive are you of having | |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 44. 1 | you of Passages | more public high school choices in | ## . M/L: -L -L |
| #1: I am a | expansion? | Edgewater? | #4: Which characteristic is most important(a) |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Somewhat supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Somewhat supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Somewhat supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Somewhat supportive | Somewhat supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Small class sizes |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Small class sizes |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Not supportive | Small class sizes |
| Parent of student attending other K-8 school | Very supportive | Very supportive | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Culture of high expectations |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Somewhat supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | International curriculum |
| Community resident who is not a parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |

| | #2: How supportive are you of Passages | #3: How supportive are you of having more public high school choices in | |
|-----------------|--|---|---|
| #1: I am a | expansion? | Edgewater? | #4: Which characteristic is most important(a) |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Somewhat supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Somewhat supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Somewhat supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Very supportive | Very supportive | Feeling safe in and around the school |

| #1: I am a | #4: Which characteristic is most important(b) | #4: Which characteristic is most important(c) |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Culture of high expectations | |
| Passages parent | Culture of high expectations | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | |
| Passages parent | Culture of high expectations | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | Feeling safe in and around the school |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | |

| #1: I am a | #4: Which characteristic is most important(b) | #4: Which characteristic is most important(c) |
|-----------------|---|---|
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | |
| Passages parent | Small class sizes | Preparing students for college/careers |
| Passages parent | Preparing students for college/careers | |
| Passages parent | | |

| #1: lam a | #4: Which characteristic is most important(d) | #4: Which characteristic is most important(e) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | Culture of high expectations |
| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | Culture of high expectations |
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| Passages parent | Feeling safe in and around the school | Culture of high expectations |
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| Passages parent | Culture of high expectations | |
| Passages parent | | |

Community Survey for Asian Human Services College Preparatory

Charter schools are anti-union and destroy the public schools our children need.

Focus on the CPS schools already there instead of bringing in your awful charter schools.

After school closing I do not believe any new school should be opened until regular Chicago Public Schoosl that now have there doors locked are reopened, restaffed with certified Chicago Public School teachers are back in business serving our neighborhoods.

Say NO to Charter

Senn high school is the newest up and coming high school in Chicago. It is quickly becoming the high school version of Nettelhorst. We don't want any more charters taking the money our real public school students need and deserve.

I don't want a charter school in my neighborhood. I prefer to have a public high school not a for profit school!

The Edgewater community does not need a Charter School, the community needs to focus on supporting it's CPS students, schools and community members. I do not believe that adding another charter school in our city while closing other public schools is a way to address our educational problems. As a teacher and parent, I sincerely hope you rethink this decision. We do not support it.

No more charters! Go public!

support our public schools and not the siphoning of funds for charter schools that do not support all of our kids.

No charter schools.

As a staunch supporter of public schooling, and a CPS teacher myself, I am fearful that charter schools like the one proposed will only serve to create a segregated, tiered educational system with "regular" schools at the bottom being forced to serve students with the greatest diverse needs and the least familial support.

There is no need for any new charter schools when CPS just shut down 50 neighborhood schools. If Edgewater needs new or better schools, then CPS should be improving the neighborhood schools or providing more choice that is truly public and not privatizing more schools!

There should be more support and funding for the schools that already exist in the community where ALL students can attend and thrive!!!!!

Stealing from the public schools to enrich the charter school profiteers! Emanuel's buddies!

Support neighborhood public schools. No to charters!

I want my tax dollars to fund my neighborhood public school, and the public schools across this city...not charter schools.

I am oppose to any charters in our community. We need to fund our public schools and provide support systems for them Stop trying to destroy public schools and public services!

We do not need any more charter schools in the area!

Give resources to the excellent public schools in the community rather than throwing in unproven privitization gimics!

I do not believe in closing 50 public schools and then opening charters. I am not supporting this. We don't need more charters in the community.

Don't use public money/taxes to make owners of charter school rich- charter schools are money making machines for a dishonest people claiming to care about children

Edgewater does not need a new charter high school! Do your jobs CPS school board and fund the schools you already have.

WE DO NOT WANT YOU. WE WANT CLOSED CPS SCHOOLS TO REOPEN! Why is this so confusing to you? LEAVE CHICAGO ALONE.

Community Survey for Asian Human Services College Preparatory

The only schools that should be opening are well funded, well staffed public schools. I do not support charter schools.

There is no need for additional charter schools in Chicago.

While closing traditional public schools, I do not think a charter school opening in this neighborhood is appropriate. I live in Ravenswood, and will never send a child of mine to a charter school, even if it means I have to move out of Chicago to find a traditional public school.

Edgewater does not need a new high school. I do not support charter schools.

Charter schools are horrible. They take money from public schools to fund "private" entities!

I believe our city should be investing money into our existing neighborhood schools rather than taking money away to give to charter schools who are not responsible to the same criteria.

You all might be nice people, but I'll be damned if we're going to replace our public schools with charters.

I do not want my tax money to go to a private school, only to true public schools. I am for private schools that raise their money from the private sector, not leeching off the government.

Charter schools are a disgrace, an insult to American collective intelligence

Why not make Senn the High School that serves this alleged need? If you get rid of Rickover and return Senn back to the community, problem solved - Charter Schools are a bogus neo-liberal idea. Support Public Education!

Charter Schools offer a sub par education to poor people. Actual Public Schools (this does not include charter schools) have higher standards and have more educated and experienced teachers.

We already have a great high school in Edgewater and do not need another.

I am against any type of charter school as they are very selective in who they choose to let into the school. They exclude special education and behavior issues whereas the public schools who are cheated out of money, have to deal with all the the above.

NO more charter schools in Chicago, period.

There is not a need for a new charter school in our neighborhood, especially after we have had our public neighborhood schools closed. This is a misuse of tax dollars and extremely offensive to me as a resident of this community. I will do everything in my power to oppose this and the politicians who support it.

Reopen closed schools! Do NOT open more charters!

Invest more in the neighborhood schools instead of siphoning funds and handing them over to charters

STAY OUT OF CHICAGO!! You are not needed or wanted here.

I adamantly oppose false "choice" options that take funding that should be going to our neediest students and redirect it to students who already have parents involved enough to enroll them. I am also opposed to the devaluing of teachers in our community by undermining their collective bargaining rights. Our city just closed 50 public schools and now for-profit entities are making a grab for money an facilities at the expense of our children. STAY OUT OF MY NEIGHBORHOOD! We do not need a charter school in the neighborhood. Expand and fix current schools!

believe in public education funded by taxpayer money. I do not believe our taxes should support private charter schools which have no real accountability.

Community Survey for Asian Human Services College Preparatory

While I am retired, I am strongly opposed to any Charter Schools in the community. I am tired of the ongoing bashing of Public School teachers and the false promises of charter schools. They attempt to skim the cream, reject the needy and hire people to teach that have not a clue as to how to organize a classroom, much lessTEACH!

I am opposed to the gutting of public schools and the undermining of teachers unions through charter schools. I oppose new charter schools in Edgewater and everywhere else.

I do not support charter schools because they are not required to accept/educate students with special needs, limited language, and other at risk issues.

Charter schools are a cancer that's killing education in the USA. They select the children they want to educate, and brag of their success rates. Charter school administrators discard the children who don't fit into their programs. The discarded include the children who need the most help. They use terns such as "zero tolerance" to kick out students who don't conform. Public schools are required by law to take all students. We should invest money in public schools to make sure all children receive the best education.

Please stop stealing public resources for private purposes. 50 public schools were close because charter schools are draining the coffers.

I do not support another Charter School. We need to keep our neighborhood schools in the Edgewater community!

NO MORE CHARTER SCHOOLS IN THIS COMMUNITY!

Charter Schools should not be billed as public schools.

I am against charter expansion in our neighborhood. Charters schools divert urgently needed resources from neighborhood public schools, but do not take all students. Edgewater does not need a charter high school, there are great neighborhood options nearby which would be put at risk if their enrollment declined due to charter expansion. The "no excuses" method of education assumes you need a harsh, disciplinarian model instead of being child-centered, building community and engagement. That's not what I need or want for my children, and resources should not be taken away from our neighborhood schools to support schools with no democratic structures or decisionmaking.

I do not support charter schools

We do not need or want any more charter schools.

NO MORE CHARTER SCHOOLS!

We do not need any more charter schools

WHY DID THEY CLOSE ALL THOSE PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THEN OPEN CHARTER SCHOOLS? WE DO NOT NEED MORE CHARTER SCHOOLS

We do not need more charter schools. Charter schools circumvent labor contracts, reject special education students and drain money from public education.

We do not need any more charter schools!

NO to any more Charter in Edgewater. Support public schools that we have right now and not open any new ones.

There are already too many charter schools draining funds from the public schools.

NO CHARTER SCHOOLS

After closing so many schools, is there really a need for more high schools?

No more charter schools!

We already have very viable high performing educational options in Edgewater and I am concerned that expanding to high school will weaken the entire educational system as a whole by spreading our resources too thin.

Community Survey for Asian Human Services College Preparatory

Q.#3 There are already two high schools in the community: Senn HS and Rickover Naval Academy. Both public. How many more do we need? Edgewater has an excellent public high school option. Not only is this unnecessary and a waste of public funds at a time of fiscal crisis,; it draws away from the excellent true public school option already in the community. In context, this is a terrible idea!



1643 W. Bryn Mawr Chicago, IL 60660 Phone: 773.433.3530 Fax: 773.769.3229 www.passagescharterschool.com

Serving and educating a diverse student population to become life-long learners and citizens of the world.

Dear Community Member,

We need your support! Asian Human Services Passages Charter School has been an integral part of the Edgewater community since 2001. Currently, Passages is an elementary school servicing students in grades PK-8. For 12 years, we have successfully provided Passages students with a quality elementary level education however, we must not stop there. In an effort to grow and continue serving our students, Passages is requesting that community members write a letter of support for the expansion of our school to include grades 9-12 – Asian Human Services Passages College Preparatory!

Public schools of choice are key to improving public education in America, including here in the Edgewater neighborhood. Passages has effectively strived to be a quality school of choice, as it was named to the 2012 Illinois Honor Roll and given the Academic Improvement Award. In 2012, it was one of only two charter schools in which 100% of 8th grade students met or exceeded state standards in reading on the Illinois Standards Achievement Test. In the class of 2012 90% of students were eligible for admission to selective CPS enrollment programs. Nicole Feinberg, the school's principal, received the 2012-2013 Principals Achievement Award from Chicago Public Schools. Asian Human Services Passages Charter School has proven that we can effectively prepare students for high school. This expansion will help us go a step further and sufficiently prepare our students for college.

Asian Human Services College Preparatory will offer a rigorous English Immersion and International education based curriculum. Passages faculty and staff are trained in English as a Second Language skills, as there are currently thirty-three languages represented in the school. Asian Human Services Passages College Preparatory will use this curriculum to provide every child access to a quality education through increased learning opportunities and programs designed to help each child to succeed.

To open Asian Human Services Passages College Preparatory we need your help! Asian Human Services, our founder, and American Quality Schools, our management company, are currently working to submit a proposal for expansion to Chicago Public Schools. The proposal requires that we show the support of the Edgewater community. Here is what you can do to help: We need letters of support from you. This letter will show your support for the expansion of the school to include grades 9-12, and why the community and neighborhood needs this high school.

By expanding into a 9-12 high school, Asian Human Services Passages Charter School can continue the culture and community the school fosters in Edgewater. We ask for your support of this most important endeavor. All letters of support may be submitted to Nicole Feinberg, the school's principal at nfeinberg@aqs.org or by visiting the Passages Charter School website at www.passagescharterschool.com and clicking on the "Letters of Support" link. Support letters to be included in the proposal should be received by no later than Monday, September 16th, 2013.

We look forward to continuing to cultivate learning in the Edgewater community!

Sincerely,

Asian Human Services Passages College Preparatory Proposal Committee





Judith V. Gramer 1527 West Chase Avenue Chicago, IL 60626 773-262-7881 jvg001@sbcglobal.net

9/18/2013

Ms. Nicole Feinberg, Principal Passages Charter School 1643 W Bryn Mawr Avenue Chicago, IL 60660

Dear Ms. Feinberg:

This letter is to thank you for all you and your teachers and staff have done to assist the seven (7) children I represent who attend Passages Charter School. As you know, I am the Program Director for the Burmese Refugee Program at St. Paul's Church by the Lake and for four (4) years you have been assisting me with the children in my refugee population.

Before arriving at Passages, these children were placed in other schools by their case workers after arriving in the US. They knew no English whatsoever, had no background with formal education and most of them were born and raised in the UN refugee camps in Thailand. Neither they nor their parents could even read or write their own language.

Before Passages, they did not learn in their local schools in Chicago. For example, one of my girls was humiliated to be placed in a gym class of all boys because the teachers thought she was a boy. One boy was placed in Spanish language class since it was assumed he was Hispanic. He did not learn English or Spanish, his native language was a Burmese dialect called Karen. I have eleven (11) children in my group and each one was not learning, not moving forward. They were frightened and confused.

When I met them, it became my goal to place these children in schools where they would be supported and taught; in a school where they were safe, not threatened by gangs and violence. My greatest objective was achieved when I was directed to you and Passages Charter School.

Each child at Passages is no longer just surviving, but they are now truly thriving. When we first came to Passages, they tested in the lowest percentiles and now they continue to move steadily upward, some beyond their own grade levels. They have learned to enjoy school, not fear it. They love to read, they are excited about creating science projects, to understand a math equation, to spell and write. I hear the excitement in their voices as they tell me about their day. I speak for them all, not just one or two.

When other children in their neighborhood are lamenting summer is over and school is beginning, our Passages kids can hardly wait to get back to this respected place of learning. They are mesmerized by the school supplies accumulating, the new back packs, the new uniforms and most of all to be back with the teachers they know and friends they have made. The anticipation of returning to school is electrifying.

AB MARATHON 5550 N. ASHLAND CHICAGO IL, 60640 (773)784-6400

As a small business that has serviced and been a staple in the Edgewater and Andersonville community for over 30 years we have witnessed the many changes to the neighborhood. Being next door neighbors to St. Gregory Parish we have noticed the difference of faculty and students with each school year. For the past few years we have had the privilege of meeting the professional staff, parents and of course the students that are a part of The American Quality Schools Corporation (Passages). Passages has definitely been a breath of fresh air for the community and the neighborhood. On behalf of me and my entire staff we stand behind and support (PASSAGES) in any direction they are looking to go in and we look forward to having another memorable and joyous year with the staff and students.

Singerely,

Paul Khamis AB MARATHON

September 18, 2013

Ms. Nicole Feinberg, Principal Passages Charter School 1643 W. Bryn Mawr Avenue Chicago, IL 60660

Dear Ms. Feinberg,

I have been tutoring two of your refugee boys twice a week for more than three years. When I began working with them, they had just completed three years in the Chicago Public Schools and they were entering Passages Charter School as fifth graders. They came to your school unable to read and write. Their first standardized test at Passages put them into the 1st percentile – yes, the 1st percentile! I feared that you would turn them out because of these abysmal results but you didn't. Instead, you kept them and you taught them to read and you taught them to write. You taught them math and science and history. And you taught them pride and a belief in themselves.

After three years at Passages, their work and test scores have begun to approach grade level. I worked with the boys this summer. We read <u>Call of the Wild, Johnny Tremain</u> and <u>A Wizard of Earthsea</u> – a feat impossible for me to image a few years ago. It is remarkable how far they have come in such a short time. They couldn't have done it without the dedicated teachers and staff at Passages. Because of you, they are well on their way to becoming self-reliant citizens of the United States of America.

I understand that there are currently discussions going on about Passages expanding to add grades 9 through 12. I am elated by this possibility. It would allow Passages to continue the path so well begun and bring these boys beyond ESL classes to grade level by the time they graduate from high school. They have enjoyed the only academic success they have known as middle school students at Passages. I believe that their best chance of continuing that success in high school lies with Passages as well. I am convinced that Passages Charter School is in a unique position to make the American dream come true for my boys and the many other refugee children attending your school.

Whatever the outcome, I want you to know that you have my deepest respect and admiration for the work you do. Please extend my sincerest thanks to the teachers, staff and administration of Passages Charter School for what they do each and every day for Chicago's refugee community.

Sincerely,

Celeste Kendall

Sr. Pricing & Business Analyst

ZEBRA TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION

Kendall

333 Corporate Woods Parkway Vernon Hills, IL 60061-3109 T: +1 847 793-5847 ckendall@zebra.com www.zebra.com



Community Partnership Agreement

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School – College Preparatory High School

| | Date: 9 6 13 | School Year: | 2014-2015 |
|-------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| | The mission of the Asian Human Services Passages Charter Sci to become life-long learners and citizens of the world. | hool is to service and educate a diverse si | tudent population |
| | It is through this mission and community partnerships that As Preparatory High School will produce productive student citiz through: | | |
| | Increased learning opportunities Programs designed to help each child to succeed Creating a learning environment to meet every child's The intent of this partnership is to support student achievement shared information, time, personnel and resources. | | l benefit through |
| | The activities outlined below, have been developed collaborary School – College Preparatory High School and the Community purpose to offer quality educational opportunities for students | Partner. These activities have been dev | • |
| | As partners in education, we pledge our commitment to fulfideveloped through our partnership. | ll and create mutual supportive goals a | nd objectives |
| | Partnerships may be formed at any time, and should rem Partners should formalize or renew their partnerships an Agreement Form outlining proposed activities for each n | nually by completing a new Commun | |
| | A partnership has been entered into by Asian Human Services School and <u>Jewel OSCO</u> with the terms as outlined below. | Passages Charter School – College Prepa Both parties have entered into the | aratory High nis agreement |
| :Slar | SCHOOL/PROGRAM INFORMATION Name of School/Program Manual Services Passages Charter Address 1643 W. Bryn Marue Zip 60066 School Partner Coordinator Susan Zigler Phone 173-433-3530 | PARTNER INFORMATION Name of Business/Agency/Organize Supplied No. Clark Chicago, T.L. Zip GOO CEO/President Partner Contact Phone 773 - 728 - 773 | ation St. 240 Unic |
| | | | |

| Proposed Projects/Activities: |
|--|
| Jewel-Osco will continue to foster its |
| exsisting partnership with Asian Human |
| Services Passages Charter School / Asian Human |
| Services College Prep to provide Nutritional based |
| community support to Passages parents and student |
| They will bexplore the possibility of creating |
| a Health and Nutrition Education program. |
| J |
| |
| |
| Both Parties agree to: |
| Designate partnership coordinators. |
| Provide orientation and training for any personnel/staff/students involved in the program/partnership. |
| Conduct an evaluation of the stated objectives. |
| • |
| Conduct periodic reviews and evaluate the program/partnership at the end of each school year to determine the feasibility of continuing the program/partnership. |
| This agreement can be modified or terminated at the discretion of either party. |
| This agreement can be mounted or terminated at the discretion of either party. |
| The Community Partner and School Partner shown above do hereby agree to form a School-Community |
| Partnership and to work together for the benefit of education and the community-at-large by enriching the |
| curriculum, ensuring the quality of education necessary for economic growth, strengthening the future |
| workforce and/or increasing support for and confidence in public education throughout the community. |

Date



CHARTER SCHOOL

Community Partnership Agreement

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School – College Preparatory High School

| Date: 9-6-13 | School Year: 2014-2015 |
|--|--|
| The mission of the Asian Human Services Passages Charter Sch to become life-long learners and citizens of the world. | nool is to service and educate a diverse student population |
| It is through this mission and community partnerships that Asi Preparatory High School will produce productive student citize through: | |
| Increased learning opportunities Programs designed to help each child to succeed Creating a learning environment to meet every child's The intent of this partnership is to support student achievements shared information, time, personnel and resources. | |
| The activities outlined below, have been developed collaborat School – College Preparatory High School and the Community purpose to offer quality educational opportunities for student | Partner. These activities have been developed with the |
| As partners in education, we pledge our commitment to fulfil developed through our partnership. | ll and create mutual supportive goals and objectives |
| Partnerships may be formed at any time, and should rem Partners should formalize or renew their partnerships and Agreement Form outlining proposed activities for each ne | nually by completing a new Community Partnership |
| A partnership has been entered into by Asian Human Services School and <u>ADRIATIC RESTAURANT</u> with the terms as outlined below. | Passages Charter School – College Preparatory High Both parties have entered into this agreement |
| SCHOOL/PROGRAM INFORMATION Name of School/Program Na | PARTNER INFORMATION Name of Business/Agency/Organization ADRIATIC RESTAURANT Address 5553 H. CLARK 57. CHICAGO Zip 60640 CEO/President TANJA Partner Contact 773-878-8889 Phone |

| Proposed | Projects | Activities: |
|----------|-----------------|--------------------|
| loposcu | 1 lojects | ACCIVICIOS. |

| Adriatic Cafe will continue to provide |
|--|
| inkind donations to support community outreach |
| initiatives. Adriatic Cufe in conjunction with, |
| Asian Human Services Passages (Harter School / Asian |
| Human Services College Prep will also explore the |
| possibility of interparating cultural awareness |
| though the Passages international curriculum. |
| |
| |
| |

Both Parties agree to:

- Designate partnership coordinators.
- Provide orientation and training for any personnel/staff/students involved in the program/partnership.
- Conduct an evaluation of the stated objectives.
- Conduct periodic reviews and evaluate the program/partnership at the end of each school year to determine the feasibility of continuing the program/partnership.
- This agreement can be modified or terminated at the discretion of either party.

The Community Partner and School Partner shown above do hereby agree to form a School-Community Partnership and to work together for the benefit of education and the community-at-large by enriching the curriculum, ensuring the quality of education necessary for economic growth, strengthening the future workforce and/or increasing support for and confidence in public education throughout the community.

Signature of Community Partner

WAHAGER

9-6-13

AGSISTANT PINCIPAL

THE POOL OF THE POOL

Assessment, Promotion and Requests for Information

Report Cards

Students receive a report card once per quarter. It is the responsibility of the parent/guardian to pick up their child's report card. If a report card is not picked up by a parent/guardian the school will 1) call by phone and/or 2) send a letter by mail. If a report

card is not picked up the parent/guardian must meet with the Principal prior to sending their child back to school.



Promotion

The curriculum of Passages Charter School is rigorous. It is the intention of the schools to promote preparedness for each child to progress through the grade levels successfully.

Any child who is not prepared to exit a grade level will not be permitted to continue on to the next grade until they have attained adequate achievement in their present grade.

Students who receive a final grade of "D" will be required to attend summer school.

Students who receive a final grade of "F" in Reading and/or Mathematics will not be promoted to the following grade.

Student classification is the final decision of the school Principal.

Minimum satisfactory score on the ISAT and NWEA will be required for promotion to the next grade level beginning in 3rd grade.

Requests for Information

All requests for student records must be made in writing or via e-mail to a Team Leader. No requests for records will be taken over the phone. The school will need 48 hours to complete any request for information. Please take this time frame into consideration when placing a request.

Discipline Policy Enforcement

Policy Statement

The American Quality Schools Corporation, the managing organization of Asian Human Services Passages Charter School, is responsible for establishing and carrying out the following discipline policy. It is in stating this that AQS wishes to ensure that the school environment is safe for all Passages students. Furthermore, AQS expects all Passages students to accept full responsibility for their actions and behavior.

Passages Discipline Code

Passages expects all students to conduct themselves in a socially responsible manner. Disciplinary measures are used to maintain a safe and orderly school environment which promotes Passages' philosophy of providing a college preparatory education for all students.

The Passages discipline code applies to the actions of students during school hours, before and after school, while on school property, at all Passages sponsored events and when the actions affect the mission of Passages. Students may also be subject to discipline for serious acts of misconduct, which occur either off-campus or during non-school hours, when the misconduct disrupts the orderly educational process at Passages.

Each discipline case will carry its own merit and will be adjudicated according to the facts accompanying the case. Passages' staff shall consider all mitigating circumstances prior to disciplinary action. Mitigating circumstances shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Age, health, maturity and academic placement of a student
- Prior conduct
- Attitude of a student
- Cooperation of parents
- Willingness to make restitution
- Seriousness of offense
- Willingness to enroll in a student assistance program

In some cases the school's administrative personnel may deem public service a necessary component of the disciplinary action. Public service may include, but is not limited to: repairing or cleaning property damaged as a result of the offense(s); participating in landscaping, gardening and/or other projects aimed at beautifying school property or the community; and/or providing services that improve the quality of life for community members.

Each category of offense listed below has a minimum and maximum disciplinary action associated with it. After considering the actual disciplinary violation and factors such as those listed above, Passages' staff shall determine the disciplinary action within the minimum/maximum range to which the student shall be subjected.

CATEGORY I

These acts of misconduct include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Running and/or making excessive noise in the hall or school building or premises
- Persistent tardiness to school or class
- Loitering in the hallway
- Lying to school personnel
- Failing to abide by school dress code

Students who commit any of these acts are subject to a teacher-student conference as a result of a 1st offense and may, as a result of repeated violations and depending on the circumstances, be subject to the maximum 1 day suspension. As a supplement and/or alternative to suspension, school staff may require students to complete between 1 and 8 hours of public service as commensurate with the seriousness of offense(s).

CATEGORY II

These acts of misconduct include, but are not limited to, the following student behaviors that disrupt the educational process at Passages:

- Excessive truancy (absence without just cause)
- Use of profane, vulgar or obscene words, gestures or other actions which disrupt the school environment or are disrespectful
- Insubordination (refusal to follow orders, directions or stated school rules)
- Participation in acts designed to disrupt classroom or school activities
- Repeated failure to follow state school rules and procedures
- Smoking on school property
- Acts that obstruct or interrupt the instructional process in the classroom
- Repeated refusal to participate in classroom activities or complete academic assignments
- Fighting or threatening any student or staff member
- Visible carrying of cell phones, pagers or other electronic devices
- Leaving the classroom or school grounds without permission
- Cheating
- Plagiarism
- Bullying, including verbal harassment
- Forgery

- Inappropriate touching of another student
- Roughhousing/horseplay
- Persistent tardiness
- Tagging of books, folders, or notebooks
- Initiating or participating in any unacceptable minor physical actions against another student
- Disrespect of school staff members

Students who commit any of these acts are subject to 1 after school or Saturday in-school detention and teacher-student conference as a result of a 1st offense and may, as a result of repeated violations and depending on the circumstances, be subject to the maximum penalty of a 5 day out-of-school suspension and teacher-parent conference. The degree of the suspension whether in-school or external, as well as length of suspension, shall be determined by AQS's staff. As a supplement and/or alternative to suspension, school staff may require students to complete between 3 and 12 hours of public service as commensurate with the seriousness of offense(s).

CATEGORY III

These acts of misconduct include those student behaviors that very seriously disrupt the orderly educational process in the classroom, in the school, and/or on the school grounds. These acts of misconduct include, but are not limited to, to following:

- Fighting or threatening any student or staff member
- Assault on a student or any school employee (assault is interpreted as an attempt to do bodily harm to a student or to any staff member)
- Persistent refusal to follow stated school rules and procedures
- Arson
- Destruction of property/graffiti
- Creating a false fire alarm
- Repeated Category I and Category II offenses
- Possession of weapons
- Any act that endangers the safety of the other students, teachers or any school employee
- Theft
- Trespassing
- Involvement in gang activity
- Sex violations/sexual harassment
- Use, possession, sale or delivery of alcohol, illegal drugs, narcotics, controlled substances, weapon contraband or look alike weapon contraband/drugs
- Overt display of gang affiliation (wearing clothing or displaying paraphernalia, the display of gang signs, symbols and signals that signifies or exhibits an individual's affiliation with a gang)

- Use of intimidation, credible threats of violence, coercion or persistent bullying
- Bomb threat
- Inappropriate sexual conduct during school hours, which includes kissing, touching and comments

Students who commit any of these acts are subject to a maximum 10-day, out-of-school suspension and teacher-parent conference and may, depending on the circumstances, be subject to the maximum penalty of expulsion. As a supplement and/or alternative to suspension or expulsion, school staff may require students to complete between 6 and 30 hours of public or school service as commensurate with the seriousness of offense(s).

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION

When a student's misconduct results in the need to suspend or expel a student, the following procedures shall be followed:

A. Suspension Not Exceeding 10 School Days: Students suspended for 10 days or less shall be afforded due process in the following manner:

The student shall be given oral or written notice of the charges against him/her, an explanation of the basis for the accusation, and a chance to present his/her version of the incident.

B. Suspension In Excess of 10 Days and Expulsion: Students suspended for more than 10 school days and/or expelled as a result of gross disobedience or misconduct shall be afforded due process in the following manner:

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School will request that the student's parents or guardian appear before the Education Board of Directors, an appointed hearing officer, or a Board representative. Such requests will be made by registered or certified mail and state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. In addition to advanced written notice of the hearing, the student shall be afforded sufficient time to prepare for the hearing, the right to be represented by counsel, the right to present evidence and witnesses and school personnel. The expulsion hearing need not take the form of a judicial or quasi-judicial hearing. In no event shall a hearing be considered public. Further, at the discretion of the Board, the hearing may be closed to those individuals deemed advisable, except the student, the student's parents or guardians, the student's attorney, at least 1 school official, and Board's attorney at all times. Witnesses shall be admitted to a closed hearing to the extent necessary to testify.

PROCEDURAL DISCIPLINE GUIDE FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

AQS's staff may suspend students with disabilities for disciplinary reasons and cease educational services for up to 10 consecutive or 10 cumulative school days in 1 school year without providing special education procedural safeguards. When school staff anticipates a recommendation to an alternative school, a referral for expulsion, or anticipates that suspensions may exceed 10 cumulative school days, the following regulations apply.

1. AQS staff must provide written notice to the parent/guardian or surrogate parent of the intervention or consequence being considered and the date of an Individualized Education Program (IEP) Manifestation Determination Review (MDR) meeting, which must be held within 10 school days of the date of the decision to discipline the student. School must also provide parent/guardian/surrogate with a written copy of Notice of Procedural Safeguards.

2. The IEP team must:

- A. Determine whether the misconduct is related to the student's disability by reviewing all current and relevant information, including evaluation and diagnostic results, information from the parent/guardian, observations of the student, and the student's IEP and placement. The behavior is a manifestation of a student's disability if:
 - The conduct in question was caused by the student's disability or has a direct and substantial relationship to the student's disability; and/or
 - 2) The conduct in question was the direct result of the school's failure to implement the student's IEP.
- B. Review and revise, if necessary, the student's existing behavior intervention plan or, develop a functional behavior assessment and behavior intervention plan (FBA/BIP) to address the misconduct for which the student is being disciplined.
- C. Include in the IEP those services and modifications that will enable the student to continue to participate in the general curriculum and address the behavior so that it will not recur.
- D. Determine the appropriateness of an interim educational setting.

If the student's behavior is not a manifestation of the disability, school staff may apply the Student Code of Conduct, taking into consideration the student's special education and disciplinary records. In no event, however, may the student be suspended for more than 10 consecutive or cumulative school days in a school year without providing appropriate educational services.

If the student's behavior is a manifestation of the disability, a disciplinary change in placement (expulsion) cannot occur.

Without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability, the student's placement may be changed to an appropriate interim educational setting for not more than 45 instructional days if the student carried a weapon to school or to a school function, knowingly possessed or used illegal drugs, sold or solicited the sale of a controlled substance while at school or at a school function, or inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or a school function under the jurisdiction of the department of education or a public agency.

Students with disabilities, even if expelled, must be provided with an appropriate education in an alternative education setting.

New federal regulations offer some flexibility in suspending students with disabilities in excess of 10 school days in the school year in certain circumstances. In order to determine whether the circumstances permit a suspension in excess of 10 days per school year, consultation by AQS staff with the Chicago Public Schools Department of Due Process is absolutely necessary. Without such consultation and approval from the Department, the current procedures limiting suspensions from disabled students to 10 days in a school year will continue to apply.

Anti-Bullying/Harassment Policy

American Quality Schools and Asian Human Services Passages Charter School are committed to protecting our students and employees from bullying, harassment, or discrimination of any kind. We believe that all students and employees are entitled to a safe, non-threatening and harassment-free school experience, and demonstration of appropriate behavior and respect, and refusing to tolerate bullying or harassment of any kind is expected of students, administrators, faculty, staff and volunteers at all times.

Bullying, harassment and discrimination will not be tolerated and will be cause for immediate disciplinary, and possibly legal, action.

This anti-bullying/harassment policy is designed to provide awareness, intervention, training and instructional strategies on bullying and harassment prevention and to provide direct follow up when incidents are reported and/or occur.

Definitions:

- A. Bullying: Is defined as systematically and chronically inflicting physical hurt and/or psychological distress on one or more persons. Bullying is a form of harassment and may be characterized by: unwanted, purposeful written, verbal, nonverbal or physical behavior that has the potential to create an intimidating, hostile or offensive educational environment, or cause long term damage, humiliation, discomfort, or to interfere with the individual's school performance or participation. Bullying may involve, but is not limited to:
 - 1. Unwanted teasing
 - 2. Threatening
 - 3. Intimidating
 - 4. Stalking
 - 5. Physical violence
 - 6. Sexual, religious, ethnic or racial harassment
 - 7. Public humiliation
 - 8. Rumor or spreading of falsehoods
- B. Harassment: Is threatening, insulting or dehumanizing gestures, use of technology, written, verbal or physical conduct against a student or employee that:
 - Places that person in reasonable fear of harm to his/her person or damage to his/her property.
 - Negatively affects that person's emotional or social well-being.
 - Interferes with educational or work performance, opportunities or benefits.
 - Substantially disrupts the orderly operation of the school.
- C. Cyber bullying: Is willful and repeated harassment and intimidation of a person(s) in any of the above stated ways, through the use of digital technologies including, but not limited to, email, blogs, texting, social websites, chat rooms, instant messaging or video voyeurism.

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School expects all students and staff to conduct themselves in a manner that stands within the guidelines of the six pillars of Character Counts, which includes demonstrating proper regard for the rights and welfare of others at all times.

Asian Human Services Passages Charter School believes that the best discipline is self-imposed, and that it is the responsibility of the staff to use disciplinary interventions and PBIS as opportunities for helping students learn to assume responsibility and the consequences of their behavior.

Since bystander support of bullying can encourage these behaviors, Asian Human Services Passages Charter School prohibits both active AND passive support for acts of bullying and/or harassment. Staff should encourage and support students who walk away from these acts when they see them, and report them to the designated authority.

American Quality Schools requires that all school administrators develop and implement procedures that ensure both the appropriate consequences AND remedial responses to a student or staff member who commits an act of bullying. The following factors, at a minimum, shall be given consideration by administrators when developing the procedures for determining appropriate consequences and remedial measures for each act of bullying:

Factors for Determining Consequences:

- Age, development, and maturity level of parties involved
- Degree of harm
- Nature and severity of the behavior(s)
- Incidences of past or continuing patterns of behavior(s)
- Context in which the alleged incident occurred.

Examples of Consequences:

- Admonishment
- Temporary removal from classroom
- Loss of privileges
- Classroom or administrative detention
- Referral to Assistant Director, Director, or designee
- In-school suspension
- Out of school suspension
- Expulsion
- Legal action

American Quality Schools requires the Director (or designee) at each school to be responsible for receiving alleged complaints regarding violation of this policy. All school employees are required to report alleged violations of this policy to the Director/designee. All other members of the school community are encouraged to report alleged violations of this policy. Reports may be made anonymously, but formal disciplinary action MAY NOT be based solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

American Quality Schools requires the Director/designee to be responsible for determining whether an act constitutes violation of this policy. That designated person shall conduct a prompt, thorough and complete investigation to be completed within three school days after a report or complaint is made.

American Quality Schools prohibits retaliation against any person who reports an act of harassment or bullying as well as any person who falsely accuses another as a means of harassment or bullying. The consequences and appropriate remedial action for doing so shall be determined by the administrator.

American Quality Schools requires all schools to annually disseminate this policy to all school staff, students, and parents along with a statement explaining that it applies to all applicable acts of bullying or harassment that occur on school property, at school-supervised events, on a school bus, or walking to and from school.

American Quality Schools reserves the right to act as a witness and a complainant by filing a criminal charge against any person who willingly and intentionally violates this policy or aids and abets another in the violation of this policy.

In cases of cyber bullying, this policy applies to all students of AQS who partake in any kind of bullying or harassment by means of any type of digital technology regardless from where the technology emanates.

All information regarding this policy against bullying and harassment must be incorporated into each school employee training program and handbook.



Deb Gerdes

Experience:

Program Director for PBL Illinois Math & Science Academy 1998 – Present (14 years)

6th grade Math and English teacher Knoxville Junior High School 1977 – 1998 (21 years)

Education:

Western Illinois University
MS, Elementary Math Education
1989

Illinois State University 1971 – 1975

Christopher Community High School 1967 – 1971

Additional Information:

Interests:

Problem-based learning, teacher professional development, constructivism

Groups and Associations:

ASCD, NSDC, ASCD PBL Network (facilitator), ACT

As Project Director for PBL at IMSA, Deb Gerdes conducts workshops in PBL design and coaching for teachers throughout Illinois, consults with districts throughout the country, and mentors PBL practitioners internationally via email. She also collaborates with IMSA faculty who implement PBL and designs PBL learning opportunities embedded in other programs provided by IMSA. Prior 1998 when she began her work in this role, Deb taught middle school mathematics and English and was involved in IMSA's PBL institutes for three years. She holds an M.S. in Elementary Education with an emphasis in mathematics, a B.S.(Ed.) in English with a mathematics minor, and a secondary teaching certificate for mathematics and English.

Rick Jasculca

Chairman and CEO



For over four decades, Rick Jasculca has been a leader in the field of strategic communications and special events management, first as an executive of an independent Chicago-based public relations firm, and, since 1981, as CEO of public affairs firm of Jasculca Terman.

Independent of his career path in strategic communications, Rick has twice served as a special consultant to The White House—first as both Press Lead and Lead Advance to the Carter White House, then for eight years as Senior Lead Advance to both President Bill Clinton and First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton. In the latter capacity, Rick served as White House Project Coordinator for the 1994 Summit of the Americas in South Florida, the Wye River Middle East Peace Talks and the inaugural Save America's Treasures Tour; Advance Lead for The President for the G-8 Summits in Naples, Italy-Birmingham, England-and Okinawa, Japan; and Advance Lead for the First Lady for Hillary's Clinton first solo overseas trip to India, as well as her historic 1995 speech at the UN Women's Conference in Beijing.

Rick continues to organize international missions, both for former President Jimmy Carter and The Carter Center, as well as for The Elders, a group of high profile elder statesmen and women who work together on some of the most intractable global problems, from the Middle East to Darfur.

In his capacity of CEO for JT, Rick provides strategic counsel at the highest level to many of the firm's corporate, institutional, not-for-profit and governmental clients.



Michelle Kolar

Executive Director for Professional Field Services at Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy

Experience:

July 2008 – Present (4 years 2 months)
Kids Institute Coordinator
Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy
Government Agency; 201-500 employees; Higher Education industry
June 2005 – June 2008 (3 years 1 month)

Kids Institute Science Specialist

Illinois Mathematics and Science Academy

Government Agency; 201-500 employees; Higher Education industry

February 2005 - May 2005 (4 months)

Center for Learning Coordinator

SciTech Hands On Science Center

Nonprofit; I I-50 employees; Education Management industry

January 2004 - January 2005 (I year I month)

EcoWatch Coordinator

The Field Museum

Nonprofit; 201-500 employees; Museums and Institutions industry 2001 – 2002 (1 year)

Museum in the Classroom Coordinator

Shedd Aquarium

Nonprofit; 201-500 employees; Museums and Institutions industry 1998 – 2000 (2 years)

School Program Educator

Shedd Aquarium

Nonprofit; 201-500 employees; Museums and Institutions industry 1997 – 1998 (1 year)

Museum in the Classroom Assistant for Technology

Brookfield Zoo

Nonprofit; 501-1000 employees; Museums and Institutions industry January 1997 – July 1997 (7 months)

Education:

Western Illinois University BS, Biology 1989 – 1994 National-Louis University Education

Groups and Associations:



Alliance for STEM Education



Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development



Chicago Council on Science and Technology



Coalition for Science After School



International Society for Technology in Education



NSF Media & Informal Science Learning

NTA Autoria

NSTA Informal Science

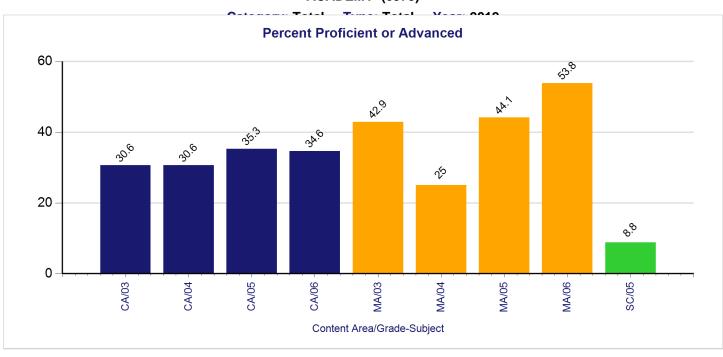
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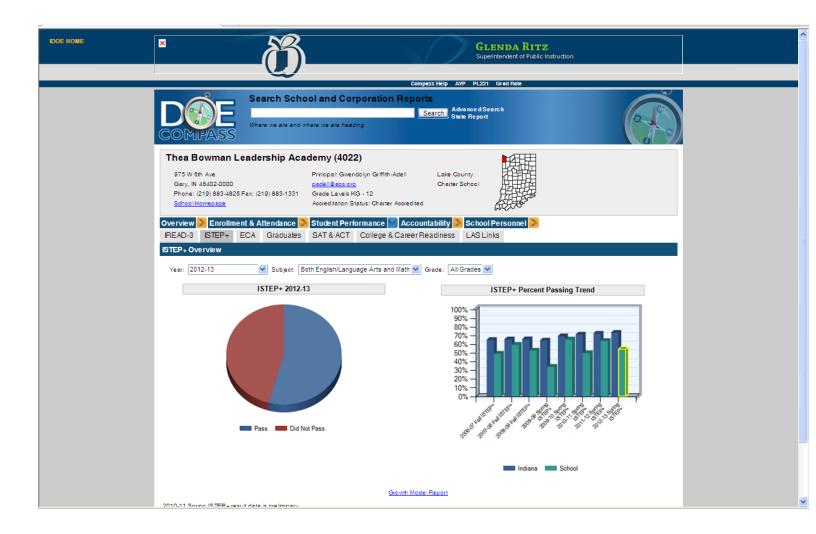
National Science Teachers Associ



Missouri Assessment Program Achievement Level

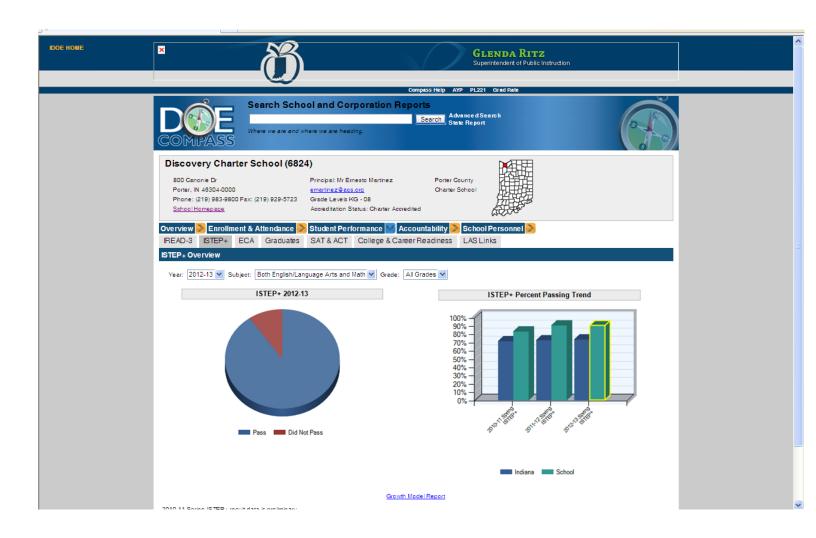
District: CARONDELET LEADERSHIP ACADEMY (115915) Summary Level: CARONDELET LEADERSHIP ACADEMY (6975)











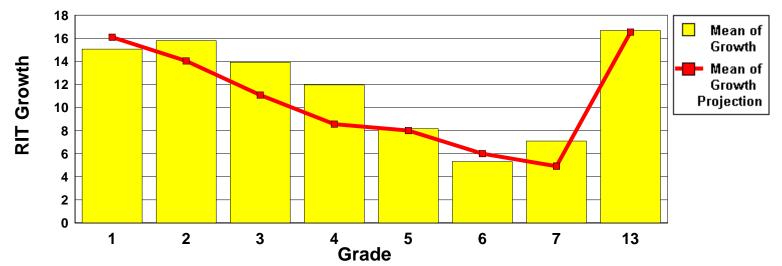
Student Growth Summary - Fall 2012 to Spring 2013

School: Carondelet Leadership Academy

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Mathematics | | Fall 2012 | Sprin | g 2013 | (| 3 rov | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meetina | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|--------------------|---------|------------|------|-------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean Sto RIT De | | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 66 | 162.1 11. | 1 177.2 | 11.3 | 15.1 | 5.4 | 0.7 | 16.1 | -1.0 | 93.6 | 27 | 40.9 |
| Grade 2 | 53 | 171.4 10. | 1 187.2 | 11.3 | 15.8 | 6.5 | 0.9 | 14.0 | 1.8 | 112.5 | 36 | 67.9 |
| Grade 3 | 38 | 187.7 12. | 6 201.6 | 12.2 | 13.9 | 5.1 | 0.8 | 11.1 | 2.8 | 125.7 | 28 | 73.7 |
| Grade 4 | 25 | 199.9 11. | 6 211.9 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 7.0 | 1.4 | 8.6 | 3.4 | 139.7 | 16 | 64.0 |
| Grade 5 | 31 | 205.3 13. | 7 213.5 | 14.5 | 8.2 | 6.1 | 1.1 | 8.0 | 0.2 | 102.0 | 14 | 45.2 |
| Grade 6 | 32 | 216.0 13. | 2 221.3 | 13.0 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 1.0 | 6.0 | -0.7 | 88.5 | 15 | 46.9 |
| Grade 7 | 22 | 218.0 16. | 1 225.1 | 14.6 | 7.1 | 4.7 | 1.0 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 144.4 | 16 | 72.7 |
| Grade 13 | 60 | 139.4 10. | 156.1 | 10.9 | 16.7 | 6.2 | 0.8 | 16.5 | 0.1 | 100.8 | 33 | 55.0 |

Mathematics



^{*} Summary data for groups with less than 10 students are suppressed because they are not statistically reliable.

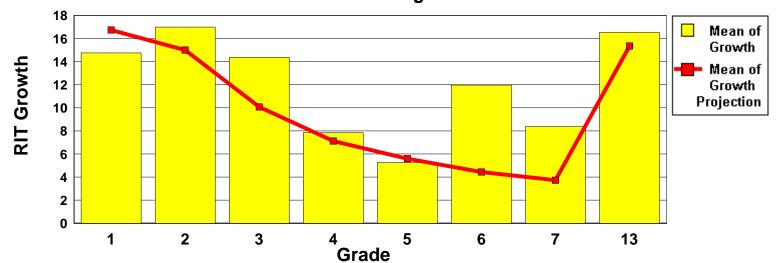
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: Carondelet Leadership Academy

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Reading | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | G | rov | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meetina | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------|-----|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 66 | 160.3 | 12.9 | 175.0 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 7.4 | 0.9 | 16.7 | -2.0 | 88.1 | 26 | 39.4 |
| Grade 2 | 53 | 165.8 | 12.9 | 182.8 | 15.1 | 17.0 | 7.8 | 1.1 | 15.0 | 2.0 | 113.3 | 32 | 60.4 |
| Grade 3 | 39 | 181.7 | 16.7 | 196.1 | 16.6 | 14.4 | 8.8 | 1.4 | 10.1 | 4.3 | 142.7 | 29 | 74.4 |
| Grade 4 | 25 | 196.9 | 14.0 | 204.8 | 14.3 | 7.9 | 6.3 | 1.3 | 7.1 | 0.7 | 110.1 | 13 | 52.0 |
| Grade 5 | 32 | 198.2 | 15.4 | 203.4 | 14.3 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 1.2 | 5.6 | -0.3 | 93.9 | 15 | 46.9 |
| Grade 6 | 32 | 203.6 | 15.4 | 215.5 | 13.4 | 11.9 | 7.7 | 1.4 | 4.4 | 7.5 | 269.7 | 27 | 84.4 |
| Grade 7 | 22 | 208.6 | 15.5 | 217.0 | 13.5 | 8.4 | 6.6 | 1.4 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 224.4 | 18 | 81.8 |
| Grade 13 | 59 | 138.8 | 9.2 | 155.4 | 10.9 | 16.6 | 7.0 | 0.9 | 15.4 | 1.2 | 107.6 | 37 | 62.7 |

Reading



^{*} Summary data for groups with less than 10 students are suppressed because they are not statistically reliable.

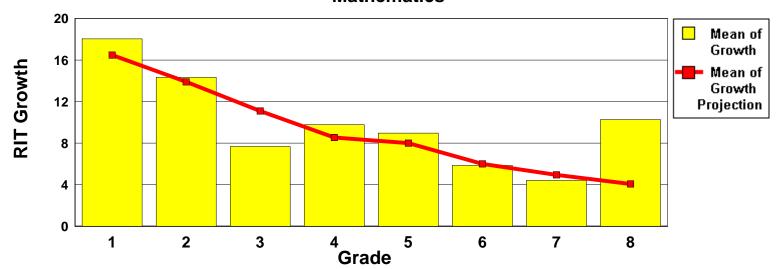
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: Xavier

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Mathematics | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | 0 | ero v | w t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|-------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 52 | 159.6 | 12.8 | 177.7 | 10.7 | 18.1 | 8.1 | 1.1 | 16.5 | 1.6 | 109.5 | 32 | 61.5 |
| Grade 2 | 30 | 172.4 | 13.0 | 186.8 | 10.6 | 14.4 | 9.3 | 1.7 | 13.9 | 0.4 | 103.1 | 12 | 40.0 |
| Grade 3 | 33 | 189.3 | 9.1 | 197.0 | 11.2 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 1.4 | 11.1 | -3.4 | 69.1 | 11 | 33.3 |
| Grade 4 | 35 | 199.5 | 11.7 | 209.3 | 12.0 | 9.8 | 6.4 | 1.1 | 8.5 | 1.2 | 114.4 | 19 | 54.3 |
| Grade 5 | 27 | 206.9 | 12.3 | 215.9 | 14.2 | 9.0 | 6.8 | 1.3 | 8.0 | 1.0 | 112.0 | 18 | 66.7 |
| Grade 6 | 33 | 210.7 | 12.7 | 216.5 | 11.2 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 1.2 | 6.0 | -0.2 | 97.5 | 15 | 45.5 |
| Grade 7 | 37 | 217.8 | 13.2 | 222.2 | 14.4 | 4.4 | 10.2 | 1.7 | 4.9 | -0.5 | 91.6 | 18 | 50.0 |
| Grade 8 | 15 | 217.6 | 27.2 | 227.9 | 14.6 | 10.3 | 18.8 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 252.5 | 8 | 53.3 |

Mathematics



^{*} Summary data for groups with less than 10 students are suppressed because they are not statistically reliable.

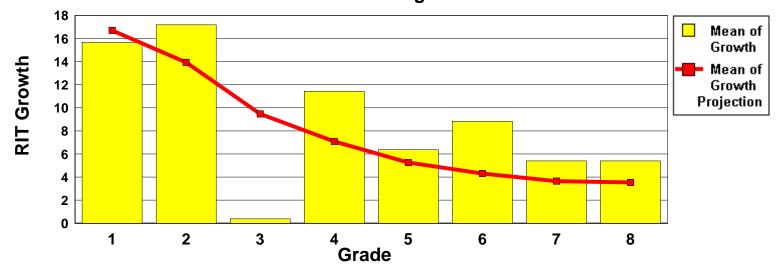
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: Xavier

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Reading | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | (| ero v | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------|-------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 51 | 158.6 | 10.3 | 174.3 | 11.7 | 15.7 | 7.7 | 1.1 | 16.7 | -1.0 | 93.8 | 25 | 49.0 |
| Grade 2 | 31 | 173.5 | 15.6 | 190.7 | 14.0 | 17.2 | 10.2 | 1.8 | 13.9 | 3.3 | 123.4 | 21 | 67.7 |
| Grade 3 | 34 | 189.1 | 11.9 | 189.5 | 14.2 | 0.4 | 10.8 | 1.9 | 9.5 | -9.1 | 4.0 | 7 | 20.6 |
| Grade 4 | 35 | 196.3 | 13.0 | 207.7 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 9.0 | 1.5 | 7.1 | 4.3 | 161.3 | 26 | 74.3 |
| Grade 5 | 27 | 205.6 | 12.1 | 212.0 | 12.1 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 1.1 | 121.1 | 16 | 59.3 |
| Grade 6 | 36 | 204.9 | 12.0 | 213.7 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 1.4 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 205.2 | 27 | 75.0 |
| Grade 7 | 35 | 210.8 | 13.3 | 216.2 | 13.6 | 5.4 | 9.0 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 152.4 | 21 | 61.8 |
| Grade 8 | 15 | 213.4 | 13.6 | 218.8 | 13.4 | 5.4 | 7.8 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 152.8 | 10 | 66.7 |

Reading



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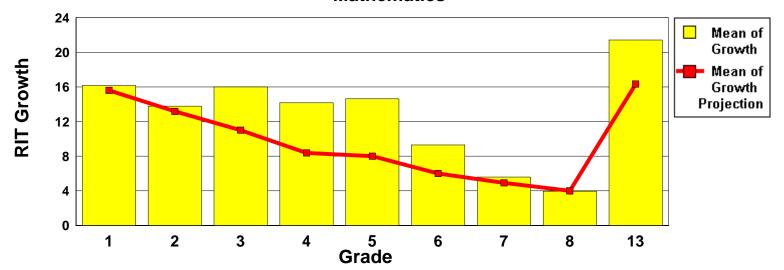
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: East Chicago Urban Enterprise Academy

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Mathematics | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | (| <mark>3 r o v</mark> | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|----------------------|-------------------|---------|-----|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 48 | 164.9 | 10.4 | 181.0 | 11.4 | 16.1 | 8.8 | 1.3 | 15.6 | 0.6 | 103.6 | 28 | 58.3 |
| Grade 2 | 51 | 177.8 | 8.5 | 191.6 | 9.8 | 13.8 | 9.1 | 1.3 | 13.2 | 0.6 | 104.6 | 31 | 60.8 |
| Grade 3 | 43 | 191.3 | 10.1 | 207.3 | 8.8 | 16.0 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 11.0 | 5.0 | 145.5 | 33 | 76.7 |
| Grade 4 | 48 | 196.1 | 10.4 | 210.3 | 11.5 | 14.2 | 8.4 | 1.2 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 169.2 | 35 | 72.9 |
| Grade 5 | 49 | 207.7 | 15.0 | 222.4 | 14.1 | 14.7 | 10.2 | 1.5 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 182.9 | 39 | 79.6 |
| Grade 6 | 44 | 212.2 | 12.9 | 221.5 | 11.7 | 9.3 | 6.3 | 0.9 | 6.0 | 3.3 | 154.9 | 31 | 70.5 |
| Grade 7 | 49 | 218.2 | 13.0 | 223.8 | 12.5 | 5.6 | 7.3 | 1.0 | 4.9 | 0.7 | 113.7 | 27 | 55.1 |
| Grade 8 | 45 | 234.6 | 12.3 | 238.6 | 12.0 | 4.0 | 5.9 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 98.9 | 23 | 51.1 |
| Grade 13 | 45 | 141.2 | 9.4 | 162.6 | 11.8 | 21.4 | 7.1 | 1.1 | 16.3 | 5.1 | 131.2 | 37 | 82.2 |

Mathematics



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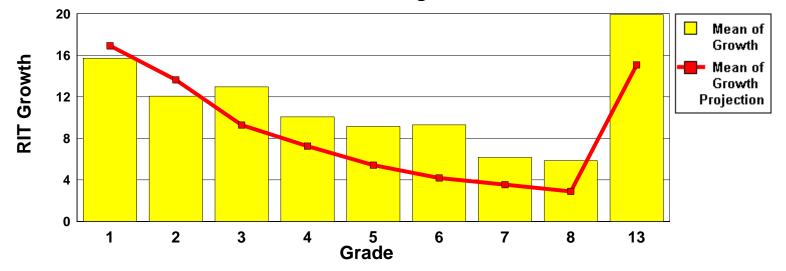
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: East Chicago Urban Enterprise Academy

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Reading | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | (| 3 row | t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|-------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 46 | 164.5 | 10.8 | 180.2 | 10.4 | 15.7 | 6.5 | 1.0 | 16.9 | -1.2 | 92.8 | 20 | 43.5 |
| Grade 2 | 51 | 176.5 | 12.9 | 188.6 | 11.4 | 12.1 | 9.1 | 1.3 | 13.6 | -1.6 | 88.5 | 28 | 54.9 |
| Grade 3 | 43 | 190.2 | 10.6 | 203.2 | 13.5 | 13.0 | 9.3 | 1.4 | 9.3 | 3.7 | 139.6 | 32 | 74.4 |
| Grade 4 | 48 | 193.9 | 12.2 | 204.0 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 7.2 | 1.0 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 138.8 | 33 | 68.8 |
| Grade 5 | 50 | 204.0 | 14.6 | 213.1 | 13.8 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 1.4 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 168.6 | 38 | 76.0 |
| Grade 6 | 44 | 205.7 | 11.1 | 215.0 | 12.1 | 9.3 | 8.2 | 1.2 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 222.3 | 34 | 77.3 |
| Grade 7 | 50 | 213.5 | 13.6 | 219.7 | 12.8 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 174.0 | 35 | 70.0 |
| Grade 8 | 45 | 222.9 | 10.4 | 228.8 | 10.3 | 5.9 | 6.6 | 1.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 202.3 | 35 | 77.8 |
| Grade 13 | 45 | 143.2 | 8.2 | 163.1 | 10.8 | 19.9 | 8.1 | 1.2 | 15.1 | 4.8 | 132.2 | 35 | 77.8 |

Reading



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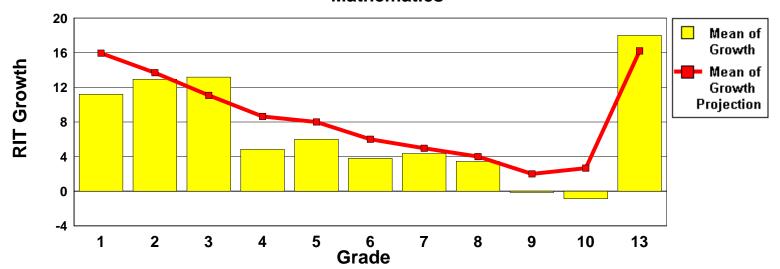
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: Thea Bowman Leadereship Academy

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Mathematics | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | (| 3 r o v | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meetina | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|---------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 99 | 162.8 | 9.1 | 174.0 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 5.6 | 0.6 | 15.9 | -4.8 | 70.9 | 19 | 19.4 |
| Grade 2 | 101 | 173.9 | 8.9 | 186.8 | 8.2 | 12.9 | 5.8 | 0.6 | 13.7 | -0.8 | 94.4 | 50 | 49.5 |
| Grade 3 | 98 | 191.5 | 9.2 | 204.7 | 9.5 | 13.2 | 6.1 | 0.6 | 11.1 | 2.1 | 120.3 | 62 | 63.9 |
| Grade 4 | 91 | 200.7 | 10.8 | 205.5 | 11.4 | 4.8 | 7.3 | 0.8 | 8.6 | -3.8 | 56.0 | 26 | 28.6 |
| Grade 5 | 98 | 207.4 | 10.0 | 213.4 | 9.9 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 0.6 | 8.0 | -2.0 | 75.0 | 39 | 39.8 |
| Grade 6 | 90 | 212.8 | 12.6 | 216.6 | 13.9 | 3.8 | 6.4 | 0.7 | 6.0 | -2.2 | 63.3 | 34 | 37.8 |
| Grade 7 | 105 | 219.4 | 11.2 | 223.8 | 12.8 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 0.6 | 5.0 | -0.6 | 87.5 | 54 | 51.4 |
| Grade 8 | 120 | 220.7 | 12.4 | 224.1 | 12.1 | 3.4 | 6.6 | 0.6 | 4.0 | -0.6 | 86.0 | 57 | 47.5 |
| Grade 9 | 121 | 226.5 | 13.6 | 226.3 | 12.9 | -0.2 | 7.5 | 0.7 | 2.0 | -2.1 | -7.4 | 55 | 45.5 |
| Grade 10 | 89 | 225.1 | 13.1 | 224.2 | 13.4 | -0.9 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 2.7 | -3.5 | -32.5 | 31 | 34.8 |
| Grade 13 | 94 | 141.4 | 8.0 | 159.4 | 9.2 | 18.0 | 6.8 | 0.7 | 16.2 | 1.8 | 111.0 | 58 | 61.7 |

Mathematics



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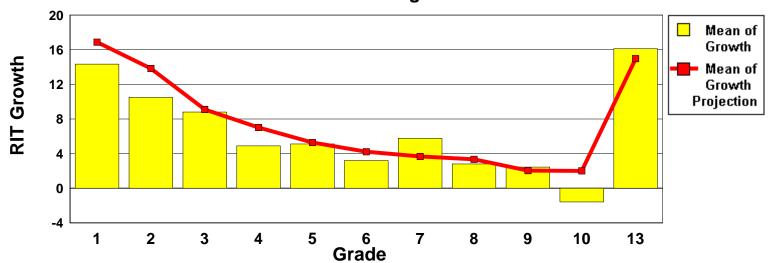
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: Thea Bowman Leadereship Academy

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Reading | | Fall 2012 | Spring | 2013 | C | er o v | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------|--------|------------|------|--------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean Std RIT Dev | | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 1 | 96 | 161.3 9.0 | 175.7 | 9.9 | 14.4 | 6.5 | 0.7 | 16.9 | -2.5 | 85.8 | 33 | 34.7 |
| Grade 2 | 94 | 174.7 12.8 | 185.2 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 8.9 | 0.9 | 13.8 | -3.3 | 75.8 | 34 | 36.2 |
| Grade 3 | 96 | 192.7 12.3 | 201.5 | 10.3 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 0.7 | 9.1 | -0.3 | 97.8 | 53 | 55.8 |
| Grade 4 | 89 | 197.8 12.4 | 202.7 | 12.2 | 4.9 | 8.5 | 0.9 | 7.0 | -2.1 | 69.7 | 31 | 34.8 |
| Grade 5 | 98 | 205.4 11.4 | 210.5 | 10.6 | 5.1 | 9.0 | 0.9 | 5.3 | -0.2 | 96.9 | 50 | 51.0 |
| Grade 6 | 90 | 208.3 16.2 | 211.5 | 14.9 | 3.2 | 9.9 | 1.0 | 4.2 | -1.0 | 75.7 | 38 | 42.2 |
| Grade 7 | 105 | 211.2 12.3 | 217.0 | 10.8 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 157.4 | 65 | 61.9 |
| Grade 8 | 125 | 216.2 11.8 | 219.0 | 12.9 | 2.8 | 8.5 | 0.8 | 3.3 | -0.5 | 83.9 | 64 | 51.2 |
| Grade 9 | 117 | 217.8 12.8 | 220.2 | 14.3 | 2.4 | 9.1 | 0.8 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 120.2 | 71 | 60.7 |
| Grade 10 | 99 | 218.3 10.1 | 216.7 | 12.8 | -1.6 | 11.3 | 1.1 | 2.0 | -3.6 | -79.3 | 42 | 42.4 |
| Grade 13 | 93 | 143.6 7.4 | 159.7 | 9.1 | 16.1 | 6.7 | 0.7 | 15.0 | 1.1 | 107.6 | 58 | 62.4 |

Reading



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^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

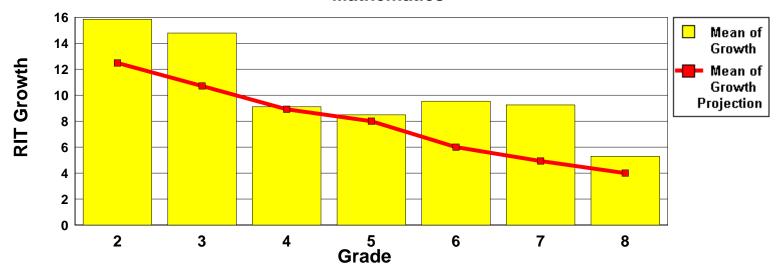
Section 2.2b Attachment 7

School: Discovery Charter School

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Mathematics | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | (| er o v | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|--------|-------------------|---------|-----|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 2 | 60 | 184.0 | 11.3 | 199.8 | 12.0 | 15.8 | 10.8 | 1.4 | 12.5 | 3.4 | 126.8 | 48 | 80.0 |
| Grade 3 | 52 | 201.5 | 13.0 | 216.3 | 9.9 | 14.8 | 8.2 | 1.1 | 10.7 | 4.1 | 138.1 | 36 | 69.2 |
| Grade 4 | 48 | 213.4 | 13.4 | 222.5 | 14.1 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 0.8 | 8.9 | 0.2 | 102.1 | 26 | 54.2 |
| Grade 5 | 54 | 216.5 | 14.1 | 224.9 | 15.5 | 8.4 | 6.2 | 0.8 | 8.0 | 0.5 | 106.0 | 32 | 59.3 |
| Grade 6 | 50 | 223.2 | 14.0 | 232.7 | 16.5 | 9.5 | 7.5 | 1.1 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 159.0 | 37 | 74.0 |
| Grade 7 | 28 | 228.9 | 21.3 | 238.1 | 19.1 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 1.6 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 187.7 | 21 | 75.0 |
| Grade 8 | 14 | 232.6 | 26.3 | 237.9 | 27.3 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 1.3 | 132.1 | 10 | 71.4 |

Mathematics



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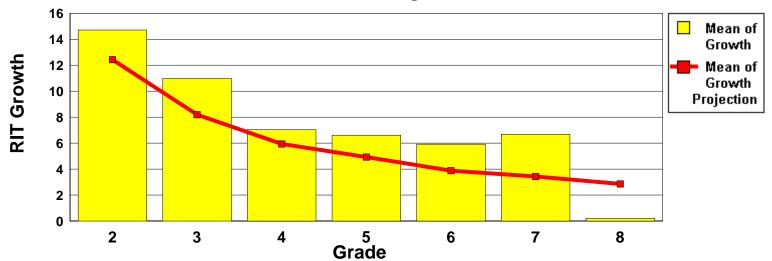
^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

School: Discovery Charter School

*(Small Group Summary Display is OFF)

| Reading | | Fall 2 | 012 | Spring | 2013 | C | ero v | v t h | Mean ** | | | Count Meeting | Percent Meeting |
|---------------------|-------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|------|-------|-------------------|---------|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Grade (Spring 2013) | Count | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean RIT | Std Dev | Mean | | Sampling Error | Growth | | Percent of Projection | Growth | Growth |
| Grade 2 | 60 | 185.3 | 15.4 | 200.1 | 12.6 | 14.8 | 10.2 | 1.3 | 12.4 | 2.3 | 118.4 | 38 | 63.3 |
| Grade 3 | 52 | 202.4 | 14.4 | 213.4 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 1.2 | 8.2 | 2.8 | 134.0 | 36 | 69.2 |
| Grade 4 | 48 | 212.3 | 13.2 | 219.4 | 13.0 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 1.2 | 5.9 | 1.1 | 118.6 | 27 | 56.3 |
| Grade 5 | 54 | 212.9 | 13.0 | 219.5 | 12.9 | 6.6 | 8.1 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 1.7 | 134.2 | 35 | 64.8 |
| Grade 6 | 50 | 217.9 | 11.3 | 223.8 | 11.2 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 1.0 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 152.6 | 29 | 58.0 |
| Grade 7 | 28 | 217.0 | 15.9 | 223.7 | 15.7 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 1.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 194.8 | 18 | 64.3 |
| Grade 8 | 14 | 224.0 | 19.3 | 224.2 | 20.5 | 0.2 | 6.0 | 1.6 | 2.9 | -2.6 | 7.5 | 6 | 42.9 |

Reading



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^{**} All projections based on the most recent NWEA RIT Scale Norms study.

American Quality Schools Corporation



JOB DESCRIPTION - PRINCIPAL/SCHOOL LEADER

POSITION SUMMARY:

The Principal will lead a school that is committed to the ongoing development and wellbeing of its students, teachers and staff. The Principal will provide strategic and instructional leadership and will oversee management of the day to day operations of the school.

RESPONSIBILITIES/ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:

- Providing strategic leadership for school improvement and development
- Ensuring high standards of achievement for all students
- Ensuring an orderly, motivational and aspirational culture and a strong school
- community where teaching, learning and health relationships can thrive
- Ensuring responsive and effective systems and management of people and systems such that all students, parents, teachers and staff are well supported

Major areas of responsibility:

- School development
- Learning and teaching
- School culture and behavior
- Management and development of people, systems and resources
- Student recruiting and admissions
- Parent and community relations

School Development

- Strategic Management of the school, including:
 - o Annual school review, including analysis of student achievement data
 - Annual school development plan consistent with the school's charter contract and AOS objectives
- Monthly reporting to the Regional Manager and the governing board
- Ethical and motivational leadership appropriate to the cultural and political context in which the school operates
- Development and implementation of school policies and advice to the board in analyzing policy options
- Professional internal and external relations with the board, donors and local and national community demonstrating the school is well managed and in legal compliance with the charter contract

- Reporting to the State of Michigan as required and overseeing the charter school monitoring and charter renewal process
- Ensuring that the executive staff and board are aware of any potential legal issues

Learning and Teaching

- High levels of student achievement and learning through rigorous and engaging classes
- A shared vision among all teachers of skillful instruction
- On-going improvement of teaching for all staff through a variety of strategies, including:
 - Lesson observations
 - o Regular use of data
 - o Collaborative planning and enquiry
 - o Regular program of training
 - o Informal support strategies, including coaching and mentoring
- Systematic use of formative assessment data to guide learning support and drive instruction, curriculum, and professional development
 - Curriculum that is aligned with both the Common Core and Michigan state standards (Grade Level Expectations) structured in a manner designed to help the school and students achieve the required objectives of the Michigan Educational Achievement Program and the federal "No Child Left Behind Program"
 - o rich and engaging programming that is both rigorous and relevant to students needs
- A scaffolded program of responsive support in English and Math for students who are below expected levels in these subjects
- Strong and responsive special education programming to ensure success in school for students with special needs, including compliance with special education laws
- A school day and extra-curricular enrichment program that provides a rich and high quality offering in team sports, the arts, and music

School Culture and Behavior

- High expectations for student achievement and behavior
- Alignment of students, teachers, staff, and parents around the school's values and approach
- Data driven behavior management systems and practices that ensure consistent norms of orderly, respectful behavior throughout the school and preserve the sanctity of teaching and learning in the classroom
- Experiences that methodically cultivate an aspirational identity for all students through
 - o a constant theme of on-going collective and self-improvement
 - o an emphasis on preparing students for college
 - o an exposure to life's opportunities
- A culture that motivates students through
 - o transformative relationships between students and teachers
 - o student success in achieving worthwhile and challenging goals
 - o a strong sense of community in the school
 - o a variety of activities and student cultural production through the arts, music, sports, and outdoor activities

- Consistent strategies for managing students with the most challenging behaviors in a deterring and therapeutic manner that does not allow disruption of the norms of the school and the learning of other students
- Mutually supportive relationships with parents, characterized by good communication strategies and involving parents where possible in the life of the school
- Partnerships with external organizations that enrich the culture of the school through service opportunities, life and cultural experiences, educational and support programs, and other resources
- Student support system which addresses students' academic and behavioral struggles holistically and involves parents, teachers and all relevant staff as appropriate.

Management and Development of People, Systems, and Resources

- Talent Management With the Director of Human Resources and the Regional Manager of Schools to insure effective and aligned talent management practices, including:
 - Job design with clarity of responsibilities and lines of accountability
 - o Recruiting that attracts and selects talented teachers and staff
 - Professional development, including a strong, collaborative professional community, regular training opportunities, and the summer planning and professional development experience
 - Performance management system that is both developmental and establishes a culture of accountability
 - o Recognition strategies for teachers and staff
 - o Retention strategies for teachers and staff
- Financial Management With the VP of Finance and Accounting Staff:
 - Develop and manage the annual school budget, with input from staff and the finance committee of the board
 - Analyze and control expenditures with an understanding of the relationship between school objectives and the budget process, and use cost benefit analyses for budgetary decisions
 - o Presentation of monthly financial reports to the board
 - o Ensure proper financial controls
- Operations to ensure effective systems and manage on-going process of improvement in the following areas:
 - Food Service
 - Transportation
 - o Facilities and fixed assets management, including capital improvements
 - o Student data management
 - o Personnel data management
 - Information technology
 - Contracted services
- Health and safety
 - Maintain and expand relationship with local Health Clinic to provide services to students
 - Implement the necessary policies in the area to ensure compliance with legal requirements

- o Provide a safe environment
- Manage risk with sensitivity to liability issues
- Consulting with the Regional Manager, board members, and other senior staff in times of uncertainty

Student Recruitment and Admissions

- Develop and implement marketing plan to recruit students to the school
- Oversee the school admissions process ensuring compliance with the state charter law and school contract

Community Relations

- Engender public support for the school's academic and extracurricular programs and consult with the Regional Manager on all public relations activities
- Maintain effective and strong working relationships with the charter authorizers and the board as well as with the greater Detroit community
- Serve as ambassador and advocate of the school's mission, representing the organization and school at local, state, and national events
- Inform the school community about the unique qualities of the school's learning environment
- Inform the school community about their opportunities to participate in the governance process
- Solicit input from the school community about school performance and their needs and opinions.

Network Development and Programs

- Share effective practices with Network Leaders and colleagues
- Contribute to the development and delivery of shared professional development
- programs
- Participate in the development of overall network strategy

Other

• Assume other responsibilities as assigned by the President or his designee

POSITION REQUIREMENTS

Education & Experience

- 3-5 years experience as a school leader (principal or vice-principal preferred) with significant areas of responsibility
- Demonstrated record of success raising test scores in a non-selective urban school that provides an outstanding education for its students
- 3-5 years experience teaching at-risk middle school and/or primary school students
- o MA or MEd (preferred)
- o Preferred, but not required:
 - Current Michigan or transferable School Administrator/Principal certification
 - K-8 school expertise

Skills

- Passion for improving educational opportunities for urban students and for building a strong, mission-driven organization
- Commitment to American Quality Schools' mission, vision and growth
- Excellent communication, presentation and negotiating skills
- Ability to productively organize, communicate and disseminate development strategy and plans, including database and computer proficiency and strong interpersonal skills

TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT:

- Appointment term based upon contract
- Regionally competitive salary based upon experience and past performance

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL:

• Annual evaluation by the regional manager and/or designee

American Quality Schools Corporation



JOB DESCRIPTION – CLASSROOM TEACHER

POSITION SUMMARY:

To create a flexible elementary grade program and a class environment favorable to learning and personal growth; to establish effective rapport with students; to motivate students to develop skills, attitudes and knowledge needed to provide a good foundation for upper elementary grade education in accordance with each student's ability; to establish good relationships with parents and other staff members.

RESPONSIBILITIES/ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:

Student Achievement & Character Development

- Set and hold students to extremely high academic and behavioral standards
- Relentlessly demonstrate and embody the AQS Core Values and ensure that students exhibit the same values
- Deliver measurable student academic growth and increase each individual student's achievement

Core Instructional Excellence

- Assess every student's mastery of the content and diagnose areas of student misunderstanding
- Demonstrate strong content knowledge; all information conveyed to students is factually accurate
- Model responses and provide visual anchors; lead students through guided and independent practice and regularly check for understanding
- Ensure academic rigor by asking increasingly difficult questions, accepting only high quality student responses and posting examples of high quality work
- Use high-engagement strategies (e.g., rapid fire questioning, non-verbal responses, HOTS, etc)
- Meet needs of range of students, providing extra support, enrichment, or variation of work

Classroom Culture

- Create positive, achievement-oriented and structured learning environment so students are excited about and invested in their academic excellence
- Set and reinforce clear expectations and routines that are aligned with the school's overall vision

- Discuss, celebrate, and reinforce character skills
- Embrace and use school culture systems
- Design classroom space to reinforce school values and culture with obvious, posted examples of outstanding academics and character

Planning and Data Analysis

- Set measurable, ambitious yet attainable goals for the year and for each interim assessment cycle
- Use data from interim assessments, quizzes and informal assessments to inform instruction
- Internalize standards and scope and sequence (for own grade/subject and the grades one year before and one year after) and know how standards are assessed
- Thoughtfully plan lessons and develop and implement specific strategies to ensure that each student achieves dramatic gains

Student and Family Relationships

- Build rapport with students outside of class (e.g., lunches with students, special events)
- Invest parents and families in their children's academic success through regular communication

Personal Organization and Effectiveness

- Reflect on successes and areas of growth around all areas of teaching; seek to improve performance; receive feedback eagerly
- Work with coach, grade-level chair and school team to constantly evaluate and improve mastery of instructional, culture building, and leadership skills
- Use system to capture and check action items and prioritize work appropriately
- Enthusiastically participate in structured and informal learning and development opportunities

Contribution to AQS and School Communities

- Collaborate with colleagues to ensure a rigorous, joyful, and safe environment across the entire school
- Assume responsibility for every single scholar's success by holding all students accountable during transitions, meals, trips, etc.
- Create unit plans, lesson plans, or other instructional materials as needed to ensure student success across the entire network

POSITION REQUIREMENTS

Skills and Characteristics:

- Strong instructional skills and classroom management
- Demonstrated mastery of subject matter
- Unyielding commitment to students, self and school's constant learning and development
- Relentlessness doing whatever it takes to ensure success
- Team player
- Excellent communication skills

- Highly organized
- Belief in AQS's mission, educational model, and Core Values
- Maturity, humility, strong work ethic, sense of humor, and "roll-up-my-sleeves" attitude

Education and Experience

- Two years of teaching experience with a record of high student achievement
- Bachelor's degree from a competitive college or university
- Willingness to seek certification if not already certified

COMPENSATION

Salary for this position is very competitive and commensurate with experience. Additionally, American Quality Schools offers a comprehensive benefits package.



JOB DESCRIPTION – SCHOOL COUNSELOR/SOCIAL WORKER

Qualifications: A master's degree in counseling from an accredited university. Certification in school counseling.

Primary Functions:

- a) Assist students in the areas of academic, career and social/emotional development.
- b) Counsel students to help them deal with personal, social or behavioral issues that affect them in their educational environment.
- c) Provide individual and small group counseling in a variety of settings.
- d) Consult and collaborate with teachers, staff and parents in understanding and meeting the needs of students in the school setting.
- e) Make appropriate referrals to students and parents to outside agencies.
- f) Observe and evaluate students' performance, behavior, social development and physical health.
- g) Attend staff meetings and serve on committees as requested.
- h) Pursue continuous professional growth to stay abreast in the standards of school counseling.
- i) Adhere to ethical standards of the state and national school counselor associations.

Major Job Responsibilities:

- Determine social/emotional needs of student population.
- Conduct goal-oriented counseling sessions in response to identified needs of groups of children. Themes including academic skill building, social skill development, career awareness, conflict resolution, family issues and making healthy choices.
- Maintain accurate and complete student records as required by laws and administrative regulations.
- Provide crisis intervention when difficult situations occur and school.
- Provide individual counseling in response to student/teacher/parent requests.
- Meet with parents/guardians to discuss student's progress and to determine priorities for the student.

- Plan and coordinate parent education programs in relation to students social/emotional development needs.
- Provide information to administration and school staff to assist them in helping students in academic and social development.
- Take a leadership role in the infusion of counseling content into the curriculum, staff development and parent education programs
- Work extensively with 8th graders pertaining to high school preparation (when applicable) which may include: scheduling high school informational meetings with parents and students, obtaining scholarship information, coordinating shadowing for students, processing high school applications and coordinating a high school fair.
- Additional duties as assigned by Principal



JOB DESCRIPTION - TEAM LEADER

The Team Leader position is one of leadership, mentoring, teaching and administration.

<u>Leadership</u>- The Team Leader will provide leadership to those teachers in his/her teaching team, so as to promote the highest level of quality teaching and student achievement. This leadership will entail assisting teachers in fulfilling the vision, mission and goals of the American Quality Schools Corporation (AQS) and will be measured by the level of satisfaction registered by other team members as well as by the evaluation of the School Director.

<u>Mentoring</u>- Team Leaders have the responsibility to assist members of their teaching teams in every way so that the goals of AQS can be achieved. Such efforts should include, but are not limited to, identifying best teaching practices and strategies and implementing them in the classrooms, identifying relevant quality curriculum materials for use in the classroom, modeling lessons in the classroom for team members, and counseling team members as to ways in which they can achieve quality classroom results.

<u>Teaching</u>- The Team Leader will regularly teach lessons in the classroom of their fellow team members. They will do so individually and in conjunction with one or more members of their team. They will take over classrooms at regular intervals so as to allow the assigned classroom teacher the opportunity to engage in planning or other activities directly related to their teaching. The Team Leader will also take classroom assignments as appropriate so that the team member can adequately carry out the teaching strategies identified in the Paideia instructional approach. The Team Leader will also substitute for team members in their classrooms when the regular teacher is absent from the school.

<u>Administrative</u>- Team Leaders will have the responsibility for all administrative functions assigned by the School Director. Among these must be the identification of curricular and teaching materials and equipment necessary for the educational instruction of their team, scheduling of the team class sessions in accordance with AQS philosophy and Paideia principles, mentoring and evaluation of team members' teaching performance, preparation of students for standardized test-taking, and adherence to the academic program which focuses on the Illinois State Standards and the Core Knowledge Sequence delivered through the Paideia instructional approach and supplemented with the Junior Great Books Program where appropriate.



JOB DESCRIPTION – DEAN OF STUDENTS

- In consultation with the Principal provide fair and consistent disciplinary consequences as outlined in the Student Discipline Code.
- Maintain clear boundaries and professional demeanor while conducting/administering disciplinary consequences to students.
- Disseminate all written documentation to parents, teachers and administrative staff in a timely manner.
- Respond to all parent requests either in person, by telephone, in writing or by email concerning behavior related issues and/or concerns.
- Observe students in the classroom and provide feedback to teachers concerning appropriate interventions.
- Generate after school and Saturday detentions followed up by a phone call to parents.
- Serve as the liaison for the eighth grade students during the high school admission phase by processing applications and providing recommendations.
- Attend work related professional development workshops and in-services.
- Prepare monthly reports categorizing the total number of suspensions, discipline code violations, repeat violators, and percent changes.
- Facilitate school-wide behavior modification programs
- Monitor student attendance (truancy) in accordance with the AQS Parent-Student Handbook
- Maintain student records and files
- Serve on various school committees.
- Perform other duties as assigned by the Principal

JOB QUALIFICATIONS – DEAN OF STUDENTS

- Indiana Certified Administrator
- Masters Degree in Education preferred
- 3-5 years experience as a K-12 school administrator
- Previous extra-curricular experience a plus



JOB DESCRIPTION – ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT

- Prepares and revises registration forms.
- Prepares registration packets.
- Coordinates and oversees registration process.
- Sends out school mailings.
- Maintains and organizes incoming and outgoing school correspondence.
- Orders office supplies.
- Answers and directs phone calls.
- Maintains staff records- sign-in/out sheets and absences.
- Maintains and organizes the Director's correspondence.
- Attends to parent requests and concerns.
- Distributes mail.
- Issues student Iowa scores.
- Maintains student academic files.
- Maintains word document files.
- Processes student withdrawals.
- Processes student lunch forms.
- Prepares student lunch cards on a monthly basis.
- Receives, processes, and maintains new student applications.
- Assists Team Leaders.
- Prepares and updates student emergency information forms.
- Attends to teacher and staff requests.
- Maintains office equipment.
- Monitors and keeps a record of all visitors.
- Distributes tardy slips and maintains tardy records.
- Duplicates materials.



Assistant Principal/Instructional Specialist

POSITION SUMMARY:

The Assistant Principal/Instructional Specialist is defined as one whose primary role is the improvement of learning opportunities through instructional leadership. This position has the role of decision-maker, consultant, and specialist in advising administrators, teachers, and other professional personnel as it related to curriculum development, instructional improvement, strategy implementation, and benchmark assessments.

The Assistant Principal/Instructional Specialist serves as a member of the school leadership team charged with the responsibility for planning, implementing, and evaluating the educational program appropriate to the needs of the student population of the school.

RESPONSIBILITIES/ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS:

- Providing strategic leadership for school improvement and development
- Ensuring high standards of achievement for all students

Major areas of responsibility:

- Instructional Management and Improvement
- School and Organizational Improvement
- Supervision of Staff

Instructional Management and Improvement

- Monitor instructional processes to ensure that program activities are related to program outcomes and use findings to take corrective actions.
- Partner with campus and EMO leadership in directing instructional and curriculum services to meet student's needs.
- Plan, implement, and evaluate instructional programs with teachers, including learning objectives, instructional strategies, and assessment techniques.
- Apply research, school, and network data to improve the content, sequence, and results of the teaching and learning process.
- Involve instructional staff in evaluating and selecting instructional materials to meet student learning needs.
- Plan the necessary time, resources, and materials to support accomplishment of educational goals.

- Participate in the school based decision making process to establish and review the goals, objectives, and major classroom instructional programs for Kindergarten through 8th grade.
- Actively support the efforts of others to achieve school-wide goals and objectives and the campus performance objectives.
- Obtain and use evaluative findings, including student achievement data, to examine curriculum and instructional program effectiveness.
- Assist in planning and providing effective staff development activities that incorporate
 the mission of the school, program evaluation outcomes, and input from teachers and
 others.
- Assist in securing consultants, specialists, and other community resources for the principal and supervise instructional staff to assist in attaining objectives.

School and Organization Improvement

- Support common vision for school improvement with staff. Direct planning activities and put programs in place with staff to ensure attainment of school and district vision.
- Partner with Principal and Regional Manager in identifying, analyzing, and applying research findings to promote school improvement.

Supervision of Staff

- Define expectations for staff performance with regard to instructional strategies and support implementation of strategies.
- Work with campus level planning and decision-making committees to plan professional development activities.
- Confer with staff regarding professional growth. Work with them to develop and accomplish improvement goals.
- Provide for two-way communication with principal, teachers, staff, parents, and community.
- Monitor professional research and disseminate ideas and information to other professionals.

REQUIRED SKILLS AND KNOWLEDGE:

- Four (4) years teaching experience desired
- Ability to communicate positively and effectively with other professionals both orally and in writing
- Knowledge of professional learning community (PLC) concepts
- Broad knowledge of the principles and practices of school administration and of current educational trends in curriculum and instruction
- Ability to manage fiscal, physical, and human resources to successfully carry out functions and programs

TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT:

- Supplemental position
- Salary based upon experience and past performance

PERFORMANCE APPRAISAL:

• Annual evaluation by the principal and/or designee



JOB DESCRIPTION - SPECIAL EDUCATION TEACHER

The Special Education Teacher at American Quality Schools serves as the primary instructor of academic course content, the key developer of skills and strategies for critical thinking and problem solving among students, and the chief nurturer of positive values and self confidence among children in the classroom. At all times the special education teacher is a key role model for his/her students and a positive representative of the American Quality Schools Corporation. The above concepts will manifest themselves in the following ways. The special education teacher will:

- Be thoroughly knowledgeable in the age-appropriate subject matter to be taught in their grade, working directly with the Regular Education teacher in a collaborative planning setting.
- Demonstrate on a daily basis a genuine caring about children and a sincere belief that all have the innate capacity to find success in some realm.
- Pullout Special Education Teachers: maintain a clean and attractive classroom that creates an optimum environment for learning. Inclusion Special Education Teachers: work with the classroom Teacher to maintain a clean and attractive classroom that creates an optimum environment for learning.
- Be fully prepared each day to conduct class so as to impact meaningful knowledge, skills, and values to students.
- Maintain an orderly and disciplined classroom at all times.
- Work with the Special Education team and Case Manager to create and maintain Individual Education Plans (IEPs) for each student.
- Attend IEP meetings for students in their class.
- Create and update IEP goals in accordance with the Indiana State Educational Standards and the students' abilities.
- Document and monitor IEP minutes serviced to respective Special Education students.

- Work with Regular Education Teachers and Team Leaders in ensuring testing modifications/ accommodations are in place for each Special Education student.
- Assist Team Leaders in creating Intervention Assistance Team (IAT) plans for students.
- Regularly attend and participate in all professional development activities, committees, and projects, which are directly related to the success of children's learning, the school operation, and the American Quality Schools Corporation.
- Attend at least one outside seminar/ training activity relating to Educational Resource development, per school year.
- Be on time for the opening of each school day and commit the necessary after school classroom time to fulfill their professional responsibilities and obligations as teachers.
- Have a regular attendance record except for illness and other matters, which the School Principal has approved.
- Fully participate as a member of an academic team, carry out all assignments, and meet all responsibilities designed to achieve AQS organizational goals.
- Collaborate with Regular Education staff to ensure adherence to IEP goals and accommodations. This includes meeting with teachers regularly to monitor student progress and equip all teachers with IEP copies as appropriate.
- Follow, on a daily basis, the mission, goals, and philosophy of the AQS Corporation.
 This is manifest by a focused implementation of a curriculum, which follows the Indiana
 State Standards and the Core Knowledge Sequence. The curriculum must be delivered
 through the philosophy, structure, and strategy of the Paideia principles using an
 integration of Educational Resource strategies.
- Make and document regular professional contact with the parents/ guardians of students in their classroom, so as to inform them of the progress/ hindering of their child's school achievement and other relevant matters.
- Answer all parent inquiries on the day the inquiry was received.
- Maintain careful records of student progress and problems, which are readily accessible to the school Principal or member of the AQS corporate staff.
- Monitor proper use of grading modification for Special Education students on testing and classroom assignments.
- Maintain all other such records and documentation, as may be required by the school Principal or the AQS staff.

- Conduct oneself with the highest level of professionalism with students, fellow teachers, administration, school staff, and parents at all times.
- Follow policies of AQS regarding the faculty dress code.
- Demonstrate a willingness to continuously learn and improve one's teaching and student achievement.
- Follow all other school related requests and directives as may be given by the school Principal or the AQS corporate staff.
- Demonstrate a willingness and ability to work in a "team" concept in the school and as an employee of AQS.
- Demonstrate a working understanding of the policies regarding decision-making authority and of the policies regarding reporting relationships of the AQS Corporation.
- Be on time for the opening of each school day and commit the necessary afterclassroom time to fulfill their professional responsibilities and obligations as teachers.
- Follow the policies of AQS regarding the faculty dress code.
- This position reports directly to the School Director.

| | SE | MESTER I | SE | MESTER II | |
|-------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Grade | Environment & Health | Government, Politics, | Cultures & Societies | Economics & | Assessments |
| | | and Current Events | | Interdependence | |
| | Urban America | Central America | North Africa | Southeast Asia | Formative |
| | Arctic Regions | Case Studies: | Southeast Asia | North & Central America | Research 1 |
| | Case Studies: | 1. Governments, in | Case Studies: | Case Studies: | End of Year Project |
| | 1. urban health issues - | transition: El Salvador & | 1. Archaeology, preservation, | 1. European colonization & economic | Presentation |
| | asthma, TB, childhood | Czech Republic | tourism: Ancient Egypt and | exploitation/development of Central | |
| 9th | inoculations, (learn | 2. Conflict, UN: Former | the Ancient Khmers | America & South East Asia | |
| | states & capital cities) | Yugoslavia & Nicaragua | 2. The travels of Ibn Battuta: | 2. migration, expatriate workers and | |
| | 2. Pollution, ozone | | From North Africa through the | economic development: | |
| | depletion, mercury | | Indian Ocean to Southeast | Guatemala and Vietnam | |
| | poisoning Arctic | | Asia | | |
| | Antarctic | | | | |
| | Sub-Saharan Africa | Middle East | South Asia | Pampas/Australia/ | Formative |
| | Caribbean | Central Asia | Central Asia | New Zealand/Oceania | Research 2 |
| | Case Studies: | Case Studies: | Case Studies: | 1. Case Studies: | End of Year Project |
| | 1. Health & nutrition in Sub | 1. Governments in | 1. Buddhism and Islam – the | Economic activities - livestock | Presentation |
| 10th | Saharan East Africa and | transition: Establishing | spread of 2 universalistic | ranching, tourism | |
| | the Caribbean | democracy in Iraq & | religions – on the Silk Roads | 2. Immigration, immigrants and | |
| | 2. Communicable disease | Uzbekistan | 2. Critical issues in Central Asia | indigenous peoples – colonialism, | |
| | in Nigeria & Haiti | 2. Arab/Israeli conflict in | and South Asia today – | post-colonial economic development | |
| | (malaria, tuberculosis, | historical context | society, religion and | | |
| | AIDS, etc.) | | environment | | |
| | East Asia | Western Europe | Caribbean | Rural America | Formative |
| | Case Studies: | Southern Africa | Western Europe | East Asia | Research 3 |
| | 1. CO2 emissions & Kyoto | Case Studies: | Case Studies: | Case Studies: | End of Year Project |
| | Accord & tropical wood, | 1. History of the Dutch & | 1. The Colombian Exchange, | 1. Resources for development: The | Presentation |
| | shipped to East Asia | British in Southern Africa | Europeans, American and | Tennessee Valley Authority and the | |
| 11th | 2. Habitat destruction in | 2. Colonial legacy- Ireland | Africans in the Caribbean / | Three Gorges Dam: a study in | |
| | Brazil & China | & S. Africa British | the Atlantic Slave Trade | resource management | |
| | | colonialism – truth and | 2. The Caribbean and Western | 2. Japanese Companies in Rural | |
| | | reconciliation vs. | Europe today – peoples, | America: Bridgestone, Honda and | |
| | | reparations – lessons for | languages, cultures | other case studies | |
| | | the U.S. | | | |
| 12th | | | Senior Thesis on Global Studies | | |

Essential Questions

| Environment & Health | Government, Politics, and Current Events | Cultures & Societies | Economics & Interdependence |
|--|---|--|---|
| What is the connection between the environment and health? Does environmental change affect health? | Is government necessary? Why do people have governments? Why do governments change? | What is culture? How do ideas spread? What is language? How do societies develop? | How to people support themselves?Why do people move? |

September

What Every Student Needs to Know About Reading: The Basic Fundamentals of Reading

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Read 180 Practice Tests Guided Practice Fact or Opinion Graphic Organizers Rubrics Role Playing | Power point presentations on one Dr. King's speeches. | Illinois State Standards | What is Reading? How does reading have an impact on the career that you have chosen? | The basic fundamental skills that are critical for success in the reading process and beyond. |
| 7. rSkills Tests | Examining the accomplishments of Dr. Martin | College Readiness Standards | | FluencyVocabularyComprehension |
| | Luther King and his fight for equality. | 13-15 Recognize a clear intent of an author or narrator in uncomplicated literary | | Fluency (accuracy, rate, and expression) |
| | | narratives | | Vocabulary (decoding, base words, target words, prefixes, and suffixes) |
| | Essays | Determine when (e.g., first, last, before, after) or if an event | Have you ever heard the saying: Everyone has their | Comprehension (main idea and details) |
| | Think-Pair-Share | occurred in uncomplicated passages | version of the story and then there's the truth. Where does perception end and reality begin? | Defining the terms reality and perception with assist students with understanding the purpose for |
| | Read-Pair-Share | Recognize clear cause-effect relationships described within a | | reading: to gain an understanding. |
| | Think-Write-Pair Share | single sentence in a passage | | |
| | Time-line of the Life and Times of Dr. King | Identify relationships between main characters in uncomplicated literary narratives | | By comparing and contrasting the |
| | | Recognize clear cause-effect | Can you win and lose at the | benefits and disadvantages of Dr. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| | | relationships within a single paragraph in uncomplicated literary narratives | same time? | King struggle for equal rights students will realize how a character may not always win but contributions may live on or have a profound effect on those around them. |

October

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| Whole Group - Shared Reading Small Group-Guided Practice/Reading Skill Tracker - students/teacher will track their understanding by adding data to data charts. Coaching-demonstrate and provide suggestions Open Ended Questions | Revisit Target | College Readiness Standards 13-15 Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in paragraph 20-26 Locate important details in uncomplicated passages Make simple inferences about how details are used in | What is making inferences? | Key Terms Background Knowledge Text Clues Inference Stated Ideas Unstated Ideas Estimation Educated Guessing Assumptions Predictions Making inferencing can have a profound effect on one's ability to think critically and in making decisions. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---|--------|
| | | passages. | How does inferencing apply to one's career or everyday situation? | |
| | | | | |

November

When Music Offends: Comprehending the Author's Purpose

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Quizzes | Think -Pair-Share | College Readiness Standards | Who decides what we listen to and how do they fall in | There are a number of comprehension strategies that help |
| Short Answer | rBooks | Standards | line with our constitutional rights; Freedom of Speech? | us to understand the author's purpose. |
| rSkills Test 2 | www.wordle.com | Locate important details in more challenging passages | | |
| Essays | www.jottit.com | | | Students have the opportunity to |
| Data Charts/Tracking Charts | www.polleverywhere.com | Locate and interpret minor or subtly stated details in | | view strategies to build background about freedom of speech and music censorship. |
| | projects www.scholastic.com/read180/community | uncomplicated passages | | |
| | | Discern which details, though they may appear in | | Key Terms |
| | | different sections throughout a passage, support | | |
| | | passags, support | | • critic |
| | | important points in more challenging passages | | • Controversy |
| | | Illinois State | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| | • | Standards 2.B Read and interpret a variety of literary works. | | Confrontpromoteamendments |
| | | Preview text features to activate prior knowledge Identify important details | | |
| | | Organize important details | | |

December

Problem Solving: How Well Do You Handle Your Money?

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Proper use of commas with | Graphic Organizers | 2.A.4d Describe the influence of | How can money hurt | Developing strong money |
| introductory words in own | | the author's language structure | teenagers? | management skills is essential to |
| writing. | | and word choice to convey the | | the future of teenagers and young |
| | | author's viewpoint. | | adults. |
| Understand vocabulary of | Class/Small Group Discussions | | | |
| multiple-meaning words | | 2.B.4a Critique ideas and | | Researching the aspects of a |
| | | impressions generated by oral, | What are the causes of debt or | students' career interest and its' |
| | Vocabulary Practice | visual, written and electronic | poor money management skills? | qualifications and salary can |
| | | | | provide rewarding results to |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Attempts to solve a problem. | Responsive Writing Assignments Class Debate Peer/teacher editing practice | 1.B Apply reading strategies to improve understanding and fluency. 3.B.4b Produce, edit, revise and format work for submission and/or publication (e.g., manuscript form, appropriate citation of sources) using contemporary technology. Organize information about problems and solutions. Preview text to activate prior knowledge. Practice identifying details that support the main idea. Discover new vocabulary terms. | Is money another form of trading that can be altered? | key Terms; debt wages compensate complusive behaviors financial freedom expensive interest responsible |

January

How Has The Progression of Disease Control Saved Lives?

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|------------|--|--|
| Practice test-taking strategies: fill-in-the- blanks | rBooksFill-in-the-blankNarrative Paragraph | <u>s</u> | What is a plague? | Preview text features to activate prior knowledge, set purpose, and generate questions before reading. |
| Demonstate understanding of text selections, vocabulary, and skills. Answer multiple choice questions. | Graphic Organizers Data Driven Instruction Vocabulary Search Speeches Study Synonyms and | <u>5</u> | Which plague is most frightening to you? | Review and apply meaning of target vocabulary |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|------------|---|-----------|
| On demand writing by responding to an openminded, short-answer prompt. • | Antonyms • Short answers and open ended questions. | Assessment | Do you think that a disease could ever be used as weapon? | Key Terms |
| | | | | |

The Front Lines of Justice Type: Unit Plan

The Front Lines of Justice

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2-1 to 3-11 | Reading in the Language Arts | 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---|----------------|
| The Road to Equality: the wage on war to end slavery, | Enhancing reading, writing, and fluency skills for freshmen | 3 weeks |
| discrimination and unfair laws continued for a century after | students. | |
| the Civil War. In the 1960's another critical battle took | | |
| place: the fight for civil rights. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.5 Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).

Type: Unit Plan

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

| Essential Question Why was there such a strong resistance for AA to gain equality in America? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives CRS 13-15 | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT take a glimpse at the pain and passion of this critical period in our nation's history. |
|--|---|--|
| ILS | | |
| 2.A.4a Analyze and evaluate the effective use of literary techniques (e.g., figurative language, allusion, dialogue, description, symbolism, word choice, dialect) in classic and contemporary literature representing a variety of forms and media. | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Biographical Sketch: An Angry Young Man | Comprehension | ▼ Formative |
| Historical Documents: In Their Own Words | Fluency | Summative |

The Front Lines of Justice Type: Unit Plan

| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Poem: Ballad of Birmingham | Making Inferences | ✓ Portfolio |
| | Cross Toyt Analysis | ✓ Project |
| | | ✓ Reflective Essay |
| | | ✓ Short Answer |
| | | ☐ Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | ✓ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Observation Checklist |
| | | ☐ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ✓ Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |

The Front Lines of Justice

Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Writing Personal Narrative | rBook | accomplish |
| Grammar: Adverbs and correcting sentence | video of Little Girls by Spike Lee | enforce |
| fragment. | | influential |
| Literary Elements: Rhyme, Point of View, and Irony | | protest |
| | | register |
| | | demonstration |
| | | sacred |
| | | marches |
| | | bombings |
| | | registered |
| | | witness |
| | | segregations |
| | | Jim Crow |
| | | lynching |

Type: Unit Plan

Crime, Punishment, and Teens

Unit Dates:
Sections:
3-1 to 3-31
Reading in the Language Arts
Sections:
2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods
Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Identify the steps used to compare and contrast ideas | To enhance students reading, writing, and comprehension | 4 weeks |
| from a newspaper article. Use a graphic organizer to | skills. | |
| compare and contrast ideas. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

Type: Unit Plan

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.9-10.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

| Essential Question How should teen criminals be punished? What happens to them once they enter the justice system? Is justice served or denied? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives ICRS 20-23 Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT look into the lives of teens who have committed crimes and gain a better understanding of how our judicial systems deals with under aged criminals. |
|--|--|--|
| 1.A.4a Expand knowledge of word | | |
| origins and derivations and use idioms, | | |
| analogies, metaphors and similes to extend vocabulary development. | | |
| 1.A.4b Compare the meaning of words and phrases and use analogies to explain the relationships among | | |
| them. | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|
| rSkills Test- comprehension, vocabulary/word study, grammar usage, and mechanics. | Vocabulary study | ▼ Formative |
| | Shared reading | ✓ Summative |
| Functional Literacy- read to find out about careers. | Compare and contrast | Multiple Choice |

Type: Unit Plan

Type: Unit Plan

| The 5th Amendment | rBook | statistic |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Writing and Grammar | Step up to Writing handouts | judicial |
| Test Taking Strategies | Selected reading materials | accuse |
| Test taking strategies | | counselor |
| Vocabulary | | transition |
| Real World Connections | | encourage |
| | | crucial |
| • | | evaluate |
| | | consequence |

Your Brain Exposed Type: Unit Plan

Your Brain Exposed

Unit Dates:
4-1 to 4-29
Reading in the Language Arts
Sections:
2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods
Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Using comprehension strategies to assist proficient | Designed to enhance students reading,writing, and | 3 weeks |
| readers to arrive at conclusions about a text. | comprehension skills. | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.9-10.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

W.9-10.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.

W.9-10.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Your Brain Exposed Type: Unit Plan

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Grade Level Standard SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Grade Level Standard L.9-10.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

L.9-10.4.b Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analyzis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).

| Essential Question How does the brain control all the systems of the body and the ways it makes the body work? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT identify the steps used to find cause and effect. Use a graphic organizer to show cause and effect relationships. Practice finding cause and effect relationship in a magazine article. |
|---|--|---|
| ILS 1.B.4a Preview reading materials, clarify meaning, analyze overall themes and coherence, and relate reading with information from other sources. | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Analyze the functions of the brain through cause and effect concepts. | Cause and Effect | ▼ Formative |
| Evaluate the use of scientific rats to provide evidence of medicine and treatments for the human brain. | Making Inferences Story Elements | Summative Multiple Choice |

| | Decklary and Calvillan | ✓ Portfolio |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Problem and Solution | ✓ Project |
| | Summarize | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| | | ✓ Short Answer |
| | | ✓ Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| | | ☑ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ✓ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ✓ Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | ✓ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ✓ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | I | |

Your Brain Exposed Type: Unit Plan

| Vocabulary/Word Study | videos | structure |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Writing and Grammar | rBooks | essential |
| Functional Literacy | graphic organizers | diminish |
| 1 unctional Literacy | Cornell Note | dominant |
| Cause and Effect | Step up to writing | vital |
| Critical Thinking | | ambush |
| - Toot Taking Strategies | | complex |
| Test Taking Strategies | | biography |

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone Type: Unit Plan

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 5-2 to 5-31 | Reading in the Language Arts | 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Understand about deadly diseases past and present and how they spread and impact the lives of an entire | Strengthening the knowledge of students reading, writing, and comprehension skills. | 4 weeks |
| civilization. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.9-10.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone

Type: Unit Plan

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.9-10.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

W.9-10.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.

W.9-10.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Grade Level Standard SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

SL.9-10.1.a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.

SL.9-10.1.c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.

SL.9-10.1.d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Grade Level Standard L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

L.9-10.2.a Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.

L.9-10.2.b Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|--|
| Why might a solider regret, or feel sorry about killing an enemy during war/ | Objectives Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives | SWBAT: find the sequence of events through the use of a graphic organizer. |
| How does the government and other official grab a hold on infectious diseases? | Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | research how communicable diseases are spread and controlled. |
| | | investigate how war impacts the lives of a solider. |
| | | Use test marking to identify story elements. |
| | | analyze the setting, characters and plot of a short story. |

| | analyze the setting, characters and plot of a short story. |
|---|--|
| ILS | |
| 1.B.4b Analyze, interpret and compare a variety of texts | |
| for purpose, structure, content, detail and effect. | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Using the sequencing of events to learn about how diseases spread and the importance of immunization. | Sequencing and Events | ▼ Formative |
| diseases spread and the importance of immunization. | Main Idea and Details | ✓ Summative |
| | Story Elements | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | Summarize | Portfolio |
| | Guillinalize | ✓ Project |
| | | ☑ Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | ☑ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | |

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone Type: Unit Plan

| | | Performance Assessment |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ✓ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Reading Comprehension | rBook | feasible |
| Vocabulary | Videos | expose |
| Critical Thinking | Powerpoint presentations | courageous |
| | dry erase boards/pens | infect |
| Test Taking Strategies | | estimate |
| Writing and Grammar | | ambush |
| Functional Literacy | | complicated |
| | | hesitate |
| | | peril |
| | | ponder |

Amigo Brothers

Unit Dates: Class: Sections:

6-1 to 6-17 Reading in the Language Arts 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|--|----------------|
| To analyze story elements, increase comprehension and | To enhance students' reading, writing, and comprehension | 3 weeks |
| appreciation for the reading. | skills. | |

Standards

| Essential Question How does sports have a negative and positve impact upon teenagers? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT analyze the setting, characters, and plot of a short story. |
|---|--|--|
| ILS | uncomplicated passages | |
| 1.B.4b Analyze, interpret and compare a variety of texts for purpose, structure, content, detail and effect. | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Theme: students will understand the author's purpose, appreciate a text, and think deeply about ideas. | Literature critique Setting | Formative |
| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | character | ☑ Summative |

| plot | ✓ Multiple Choice |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| theme prefixes | ✓ Portfolio |
| word families | ✓ Project |
| subject verb agreement using possesives | |
| using possesives | Reflective Essay |
| | Short Answer |
| | ▼ Constructed Response |
| | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | □ Essay |
| | Fill in the Blank |
| | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Learning Contract |
| | ✓ Matching |
| | Multiple Choice |
| | Observation Checklist |
| | Performance Assessment |
| | ▼ Performance Task |
| | ▼ Portfolio |
| | ▼ Quiz |
| | ▼ Rubric |
| | Self Evaluation |
| | Structured Interview |
| | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | ▼ True/False |

Amigo Brothers Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|
| • Theme | rBook | demolish |
| Vocabulary | video footage of boxers: Mike Tyson and M. Ali | devastating |
| The use of short stories | | elimination |
| The use of short stories | | emerge |
| | | evade |
| | | mingle |
| | | profession |
| | | approval |
| | | disadvantage |
| | | clarity |

English Standard Breakdown by Assessment A = This is when the standard will be assessed

| | Standard | | | nis is when t | tne standar Grade | u wiii be as | 565560 | 10th | Grade | | | 11th (| Grade | |
|--------------|---|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| | Grouping | | Seme | ester 1 | Seme | ster 2 | Seme | ster 1 | | ester 2 | Sem | ester 1 | Seme | ster 2 |
| | | 401 | | | A | | | | | | | | | |
| | += | 501 701 | | | Α | | | | | | | | | |
| | men | 301 | | | | | | Α | | Α | | | | |
| | opr | 503 | | | Α | Α | | Α | | | | | | |
| | eve. | 602 | | | | | | | Α | А | | | | |
| | Topic Development | 702 | | | | | | | | | Α | Α | | |
| _ ا | opi | 302 | | | | A | | | | | | | | |
| Organization | - | 402 502 | | | | Α | Α | | | | | | | |
| ati | | 601 | | | | | | | | | Α | A | | |
| ΙĘ | | 201 | | | Α | | | | | | | | | |
| <u> </u> | 70 | 401 | | | Α | Α | | | | | | | | |
|) [2 | ä | 501 | | | A | | | | | | | | | |
| | e É | 601 403 | | ۸ | Α | | | | | | | | | |
| | 7 8 | 503 | | A | Α | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | tion | 603 | | 7. | 7. | 7. | | Α | А | Α | | | | |
| | Co | 701 | | | | | | | | | Α | Α | | |
| 1 | Organization, Unity, and Coherence | 301 | | | | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | ō | 402 | | | | A | | | | | | | | |
| | | 502 602 | | | | Α | | A | Α | A | | | | |
| | oʻ. | 201 | | | | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | Word Choice in terms of style, tone, and economy | 202 | | Α | Α | A | | | | | | | | |
| | ë, | 403 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | |
| | f sty | 502 | | | | | Α | | | | | | | |
| | ce in terms of and economy | 602 | | | | ۸ | | | | | Α | Α | | |
| | iii o | 301 401 | | | | A | | | | | | | | |
| | d ec | 501 | | | | | Α | Α | А | Α | | | | |
| | ang Ge | 601 | | | | | | | | | Α | | | |
| | lo (S | 701 | | | | | | | | | Α | | | |
| Style | 5 | 302 | | | | | | | A | | | | | |
| St | Wo | 402 503 | | | | | | | A A | A | | | | |
| 0, | | 201 | | Α | | | | | ^ | | | | | |
| | bug | 301 | | Α | Α | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>e</u> | 701 | | | | | | | | Α | | | | |
| | ion Lictu | 401 | | | | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | nce Structu Formation | 501 601 | | | | | А | Α | А | A | | | | |
| | For | 202 | Α | | | | A | A | A | A | | | | |
| | Sentence Structure and Formation | 302 | A | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Se | 502 | Α | Α | Α | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | | 602 | A | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 302 401 | Α | Α | Α | Α | | | Α | A | | | | |
| | | 701 | | | | | 1 | | A | Α | | | | |
| 1 | age | 501 | | Α | Α | Α | | | | | | | | |
| | , Us | 601 | | | | | | Α | | | | | | |
| | s of | 201 | Α | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Conventions of Usage | 301 | et- Doot/ D | act Darticia | la Subject | / \/orb ^ ~~ | ement Co | A mparative/ | A Superlative | Adjective | e Advorb | s. Adjective | Propoun/ | Antecodos |
| | /ent | psaye LI | oi- Fasii P | 9= 9 | Subject/ Ve | rb Aareem | ent- Compa | rative/ Sun | erlative Ad | iectives Pr | onoun/ Ant | ecedent | - FIUIIUUII/ | Anteceden |
| | Šoný | 402 | Α | A | A | A | | | 1 | , | 122.27.010 | | | |
| ડ | | 502 | | | | | | | Α | | | | | |
| <u>ö</u> . | | 602 | | | | | | A | | | | | | |
| Conventions | | 702 | | | | Δ | | Α | | | | | | |
| Š | | 503 603 | Α | Α | Α | Α | Α | A | Α | A | | | | |
| L C | r. | 504 | | | Α | Α | , | ,, | ,, | , | | | | |
| ŭ | Jatic | 604 | | | | | | Α | Α | Α | | | | |
| | nctı | 701 | | | | | | | Α | | | | | |
| | P. | 201 | | A | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | s of | 301 302 | | A A | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ion | 401 | | A | | | | | | | | | | |
| | /ent | 402 | | Α | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Conventions of Punctuation | 501 | | | | | | | Α | Α | | | | |
| | 0 | 502 | | | | | <u> </u> | | | A | | | | |
| | | 601 602 | | | | | - | | Α | A | | | | |
| | l | 002 | | | | l | | | | Α | | | | |

Social Studies Scope and Sequence/Curriculum Map

| Quarter | 9th: Geography and Illinois | 10 th :World History | 11th: AP U.S. History | 12th: AP Government |
|---------|--|--|---|--|
| | Studies | | | |
| | REVIEW AND ADD BASIC GEOGRAPHIC TERMS Geography skills Types of governments and economic systems UNITED STATES AND CANADA Political and physical map Regions and resources NAFTA MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, CARIBBEAN ISLANDS Political and physical map Cultural regions and resources NAFTA SOUTH AMERICA Political and physical map Cultural regions and resources EUROPE Political and physical map Cultural regions, role of the European Union CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | REVIEW EARLY CIVILIZATION THROUGH 1750 • Geography; • Timeline • Major civilizations • Major religions MUSLIM EMPIRES • Ottoman • Safavid • Mughal ASIAN EMPIRES • Qing/Ming Empires • Feudal Japan ENLIGHTENMENT THROUGH AMERICAN REVOLUTION • Philosophers • Despots • Influence on American colonist FRENCH REVOLUTION AND NAPOLEON • Reform, Conflict, and Terror • Napoleon • Congress of Vienna | EARLY COLONIAL HISTORY, 1492-1650 • Spanish, French, English, & Dutch exploration (Jamestown, Plymouth) • Native Americans AMERICA AND THE BRITISH EMPIRE, 1650-1754 • Mercantilism and growth of Slavery • Social structure, culture, "new" immigrants REVOLUTION, 1754-1783 • Anglo-French rivalries (French and Indian War) • Stamp Act, Boston Tea Party, Declaration of Independence • War—French alliance, Loyalists, economy • Articles of Confederation, creating state governments CONSTITUTION AND THE NEW REPUBLIC, 1776-1800 • Federalists v. Anti-federalists, Bill of Rights • Washington as President • John Adams as President, XYZ Affair, Alien and Sedition Acts AGE OF JEFFERSON, 1800-1816 • LA Purchase • Madison • War of 1812 (causes, Treaty of Ghent, New Orleans) NATIONALISM AND ECONOMIC EXPANSION • Era of Good Feelings, Panic of 1819 • Settlement of West, MO Compromise • Foreign Affairs (Monroe Doctrine) • Economic Revolution (expansion of business, cotton in South) SECTIONALISM • Southern society, culture, economy, politics • Northern industry, labor, | CONSTITUTIONAL UNDERPINNINGS OF US GOVERNMENT • Considerations in formulation of US Constitution • Separation of Powers • Federalism • Theories of democratic government |

| | | | urbanization • Westward expansion (squatters, removal of Native Americans) AGE OF JACKSON, 1828-1848 • 2 party system (Democrats v. Whigs) • Nullification Crisis, Bank Crisis • Martin Van Buren and the Panic of 1837 TERRITORIAL EXPANSION AND SECTIONAL CRISIS • Manifest Destiny and Mexican War, Wilmot Proviso CREATING AN AMERICAN CULTURE • Education, nationalism, religion, reform crusades THE 1858s, DECADE OF CRISIS • Compromise of 1850, Fugitive Slave Act • KS-NE Act, Lincoln-Douglas Debates | |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| 2 | NORTHERN EURASIA Political and physical map Communism and the demise of the Soviet Union Social and economic effects of the fall of the USSR MIDDLE EAST Political and physical map Roots and status of Middle Eastern Conflict AFRICA Political and physical map Roots and status of African ethnic conflict Economic and social problems in Africa SOUTH ASIA Political and physical map Culture and current conflict in region EAST AND SOUTHEAST ASIA Political and physical map Cultural regions, economic relationship with United States AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, AND PACIFIC ISLANDS Political and physical map Culture and resources CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | NATIONALIST REVOLUTION SWEEPS WEST Latin America Changes in Europe INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION Beginnings Effects on cities Worldwide impact REFORM, ACTIVISM, AND PROGRESS Self rule for British colonies New technology Advances in science and medicine AGE OF IMPERIALISM European imperialist Decline of Ottoman Empire British in India Japanese and Chinese imperialism | CIVIL WAR Assets of each side Foreign affairs and diplomacy Abolition of slavery RECONSTRUCTION THROUGH 1877 Presidential plans (Lincoln and Johnson) Congressional plans (radical) Compromise of 1877 and end of Reconstruction NEW SOUTH AND THE LAST WEST Politics in the "New South" Western railroad, mining bonanza INDUSTRIALIZATION AND CORPORATIONS Industrial growth (railroads, oil, coal, iron, steel, electricity, banks) Laissez-faire conservatism Social Darwinism Union movement URBAN SOCIETY Lure of the city, problems in the city, and social reforms INTELLECTUAL AND CULTURAL MOVEMENTS education and mass culture NATIONAL POLITICS, THE GILDED AGE Conservative presidency (trusts, RR regulation, tariff controversy) | POLITICAL BELIEFS AND BEHAVIORS Citizens' beliefs about government and their leaders Processes by which citizens learn about politics Nature, sources, and consequences of public opinion Ways in which citizens vote and otherwise participate in political life Factors that influences citizens to differ from one another in political beliefs and behaviors POLITICAL PARTIES, INTEREST GROUPS, AND MASS MEDIA Political parties and elections: functions, organization, development, effects on the political process, electoral laws and systems Interest groups, including PACs: range of interest groups, effects of interest groups on political process, characteristics and roles of PACs in political process Mass media: functions and structures of media, impacts of media on politics |

| 3 | ILLINOIS—THE PLACE | THE GREAT WAR | Populism, silver question FOREIGN POLICY, 1865 THROUGH 1914 Imperialism in Latin America (Spanish American War) Far East (Open Door Policy) Taft—dollar diplomacy; Wilson—moral diplomacy PROGRESSIVE ERA Muckrakers Black America (Washington, DuBois, Garvey) Roosevelt's Square Deal and Wilson's New Freedom THE GREAT WAR Neutrality mobilization Wilson's 14 Points, Treaty of Versailles, problem of ratification NEW ERA—THE ROARING '20s Economic development THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND | INSTITUTIONS OF NATIONAL |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 3 | Physical Geography: location, regions, resources, climates Cultural Geography: demographics, writers, artists, musicians, athletes HISTORY Pre-Columbian Exploration and settlement Territorial growth Statehood Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil Rights Movement CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | Causes Opinical and social impact on the world REVOLUTION AND NAITONALISM Revolution in Russia Collapse of Chinese imperial rule Nationalism in India and Southwest Asia YEARS OF CRISIS OF CRISIS Great Depression Rise of Fascism WORLD WAR II Causes and consequences Holocaust | THE NEW DEAL Wall Street Crash FDR's 100 Days racial issues (Mexican deportation) DIPLOMACY IN THE 1930s Good Neighbor Policy Aggressors: Japan, Germany, Italy Appeasement, Lend-Lease Act, Atlantic Charter THE SECOND WORLD WAR Mobilizing production, propaganda, internment of Japanese-Americans D-Day (War in Europe) War in Pacific—Hiroshima and Nagasaki Wartime conferences—Teheran, Yalta, Potsdam Postwar atmosphere—the UN TRUMAN AND THE COLD WAR Containment—Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, Berlin Crisis, NATO Revolution in China Korean War (MacArthur v. Truman) EISENHOWER AND MODERN REPUBLICANISM McCarthyism Brown v. Board of Education America's homogenized society Space Race KENNEDY'S NEW FRONTIER & JOHNSON'S GREAT SOCIETY | GOVERNMENT: CONGRESS, PRESIDENCY, BUREAUCRACY, AND FEDERAL COURTS • Major formal and informal institutional arrangements of power • Relationships among these four institutions, and varying balances of power • Linkages between institutions and the following: public opinion and voters, interest groups, political parties, the media, sub-national governments PUBLIC POLICY • Policy making in a federal system • Formation of policy agendas • Role of institutions in the enactment of policy • Role of bureaucracy and the courts in policy implementation and interpretation • Linkages between policy processes and the following: political institutions and federalism, political parties, interest groups, public opinion, elections, policy networks |

| | GOVERNMENT | RESTRUCTURING POSTWAR | New domestic programs (tax cut, war on poverty, affirmative action) Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (African Americans) The New Left and the Counterculture Supreme Court and the Miranda v. Arizona decision Bay of Pigs, Cuban Missile Crisis Vietnam (Gulf of Tonkin) NIXON Vietnam—escalation and pull-out China—restoring relations USSR—détente Supreme Court—Roe v. Wade Watergate crisis and Nixon's resignation THE US SINCE 1974 | CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| 4 | • Illinois Constitution • Structure and functions of state government • Organization of county government • Functions of city government • Judicial system MODERN ILLINOIS • Education • Economy • Politics • Culture CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | WORLD U.S., and Soviet split China, Korea, and Vietnam Thaw in Cold War COLONIES BECOME NATIONS India Southeast Asia and Africa Middle East conflict STRUGGLE FOR DEMOCRACY Latin America Nigeria and South Africa Collapse of Soviet Union | The New Right and the conservative social agenda Ford and Rockefeller Carter (energy, inflation, Camp David Accords, Iran hostage crisis) Reagan (tax cuts, deficits, defense buildup, Iran-Contra Affair) Immigration (Asian and Hispanic) Role of African Americans in local, state, and national politics AP US HISTORY EXAM | LIBERTIES • The development of civil liberties and civil rights by judicial interpretation • Knowledge of substantive rights and liberties • Impact of the 14th Amendment on the constitutional development of rights and liberties |

9th GRADE: GEOGRAPHY and ILLINOIS STUDIES

| First Unit – Recommended for 1st Quarter | 9th Grade: Geography |
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| | and Illinois Studies |

- 1. Why are places divided into regions?
- 2. How does geography impact a countries economy and culture?
- 3. In what ways does our understanding of a place impact our perception of that place?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|--|--|---|
| REVIEW AND ADD BASIC GEOGRAPHIC TERMS • Geography skills • Types of governments and economic systems UNITED STATES AND CANADA • Political and physical map • Regions and resources • NAFTA MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, CARIBBEAN ISLANDS • Political and physical map • Cultural regions and resources • NAFTA SOUTH AMERICA • Political and physical map • Cultural regions and resources EUROPE • Political and physical map • Cultural regions, role of the European Union CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | Timelines Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Graphic organizers K-W-L Chart Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Classroom Forums | Interim Assessments Narrative Writing Rubrics Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation |

9th Grade: Geography and

Illinois Studies

| Essential Questions: | <u>,</u> | <u>, </u> | | | | |
|---|---|---|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1. Why is there conflict in | Middle East? | | | | | |
| 2. Why is Africa underdev | 2. Why is Africa underdeveloped? | | | | | |
| • | ountries politically and economically more | advance that other Asian countries? | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures | | | |
| NORTHERN EURASIA | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or | 3D project: Create a three dimensional sculpture of a | Interim Assessments | | | |
| Political and physical map Communism and the demise of the | information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or | historical scene for example the fall of the Berlin wall made out of popsicle sticks | Extended Writing Projects | | | |
| Soviet Union | ideas develop over the course of the text. | Murals with presentations | Research Writing Rubrics | | | |
| Social and economic effects of the fall | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events | · | • | | | |
| of the USSR MIDDLE EAST | described in a text; determine whether earlier events | Research paper on the roots of Middle East Conflict (internal citations, min. 3 sources, works cited) with multi- | Ongoing Writing Portfolios | | | |
| Political and physical map | caused later ones or simply preceded them. | media presentation | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, | | | |
| Roots and status of Middle Eastern | RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including | Map Project (authentic representation - to scale- of | Tests | | | |
| Conflict AFRICA | vocabulary describing political, social, or economic | geographical locations of significant historical event) | Participation | | | |
| Political and physical map | aspects of history/social science. | Compare/Contrast Essay of two political or economic | Oral Presentations using multi- | | | |
| Roots and status of African ethnic | RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. | systems in Europe or Asia | media | | | |
| • Economic and social problems in Africa | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the | Biography of an "Ordinary Citizen" in a selected country or | Publishing (web pages, authentic | | | |
| SOUTH ASIA | same topic in several primary and secondary sources. | geographical location | tasks with authentic audiences) | | | |
| Political and physical map | W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid | Independent Reading with logs or journals | | | | |
| • Culture and current conflict in region EAST AND SOUTHEAST ASIA | reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. | Anticipation Guides | | | | |
| • Political and physical map | W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to | K-W-L Chart | | | | |
| Cultural regions, economic relationship | examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the | Simulations | | | | |
| with United States AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, AND | effective selection, organization, and analysis of | Personal Ads | | | | |
| PACIFIC ISLANDS | content. | Image Writing | | | | |
| Political and physical map | W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared | Video Essay | | | | |
| • Culture and resources CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED | writing products, taking advantage of technology's | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | | | | |
| THROUGHOUT | capacity to link to other information and to display | Wikis and Blogs | | | | |
| | information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained | Classroom Forums | | | | |
| | research projects to answer a question (including a | | | | | |
| | self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow | | | | | |
| | or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating | | | | | |
| | understanding of the subject under investigation. | | | | | |
| | W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple | | | | | |
| | authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each | | | | | |
| | searches effectively; assess the userumess of each | | | | | |

Second Unit - Recommended for 2nd Quarter

| source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |
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9th Grade: Geography and

Illinois Studies

| 1. How has the physical geography of Illinois impacted its history? 2. What were the pros and cons of statehood for the people of Illinois? 3. How did early Illinois culture change overtime? Content and Concept | Essential Questions: | • | · | |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| ILIJNOIS—THE PLACE Physical Geography: location, regions, resources, climates Cultural Geography: demographics, writers, artisks, musicians, athletes HISTORY Pre-Columbian Exploration and settlement Ferritorial growth Statchood Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil Rephasized THROUGHOUT Statchood THROUGHOUT RH-9-10.3. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH-9-10.7. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH-9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support that and analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient Vivilence. W-9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas. concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. William of primary or secondary source; information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate symmatry of how key events or disas develop over the course of the text. RH-9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH-9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH-9-10.3. Locations one of premative and excender one or simply preceded them. RH-9-10.3. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH-9-10.3. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH-9-10.3. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH-9-10.3. Under the properties of the same topic in several primary | What were the pros and cons | of statehood for the people of Illinois? | | |
| Physical Geography: location, regions, resources, climates Caltural Geography: demographics, writers, artises, musicinas, athletes Pits Columbian Pre-Columbian Perboration and settlement Territorial growth Statehood Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil Register quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH.9-10.7. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the moment, observe the scene (teatro) P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Anticipation Guides Way-10.2. Write arguments to support claims in analysis of substantive topics o | Content and Concept | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information | Physical Geography: location, regions, resources, climates Cultural Geography: demographics, writers, artists, musicians, athletes HISTORY Pre-Columbian Exploration and settlement Territorial growth Statehood Civil War and Reconstruction World Wars and Great Depression Civil Rights Movement CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED | information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.7. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to | conjunction with an Explorer and his family back home Image Journal in conjunction with The Secret Lives of Bee Students trace the history of their choices and challenges through a photo gallery representation Persuasive Multi-genre paper that discusses the challenges and choices inherent in wars Field Trip to a unique environment that introduces the students to a new world Creative Language Presentation (presentation in sign language, foreign language, mime, coded language, movement, song, etc) Whose Line is it Anyway Production: Student groups create a historical scene, teacher freezes the moment, other students are chosen to recreate the scene by moving the frozen characters, then the students continue to improvise the scene (teatro) P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs | Direct Vocabulary Instruction Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Ongoing Writing Portfolios Interim Assessments Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Interim Assessments Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |

Third Unit - Recommended for 3rd Quarter

| w.s. sust (inc prol app sub, sub w.s. mul usir uset rese text avo | sibly and dynamically. 9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more stained research projects to answer a question cluding a self-generated question) or solve a oblem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when propriate; synthesize multiple sources on the oject, demonstrating understanding of the oject under investigation. 9-10.8. Gather relevant information from altiple authoritative print and digital sources, ing advanced searches effectively; assess the efulness of each source in answering the earch question; integrate information into the t selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, oiding plagiarism and following a standard mat for citation. | | |
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9th Grade: Geography

| | | | and Illinois Studies |
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| | ago's development shaped by major events and change? e, political events, and trends shape Illinois' history? | ? | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/ Measures |
| GOVERNMENT • Illinois Constitution • Structure and functions of state government • Organization of county government • Functions of city government • Judicial system MODERN ILLINOIS • Education • Economy • Politics • Culture CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the | Authentic Task: Create a newspaper dated 1971, the year when the present Illinois constitution was written. Include all contents of Newspaper Speech using persuasive techniques Poetry Video Essay: Students choose five different types of poetry that represents their community; combine them, read them, and create a video that shows images of them with symbols of their communit in the future Advertisement for a unique product line that would improve the educational system in Illinois (create an authentic audience by having a student-wide contest) Letter to the Editor with cooperation of local editing states Scenario Scavenger Hunt: Teacher provides students with a list of scenarios with the purpose of students choosing the best mode of communication for response When the student uses the correct mode of communication, the next prompt is given. Once the student has achieved all prompts they receive a rewarn P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | dictionary, interactive notebook, journals, etc.) Participation Oral Presentations using multi-media Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentia audiences) Interim Assessments |

Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter

10th GRADE: WORLD HISTORY

| First Unit - Recommended for 1st Quarter | 10th Grade: World History |
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- 1. What is civilization and why is it important?
- 2. What do lasting empires have in common?
- 3. How to the accomplishments of one culture help foster the growth of another?
- 4. How did the American and/or French Revolutions reflect Enlightenment ideas?

| Content and Concept Common Core Standards Activities/Projects Assessments/Measu | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Content and Concept | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| REVIEW EARLY CIVILIZATION | RH.9-10.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue | Interim Assessments |
| THROUGH 1750 • Geography; | and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information. | Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to | Narrative Writing Rubrics |
| Timeline Major civilizations | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or | create a realistic narrative dialogue | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Major religions MUSLIM EMPIRES Ottoman | secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests |
| • Safavid | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded | views, etc.) | Participation |
| • Mughal ASIAN EMPIRES • Qing/Ming Empires | them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used | Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side portrays who you are and who you want to be | Oral Presentations using multi- media |
| • Feudal Japan | in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. | Timelines, family trees, autobiographies | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| ENLIGHTENMENT THROUGH AMERICAN REVOLUTION • Philosophers | RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. | Role playing, acting out historical events, rewrite dialogue | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| • Despots | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | |
| • Influence on American colonist FRENCH REVOLUTION AND | primary and secondary sources. | D.O.L (quote journals) | |
| NAPOLEON | W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Unit Requirements: |
| Reform, Conflict, and Terror | sufficient evidence. | Anticipation Guides | Onit Requirements: |
| NapoleonCongress of Vienna | W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey | K-W-L Chart | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| Congress of Vienna | complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. | Simulations | 1 Oral Presentation |
| | W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, | Personal Ads | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| | and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display | Image Writing | than print |
| | information flexibly and dynamically. | | |
| | W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to | Video Essay | |
| | answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| | multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the | Wikis and Blogs | |
| | subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print | Classroom Forums | |
| | and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, | | |
| | avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | | |

| Second Unit - Recommended for 2nd Quarter | 10th Grade: World History |
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| | |

- 1. What were some of the effects of the Industrial Revolution?
- 2. Why might growing Nationalism have posed a threat to rulers of large territories?3. What might be some effects of Imperialism?

| Content and Concept Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|---|--|---|
| NATIONALIST REVOLUTION SWEEPS WEST - Latin America - Changes in Europe INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION Beginnings - Effects on cities - Worldwide impact REFORM, ACTIVISM, AND PROGRESS - Self rule for British colonies - New technology - Advances in science and medicine AGE OF IMPERIALISM - Beuropean imperialist - Decline of Ottoman Empire - British in India - Japanses and Chinese imperialism RH-9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH-9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH-9-10.9. Unite arguments to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information. RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.7. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH.9-10.2. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your personality and through multi-media presentation and explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side portrays who you are and what historical figure you want to be Timelines, family trees, biographies Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write dialogue P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | Interim Assessments Writing Rubrics Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Write autobiography (photo, eportfolio, paper) Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 1 21st Century Skills Activity 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

10th Grade: World History

| | The office of the quarter | | Total Grade. World History |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Essential Questions: | | | |
| Is fighting or war | ever necessary? What is the nature of conflict? | | |
| How can violenc | e be avoided (if it can)? | | |
| | n how to operate within and with conflict? | | |
| 3. How can we lear | if flow to operate within and with conflict? | | |
| | | | |
| Texts/Resources | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| THE GREAT WAR | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary | Debate Issue: Was the use of the | Persuasive Writing Rubrics |
| • Causes | source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the | atomic bomb necessary? | Direct Vocabulary Instruction |
| Political and social impact on the world | course of the text. | Role playing, acting out historical | · |
| REVOLUTION AND | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine | scenes, write dialogue | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| NAITONALISM | whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Tests |
| • Revolution in Russia | RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of | D.O.L (quote journals) | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Collapse of Chinese imperial rule | history/social science. | Independent Reading with logs o | Interim Assessments |
| Nationalism in India and | RH.9-10.5. Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance | journals | Write autobiography (photo, |
| Southwest Asia | an | Anticipation Guides | eportfolio, paper |
| YEARS OF CRISIS | explanation or analysis. | K-W-L Chart | , , , |
| Post WW I trendsGreat Depression | RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in | Simulations | Participation |
| • Rise of Fascism | their respective accounts. | | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| WORLD WAR II | RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support | Personal Ads | media |
| Causes and consequences | the author's claims. | Image Writing | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| Holocaust | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary | Video Essay | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| | and secondary sources. RH.9-10.10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies | Question/Answer Relationships | Interim Assessments |
| | texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. | (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| | W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or | Wikis and Blogs | |
| | texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update | Classroom Forums | Unit Requirements: |
| | individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to | | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| | link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| | question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, | | 1 21 st Century Skills Activity |
| | demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. | | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| | W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital | | than print |
| | sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source | | · |
| | in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for | | |
| | citation. | | |
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Third Unit - Recommended for 3rd Quarter

10th Grade: World History

| | newly independent countries in Africa? conflict in the Middle East? | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Texts/Resources | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| RESTRUCTURING POSTWAR WORLD • U.S., and Soviet split • China, Korea, and Vietnam • Thaw in Cold War COLONIES BECOME NATIONS • India • Southeast Asia and Africa • Middle East conflict STRUGGLE FOR DEMOCRACY • Latin America • Nigeria and South Africa • Collapse of Soviet Union | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. RH.9-10.10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Timelines, family trees, biographies Role playing, acting out historical events, write dialogue P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay | Nonfiction Writing Rubrics Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Ongoing Writing Portfolios Interim Assessments Products (personal dictionary, interactive notebook, journals, etc.) Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Interim Assessments Unit Requirements: 1 Authentic Assessment Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

(Blooms Taxonomy)

Classroom Forums

Wikis and Blogs

answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to

citation.

maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for

Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter

| | First Unit - Recommended fo | or 1 st Quarter | 11 th Grade: AP U.S. |
|--|---|--|---|
| | | | History |
| | the Hamiltonians and the Jeffersoni | ith Great Britain? ians manifested politically, economically, and o ctors in the sectional tensions of the period. | diplomatically? |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| Spanish, French, English, & Dutch exploration (Jamestown, Plymouth) Native Americans AMERICA AND THE BRITISH EMPIRE, 1650-1754 Mercantilism and growth of Slavery Social structure, culture, "new" immigrants REVOLUTION, 1754-1783 Anglo-French rivalries (French and Indian War) Stamp Act, Boston Tea Party, Declaration of Independence War—French alliance, Loyalists, economy Articles of Confederation, creating state governments CONSTITUTION AND THE NEW REPUBLIC, 1776-1800 | H.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to apport analysis of primary and secondary ources, connecting insights gained from pecific details to an understanding of the text is a whole. H.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; rovide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and deas. H.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for citions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, exhowledging where the text leaves matters incertain. H.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including malyzing how an author uses and refines the | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your personality and through multi-media presentation and explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side portrays who you are and what historical figure you want to be Timelines, family trees, biographies Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write dialogue | Interim Assessments Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Participation Oral Presentations using multi- media Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) |
| Washington as President m | neaning of a key term over the course of a text | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Unit Requirements: |
| Sedition Acts N | e.g., how Madison defines <i>faction</i> in <i>Federalist</i> Io. 10). | D.O.L (quote journals) | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| LA Purchase Madison War of 1812 (causes, Treaty of Ghent, New Orleans) NATIONALISM AND ECONOMIC EXPANSION Era of Good Feelings, Panic of 1819 Settlement of West, MO Compromise Foreign Affairs (Monroe Doctrine) Economic Revolution (expansion of business, cotton in South) SECTIONALISM Southern society, culture, economy, politics Northern industry, labor, urbanization Westward expansion (squatters, removal of Native Americans) AGE OF JACKSON, 1828-1848 2 party system (Democrats v. Whigs) | H.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex rimary source is structured, including how key entences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the ext contribute to the whole. H.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points f view on the same historical event or issue by ssessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and vidence. H.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple cources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, uantitatively, as well as in words) in order to ddress a question or solve a problem. H.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, laims, and evidence by corroborating or hallenging them with other information. H.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse ources, both primary and secondary, into a oberent understanding of an idea or event, otting discrepancies among sources. | Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

- Nullification Crisis, Bank CrisisMartin Van Buren and the Panic of 1837
- TERRITORIAL EXPANSION AND SECTIONAL CRISIS
- Manifest Destiny and Mexican War, Wilmot Proviso

CREATING AN AMERICAN CULTURE

- Education, nationalism, religion, reform crusades THE 1858s, DECADE OF CRISIS
- Compromise of 1850, Fugitive Slave Act
- KS-NE Act, Lincoln-Douglas Debates

WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| | Second Unit - Re | ecommended for 2nd Quarter | 11 th Grade: AP U.S. History |
|---|--|---|--|
| Essential Questions: | <u> </u> | | . I 🗸 |
| 1 In what wave and to what e | ytent did the Civil War transform the s | economy, society, and politics of the United State | 62 |
| • | | | |
| 2. What efforts were made to | deal with the problems of urbanizatior | n during the Gilded Age and how successful were | those efforts? |
| 3. In what ways did the social | political, and economic involvement | of government in American society change during | g the Progressive era? |
| • | | , , , | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| CIVIL WAR | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your | Interim Assessments |
| Assets of each side | support analysis of primary and secondary | personality and through multi-media presentation and | Response to literature Essay |
| Foreign affairs and diplomacy | sources, connecting insights gained from | explain how that character would've responded in certain | Rubrics |
| Abolition of slavery | specific details to an understanding of the text | situations. | Rubiles |
| RECONSTRUCTION THROUGH 1877 | as a whole. | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Presidential plans (Lincoln and Johnson) Congressional plans (radical) | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; | conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| Congressional plans (radical) Compromise of 1877 and end of | provide an accurate summary that makes clear | (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue | Tests |
| Reconstruction | the relationships among the key details and | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses | |
| NEW SOUTH AND THE LAST WEST | ideas. | all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, | Write autobiography (photo, |
| • Politics in the "New South" | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for | family, money, life views, etc.) | eportfolio, paper) |
| Western railroad, mining bonanza | actions or events and determine which | Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side | Participation |
| INDUSTRIALIZATION AND | explanation best accords with textual evidence, | portrays who you are and what historical figure you want | · |
| CORPORATIONS | acknowledging where the text leaves matters | to be | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| • Industrial growth (railroads, oil, coal, iron, | uncertain. | Timelines, family trees, biographies | media |
| steel, electricity, banks) | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words | | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| Laissez-faire conservatism Social Darwinism | and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and | Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| Union movement | refines the meaning of a key term over the | dialogue | |
| URBAN SOCIETY | course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | |
| • Lure of the city, problems in the city, and | faction in Federalist No. 10). | D.O.L (quote journals) | Unit Requirements: |
| social reforms | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex | Independent Reading with logs or journals | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| INTELLECTUAL AND CULTURAL | primary source is structured, including how | | |
| MOVEMENTS | key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions | Literature circles | 1 Oral Presentation |
| education and mass culture | of the text contribute to the whole. | Anticipation Guides | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| NATIONAL POLITICS, THE GILDED | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue | K-W-L Chart | than print |
| AGE | by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, | | and print |
| Conservative presidency (trusts, RR regulation, tariff controversy) | and evidence. | Simulations | |
| Populism, silver question | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | Personal Ads | |
| FOREIGN POLICY, 1865 THROUGH 1914 | sources of information presented in diverse | Image Writing | |
| • Imperialism in Latin America (Spanish | formats and media (e.g., visually, | Video Essay | |
| American War) | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to | , | |
| • Far East (Open Door Policy) | address a question or solve a problem. | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| Taft—dollar diplomacy; Wilson—moral | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | Wikis and Blogs | |
| diplomacy | claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information. | Classroom Forums | |
| PROGRESSIVE ERA | RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from | | |
| MuckrakersBlack America (Washington, DuBois, Garvey) | diverse sources, both primary and secondary, | | |
| Roosevelt's Square Deal and Wilson's New | into a coherent understanding of an idea or | | |
| Freedom | event, noting discrepancies among sources. | | |
| THE GREAT WAR | WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent | | |

| Neutrality mobilization | writing in which the development, | |
|---|--|--|
| Wilson's 14 Points, Treaty of Versailles, | organization, and style are appropriate to task, | |
| problem of ratification | purpose, and audience. | |
| NEW ERA—THE ROARING '20s | WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen | |
| Economic development and new cultures | writing as needed by planning, revising, | |
| • Myth of isolation | editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, | |
| 1-1-3 | focusing on addressing what is most | |
| | significant for a specific purpose and audience. | |
| | WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the | |
| | Internet, to produce, publish, and update | |
| | individual or shared writing products in | |
| | response to ongoing feedback, including new | |
| | arguments or information. | |
| | WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more | |
| | sustained research projects to answer a | |
| | question (including a self-generated question) | |
| | or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the | |
| | inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple | |
| | sources on the subject, demonstrating | |
| | understanding of the subject under | |
| | investigation. | |
| | WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information | |
| | from multiple authoritative print and digital | |
| | sources, using advanced searches effectively; | |
| | assess the strengths and limitations of each | |
| | source in terms of the specific task, purpose, | |
| | and audience; integrate information into the | |
| | text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, | |
| | avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any | |
| | one source and following a standard format for | |
| | citation. | |
| | WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from | |
| | informational texts to support analysis, | |
| | reflection, and research. | |
| | WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over | |
| | extended time frames (time for reflection and | |
| | revision) and shorter time frames (a single | |
| | sitting or a day or two) for a range of | |
| | discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and | |
| | audiences. | |
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| | Third Unit — Recommended for 3rd | d Quarter | 11 th Grade: AP U.S. History |
|--|--|---|--|
| Essential Questions: | | | IIIstory |
| 1 How did the Great Depress | on and the New Deal response to i | t transform American politics and society? | • |
| • | * | • | |
| 2. What effect did World War | II have on America's society, ecor | nomy, and politics? | |
| 3 In what ways did the Cold V | War continue to shape American so | ociety and politics during these decades? | |
| or in what ways are the core | war commue to snape i interiour so | terety and pointed daring these decades. | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your | Opinion Writing Rubrics |
| DEAL | support analysis of primary and secondary | personality and through multi-media presentation and | Direct Vocabulary Instruction |
| • Wall Street Crash | sources, connecting insights gained from | explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. | , |
| • FDR's 100 Days • racial issues (Mexican deportation) | specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. | | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| DIPLOMACY IN THE 1930s | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a | Tests |
| Good Neighbor Policy | information of a primary or secondary source; | conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Aggressors: Japan, Germany, Italy | provide an accurate summary that makes clear | , , | Interior Assessments |
| Appeasement, Lend-Lease Act, Atlantic Charter | the relationships among the key details and | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that | Interim Assessments |
| THE SECOND WORLD WAR | ideas. | encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) | Write autobiography (photo, |
| • Mobilizing production, propaganda, internment | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which | | eportfolio, paper |
| of Japanese-Americans • D-Day (War in Europe) | explanation best accords with textual evidence, | Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one | Participation |
| War in Pacific—Hiroshima and Nagasaki | acknowledging where the text leaves matters | side portrays who you are and what historical figure you want to be | ' |
| Wartime conferences—Teheran, Yalta, Potsdam | uncertain. | * | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| Postwar atmosphere—the UN | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words | Timelines, family trees, biographies | media |
| TRUMAN AND THE COLD WAR | and phrases as they are used in a text, including | Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| • Containment—Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, | analyzing how an author uses and refines the | dialogue | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| Berlin Crisis, NATO • Revolution in China | meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines <i>faction</i> in <i>Federalist</i> | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Interim Assessments |
| Kevoludon in China Korean War (MacArthur v. Truman) | No. 10). | D.O.L (quote journals) | |
| EISENHOWER AND MODERN | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex | Independent Reading with logs or journals | |
| REPUBLICANISM | primary source is structured, including how key | | Unit Requirements: |
| McCarthyism | sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the | Anticipation Guides | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| Brown v. Board of Education | text contribute to the whole. | K-W-L Chart | |
| America's homogenized society | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by | Simulations | 1 Oral Presentation |
| • Space Race KENNEDY'S NEW FRONTIER & | assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and | Personal Ads | 13 Lessons incorporating texts |
| JOHNSON'S GREAT SOCIETY | evidence. | | other than print |
| • New domestic programs (tax cut, war on poverty, | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | Image Writing | · |
| affirmative action) | sources of information presented in diverse | Video Essay | |
| Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (African | formats and media (e.g., visually, | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| Americans) | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. | Wikis and Blogs | |
| The New Left and the Counterculture Supreme Court and the Miranda v. Arizona | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | Classroom Forums | |
| decision decision | claims, and evidence by corroborating or | Ciassicotti Fotuttis | |
| Bay of Pigs, Cuban Missile Crisis | challenging them with other information. | | |
| • Vietnam (Gulf of Tonkin) | RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse | | |
| NIXON | sources, both primary and secondary, into a | | |
| Vietnam—escalation and pull-out | coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. | | |
| China—restoring relations | noting discrepancies among sources. | | |

| USSR—détente | WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent | |
|--|---|---|
| Supreme Court—Roe v. Wade | writing in which the development, organization, | |
| Watergate crisis and Nixon's resignation | and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and | |
| | audience. | |
| | WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing | |
| | as needed by planning, revising, editing, | |
| | rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on | |
| | addressing what is most significant for a | |
| | specific purpose and audience. | |
| | WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the | |
| | Internet, to produce, publish, and update | |
| | individual or shared writing products in | |
| | response to ongoing feedback, including new | |
| | arguments or information. | |
| | WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more | |
| | sustained research projects to answer a question | |
| | (including a self-generated question) or solve a | |
| | problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when | |
| | appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the | |
| | subject, demonstrating understanding of the | |
| | subject under investigation. | |
| | WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information | |
| | from multiple authoritative print and digital | |
| | sources, using advanced searches effectively; | |
| | assess the strengths and limitations of each | |
| | source in terms of the specific task, purpose, | |
| | and audience; integrate information into the text | |
| | selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, | |
| | avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any | |
| | one source and following a standard format for | |
| | citation. | |
| | WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from | |
| | informational texts to support analysis, | |
| | reflection, and research. | |
| | WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) | |
| | and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day | |
| | or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, | |
| | purposes, and audiences. | |
| | purposes, and addiences. | |
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| | Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter | 11th Grade: AP U.S. |
|--|---|---------------------|
| | | History |

Essential Questions:

1. To what extent were US policies and cultural values after 1981 manifestations of Reagan conservatism?

| The New Right and the conservative social agenda Ford and Rockefeller Carter (energy, inflation, Camp David Accords, Iran hostage crisis) Jeopa Are Y RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear | THE US SINCE 1974 • The New Right and the | Activities/Projects Assessments/Measure |
|---|---|--|
| RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. | Ford and Rockefeller Carter (energy, inflation, Camp David Accords, Iran hostage crisis) Reagan (tax cuts, deficits, defense buildup, Iran-Contra Affair) Immigration (Asian and Hispanic) Role of African Americans in local, state, and national politics | AP EXAM REVIEW ACTIVITIES! Jeopardy Are You Smarter Than a 11 th Grade AP US History Student Who Wants To Be A Millionaire Scavenger Hunt for AP US History Artifacts Unit Requirements: AP US HISTORY EXAM |

12th GRADE: AP GOVERNMENT

First Unit – Recommended for 1st Quarter 12th Grade: AP Government

- 1. What are the philosophical underpinnings of the US system of government?
- 2. How is the Constitution a reflection of a combination of historical, social, and political circumstances and events?
- 3. How did the <u>Federalist Papers</u> reflect the philosophy of creating a government capable of governing, promoting economic development, and maintaining liberty?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|---|---|--|--|
| CONSTITUTIONAL UNDERPINNINGS OF | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence | Debate: The Great Compromise | Interim Assessments |
| CONSTITUTIONAL UNDERPINNINGS OF US GOVERNMENT Considerations in formulation of US Constitution Separation of Powers Federalism Theories of democratic government | to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole. RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information. | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your personality and through multi-media presentation and explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write dialogue P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Participation Oral Presentations using multi-media Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| Second Unit - Recommended for 2nd Quarter | 12 th Grade: AP |
|---|----------------------------|
| | Government |

- What are some of the characteristics of the American people and what are the implications of demographic changes?
 What are the (generally) prevailing American political ideologies?
 What relationships exist between government and economics?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|---|---|--|
| POLITICAL BELIEFS AND BEHAVIORS | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Interim Assessments |
| Citizens' beliefs about government and their leaders | support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from | D.O.L (quote journals) | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Processes by which citizens learn about politics Nature, sources, and consequences of public | specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or | Independent Reading with logs or journals Anticipation Guides | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests |
| opinion opinion | information of a primary or secondary source; | K-W-L Chart | Participation |
| • Ways in which citizens vote and otherwise | provide an accurate summary that makes clear | Simulations | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| participate in political life • Factors that influences citizens to differ from | the relationships among the key details and ideas. | Personal Ads | media |
| one another in political | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for | Image Writing | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| beliefs and behaviors | actions or events and determine which | Video Essay | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| POLITICAL PARTIES, INTEREST GROUPS, AND MASS MEDIA | explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | · · |
| • Political parties and elections: functions, | uncertain. | Wikis and Blogs | |
| organization, development, | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words | Classroom Forums | |
| effects on the political process, electoral laws and systems | and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and | Classiconi Forunis | |
| Interest groups, including PACs: range of | refines the meaning of a key term over the | | |
| interests represented, | course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines | | Unit Requirements: |
| activities of interest groups, effects of interest | faction in Federalist No. 10). | | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| groups on political process, characteristics and roles of PACs in | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| political process | key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| Mass media: functions and structures of media, impacts of media on politics | of the text contribute to the whole. RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. | | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |
| | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, | | |
| | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | | |
| | claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information. RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from | | |
| | diverse sources, both primary and secondary, | | |
| | into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. | | |
| | WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent | | |

writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| Third Unit - Recommended for 3rd Quarter | 12 th Grade: AP |
|--|----------------------------|
| | Government |

- 1. Has the bureaucracy become too large or is it necessary to successfully carry out the laws of a complex society?
- 2. What is the role of the federal bureaucracy in implementing, managing and evaluating federal policy?
- 3. How does the government develop, implement and evaluate public policy?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| INSTITUTIONS OF NATIONAL | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Interim Assessments |
| GOVERNMENT: CONGRESS, PRESIDENCY, BUREAUCRACY, AND | support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from | D.O.L (quote journals) | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| FEDERAL COURTS | specific details to an understanding of the | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Formative Assessments: Quizzes. |
| Major formal and informal institutional | text as a whole. | Anticipation Guides | Tests |
| arrangements of power | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or | K-W-L Chart | |
| Relationships among these four institutions, and varying balances of | information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that | | Participation |
| power | makes clear the relationships among the key | Simulations | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| • Linkages between institutions and the following: | details and ideas. | Personal Ads | media |
| public opinion and | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations | Image Writing | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| voters, interest groups, political parties, the media, subnational | for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual | Video Essay | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| governments | evidence, acknowledging where the text | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| PUBLIC POLICY | leaves matters uncertain. | Wikis and Blogs | |
| Policy making in a federal system | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of | Classroom Forums | |
| Formation of policy agendas Role of institutions in the enactment of policy | words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and | Classiconi i didins | |
| Role of histitutions in the enacthient of policy Role of bureaucracy and the courts in policy | refines the meaning of a key term over the | | |
| implementation and | course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines | | |
| interpretation | faction in Federalist No. 10). | | Unit Requirements: |
| • Linkages between policy processes and the | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a | | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| following: political institutions and federalism, political parties, interest | complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| groups, public | and larger portions of the text contribute to | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| opinion, elections, policy networks | the whole. | | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing | | than print |
| | points of view on the same historical event or | | |
| | issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. | | |
| | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | | |
| | sources of information presented in diverse | | |
| | formats and media (e.g., visually, | | |
| | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order | | |
| | to address a question or solve a problem. | | |
| | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | | |
| | claims, and evidence by corroborating or | | |
| | challenging them with other information. | | |
| | RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from | | |
| | diverse sources, both primary and secondary, | | |

into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject WHST.11under investigation. 12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter | 12 th Grade: AP |
|---|----------------------------|
| | Government |

- 1. Why did the road to equality for all Americans take so long to achieve?
- 2. Explain the origins and development of the civil rights movement; how did the diverse disadvantaged minority groups within American society learn from, and react to each other, in their quest for legal equality.
- 3. Have social action programs and civil rights legislation effectively reduced discrimination and achieved equity in American Society? If not, what groups continue to struggle for legal equality?

| Content and | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|--|---|--|
| Concepts | | • | |
| CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis | AP EXAM REVIEW ACTIVITIES! | Interim Assessments |
| • The development of civil | of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained | Jeopardy | Products (personal dictionary, interactive |
| liberties and civil rights by | from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. | Are You Smarter Than a 11 th Grade AP US | notebook, journals, etc.) |
| judicial interpretation | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a | History Student | Participation |
| Knowledge of substantive rights | primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that | Who Wants To Be A Millionaire | AP US HISTORY EXAM |
| and liberties • Impact of the 14th Amendment | makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. | Scavenger Hunt for AP US History Artifacts | |
| on the constitutional development | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events | | |
| of rights and liberties | and determine which explanation best accords with textual | | |
| rights and nocities | evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters | | |
| | uncertain. | | |
| | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as | | |
| | they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses | | |
| | and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text | | Unit Requirements: |
| | (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). | | AP US HISTORY EXAM |
| | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is | | |
| | structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger | | |
| | portions of the text contribute to the whole. | | |
| | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the | | |
| | same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, | | |
| | reasoning, and evidence. | | |
| | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of | | |
| | information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., | | |
| | visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address | | |
| | a question or solve a problem | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Scientific Inquiry
Type: Unit Plan

Scientific Inquiry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 9-20 to 9-23 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Students will explore the basic framework and elements of | Biology | 4 days |
| scientific inquiry. Scientific inquiry is an investigative | | |
| process that we will use throughout this year to discover | | |
| themes and concepts in biology. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 11 Understand the processes of scientific inquiry and technological design to investigate questions, conduct experiments and solve problems.

Standard 11A Know and apply the concepts, principles and processes of scientific inquiry.

Objective 11.11.01 Understand and follow procedures relating to scientific investigations, including understanding the design and procedures used to test a hypothesis, organizing and analyzing data accurately and precisely, producing and interpreting data tables and graphs, performing appropriate calculations, applying basic statistical methods to the data, identifying appropriate conclusions, making predictions, and evaluating competing models.

Objective 11.11.02 Distinguish among the following: observing, drawing a conclusion based on observation, forming a hypothesis, conducting an experiment, organizing data, comparing data.

Objective 11.11.03 Identify possible sources of error in an experiment.

Objective 11.11.04 Distinguish and define the following components of typical experiments: constants, variables, experimental group, control group (or control setup).

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|---|--|
| How do scientists investigate the world? | Objectives IOD 201- identify the basic parts of a graph. | Scientific inquiry involves an 8 step process that is called the scientific method. These steps |
| How do scientists do research? | IOD 202 - take one piece of data out of a graph or table. | include1.Observation 2.Question 3.Hypothesis |
| Why do scientists do experiments? | | 4.Experiment 5.Results 6.Conclusion 7.Publish 8.Repeat. |
| | | The basic tools of scientific inquiry are observation and inference. Observations use the 5 senses to record the |

Content, Skills, Assessment

Scientific Inquiry

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|---------------|
| SWBAT list the 8 steps of the scientific method with 80% mastery. | | Formative |
| | | Summative |

Scientific Inquiry Type: Unit Plann

| SWBAT define observation and inference with 80% | ✓ Multiple Choice |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| mastery. | ✓ Portfolio |
| SWBAT make at least 3 quantitative and qualitative | ☐ Project |
| observations and 3 inferences with 100% mastery. | Reflective Essay |
| SWBAT analyze a case study of an experiment to determine the independent, dependent, and controlled | ✓ Short Answer |
| variables. | Constructed Response |
| | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | ☐ Essay |
| | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | ☑ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Learning Contract |
| | ✓ Matching |
| | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | Observation Checklist |
| | Performance Assessment |
| | Performance Task |
| | ☐ Portfolio |
| | ☑ Quiz |
| | Rubric |
| | Self Evaluation |
| | Structured Interview |
| | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | ▼ True/False |

Scientific Inquiry Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|---|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier Clipboard with student record matrix | Scientific Inquiry Scientific Method Hypothesis Observation Inference Experiment Results Qualitative Quantitative Variable Independent Variable Dependent Variable Controlled Variable Constant |

Ecosystems
Type: Unit Plan

Ecosystems

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|---------------|---------|-----------|
| 9-27 to 10-29 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Ecology is the interaction among organisms and between | Biology | 23 days |
| organisms and their environment. Through the use of | | |
| various tables' graphs and diagrams, students will be able | | |
| to analyze data to show the impact of these interactions. | | |
| During this unit, students will develop a greater | | |
| understanding of how ecological concepts through the use | | |
| of various labs to help enrich their experience through | | |
| experimental lab skills. | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12B Know and apply concepts that describe how living things interact with each other and with their environment.

Ecology and Adaptation

Objective 12.11.31 Understand the causes of ecosystem disruptions: changes in climate, human activity, introduction of a nonnative species, changes in population size, sudden natural disasters.

Objective 12.11.35 Understand that a vital part of an ecosystem is the stability of its producers and decomposers.

Objective 12.11.36 Understand the effects upon the population of a species caused by various ecological factors, particularly

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|---|
| How are living things related within the biosphere? | CRS IOD 201 Select a single piece of data (numerical or non-numerical) from a simple data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with two or three variables; a food web diagram) (IOD 304) | SWBAT trace the flow of energy through living systems with 80% mastery. SWBAT identify the complex interactions that occur within a group of organisms with 80% mastery. |

| | IOD 304) IOD 202 Identify basic features of a table, graph, or diagram (e.g., headings, units of measurement, axis labels) (IOD 304) IOD 301 Select two or more pieces of data from a simple data presentation (IOD 304) | SWBAT interpret various limiting factors that affect the growth of a population with 80% mastery. SWBAT recognize how the environment can be changed by various natural and unnatural causes with 80% mastery. SWBAT identify the characteristics of eco-friendly and sustainable development with 80% mastery. |
|--|--|---|
| ILS | | |
| National Science Standards | | |
| 6.1 Explain how birth, death, immigration, and emigration influence population size. | | |
| 6.2 Analyze changes in population size and biodiversity (speciation and extinction) that result from the following: natural causes, changes in climate, human activity, and the introduction of invasive, non-native species. | | |
| 6.3 Use a food web to identify and distinguish producers, consumers, and decomposers, and explain the transfer of energy through trophic levels. Describe how relationships among | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|---|
| Students must understand that energy moves through living systems. It moves from the original source of energy, the sun, to various actors in the ecosystem, or community of organisms. Energy moves from one to the other through consumption of organisms. Each organism needs to eat something and is generally eaten by another organism. If one traces this path of predator/ prey interactions, it is possible to follow the path of energy in the ecosystem. In many ecosystems, the path of energy flow is very | Lab Skills Prepare 3. Formulate a testable scientific question Conduct 4. Clean up their lab area when finished without specifically being asked by the teacher. Communicate 1. Summarize how they conducted the experiment. | ✓ Formative ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project ☐ Reflective Essay |

Ecosystems
Type: Unit Plan

| complicated. This is because animals eat multiple types of organisms and are eaten by many types of organisms. If one traces these relationships with arrows pointing in the direction of energy flow, then the resulting pattern is known as a food web. Within the food web the organisms exist in unequal numbers and biomass, which maintains the balance of energy flow in the ecosystem. The population number and biomass of the organisms in the ecosystem depends on a few limiting factors. These include food, shelter, water, and space. The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural | | ✓ Short Answer ✓ Constructed Response □ Creative Performance or Exhibition □ Essay □ Fill in the Blank ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs □ Learning Contract ✓ Matching □ Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist □ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task |
|--|---|---|
| causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative impacts on the ecosystem, it is important to think about how we can change our lifestyles to live sustainably. Instructional Strategies | Materials | Performance Task □ Portfolio ☑ Quiz ☑ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview ☑ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper | Abiotic Adaptations Animal Bacteria Biotic |

Ecosystems Type: Unit Plan

| Printer/Copier | Carnivore |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Jenga Blocks | Consumers |
| Ecosystem Posters | Ecosystem |
| Poster paper | Food Chain |
| Markers | Food Web |
| Clipboard with student record matrix | Herbivores |
| | Omnivores |
| | Photosynthesis |
| | Plant |
| | Predator |
| | Prey |
| | Producer |
| | |
| | Jenga Blocks Ecosystem Posters Poster paper Markers |

Cell: Form and Function Type: Unit Plan

Cell: Form and Function

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 11-8 to 1-14 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Cells have specific structures and functions that make | Biology | 24 days |
| them distinct. The processes in a cell can be classified | | |
| broadly as growth, maintenance, and reproduction. | | |
| During this unit students will asked to compare and | | |
| contrast various forms of data in order to make | | |
| connections and inferences about several cell biology | | |
| topics. Experimental and observation based labs will help | | |
| students gain a better understanding of cell biology by | | |
| ensuring direct connections with the cellular world around | | |
| them. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Cell Biology

Objective 12.11.04 Identify the similarities and differences between plant and animal cells (i.e., know the various fundamental organelles of plant and animal cells and be able to distinguish these organelles in diagrams).

Objective 12.11.05 Understand how the semi-permeable membranes regulate the flow of substances in and out of the cell body.

Objective 12.11.07 Understand that chloroplasts in plant cells capture useable energy from sunlight and store it for future use by synthesizing sugar out of carbon dioxide and water.

Objective 12.11.08 Understand the role of mitochondria in making stored chemical-bond energy available to cells by completing the breakdown of glucose to carbon dioxide and water.

Objective 12.11.09 Understand that the chief energy-storing compound used by organisms is ATP (adenosine triophosphate).

Objective 12.11.11 Understand how prokaryotic cells, eukaryotic cells (whether of animals or plants and whether unicellular or multicellular), and viruses differ in complexity and structure. In particular:

Cell: Form and Function

Type: Unit Plan

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| What tools do scientists use to make observations and inferences of microscopic organisms? | IOD 304. Identify the tools and processes involved in experimental design. | Scientists use microscopes to observe the microscopic world. In this cellular level, we observe unicellular and multicellular organisms. Organisms are defined as units of |
| What does it mean to be living? | IOD 16-19.1 Select two or more pieces of data from a simple data presentation | life, which reproduce, consume, excrete, grow, react to stimuli, and maintain an internal balance. |
| What were the first organisms on Earth? | IOD 20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | There are two types of unicellular organisms, prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Prokaryotes were the first living |
| How do unicellular organisms work? | IOD 20-23.1 Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a | organisms on Earth, and eukaryotes followed with the development of nuclei and organelles. |
| We are multicellular organisms. How are we different than | phase diagram) | , , |
| plants on a cellular level? | | Eukaryotes eventually bound together into multicellular organisms, called animal and plant cells. These cells both have many similarities common to living organisms; however, they both have differences that result in macroscopic dissimilarities of structure and function. |
| ILS | | |
| See above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|----------------------|
| SWBAT identify the parts and function of a microscope. | Prepare 4. Formulate a scientific hypothesis | ▼ Formative |
| SWBAT perform the proper use of a microscope. | Conduct 3. Record data in an organized way as they | ✓ Summative |
| SWBAT identify the qualities of living organisms. | conduct the experiment | |
| SWBAT distinguish the similarities and differences | Analyze 1. Create a graphical representation of the data they collected | Multiple Choice |
| between prokaryotes and eukaryotes. | | ▼ Portfolio |
| SWBAT name the major organelles found in a eukaryotic | Biology 1. Properly carry a microscope | ✓ Project |
| cell and describe their functions. | Biology 3. Prepare a wet-mount | |
| SWBAT distinguish the similarities and differences between plant and animal cells. | | Reflective Essay |
| between plant and animal cone. | | Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | |

Cell: Form and Function
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | □ Essay |
| | | ▼ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ▼ Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | ▼ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" | Projector | Eukaryote |
| Think-pair-share | Tomes | Prokaryote |
| Ask "follow ups" | Screen | Nucleus |
| Withhold judgement | Bellringer sheets, pictures | Organelle |
| Ask for summary | Computer paper | Cytoplasm |
| Survey the class | Printer/Copier Whiteboards | Protein |

Cell: Form and Function

Type: Unit Plan

| Allow for student calling | Markers | Ribosome |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Play devil's advocate | Clipboard with student record matrix | Endoplasmic Reticulum |
| Ask students to "unpack their thinking" | | Golgi Apparatus |
| Cold Call | | Lysosomes |
| • 100% | | Vacuoles |
| Cue student responses | | Mitochondria |
| Positive framing | | Chloroplasts |
| No opt out | | Cytoskeleton |
| | | Plasma Membrane |
| | | Cell Wall |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

DNA/RNA/Protein Type: Unit Plan

DNA/RNA/Protein

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 1-31 to 2-28 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Genes allow for the storage and transmission of genetic | Biology | 18 days |
| information. They are a set of instructions encoded in the | | |
| nucleotide sequence of each organism. Genes code for | | |
| the specific sequences of amino acids that comprise the | | |
| proteins characteristic to that organism. This dogma will | | |
| be the major theme of this unit. Students will be asked to | | |
| study the different properties of DNA, RNA, and Protein | | |
| through the use of various experimental comparisons. As | | |
| a result, will gain the ability to compare and contrast | | |
| through the use of scientific data. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Genetics and Reproduction

Objective 12.11.21 Understand that, in all living things, DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) carries the instructions for specifying the characteristics of each organism. Understand that DNA is a large polymer formed from four subunits: A, G, C, and T (adenine, guanine, cytosine, thymine, a 5-carbon sugar and a phosphate). The chemical and structural properties of DNA explain how the genetic information that underlies heredity is both encoded in genes (as a string of molecular letters) and replicated (by a templating mechanism). Know that each DNA molecule in a cell is a single chromosome.

Objective 12.11.22 Understand that a gene is a set of instructions in the DNA sequence of each organism that specifies the sequence of amino acids in polypeptides characteristic of that organism.

Objective 12.11.23 Understand the general steps by which ribosomes synthesize proteins, using information from mRNA and from amino acids delivered by tRNA.

Objective 12.11.24 Understand that specialization of cells in multicellular organisms is usually due to different patterns of gene expression rather than to differences of the genes themselves.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|

| DNA? How do you get brown hair from DNA that codes for brown hair? | Objectives IOD 304 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation. IOD 402 Compare or combine data from a simple data presentation (e.g., order or sum data from a table) | We now know that the eukaryotic cell is the basis of multicellular organisms, like humans. However, we don't look like big blobs of cells, so there must be a way that cells create the protein structures that make up the body. In fact, the cell stores all of the information that is needed to make your body inside of the nucleus on the DNA. The DNA never leaves the cell. Instead, the cell copies parts of the DNA that it needs onto mRNA through a process called transcription. The mRNA then leaves the nucleus. Once outside the nucleus, the information on the mRNA is turned into protein by tRNA and ribosomes. This process is called translation. Proteins are packaged then sent outside of the cell to wherever they are needed. |
|---|---|---|
| ILS see above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| What is the structure of DNA? | Prepare 5. Design a set of simple procedures to test a | ✓ Formative |
| Why was the discovery of the DNA molecule so | scientific question | ✓ Summative |
| important? | Conduct 1. Follow a set of written procedures without | — Sufficient |
| How is the explanation of DNA replication important to the | asking for clarification from the teacher | Multiple Choice |
| understanding of inheritance? | Analyze 2. Determine whether the data collected in their | Portfolio |
| What are the differences between DNA and RNA? What is | experiment support or refute their hypothesis | |
| the process of transcription? | Communicate 2. Summarize the findings or results of the | ✓ Project |
| What is the process of translation? | laboratory experiment and what they learned from conducting it | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| Recognize the role protein synthesis plays in an | | |
| organism's metabolism? | , | Short Answer |
| SWBAT describe what happens during the four phases of | may require further investigation | Constructed Response |
| mitosis. | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| SWBAT describe the overall structure of the DNA | | Creative renormance of Exhibition |

DNA/RNA/Protein
Type: Unit Plan

| molecule. SWBAT describe the process in which DNA is used as a code for protein. SWBAT recognize that mutations cause a disruption in a cells ability to make protein. | | □ Essay □ Fill in the Blank □ Graphic Organizer □ Journal and Learning Logs □ Learning Contract □ Matching □ Multiple Choice □ Observation Checklist □ Performance Assessment □ Performance Task □ Portfolio □ Quiz □ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview □ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
|---|---|--|
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgementAsk for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing | Materials Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier | DNA RNA mRNA tRNA Ribosome Transcription Translation Adenine Cytosine Thymine |

| DNA/RNA/Protein | | Page 4 of 4 |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|
| Type: Unit Plan | | |
| | | |
| | Guanine | |
| | Chromosome | |
| | Amino Acid | |

Genetics

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| 3-8 to 3-31 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Genes allow for the storage and transmission of genetic | Biology | 14 days |
| information. They are a set of instructions encoded in the | | |
| nucleotide sequence of each organism. Genes code for | | |
| the specific sequences of amino acids that comprise the | | |
| proteins characteristic to that organism. This dogma will | | |
| be the major theme of this unit. Students will be asked to | | |
| study the different properties of DNA, RNA, and Protein | | |
| through the use of various experimental comparisons. As | | |
| a result, will gain the ability to compare and contrast | | |
| through the use of scientific data. | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Genetics and Reproduction

Objective 12.11.19 Understand how to predict possible combinations of alleles in a zygote from the genetic makeup of the parents for simple dominant/recessive traits.

Objective 12.11.20 Understand that a multicellular organism develops from a single zygote, and its phenotype (i.e. its outward appearance) depends on its genotype (i.e. its genetic makeup), which is established at fertilization.

Objective 12.11.21 Understand that, in all living things, DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) carries the instructions for specifying the characteristics of each organism. Understand that DNA is a large polymer formed from four subunits: A, G, C, and T (adenine, guanine, cytosine, thymine, a 5-carbon sugar and a phosphate). The chemical and structural properties of DNA explain how the genetic information that underlies heredity is both encoded in genes (as a string of molecular letters) and replicated (by a templating mechanism). Know that each DNA molecule in a cell is a single chromosome.

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|------------|--|
| How is the genetic code used to make protein? | Objectives | We now know that the eukaryotic cell is the basis of |

ILS

see above

| How does your cells read traits, like brown hair, in our DNA? How do you get brown hair from DNA that codes for brown hair? | IOD 304 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation. IOD 402 Compare or combine data from a simple data presentation (e.g., order or sum data from a table) | multicellular organisms, like humans. However, we don't look like big blobs of cells, so there must be a way that cells create the protein structures that make up the body. In fact, the cell stores all of the information that is needed to make your body inside of the nucleus on the DNA. The DNA never leaves the cell. Instead, the cell copies parts of the DNA that it needs onto mRNA through a process called transcription. The mRNA then leaves the nucleus. Once outside the nucleus, the information on the mRNA is turned into protein by tRNA and ribosomes. This process is called translation. |
|--|---|--|
| | | Proteins are packaged then sent outside of the cell to wherever they are needed. |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| What is the structure of DNA? | Prepare 5. Design a set of simple procedures to test a | ✓ Formative |
| Why was the discovery of the DNA molecule so important? | scientific question Conduct 1. Follow a set of written procedures without | ✓ Summative |
| How is the explanation of DNA replication important to the | asking for clarification from the teacher | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| understanding of inheritance? | Analyze 2. Determine whether the data collected in their experiment support or refute their hypothesis | ☑ Portfolio |
| What are the differences between DNA and RNA? What is the process of transcription? What is the process of | Communicate 2. Summarize the findings or results of the | ✓ Project |
| translation? Recognize the role protein synthesis plays in an | laboratory experiment and what they learned from conducting it | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| organism's metabolism? | Analyze 3. Identify questions raised by the experiment that | Short Answer |
| | may require further investigation | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |

| Genetics | |
|-----------------|--|
| Type: Unit Plan | |

| | | Fill in the Blank |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| | | ▼ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | ☑ Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures | DNA |
| "follow ups" Withhold Judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student | Computer paper Printer/Copier | Dominant |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framingPositive framing No opt | | Recessive |
| responses Positive framingPositive framing No opt out | | Homozygous |
| - Cui | | Heterozygous Punnett Square |
| | | Gene |
| | 1 | 1 |

Evolution
Type: Unit Plan

Evolution

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|-------------|---------|-----------|--|
| 4-4 to 5-6 | Biology | 1 | |
| Teachers: | | | |
| | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Evolution is the result of genetic changes that occur in | Biology | 17 days |
| constantly changing environments. Over many | | |
| generations, changes in the genetic make-up of | | |
| populations may affect biodiversity through speciation and | | |
| extinction. During this unit, students will gain a better | | |
| understanding of the concepts of evolution through the | | |
| use of data analysis supporting a particular hypothesis. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Change Over Time

Objective 12.11.25 Understand that natural selection acts on the phenotype, not the genotype, of an organism.

Objective 12.11.26 Understand that alleles that are lethal in a homozygous individual may be carried in a heterozygote and thus maintained in a gene pool.

Objective 12.11.27 Understand that variation within a species increases the likelihood that at least some members of a species will survive and reproduce under changed environmental conditions.

Objective 12.11.28 Understand that reproductive or geographic isolation can lead to speciation.

Objective 12.11.29 Understand that the millions of different species of plants, animals, and microorganisms that live on Earth today are related to each other by descent from common ancestors and that biological classifications are based on how organisms are related.

Objective 12.11.30 Understand how to analyze fossil evidence with regard to mass extinction, episodic speciation, and biological diversity.

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings | |
|--|--|---|--|
| How do living things change over time? | Objectives | Natural selection is the mechanism that causes evolution. | |
| | EMI 401 Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or | | |
| | conclusion that is supported by a data presentation or a | Natural selection is the fact that only some organisms | |

| | model | Natural selection is the fact that only some organisms |
|-----------|-------|--|
| | | survive long enough to reproduce because of predation, disease, and pre-mature death. |
| | | Organisms with advantageous traits have better fitness, which means that they are more likely to survive long enough to reproduce. |
| | | Over a long long long time of natural selection, the species tend to evolve. This process is called speciation. |
| | | Species may share common traits, but two species are unable to reproduce with each other. |
| | | SWBAT define evolution and differentiate between convergent and divergent evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe how the fossil record supports evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe how anatomical similarities support evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT explain how developmental similarities support evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT explain how biochemical similarities support evolution with 80% mastery. |
| ILS | | |
| See Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|--------------------|
| How do organisms (populations) adapt to their environments? | Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing) | Formative |
| | om words (ordiny or in mining) | ☑ Summative |

Evolution
Type: Unit Plan

| If my parents don't have sickle cell anemia, but my grandparents do, could I get this disease? How is natural selection related to evolution? How does evidence support the theory of evolution? | Conduct 2. Use a newly introduced piece of equipment (like a pH probe, hot plate, scalpel, spring scale or anything else that is used only occasionally) correctly after watching the teacher model its use. Biology 4. Use scissors or a scalpel to create an incision in a specimen | ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project ✓ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer Constructed Response Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs ✓ Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric ✓ Self Evaluation Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ✓ True/False |
|--|--|---|
|--|--|---|

Evolution
Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|---|--|--|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier | Natural Selection Evolution Gene Frequency Gene Pool Speciation Extinction |

Anatomy and Physiology Type: Unit Plan

Anatomy and Physiology

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| 5-9 to 6-3 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| There is a relationship between the organization of cells | Biology | 19 days |
| into tissues and the organization of tissues into organs. | | |
| The structures and functions of organs determine their | | |
| relationships within body systems of an organism. This | | |
| over-arching theme is the backbone this unit. Through the | | |
| process of dissection students will learn both the anatomy | | |
| and physiology of major organ systems. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How are organ systems related across the animal kingdom? | Determined by Tracker to ensure mastery of previously taught CRS skills. | |
| ILS | | |
| National Science Standards: | | |
| 4.1 Explain generally how the digestive system (mouth, pharynx, esophagus, stomach, small and large intestines, rectum) converts macromolecules from food into smaller molecules that can be used by cells for energy and for repair and growth. | | |
| 4.2 Explain how the circulatory system (heart, arteries, veins, capillaries, red blood cells) transports nutrients and oxygen to cells and removes cell wastes. Describe how | | |

oxygen to cells and removes cell wastes. Describe how the kidneys and the liver are closely associated with the circulatory system as they perform the excretory function of removing waste from the blood. Recognize that kidneys remove nitrogenous wastes, and the liver removes many toxic compounds from blood.

- **4.3** Explain how the respiratory system (nose, pharynx, larynx, trachea, lungs, alveoli) provides exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide.
- **4.4** Explain how the nervous system (brain, spinal cord, sensory neurons, motor neurons) mediates communication among different parts of the body and mediates the body's interactions with the environment. Identify the basic unit of the nervous system, the neuron, and explain generally how it works.
- **4.5** Explain how the muscular/skeletal system (skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscles, bones, cartilage, ligaments, tendons) works with other systems to support the body and allow for movement. Recognize that bones produce blood cells.
- **4.6** Recognize that the sexual reproductive system allows organisms to produce offspring that receive half of their genetic information from their mother and half from their father, and that sexually produced offspring resemble, but are not identical to, either of their parents.

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|------------------|
| What structures of the digestive system allow the breakdown and absorption of nutrients? | Biology 6. Handle a living or once-living specimen with care and respect | Formative |
| How does the heart function to pump blood throughout the | Biology 5. Use a probe to point to a specific organ of a | ✓ Summative |
| body? | specimen without damaging that organ | Multiple Choice |
| What does it mean to be immune and how might one get immunity? | | Portfolio |
| What are the structures and functions of the human | | ✓ Project |

Type: Unit Plan

| What are the structures and functions of the human respiratory tract? | | ✓ Project |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| How do the nervous systems and endocrine systems work | | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| together to maintain homeostasis? | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ☑ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ☑ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ☑ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" | Projector | |

Anatomy and Physiology

Type: Unit Plan

Ask "follow ups"
Withhold judgement
Ask for summary
Survey the class
Allow for student calling
Play devil's advocate
Ask students to "unpack their thinking"
Cold Call
100%
Cue student responses
Positive framing
No opt out

Tomes Screen

Bellringer sheets, pictures

Computer paper

Printer/Copier

August What is Matter? An Intro to Chemistry.

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| | _ | | | |
| Performance Task | Engagement | <u>Procedural</u> | What is chemistry? | Key Concepts |
| Lab: developing a phase diagram from student's temperature recordings Performance Assessment Project: Tanker truck spill (Students will need to separate a mixture and describe what parts are heterogenous and homogenous) CheMaster Quizzes Class Procedures/Rules Quiz States of matter + CRS Illinois State Learning Standards /* Font Definitions */@font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-</td <td> Syllabus scavenger hunt Cow eyes in acidWEAR YOUR GOGGLES Pie in the face demo: doggy challenge Mehane mamba burning \$20 edible candle Coke vs. Diet Coke Investment Student (by class) lab journal tracker Student (by class) objective color coded tracker Attendance by class percentages Mastery by class percentages graphed Pt, Au, and Ag level CheMasters names posted </td> <td> Entering the classroom properly (getting binder and catalyst sheet and immediately starting bell-ringer) Working silently during independent work time and during exit slips Raising hand for a question Prioritized Lab Skills Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing Prepare 3.</td> <td> How does the chemistry classroom run? What are the big goals and procedures? How do we decide what is scientific evidence? How does science and chemistry relate to my life? What is matter? What are the different forms? How do changes in matter occur? What happens when matter changes? </td> <td><!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-font-fami</td--></td> | Syllabus scavenger hunt Cow eyes in acidWEAR YOUR GOGGLES Pie in the face demo: doggy challenge Mehane mamba burning \$20 edible candle Coke vs. Diet Coke Investment Student (by class) lab journal tracker Student (by class) objective color coded tracker Attendance by class percentages Mastery by class percentages graphed Pt, Au, and Ag level CheMasters names posted | Entering the classroom properly (getting binder and catalyst sheet and immediately starting bell-ringer) Working silently during independent work time and during exit slips Raising hand for a question Prioritized Lab Skills Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing Prepare 3. | How does the chemistry classroom run? What are the big goals and procedures? How do we decide what is scientific evidence? How does science and chemistry relate to my life? What is matter? What are the different forms? How do changes in matter occur? What happens when matter changes? | /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-font-fami</td |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> 12.11.47 Understand the different states of matter: solid, liquid, gas, plasma. Define freezing, melting, boiling, condensing, and sublimation. | | anything else that is used only occasionally) correctly after watching the teacher model its use. Ex: thermometer and hot plate • Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing) Content-Based Skills • Distinguishing between physical and chemical properties • Differentiating among the physical states of matter • Determine changes in matter by kinowing various common physical changes • Applying the law of conservation of mass | | margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */@list I0 {mso- list-id:1897471426; mso-list- type:hybrid; mso-list-template- ids:-2106176982 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list l0:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso- level-number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} ol {margin- bottom:0in;}> |
| | | | | face {font-family:Arial; panose- |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| CRS Standards • IOD 201 Select a single piece of data (numerical or non-numerical) from a simple data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with two or three variables; a food web diagram) (→ IOD 304) • IOD 202 Identify basic features of a table, graph, or diagram (e.g., headings, units of measurement, axis labels) (→ IOD 304) Ultimate target standard: | | | | 1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso- |
| • IOD 304 | | | | ids:-2106176982 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 |
| Determine how the value of one | | | | 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | 10:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;}> • The various states in which matter can exist. • The properties, observables, and interactions of the various states of matter. • The difference and importance of substances / compounds / mixtures / etc |
| | | | | Key Terms |
| | | | | Chemistry Conclusion* Inference* Observation* Experiment* Hypothesis* Independent variable* Dependent variable* Graph* Qualitative Data* |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | • Quanititative • Data* • Density* • Conversion • factor* • Kilogram • Liter • Meter • Second • Chemical change • chemical property • compoun • element • gas • liquid • solid • mixture • physical changes • physical • properties • states of matter * remedial terms on scientific method |
|-------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|---|
| | | | | |

September Unit 2: The Atom

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Performance Task | Rutherford Day! (students will recreate) | SWBAT interpret models of the atom | What is matter made of? | /* Font Definitions */ @font-<br face {font-family: Arial; panose- |
| Completing a graphic organizer where students will ID the element and isotype of various atomic | Rutherford's famed gold foil experiment with marbles, cardboard box, | SWBAT describe the historical progression of scientific discovery SWBAT analyze the | How can something that feels so solid be | 1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font- |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| models based on number of neutrons, protons, and eletrons Weekly CheMaster Quizzes Multiple choice and short answer | claycelebration ensues) Basketball demo of the distance between subatomic particles in the atom Conservation of mass demos | stages of the development of atomic theory • SWBAT calculate number of electrons, protons, and neutrons in an atom based on isotope notation • SWBAT create their own atomic theory | made up of empty space? • How do scientists describe something so small that we can't even see it with the typical microscope? • Who was involved in discovering the atom? What did these | signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font- |
| • Multiple choice and short answer | | | people do? Why should I care about an atom? What does it have to do with me? What makes an atom be one type of element? | family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- |
| Illinois State Learning Standards /* Font Definitions */ @font- face {font-family:Arial; panose- 1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font- charset:0; mso-generic-font- family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font- charset:0; mso-generic-font- family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font- charset:0; mso-generic-font- family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style</td <td></td> <td></td> <td>What does it mean for subatomic particles to have a charge?</td> <td>size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme- font:minor-latin; mso-fareast- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso- hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header- margin:.5in; mso-footer- margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> Subatomic particles Atomic size lons Isotopes</td> | | | What does it mean for subatomic particles to have a charge? | size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme- font:minor-latin; mso-fareast- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso- hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header- margin:.5in; mso-footer- margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> Subatomic particles Atomic size lons Isotopes |

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| paper-source:0;} div.Section1 | | | | |
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| (page.section1,) | | | | |
| 12.11.38a Know that atoms are | | | | |
| made of sub-atomic particles | | | | |
| (protons, neutrons, electrons) | | | | |
| which have positive, neutral, or | | | | |
| negative charges | | | | |
| negative charges | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 12.11.42b Know the distinction | | | | |
| between a compound and a | | | | |
| mixture | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 12.11.45a Understand that the | | | | |
| nucleus of the atom is much | | | | |
| smaller than the whole atom yet | | | | |
| contains most of its mass | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| 12.11.45b Understand isotopes. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 12.11.66 Understand that an | | | | |
| electrically neutral object has | | | | |
| particles within it that are | | | | |
| charged, but their charges | | | | |
| balance each other out | | | | |
| balance each other out | | | | |
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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| IOD.20-23.2Compare or combine data from a simple data presentation (e.g., order or sum data from a table) | | | | |
| IOD.20-23.3Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | | | | |

October

Unit 3: The Periodic Table

| Month Ess | sential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Classifying materials as metals/nonments based on physical and chemical properties Performance Assessment | Flame test activity Element birth certificate (or facebook page?) Demos with Alkali metals and explosive reactions with water Element/family matching Jenga review games | SWBAT classify materials based on observations (flame test and metals/nonmetals classification) | What is the periodic table and how do we use it? What factors determined the organization of the | /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri;</li |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Drawing from their knowledge on periodic trends, students will create a "new element" and describe it's properties in accordance with the family that the group is assigned Weekly CheMastery Quizzes Multiple choice | | instructions for a basic laboratory procedure Literacy SWBAT describe how science plays a role in the "career of the week" SWBAT participate in extra credit by seeking science news from a variety of print and digital medial resources SWBAT find information in a textbook and create a facebook page or birth certificate for their chosen element | table? Where are elements that I commonly interact with located on the table? Why are they where they are? Why are some elements radioactive? What are some properties of common elements? Why would LiCl make a a good poison? | mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-font-family:Cambria; |
| • Multiple choice and free response Illinois State Learning Standards /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-</td <td></td> <td>Students in groups will present their new element OR will produce a video/multimedia presentation on their new element</td> <td></td> <td>mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> • Element names • Symbols • Periodicity • Families & periods</td> | | Students in groups will present their new element OR will produce a video/multimedia presentation on their new element | | mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> • Element names • Symbols • Periodicity • Families & periods |

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| Month font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin- bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- family:Cambria; mso-ascii- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- fareast-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor- latin; mso-hansi-font- | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | • Electron configuration • Elemental trends |
| family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> 12.11.37 Identify the most familiar elements by name and | | | | |
| some of their most familiar properties. Identify the chemical symbols for familiar elements | | | | |

| | P 410 4 | | G | G. W |
|--|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| 12.11.38b Understand that the | | | | |
| periodic table displays the | | | | |
| elements in increasing atomic | | | | |
| number and shows how | | | | |
| periodicity of the physical and | | | | |
| chemical properties of the elements relates to atomic | | | | |
| structure | | | | |
| Structure | | | | |
| 12.11.39 Understand how to | | | | |
| relate the position of an | | | | |
| element in the periodic table to | | | | |
| its chemical properties | | | | |
| 12.11.43 Understand how to | | | | |
| use the periodic table to identify | | | | |
| the trends in relative sizes of | | | | |
| ions and atoms | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| SI.20-23.1 Understand the | | | | |
| methods and tools used in a | | | | |
| moderately complex experiment | | | | |
| moderately complex experiment | | | | |
| SI.20-23.2 Understand a simple | | | | |
| experimental design | | | | |
| experimental acsign | | | | |
| | I and the second | | | I and the second |

November

| Unit 4: | Bonding |
|---------|---|
| Mont | h |
| Perfori | mance Task |
| • | Mini-lab: using our criteria for an ionic vs covalent compounds, students will test solubility, melting points, and electrical conductivity |
| Perfori | mance Task |
| • | Students will create at Austin community center and will draw uplans for the building materials based on the knowledge of the strength and solubility covalent vs. ionic compounds |
| Weekly | y CheMaster Quizzes |
| • | Multiple choice and free response |

Task

lab: using our ia for an ionic vs. ent compounds. nts will test ility, melting

Task

ents will create an n community and will draw up for the building rials based on their ledge of the th and solubility ent vs. ionic ounds

Iaster Ouizzes

ple choice and free response

Unit Tests

Multiple choice and

Essential Questions

- Precipitates lab
- Demos of ionic vs. covalently bonded compounds
- atomic modeling kits to demonstrate geometry of bonds as well as the varying strength of single, double, and triple bonds

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Assessment

Content-Based

- SWBAT draw appropriate Lewis dot structures for neutral and ionic compounds
- SWBAT name compounds when given the chemical formula
- SWBAT write the chemical formula when given the coupound name

Lab

- Follow a laboratory procedure
- ID a precipitate and qualitatively describe reaction products

Literacy

- Describe role of science in the "career" of the week
- Utilize a variety of print and digital news sources for "science in the news"

Content & Resources How do atoms stick together to make up our universe?

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; } @fontface {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable: mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-genericfont-family:auto: mso-fontpitch:variable: mso-fontsignature:0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt: font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; \@page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-paper-

Skills

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @fontface {font-family: Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal. li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-fontfamily:Cambria; mso-asciitheme-font:minor-latin: msofareast-font-family: Cambria; mso-fareast-theme-font:minorlatin: mso-hansi-fontfamily: Cambria; mso-hansitheme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidifont-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-themefont:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in;

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67698691 67698693;} @list

12:level1 {mso-level-number-

format:bullet; mso-level-text: ;

Month **Essential Questions** Assessment **Content & Resources** Skills free response New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontsource:0;} div.Section1 margin: 1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: • Produce a lab report mso-header-margin:.5in; msofamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-{page:Section1;} /* List bidi-font-family:"Times New Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-listfooter-margin:.5in; mso-paper-**Illinois State Learning** Roman";} @page Section1 id:1495073016; mso-listsource:0;} div.Section1 Standards type:hybrid; mso-list-template-{size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in {page:Section1;} --> <!-- /* Font Definitions */ 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: mso-headerids:-1582277750 67698689 @font-face {font-family:Arial; margin:.5in; mso-footer-67698691 67698693 67698689 panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; Ionic bonds margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} 67698691 67698693 67698689 mso-font-charset:0: mso-Covalent bonds div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* 67698691 67698693;} @list generic-font-family:auto; mso-Lewis dot structures List Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-10:level1 {mso-level-numberfont-pitch:variable; mso-fontlons format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; list-id:108353064; mso-listsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0:} @font-Compound naming mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; msotype:hybrid; mso-list-templateface {font-family:Calibri; level-number-position:left; textids:-143346632 67698689 panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; 67698691 67698693 67698689 indent:-.25in; fontmso-font-charset:0: msofamily:Symbol;} ol {margin-67698691 67698693 67698689 generic-font-family:auto; msobottom:0in;} ul {margin-67698691 67698693;} @list font-pitch:variable; mso-font-10:level1 {mso-level-numberbottom:0in;} --> signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0:} @fontformat:bullet: mso-level-text: : face {font-family:Cambria; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-levelpanose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; How and why do atoms number-position:left; text-indent:interact? mso-font-charset:0: mso-.25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list generic-font-family:auto; mso-11 {mso-list-id:293339419; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-font-How do ionic bonds list-type:hybrid; mso-list-templatesignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style form? What are their ids:1213244130 67698689 Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, characteristics? 67698691 67698693 67698689 li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal 67698691 67698693 67698689 {mso-style-parent:""; How do covalent bonds 67698691 67698693;} @list margin:0in; marginform? What are their 11:level1 {mso-level-numberbottom:.0001pt; msocharacteristics? format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; pagination:widow-orphan; fontmso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-levelsize:12.0pt; font-family:"Times How does one number-position:left; text-indent:-New Roman"; mso-ascii-fontexpress/visualize .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list family:Cambria; mso-asciibonding? 12 {mso-list-id:796146498: msotheme-font:minor-latin; msolist-type:hybrid; mso-list-templatefareast-font-family:Cambria; ids:822932502 67698689 mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-67698691 67698693 67698689 latin: mso-hansi-font-

Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-

family: Cambria; mso-hansi-

theme-font:minor-latin; mso-

bidi-font-family:"Times New

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| font:minor-bidi;} @page | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| mso-header-margin:.5in; mso- | 13 {mso-list-id:1351957016; mso- | | | |
| footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper- | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template- | | | |
| source:0;} div.Section1 | ids:-1184959496 67698689 | | | |
| {page:Section1;}> | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| 12.11.42a Know that there are | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| two major different kinds of | 13:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| bonds (ionic and covalent) | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| 12.11.44 Understand how to | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| use the periodic table to | 14 {mso-list-id:1404329100; mso- | | | |
| determine the number of | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template- | | | |
| electrons available for bonding | ids:1061991302 67698689 | | | |
| _ | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| 12.11.53 Understand that in | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| chemical reactions, atoms | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| combine into molecules by | 14:level1 {mso-level-number- | | | |
| means of bonds (e.g., by sharing | format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| electrons to form covalent or | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| metallic bonds or by exchanging | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| electrons to form ionic bonds) | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| · · | 15 {mso-list-id:1463183689; mso- | | | |
| | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-770147482 67698689 | | | |
| Prioritized CRS | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */</td <td>67698691 67698693 67698689</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| @font-face {font-family:Arial; | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; | 15:level1 {mso-level-number- | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| face {font-family:Times; | 16 {mso-list-id:2098402004; mso- | | | |
| panose-1:2 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0; mso-font-charset:0; mso- | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template- | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | ids:-157526186 67698689 | | | |
| generic-toni-tanniy.auto, mso- | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-theme-font:mino | 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list l6:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol {margin-bottom:0in;}> Mini Demo: Zinc plated pennies & alloys (229) • 5.0g NaOH • 25mL H ₂ O • 2.0g Zn • Hot plate • Forceps • Evaporating dish Minilab: heat treatment of steel • Flame • 2 forceps • 3 hairpins • 250mL beaker • Water Lab: Making Ionic Compounds • Mg ribbon • Crucible • Ring stand • Clay triangle • Crucible tongs • Balance • 100mL beaker | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |

| Nr. (1) | | | | CI W |
|--|--|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| an experiment | Distilled water | | | |
| | Conductivity tester | | | |
| | Laboratory burner | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */</td <td> Stirring rod </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Stirring rod | | | |
| @font-face {font-family:Arial; | | | | |
| panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; | Minilab: Oil and Vinegar | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Dressing | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | 3 | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Beral-type pipette | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | Vinegar | | | |
| face {font-family:Times; | Cooking oil | | | |
| panose-1:2 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0; | • Cooking on | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Daniel Familia de Lacia de | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | Demo: Forming Ionic vs | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Covalent Bonds | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | | | | |
| face {font-family:Calibri; | 5cm magnesium ribbon | | | |
| panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; | 2g roll sulfur | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Tongs | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | Large metal can | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Deflagrating spoon | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | Burner | | | |
| face {font-family:Cambria; | | | | |
| panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; | Mini Demo: Charged Water | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Ŭ | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | Water | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Paint thinner | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style | Buret | | | |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, | Fur or silk | | | |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; | Rubber rod | | | |
| margin:0in; margin- | - Rubbel Iou | | | |
| bottom:.0001pt; mso- | Lab: Chromotography | | | |
| pagination:widow-orphan; font- | Lab: Chromatography | | | |
| size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times | | | | |
| New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- | 3 pieces | | | |
| family:Cambria; mso-ascii- | chromatography paper | | | |
| theme-font:minor-latin; mso- | 2L plastic soft-drink | | | |
| fareast-font-family:Cambria; | bottle | | | |
| mso-fareast-theme-font:minor- | • 2 pencils | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> | Ruler Tape Scissors Aluminum foil Acetone Fresh leaf samples from 3 different species of deciduous tress/plants | | | |

January

Chemical Reactions

Month ISBE

<!-- /* Font Definitions */
@font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-

Essential Questions Student Self Assessment:

(reflections, rubrics)

Student-led tracking

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {fontfamily:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-font-

Assessment

<!--/* Style Definitions */
p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal,
div.MsoNormal {mso-styleparent:""; margin:0in;
margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan;
font-size:12.0pt; fontfamily:"Times New Roman";
mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman";
mso-bidi-font-family:"Times
New Roman";} @page
Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in;
margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in</pre>

Content & Resources

<!-- /* Font Definitions */
@font-face {font-family:Arial;
panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4;
mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:"Courier
New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2
4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:Wingdings;

Skills

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-font-

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signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable: mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme-font:minorlatin: mso-fareast-fontfamily: Cambria; mso-fareasttheme-font:minor-latin: msohansi-font-family:Cambria: msohansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-themefont:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in: margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; msofooter-margin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} --> <!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-font-

Essential Questions

pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: "Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; msofont-charset:2; msogeneric-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:00 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-styleparent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widoworphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-fontfamily: "Times New Roman";) @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in

Assessment

- 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} -->
- S1: balance an equation
- S2: write word equations
- S3: translate between word and chemical equations
- S4: classify chemical equations
- S5: predict the products of a chemical equation
- S6: calculate theoretical masses of reactants and products
- S7: count the number of atoms of an element in a substance
- S8: write chemical equations using proper notation

Content & Resources panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8;

mso-font-charset:2; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; marginbottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list 10 {msolist-id:1495073016: mso-listtype:hybrid; mso-list-templateids:-1582277750 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list 10:level1 {mso-level-numberformat:bullet; mso-leveltext: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-numberposition:left; text-indent:-.25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;} --> **Big**

Skills

family:"Times New Roman"; msobidi-font-family:"Times New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} -->

ns and apply them in a laboratory setting. Students will become adept at assessing a chemical reaction, writing and balancing a chemical equation, and reporting out in a scientific manner (10).

Students will become familiar with one of chemistry's most important units: the mole. They will understand the utility and significance of moles and be able to apply this knowledge in the laboratory setting. Building on this ability, students will be able to determine molecular and empirical formulas in the laboratory setting (11).

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-

Month pitch:variable: mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal. div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria: mso-ascii-theme-font:minorlatin; mso-fareast-fontfamily: Cambria: mso-fareasttheme-font:minor-latin: msohansi-font-family:Cambria; msohansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-themefont:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; msofooter-margin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} -->

12.11.56 Understand that the conservation of atoms in a chemical reaction, as summarized in a balanced chemical equation, leads to the ability to calculate theoretical masses of reactants and

Essential Questions

1.25in: mso-headermargin:.5in: mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list I0 {msolist-id:97484107: mso-listtype:hybrid; mso-listtemplate-ids:-393717654 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list I0:level1 {mso-level-numberformat:bullet: mso-leveltext: ; mso-level-tabstop:.5in; mso-levelnumber-position:left; textindent:-.25in; fontfamily:Symbol;} @list I1 {mso-list-id:340206579: mso-list-type:hybrid; msolist-template-ids:-930861884 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list I1:level1 {mso-levelnumber-format:bullet; msolevel-text: ; mso-level-tabstop:.5in; mso-level-

Content & Resources

<u>Ideas</u>

Assessment

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto: msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; msogeneric-font-family:auto: msofont-pitch:variable: mso-fontsignature: 0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:"": margin:0in; marginbottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List

Skills

pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: "Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-styleparent:""; margin:0in; marginbottom: .0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman": mso-fareast-fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; msobidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; } @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list 10 {msolist-id:1430617083; mso-listtype:hybrid; mso-list-templateids:2408790 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list 10:level1 {msolevel-number-format:bullet; msolevel-text: ; mso-level-tabstop:.5in; mso-level-numberposition:left; text-indent:-.25in;

| | | Assessment | | |
|--|--|------------|---|---|
| Month hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso- footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper- source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> SI.20-23.4 Identify similarities and differences between experiments EMI.20-23.1 Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data presentation or a model EMI.20-23.2 Identify key issues or assumptions in a model | Essential Questions {mso-list-id:1070735399; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template- ids:1226348850 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list l4:level1 {mso-level- number-format:bullet; mso- level-text: ; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} @list l5 {mso-list-id:1410541945; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- list-template- ids:2070156588 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698689 | Assessment | How does one predict the products of different chemical reactions? Why is it important that mass is conserved universally? What are the properties of the important energy-producing hydrocarbons? In what way do hydrocarbons demonstrate each theme of chemical reactions? | reaction, one element is substituted for another in a compound K8: in a double replacement reaction, two compounds exchange their positive ions K9: double replacement reactions produce a precipitate, a gas, or water K10: a precipitate is a solid produced during a chemical reaction in a solution K11: combustion is a chemical reaction that occurs when a (organic) substance reacts with oxygen releasing energy, CO2, and H2O K12: conservation of mass means that you have to have the same number of atoms of each element on each sides of the equation |
| /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic- font-family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic- font-family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8;</td <td>67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list I5:level1 {mso-level- number-format:bullet; mso- level-text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} @list I6 {mso-list-id:1446580163; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- list-template-ids:-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>on each sides of the equation K13: when writing a chemical reaction, the reactants go on the left, products on the right, and an arrow serves as the yield sign K14: stoichiometry is a system that allows us to calculate theoretical masses of products and reactants K15: coefficients are the big numbers in front of elements/compounds in a chemical</td> | 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list I5:level1 {mso-level- number-format:bullet; mso- level-text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} @list I6 {mso-list-id:1446580163; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- list-template-ids:- | | | on each sides of the equation K13: when writing a chemical reaction, the reactants go on the left, products on the right, and an arrow serves as the yield sign K14: stoichiometry is a system that allows us to calculate theoretical masses of products and reactants K15: coefficients are the big numbers in front of elements/compounds in a chemical |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|------------------------------|------------|---------------------|---|
| mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic- | 609431424 67698689 | Assessment | Content & Resources | equation |
| font-family:auto; mso-font- | 67698691 67698693 | | | equation |
| pitch:variable; mso-font- | | | | K16: subscripts are the little |
| signature:0 0 65536 0 - | 67698689 67698691 | | | numbers within an element or |
| 2147483648 0;} /* Style | 67698693 67698689 | | | compound |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | 1 |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal | 16:level1 {mso-level- | | | K17: macroscopic refers to things |
| {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso- | number-format:bullet; mso- | | | we can see |
| pagination:widow-orphan; font- | level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | | | |
| size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times | stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | K18: microscopic refer to things we |
| New Roman"; mso-fareast-font- | number-position:left; text- | | | can't see |
| family:"Times New Roman"; | indent:25in; font- | | | |
| mso-bidi-font-family:"Times | family:Symbol;} @list I7 | | | |
| New Roman";} @page Section1 | {mso-list-id:1693412657; | | | |
| {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header- | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | | Key Words/Vocabulary: |
| margin:.5in; mso-footer- | list-template- | | | Chapter 10 |
| margin:.5in; mso-paper- | ids:1878285160 67698689 | | | Chapter 10 |
| source:0;} div.Section1 | 67698691 67698693 | | | Chamical aguation |
| {page:Section1;} /* List | 67698689 67698691 | | | Chemical equationChemical reaction |
| Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-list- | 67698693 67698689 | | | Combustion reaction |
| id:506941694; mso-list- | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | Decomposition reaction |
| type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-1046426190 67698689 | 17:level1 {mso-level- | | | Double-replacement |
| 67698691 67698693 67698689 | number-format:bullet; mso- | | | reaction |
| 67698691 67698693 67698689 | , | | | Precipitate |
| 67698691 67698693;} @list | level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | | | Product |
| 10:level1 {mso-level-number- | stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | Reactant |
| format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | number-position:left; text- | | | Single-replacement |
| mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso- | indent:25in; font- | | | reaction |
| level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font- | family:Symbol;} @list l8 | | | Solute Solvent |
| family:Symbol;} ol {margin- | {mso-list-id:1904750754; | | | Solvent Synthesis reaction |
| bottom:0in;} ul {margin- | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | | Synthesis reaction |
| bottom:0in;}> | list-template-ids:- | | | Chapter 11 |
| | 941583734 67698689 | | | Chapter 11 |
| Authentic Performance | 67698691 67698693 | | | Avogadro's number |
| Tasks: | 67698689 67698691 | | | Molar mass |
| | | | | - Word mass |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| (attach rubrics, Collins cover sheets, etc.) Precipitate minilab Minilabs (6) RAFT on chemical reactions Authentic hydrocarbon lab <!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-font-</li--> | 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list l8:level1 {mso-level- number-format:bullet; mso- level-text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} @list l9 {mso-list-id:2134668891; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- list-template-ids:608483540 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698693;} @list l9:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level- text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} ol {margin- bottom:0in;} ul {margin- bottom:0in;}> Materials: Minilab: Observing change • 25mL graduated cylinder | | | Mole Chapter 12 Percent yield (honors only) Stoichiometry Theoretical yield |

| 3.6 | E (1.10 (1 | | G | CI III |
|--|---|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| family:"Times New Roman"; | 100mL beaker | | | |
| mso-bidi-font-family:"Times | 2 pipettes | | | |
| New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; | Stirring rod | | | |
| margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in | Thermometer | | | |
| 1.25in; mso-header- | Effervescent antacid | | | |
| margin:.5in; mso-footer- | | | | |
| margin:.5in; mso-paper- | tablet | | | |
| source:0;} div.Section1 | 0.1M ammonia | | | |
| {page:Section1;} /* List | solution | | | |
| Definitions */ @list I0 {mso- | Universal indicator | | | |
| list-id:506941694; mso-list- | Distilled water | | | |
| type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-1046426190 67698689 | | | | |
| 67698691 67698693 | Minidemo: Conservation of | | | |
| 67698689 67698691 | Mass with silver nitrate | | | |
| 67698693 67698689 | Mass with silver filtrate | | | |
| 67698691 67698693;} @list | Final O 4M ails an | | | |
| I0:level1 {mso-level-number- | • 5mL 0.1M silver | | | |
| format:bullet; mso-level- | nitrate solution | | | |
| text: ; mso-level-tab- | Small test tube | | | |
| stop:.5in; mso-level-number- | 5mL 0.1M potassium | | | |
| position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list I1 | iodide | | | |
| {mso-list-id:1635796424; mso- | Flask | | | |
| list-type:hybrid; mso-list- | Stopper | | | |
| template-ids:-1498398628 | Balance | | | |
| 67698689 67698691 | Dalance | | | |
| 67698693 67698689 | Minidomor galvanizad iran | | | |
| 67698691 67698693 | Minidemo: galvanized iron | | | |
| 67698689 67698691 | _ | | | |
| 67698693;} @list I1:level1 {mso-level-number- | Galvanized iron | | | |
| format:bullet; mso-level- | 100mL beaker | | | |
| text: ; mso-level-tab- | 80mL dilute HCl | | | |
| stop:.5in; mso-level-number- | | | | |
| position:left; text-indent:25in; | Minidemo: calcium | | | |
| font-family:Symbol;} ol | carbonate precipitate | | | |
| {margin-bottom:0in;} ul | carsoriate prodipitate | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| <pre>{margin-bottom:0in;}> Other Evidence: Prompted: (tests, products, other work samples) • Reaction blitz • End of unit test • RAFT on chemical reactions • Gist literacy activity • Science article with reflection • "Do This Quickly" assessments • Exit slips assessments Unprompted: (discussions, observations) • Laboratory conduct • Student participation in laboratory and class discussions</pre> | 0.27g sodium carbonate 10mL water 2 test tubes 2 stoppers 0.41g calcium nitrate Minilab: Observing a precipitate 2 150mL beakers 100mL graduated cylinder 2 stirring rods 2 spatulas 2 weighing papers NaOH Epsom salts Distilled water Balance Lab: Activities of Metals 1.0M zinc nitrate 1.0M aluminum nitrate 1.0M copper(II) nitrate 1.0M magnesium nitrate 4 pipettes Wire cutters copper | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|---|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | wire Aluminum wire Magnesium ribbon 4 zinc strips Fine sandpaper 24-well microscale reaction plate | | | |
| | Minilab: How much is a mole? | | | |
| | Centimeter rulerPaper clip | | | |
| | Minilab: One mole is? | | | |
| | One mole Al One mole Cu One mole NaCl One mole sucrose One mole H₂O One mole Zn One mole charcoal | | | |
| | Minilab: How many moles in iron? | | | |
| | 2 sets of iron nails, one with 6 and one with 9 1 mole iron filings | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|--|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month | 4 bags Minilab: determining molar masses Calcium carbonate containing antacid tablets Common substances labeled with chemical formulas Minilab: percent composition of gum/popcorn Balance Weighing paper 2 250mL beakers 2 pieces of chewing gum Stirring rod Paper towels Window screen (10cm x 10cm) Scissors Timer Popcorn | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |

February Stoichiometry

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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March

UNIT 6: Solutions, Acids/Bases

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin- bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii- family:Cambria; mso-ascii- theme-font:minor-latin; mso-</td <td> Disappearing rainbow Lemonade chemistry 5E lesson plans based on qualitative observations of acids and bases (Student-developed definitions of acids/bases) Careers in science that utilize acid/base chemistry Physiological importance of neutrality/buffers </td> <td> SWBAT apply scientific method in order to determine acids/bases SWBAT determine a pH based on color changes of indicators SWBAT measure liquids using metric units SWBAT determine a pH based on color changes of indicators SWBAT calculate pH according molarity SWBAT describe how pH utilizes the logarithmic scale </td> <td>Acids burn right? Are they all bad? And what the heck's a base? • What is an acid or base? • How can we use molarity when a chemical is dissolved in water or another solvent? • How does acid/base chemistry relate to the chemistry of life and the human body? • WaitI put salicycal ACID on my FACE? • How are acids and bases used in industry or other areas of my life?</td> <td><!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin- bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii- family:Cambria; mso-ascii- theme-font:minor-latin; mso-</td--></td> | Disappearing rainbow Lemonade chemistry 5E lesson plans based on qualitative observations of acids and bases (Student-developed definitions of acids/bases) Careers in science that utilize acid/base chemistry Physiological importance of neutrality/buffers | SWBAT apply scientific method in order to determine acids/bases SWBAT determine a pH based on color changes of indicators SWBAT measure liquids using metric units SWBAT determine a pH based on color changes of indicators SWBAT calculate pH according molarity SWBAT describe how pH utilizes the logarithmic scale | Acids burn right? Are they all bad? And what the heck's a base? • What is an acid or base? • How can we use molarity when a chemical is dissolved in water or another solvent? • How does acid/base chemistry relate to the chemistry of life and the human body? • WaitI put salicycal ACID on my FACE? • How are acids and bases used in industry or other areas of my life? | /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin- bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii- family:Cambria; mso-ascii- theme-font:minor-latin; mso-</td |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| family:Cambria; mso-hansi- | | | | family:Cambria; mso-hansi- |
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| Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- | | | | Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- |
| font:minor-bidi;} @page | | | | font:minor-bidi;} @page |
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| mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso- | | | | mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso- |
| paper-source:0;} div.Section1 | | | | paper-source:0;} div.Section1 |
| {page:Section1;}> | | | | {page:Section1;}> |
| Project | | | | |
| | | | | |
| - Acid/Base spill clean-up | | | | |
| | | | | -Acids; bases; |
| Performance Task | | | | Neutralization; |
| | | | | • -pH |
| -identifying unknowns as | | | | • -Equilibrium |
| acids/bases | | | | • -Equilibrium |
| acius, bases | | | | |
| Authentic Assessment | | | | |
| | | | | |
| -Differentiating between | | | | |
| different indicators based on | | | | |
| reactions with acids and bases | | | | |
| of known pH | | | | |
| or kind with pri | | | | |
| Weekly CheMastery Quiz | | | | |
| Weekly Chewlastery Quiz | | | | |
| Hote France Navitable also in | | | | |
| Unit Exam - Multiple choice | | | | |
| and free response | | | | |
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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | | | |
| 12.11.63c Understand the concentration of a solute in terms of molarity | | | | |
| 12.11.63c Understand the concentration of a solute in terms of molarity | | | | |
| 12.11.60b Understand the observable properties of acids and bases | | | | |
| 12.11.61 Understand that among other definitions of acids and bases, acids are hydrogen-ion-donating and bases are hydrogen-ion-accepting substances. | | | | |
| 12.11.62 Use the pH scale to characterize acidic and basic solutions. | | | | |
| Prioritized CRS | | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | |

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| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | | | | |
| face {font-family:Cambria; | | | | |
| panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; | | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style | | | | |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, | | | | |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal | | | | |
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| family:"Times New Roman"; | | | | |
| mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; | | | | |
| mso-ascii-theme-font:minor- | | | | |
| latin; mso-fareast-font- | | | | |
| family:Cambria; mso-fareast- | | | | |
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| Determine the experimental | | | | |
| conditions that would produce | | | | |
| specific results | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

April
Thermochemistry

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| 1-12 to 3-4 | Chemistry | 1st Period Chem, 5th Period Chem, 8th Period Chem |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| @font-face { font-family: "Arial"; }p.MsoNormal, | 11th Grade Chemistry Bonding Unit | 3.5 Weeks |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal { margin: 0in 0in 0.0001pt; | | |
| font-size: 12pt; font-family: "Times New Roman"; | | |
| }div.Section1 { page: Section1; } After becoming familiar | | |
| with stand-alone atoms and elements, students will now | | |
| investigate the who, what, where, when, why, and how of | | |
| joining atoms together in various bonding scenarios. They | | |
| will accomplish this through hands-on discovery and | | |
| guided lecture.Students should come away ready to tackle | | |
| the entirety of chemical reactions and what awaits them in | | |
| Unit 5. | | |
| The Bonding Unit will require students to analyze how | | |
| different types of bonds are responsible for the most basic | | |
| scientific observations, like why one substance is hard | | |
| while the other is soft and why some compounds exist as | | |
| liquids at room temperature while others are solid. | | |
| | | |
| Students will explore ion, metallic, and covalent bonds, will | | |
| draw dot structures, relate ion formation to valence and | | |
| resonance structures, and name compounds. | | |

Standards

IL_Learning_Standards - Science (1997) - Late High School

State Goal 11 Understand the processes of scientific inquiry and technological design to investigate questions, conduct experiments and solve problems. State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Type: Unit Plan

Learning Standard 12.C Know and apply concepts that describe properties of matter and energy and the interactions between them.

| Essential Question OVERARCHING | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings OVERARCHING |
|---|---|--|
| How do we answer a question and solve a problem in science? How do we decide what is reliable scientific evidence? What rules govern matter and its processes? How does energy and energy transfer affect molecules? Why is science an important part of our future? UNIT SPECIFIC How and why do atoms interact? How do ionic bonds form? What are their characteristics? How do covalent bonds form? What are their characteristics? How does one express/visualize bonding? | 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text 24-27.IOD.MAN.1: Interpolate between data points in a table or graph 24-27.IOD.MAN.2: Identify and/or use a simple mathematical relationship between data 20-23.EMIR.INF.1: Identify key issues or assumptions in a model 20-23.EMIR.MOD.1: Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data presentation or a model 24-27.EMIR.RES.1: Determine whether given information supports or contradicts a simple hypothesis or conclusion, and why | Science always follows an ordered, objectively-driven process to assess the validity of a claim. Experimental investigations are purposefully designed, analyzed, interpreted, and applied through the laboratory process. Matter and its processes are ultimately governed by atomic interactions, which follow predictable, clearly defined rules. Energy transfer and energy use cause molecules to behave in a consistent manner. Scientific discoveries and talents are vital and widely applicable to the enhancement of society. UNIT SPECIFIC chemical bonds form by the attraction between a positive nucleus and negative electrons ionic bonds form as a result of a transfer of electrons and are held together by electrostatic force. covalent bonds form as a result of a sharing of electrons covalent bonds result in independent molecules, while ionic bonds result in repeating 3 dimensional crystals. alternatives to hydrocarbons as Earth's primary source of energy are available and viable |
| ILS | _ | |
| 12.11.42 - Know that there are two major different kinds of bonds (ionic and covalent) 12.11.44 - Understand how to use the periodic table to determine the number of electrons available for bonding. | | |
| 12.11.53 - Understand that in chemical reactions, atoms combine into molecules by means of bonds (e.g., by sharing electrons to form covalent or metallic bonds or by | | |

Bonding
Type: Unit Plan

exchanging electrons to form ionic bonds).

12.11.54 - Know that ions are atoms or groups of atoms that have a positive or negative charge and that polyatomic ions are a group of covalently bonded atoms that act like a single atom when combining with other atoms. Understand that metals tend to form positive ions, and nonmetals tend to form negative ions.

12.11.55 - Understand that ionic solids like NaCl (sodium chloride, ordinary table salt) are formed from a three-dimensional repeating pattern of alternating positive and negative ions, held together by electrostatic forces (ionic bonds).

Content, Skills, Assessment

Ionic Bonding

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---|---|------------|
| A. 5.1 WWBAT explain the changes that occur when ions are formed, particularly for metals and nonmetals 5.2 WWBAT explain why protons and electrons are attracted to one another 5.3 WWBAT define a compound as 2+ atoms held together by a chemical bond 5.4 WWBAT define cation and anion 5.5 WWBAT describe what happens when an ionic bond is formed 5.6 WWBAT draw the Lewis-dot structure for ionic compounds 5.7 WWBAT determine the formula for ionic compounds, including polyatomic ions 5.8 WWBAT name ionic compounds 5.9 WWBAT find basic information in a complex body of text 5.10 WWBAT identify the units & tools of measurement for length, volume, & mass 5.11 WWBAT describe the 3D crystal structure of an ionic compound 5.12 WWBAT build ionic compounds | A. 5.1 WWBAT explain the changes that occur when ions are formed, particularly for metals and nonmetals 5.2 WWBAT explain why protons and electrons are attracted to one another 5.3 WWBAT define a compound as 2+ atoms held together by a chemical bond 5.4 WWBAT define cation and anion 5.5 WWBAT describe what happens when an ionic bond is formed 5.6 WWBAT draw the Lewis-dot structure for ionic compounds 5.7 WWBAT determine the formula for ionic compounds, including polyatomic ions 5.8 WWBAT name ionic compounds 5.9 WWBAT find basic information in a complex body of text 5.10 WWBAT identify the units & tools of measurement for length, volume, & mass 5.11 WWBAT describe the 3D crystal structure of an ionic compound 5.12 WWBAT build ionic compounds | Name |

Covalent Bonding

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---|---|------------|
| A. 5.13 WWBAT describe what happens when a covalent bond is formed 5.14 WWBAT draw electron-dot structures for molecules 5.15 WWBAT name molecules (honors only) 5.16 WWBAT build molecules | A. 5.13 WWBAT describe what happens when a covalent bond is formed 5.14 WWBAT draw electron-dot structures for molecules 5.15 WWBAT name molecules (honors only) 5.16 WWBAT build molecules | Name |

Bonding Type: Unit Plan

Ionic vs Covalent Bonding & ACT

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| A. 5.17 WWBAT compare and contrast covalent molecules versus ionic compounds 5.18 WWBAT predict the type of bond formed based on whether the components are metals or nonmetals 5.19 WWBAT compare the relative strength of ionic and covalent bonds 5.20 WWBAT extrapolate data in moderately complex graphs and tables 5.21 WWBAT select data from a complex data presentation 5.22 WWBAT eliminate incorrect answers in a multiple choice questions | molecules versus ionic compounds 5.18 WWBAT predict the type of bond formed based on whether the components are metals or nonmetals 5.19 WWBAT compare the relative strength of ionic and covalent bonds | Name |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| K1: An ion is an atom that has gained or lost electrons. | S1: Name ionic compounds | Formative |
| (remedial) | S2: Determine the formula for ionic compounds | ✓ Summative |
| K2: A positive ion is an atom that has lost electrons. (remedial) | S3: Draw the Lewis-dot structure for ionic compounds | _ |
| | S4: Build ionic compounds | Multiple Choice |
| K3: A negative ion is an atom that has gained electrons. (remedial) | S5: Name molecules (honors only) | Portfolio |
| K4: The nucleus of the atom contains protons, which are | S6: Draw the Lewis-dot structure for molecules | ☐ Project |
| positively charged. (super remedial) | S7: Build molecules | Reflective Essay |
| K5: Electrons are located in the electron cloud, which is | 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data | ✓ Short Answer |
| negatively charged. (super remedial) | presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) | _ |
| K6: Protons and electrons are attracted to one another. (super remedial) | 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body | Constructed Response |
| K7: Metals usually form positive ions. (remedial) | of text | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| K8: Nonmetals usually form negative ions. (remedial) | | ☐ Essay |
| K9: An ionic bond forms when one atom transfers an electron(s) to another atom. | | Fill in the Blank |
| K10: An ionic bond is held together by electrostatic forces. | | Graphic Organizer |
| K11a: Multiple units of the same ionic compound combine | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| together to form crystal structures. | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| K11b: Multiple units of the same molecule do NOT | | _ |
| combine and instead remain as separate entities. | | ☐ Matching |
| K12: A compound is two or more atoms held together by a | | ✓ Multiple Choice |

Type: Unit Plan

| chemical bond. | | ✓ Observation Checklist |
|--|--|---|
| K13: There are two types of compounds: ionic compounds and molecules. | | Performance Assessment |
| K14: Molecules are compounds that are held together by covalent bonds. | | Performance Task |
| K15: Ionic compounds are compounds that are held together by ionic bonds. | | ☐ Portfolio ☑ Quiz |
| K16: Polyatomic ions are a group of covalently bonded atoms that act like a single atom when combining with other atoms. | | ✓ Rubric✓ Self Evaluation |
| K17: A cation is a positively-charged ion. | | Structured Interview |
| K18: An anion is a negatively-charged ion. | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| K19: Resonance occurs when multiple Lewis-dot structures for the same molecule can be drawn. (honors only) | | ☐ True/False |
| K20: Metal + nonmetal will form an ionic bond. Nonmetal + nonmetal will form a covalent bond. | | |
| K21: Ionic bonds are stronger than covalent bonds. | | |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Prompted: (tests, products, other work samples) Short end of unit test "Do This Quickly" assessments Exit slips assessments Unprompted: (discussions, observations) Laboratory conduct Student participation in laboratory and class discussions Student Self Assessment: (reflections, rubrics) Student-led tracking Authentic Performance Tasks: (attach rubrics, Collins cover sheets, etc.) Lab: Making Ionic Compounds Lab: Ionic vs Covalent substances Science article with reflection RAFT: Composition of ocean water (225) Business proposal for bonded substance (final task) | Materials: Mini Demo: conductivity between dissolved and undissolved NaCl Crystalline NaCl Conductivity apparatus Beaker Distilled water Demo: oxidation states of vanadium Granular zinc-mercury (II) chloride (aq) amalgam Ammonium metavandate solution 250mL graduated cylinder Powder funnel 500mL Erlenmeyer flask Stopper Mini Demo: Zinc plated pennies &alloys (229) | •Electron-dot structure •Anion •Cation •Chemical bond •Ionic bond •Monatomic ion •Oxidation number •Polyatomic ion •Coordinate covalent bond •Covalent bond •Endothermic •Exothermic •Lewis structure |

Type: Unit Plan

•5.0g NaOH Molecule •25mL H₂O Resonance •2.0g Zn Structural formula •Hot plate Forceps •Evaporating dish Minilab: heat treatment of steel Flame •2 forceps •3 hairpins •250mL beaker •Water Lab: Making Ionic Compounds •Mg ribbon •Crucible •Ring stand •Ring stand ring •Clay triangle •Crucible tongs Balance •100mL beaker Distilled water Conductivity tester •Laboratory burner •Stirring rod Minilab: Oil and Vinegar Dressing •Beral-type pipette •Vinegar •Cooking oil Demo: Forming Ionic vs Covalent Bonds •5cm magnesium ribbon •2g roll sulfur •Tongs •Large metal can •Deflagrating spoon Burner Mini Demo: Charged Water

Type: Unit Plan

| •Water | |
|---|--|
| Paint thinner | |
| •Buret | |
| •Fur or silk | |
| •Rubber rod | |
| Lab: Chromatography | |
| •3 pieces chromatography paper | |
| •2L plastic soft-drink bottle | |
| •2 pencils | |
| •Ruler | |
| •Tape | |
| •Scissors | |
| •Aluminum foil | |
| •Acetone | |
| •Fresh leaf samples from 3 different species of deciduous | |
| tress/plants | |
| Other labs &demos are pending. | |

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry Type: Unit Plan

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| 2-17 to 5-13 | Chemistry | 1st Period Chem, 5th Period Chem, 8th Period Chem |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------|----------------|
| Chemical Reactions and Stoichiometry: | Chemistry | 5 weeks |
| Students will muster all of their previous knowledge to tackle chemical reactions and apply them in a laboratory setting. Students will become adept at assessing a chemical reaction, writing and balancing a chemical equation, and reporting out in a scientific manner (10). | | |
| Students will become familiar with one of chemistry's most important units: the mole. They will understand the utility and significance of moles and be able to apply this knowledge in the laboratory setting. Building on this ability, students will be able to determine molecular and empirical formulas in the laboratory setting (11). | | |

Standards

IL_Learning_Standards - Science (1997) - Late High School

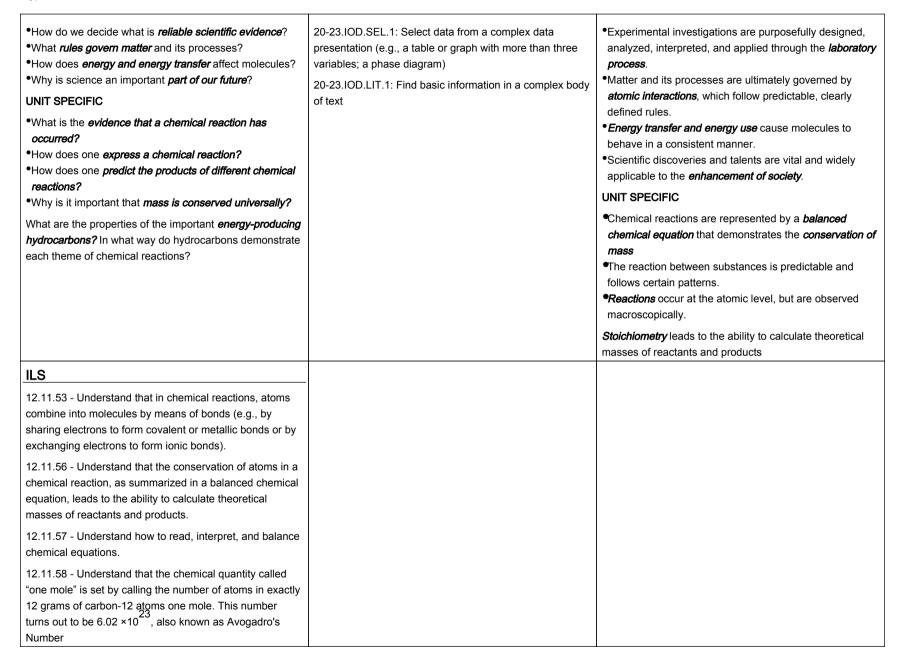
State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Learning Standard 12.C Know and apply concepts that describe properties of matter and energy and the interactions between them.

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|---|--|
| OVERARCHING | Objectives | OVERARCHING |
| •How do we answer a question and solve a science? | problem in 24-27.IOD.ANA.1: Compare or combine data from 2+ simple data presentations (e.g., analyze 1 table using a scale from another table) OR 1 complex data presentation | Science always follows an ordered, objectively-driven process to assess the validity of a claim. |

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry

Type: Unit Plan



Content, Skills, Assessment

Chemical Reactions

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---|---|------------|
| A. 6.1 WWBAT identify evidence of chemical change 6.2 K3: WWBAT define chemical reaction. 6.3 K4&K12: WWBAT explain conservation of mass in terms of the atoms in a reaction. 6.4 K1&K2: WWBAT identify the reactants and products in a chemical reaction. 6.5 S2: WWBAT write word equations. 6.6 K13&S8: WWBAT write chemical equations. 6.7 S3: WWBAT translate between word and formula equations. 6.8 K15-K16: WWBAT explain the function of a coefficient and a subscript in a chemical equation. 6.9 S7: WWBAT count the number of atoms of an element in a substance 6.10 S1: WWBAT balance chemical equations. 6.11 K5-K8&K11&S4: WWBAT classify chemical reactions by the five standard chemical reactions 6.12 S5: WWBAT predict the products of certain chemical reactions. | A. 6.1 WWBAT identify evidence of chemical change 6.2 K3: WWBAT define chemical reaction. 6.3 K4&K12: WWBAT explain conservation of mass in terms of the atoms in a reaction. 6.4 K1&K2: WWBAT identify the reactants and products in a chemical reaction. 6.5 S2: WWBAT write word equations. 6.6 K13&S8: WWBAT write chemical equations. 6.7 S3: WWBAT translate between word and formula equations. 6.8 K15-K16: WWBAT explain the function of a coefficient and a subscript in a chemical equation. 6.9 S7: WWBAT count the number of atoms of an element in a substance 6.10 S1: WWBAT balance chemical equations. 6.11 K5-K8&K11&S4: WWBAT classify chemical reactions by the five standard chemical reactions 6.12 S5: WWBAT predict the products of certain chemical reactions. | Name |

Stoichiometry

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| A. 6.13 K14: WWBAT calculate the molar mass of a compound (review) 6.14 K14.2: WWBAT convert between grams and moles (review) 6.15 K14.3: WWBAT calculate the moles of one substance when given the moles of another substance. 6.16 K14.4&S5: WWBAT calculate the grams of one substance when given the grams of another substance. | A. 6.13 K14: WWBAT calculate the molar mass of a compound (review) 6.14 K14.2: WWBAT convert between grams and moles (review) 6.15 K14.3: WWBAT calculate the moles of one substance when given the moles of another substance. 6.16 K14.4&S5: WWBAT calculate the grams of one substance when given the grams of another substance. | Name |

Lab/ACT

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| A. 6.17 WWBAT attack experiments passages 6.18 WWBAT pace ourselves on the ACT science section 6.19 24-27.IOD.ANA.1: Compare or combine data from 2+ simple data presentations (e.g., analyze 1 table using a scale from another table) OR 1 complex data presentation 6.20 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 6.21 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text 6.22 20-23.EMIR.MOD.1: Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data | A. 6.17 WWBAT attack experiments passages 6.18 WWBAT pace ourselves on the ACT science section 6.19 24-27.IOD.ANA.1: Compare or combine data from 2+ simple data presentations (e.g., analyze 1 table using a scale from another table) OR 1 complex data presentation 6.20 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 6.21 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text 6.22 20-23.EMIR.MOD.1: Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data | Name |

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry

Type: Unit Plan

| presentation or a model presentation or a model |
|---|
|---|

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|---|
| K1: reactants are the starting materials of chemical | S1: balance an equation | ☐ Formative |
| reactions | S2: write word equations | ☐ Summative |
| K2: products are the ending materials of chemical | S3: translate between word and chemical equations | |
| reactions | S4: classify chemical equations | Multiple Choice |
| K3: a reaction is a process by which the atoms of one or more substances are rearranged to form different | S5: predict the products of a chemical equation | ☐ Portfolio |
| substances. | S6: calculate theoretical masses of reactants and products | Project |
| K4: mass is conserved universally (except when the sun produces helium in amie's world) | S7: count the number of atoms of an element in a substance | Reflective Essay |
| K5: in a synthesis reaction, two substances come together to form one substance | S8: write chemical equations using proper notation | ☐ Short Answer |
| K6: in a decomposition reaction, one substance breaks | | Constructed Response |
| apart to form two or more substances | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| K7: in a single replacement reaction, one element is substituted for another in a compound | | ☐ Essay |
| K8: in a double replacement reaction, two compounds exchange their positive ions | | ☐ Fill in the Blank ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| K9: double replacement reactions produce a precipitate, a gas, or water | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| K10: a precipitate is a solid produced during a chemical | | Learning Contract |
| reaction in a solution | | ☐ Matching |
| K11: combustion is a chemical reaction that occurs when | | |
| a (organic) substance reacts with oxygen releasing energy, CO2, and H2O | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| K12: conservation of mass means that you have to have | | Observation Checklist |
| the same number of atoms of each element on each sides | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| of the equation | | ✓ Performance Task |
| K13: when writing a chemical reaction, the reactants go on | | _ |
| the left, products on the right, and an arrow serves as the yield sign | | ☐ Portfolio |
| K14: stoichiometry is a system that allows us to calculate | | ✓ Quiz |
| theoretical masses of products and reactants | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | |

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry

Type: Unit Plan

| K15: coefficients are the big numbers in front of elements/compounds in a chemical equation K16: subscripts are the little numbers within an element or compound K17: macroscopic refers to things we can see K18: microscopic refer to things we can't see | | ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|---|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Prompted:(tests, products, other work samples)* Reaction blitz* End of unit test* RAFT on chemical reactions* Gist literacy activity* Science article with reflection* "Do This Quickly" assessments* Exit slips assessmentsUnprompted:(discussions, observations) * Laboratory conduct* Student participation in laboratory and class discussionsStudent Self Assessment:(reflections, rubrics)* Student-led tracking Per IEPs: Scribe notes, allow choice to respond, read any written instructions, sequence instructions, give additional examples, ask student to summarize to check for understanding, continue to check for on task behavior through proximity, redirection and offering additional help. | Materials: Minilab: Observing change *25mL graduated cylinder *100mL beaker *2 pipettes *Stirring rod *Thermometer *Effervescent antacid tablet *0.1M ammonia solution *Universal indicator *Distilled water Minidemo: Conservation of Mass with silver nitrate *5mL 0.1M silver nitrate solution *Small test tube *5mL 0.1M potassium iodide *Flask *Stopper *Balance Minidemo: galvanized iron *Galvanized iron *100mL beaker *80mL dilute HCl Minidemo: calcium carbonate precipitate *0.27g sodium carbonate *10mL water *2 test tubes *2 stoppers *0.41g calcium nitrate | Chemical equation Chemical reaction Combustion reaction Decomposition reaction Double-replacement reaction Precipitate Product Reactant Single-replacement reaction Solute Solvent Synthesis reaction Avogadro's number Molar mass Mole Stoichiometry Theoretical yield |

Type: Unit Plan

Minilab: Observing a precipitate

- •2 150mL beakers
- •100mL graduated cylinder
- •2 stirring rods
- •2 spatulas
- •2 weighing papers
- •NaOH
- •Epsom salts
- •Distilled water
- •Balance

Lab: Activities of Metals

- •1.0M zinc nitrate
- •1.0M aluminum nitrate
- •1.0M copper(II) nitrate
- •1.0M magnesium nitrate
- •4 pipettes
- •Wire cutters copper wire
- •Aluminum wire
- •Magnesium ribbon
- •4 zinc strips
- •Fine sandpaper
- •24-well microscale reaction plate

Minilab: How much is a mole?

- •Centimeter ruler
- •Paper clip

Minilab: One mole is ...?

- One mole Al
- One mole Cu
- One mole NaCl
- •One mole sucrose
- One mole HO
- One mole Zn
- One mole charcoal

Minilab: How many moles in iron?

- •2 sets of iron nails, one with 6 and one with 9
- •1 mole iron filings
- 4 bags

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry

Type: Unit Plan

Minilab: determining molar masses

- •Calcium carbonate containing antacid tablets
- •Common substances labeled with chemical formulas

Minilab: percent composition of gum/popcorn

- •Balance
- Weighing paper
- •2 250mL beakers
- •2 pieces of chewing gum
- •Stirring rod
- Paper towels
- •Window screen (10cm x 10cm)
- Scissors
- •Timer
- Popcorn

Minilab: mass percent of pennies

- •Pre- &post-1982 pennies
- •6.0M HCI
- •Balance
- •Water
- •Paper towels
- Forceps

Demo: Empirical formulas

- •Large test tube with two hold stopper
- •Glass &rubber tubing
- •Bunsen burner
- •Ring stand with test tube holder
- Copper(II) oxide

Scupula

Gases

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| 5-2 to 5-27 | Chemistry | 1st Period Chem, 5th Period Chem, 8th Period Chem |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------|----------------|
| Gases | Chemistry | 3 weeks |
| Students will incorporate a new branch of chemistry to their repertoire with their study of gases. Students will learn the properties of gases, will employ the simple, combined, and ideal gas laws, and will apply those laws in a laboratory setting. Students will also pursue several interest-based projects, including public policy issues surrounding atmospheric conditions (13, 14). | | |

Standards

IL_Learning_Standards - Science (1997) - Late High School

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Learning Standard 12.B Know and apply concepts that describe how living things interact with each other and with their environment.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|---|---|
| What is the Kinetic-Molecular Theory? How does it allow one to work with gases? What are the original gas laws? How does one apply them in a laboratory setting? What are the combined and ideal gas laws? How does one apply them in a laboratory setting? Why is research on gases crucial to our understanding of climate change? | Objectives Interpretation of Data •24A1: Compare or combine data from two or more a simple data presentations •24A2: Compare or combine data from a complex data presentation •24A3: Interpolate between data points in a table or graph •24A4: Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a complex | properties of gases; kinetic-molecular theory; simple, combined, and ideal gas laws Relation to climate change |
| | as the value of another variable changes in a complex | |

Gases

Type: Unit Plan

data presentation Scientific Investigation •24B1: Understand the methods and tools used in a complex experiment •24B2: Understand a complex experimental design •24B3: Predict the results of an additional trial or measurement that would produce specified results Evaluation of Models, Inferences, & Experimental Results •24C1: Select a simple hypothesis prediction, or conclusion that is supported by two or more data presentation or models •24C2: Determine whether given information supports or contradicts a simple hypothesis or conclusion, and why •24C3: Identify strengths and weaknesses in one or more models ILS 12.11.49 - Understand that the kinetic molecular theory explains the properties of gases by the random motion of molecules in them. For example, the collisions of these particles with a surface create an observable pressure on that surface, and their motion explains the diffusion of gases. 12.11.50 - Understand how to apply the gas laws to relations between pressure, temperature, and volume of any amount of an ideal gas. Understand Boyle's Law and Charles' Law and how to logically solve problems. 12.11.51 - Understand the values of standard temperature and pressure (STP): 0° Celsius and 1 atm. 12.11.52 - Understand how to convert between Celsius and Kelvin temperature scales. Understand that there is no temperature lower than 0 Kelvin, or absolute zero.

Content, Skills, Assessment

Kinetic Molecular Theory

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---------|--------|------------|
|---------|--------|------------|

Gases

Type: Unit Plan

| A. | A. | Name |
|--|--|--|
| | | |
| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
| •The KMT is necessary for approximating the behavior of gases and is composed of 5 basic assumptions •Gas pressure measurement units and methods of measurement •The algebraic relationships embodied in the 3 original gas laws •The algebraic relationship embodied in the combined gas law •The algebraic relationship embodied in the ideal gas law •How to perform experiments using/verifying the original, combined, and ideal gas laws Past knowledge of stoichiometry is applicable to gases | Use the kinetic-molecular theory to explain the behavior of gases by Naming the 5 assumptions of the KMT Describing how mass affects the rates of diffusion and effusion Explain how gas pressure is measured Calculate the partial pressure of a gas theoretically and in a laboratory setting Apply the simple/original gas laws to practice and real-life problems by Stating the relationships posited for Boyle's, Charles's, and Gay-Lusac's Laws Performing laboratory experiments with gases Apply the combined gas law to practice and real-life problems by Stating the relationship given in the combined gas law Performing laboratory experiments with gases Relating Avogadro's principle to the combined gas law Apply the ideal gas law to practice and real-life problems by Stating the relationship given in the ideal gas law Performing laboratory experiments with gases Determine gaseous volume ratios from chemical reaction equations using the gas laws | Formative Summative Multiple Choice Portfolio Project Reflective Essay Short Answer Constructed Response Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay Fill in the Blank Graphic Organizer Journal and Learning Logs Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice Observation Checklist Performance Assessment Performance Task Portfolio Quiz Rubric |

Gases

| | | ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--|---|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Partially filled-in graphic organizers compared to empty graphic organizers for lecturesExtra Credit: Biology Connection: research how marine animals can withstand huge pressure underwater in written reportExtra Credit: problem-solving lab on turbocharging engines (424)Gifted: Research report on high-allitude adaptations (428)Intrapersonal: Weather Report: correlate barometric pressure to weather conditions over time (430)Gifted: research how the ideal gas law works for real gases (435)Easier science passages for struggling readersExtended time for ACT prep passage Per IEPs: Scribe notes, allow choice to respond, read any written instructions, sequence instructions, give additional examples, ask student to summarize to check for understanding, continue to check for on task behavior through proximity, redirection and offering additional help. | Materials: Demo: Mentos explosions 4 2L coke bottles 1 pack mentos Paper towels Minidemo: air is not empty space Funnel Large beaker Water Minilab: More than just hot air 5gallon bucket Round balloons Ice String Demo: Demonstrating Boyle's Law Empty colorless 2L soft drink bottle with cap (save from Mentos demo) Dropper Food coloring Minilab: Under Pressure 2L clear, plastic bottle with cap (with label removed) Water Small dropper (with glass cylinder if possible) Minidemo: balloons and temperature reminder 3 balloons Hot water bath Ice Thermometer | Dalton's law of partial pressures Deposition Diffusion Graham's law of effusion Kinetic-molecular theory Pascal Pressure Sublimation Temperature Vapor pressure Avogadro's principle Boyle's law Charles's law Combined gas law Gay-lussac's law Ideal gas constant Ideal gas law Molar volume |

Gases

Type: Unit Plan

Minilab: testing the combined gas law •Inflatable spherical ball •Tire gauge •Thermometer •Tape measure Minidemo: gas check •Hydrogen gas •Methane gas •Propane gas Nitrogen gas Minidemo: growing balloon Balloon •5mL water •Small piece calcium carbide (CaC₂) Minilab: The density of carbon dioxide Masking tape •Aluminum foil •Metric ruler •1L beaker Candle Matches •Thermometer •Barometer •Baking soda •Vinegar (5% CH₃COOH) Lab: Using the Ideal Gas Law Aerosol can of duster •600mL graduated beaker Bucket or bowl •Thermometer Barometer •Plastic microtip pipette Latex tubing •Glass tubing

Scissors

Balance

•Electrical or duct tape

Gases

| Balance | |
|---------|--|

Astronomy - Analyzing our World Type: Unit Plan

Astronomy - Analyzing our World

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 9-7 to 10-8 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|--|---|-------------------|
| This unit focuses on utilizing and developing students' | Students will conduct a few labs while pretending to | Projector |
| schema to make basic but fun inquiries into the scientific | operate on the International Space Station. The labs are | Screen |
| world. | given in the context of missions, and student learning of | Notebooks |
| | scientific inquiry will be a foundation for astronomy, | Binders |
| | meteorology, and geology study. | Plant Shelf |
| | | Plant gro-lites |
| | | Plants materials |
| | | CSI lab materials |
| | | Topographic maps |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.84 Understand that most scientists believe that the sun, the earth, and the rest of the solar system formed from a nebular cloud of dust and gas 4.6 billion years ago.

State Goal 13 Understand the relationships among science, technology and society in historical and contemporary contexts.

Standard 13A Know and apply the accepted practices of science.

Objective 13.11.01 Understand basic rules of safety in conducting scientific experiments in a laboratory or in the field.

Objective 13.11.02 Understand why experimental replication is essential to scientific claims.

Objective 13.11.03 Understand how scientific knowledge, explanations, and technological designs may change with new information.

Objective 13.11.04 Understand that scientists must be responsible about how they conduct their experiments.

Objective 13.11.05 Determine the degree of accuracy in measurements. Identify possible sources of error in measurement.

Standard 13B Know and apply concepts that describe the interaction between science, technology and society.

Objective 13.11.06 Analyze scientific breakthroughs in terms of societal and technological effects.

Objective 13.11.07 Analyze examples of resource use, technology use or conservation program and make recommendations for improvements.

Astronomy - Analyzing our World

Type: Unit Plan

Objective 13.11.07 Analyze examples of resource use, technology use or conservation program and make recommendations for improvements.

Objective 13.11.08 Analyze careers and occupations that are affected by knowledge of science.

Measurement

Objective 13.11.09 Select appropriate scientific instruments and technological devices to perform tests, measure, and collect data.

College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives

IOD.13-15.1 Select a single piece of data (numerical or non-numerical) from a simple data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with two or three variables; a food web diagram)

IOD.13-15.2 Identify basic features of a table, graph, or diagram (e.g., headings, units of measurement, axis labels)

Essential Question

- •What do you think are the norms and procedures of a professional and successful organization?
- •What do you think would be a Big Goal for your success in class this year?
- •How does Environmental and Earth Science relate to my life?
- •What prime-time TV show do you think benefits from the scientific method?
- •How can you measure the interactions among Earth's system?
- •How does science differ from other disciplines? How do you investigate a question/problem/mystery/unknown? What kind of answers can be discovered during an scientific investigation?

How can you use scientific concepts and empirical data to determine whether or not information is credible? How do you communicate discoveries so that other are able to understand them?

How sure are you? What's the likely margin of error? How accurate/precise is it? How accurate/precise does this need to be?

What is proof? Do I have one?

How can numbers (data) lie or mislead?
How might we show ? In what other ways (how else)?
How do we best represent the part and whole
relationship? the pattern? the sequence?
What kind of problem is it?
Can everything be quantified?

Objectives/Skills

Procedural

- SWBAT Entering the classroom properly (getting binder, tome, and immediately beginning the catalyst with 80% mastery
- SWBAT Articulate the norms and expectations of the class with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Explain the uses of information and tools in different parts of the room with 80% mastery.
- *SWBAT Explain the breakdown of the class period time with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Working silently during independent work time and during exit slips with 100% mastery.
- *SWBAT Raising hand for a question with 100% mastery.
- *SWBAT describe SLANT with 80% mastery.
- •SWBAT Develop a testable question/hypothesis with 80% mastery.
- •SWBAT Measure accurately/precisely with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Make observations and record data by using the appropriate senses and tools effectively with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Communicate results effectively with 80% mastery.
- •SWBAT Make inferences and predictions and support them with evidence with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Evaluate claims and explanations using evidence and experience with 80% mastery.

Content, Skills, Assessment

Astronomy:

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------|
| A. Scientific Investigation | A. Scientific Investigation | Name |
| | 1. Data Collection | CSI experiment |
| | 2. Data Analysis | Plant Lab |
| | 3. Presentation | Topographic maps |
| B. Modelling our Earth | B. Modelling our Earth | |
| | Using map scales | |
| | Using longitude and latitude to find features on a world map | |
| | Using Forest Service and Topographic maps to find local features | |

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|--|---|-----------------|
| Key Ideas | Scientific Inquiry | |
| Content | Observation | |
| The Earth and celestial phenomena can be described by principles of relative motion and perspective. Many of the phenomena that we observe on Earth involce interactions among air, water, and land. Scientific questions are testable. Hypothesis are valuable, even if they are false. The scientific method is an ongoing process and often leads to further investigation. Data must empirical and without bias. Conclusions are explanations that must be based on evidence, and conclusions often refer to prior experience. Scientific claims must be verified by independent investigations. Standardized measures allow people to more accurately describe the physical world. Correlation does not ensure causality. Process Beyond the use of reasoning and consensus, scientific inquiry involves the testing of proposed explanations involving the use of conventional techniques and | Observation Question Hypothesis Experiment Results Conclusion Publish Repeat Strategies Group work Individual work Remember "wait time 1 &2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" | |

Astronomy - Analyzing our World

| •The observations, | nd usually requiring considerable ingenuity. ons made while testing proposed when analyzed using conventional and lods, provide new insights into phenomena | Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| invented meti | ous, provide new insights into phenomena | No opt out | |

Type: Unit Plan

Unit 2: Meteorology - Atmosphere

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 10-8 to 11-5 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|---|---|-----------------------|
| Students will study the atmosphere. Students will examine from a top down approach. | Atmosphere is the first layer from space. We will study it using projects, and summative assessments. | Tome Projector Screen |
| Length of Unit 18 days | All energy comes from the sun in the first place. Heat is an atomic phenomenon. When atoms absorb energy they become more energetic. Therefore, they move and bounce against each other, which creates heat. Energy from the sun causes molecules in the atmosphere to bounce together more often, which creates heat in the atmosphere. Certain molecules in the atmosphere keep energy from entering and leaving Earth easily. The Earth's tilt on its axis determines the distribution of solar radiation at any given moment in the year. Warm air rises and cold air sinks relative to one another. Since the air and ocean water are both fluid on our planet, the movement of our planet affects them both. Weather is the state of the atmosphere at a place and time as regards to heat, cloudiness, dryness, sunshine, wind, rain, etc. | Lab materials |

Standards

Type: Unit Plan

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.90 Understand that energy enters the systems of Earth chiefly as solar radiation and eventually escapes again as heat.

Objective 12.11.91 Understand that incoming solar radiation is either reflected or absorbed.

Objective 12.11.92 Understand that non-uniform heating of the earth results in circulation patterns in the atmosphere and oceans that globally distribute heat (in the form of winds and ocean currents).

Objective 12.11.93 Understand the connection between the earth's rotation and the circular motion of ocean currents and air pressure centers.

The Atmosphere

Objective 12.11.99 Analyze weather conditions of an area, given specific weather data.

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Objectives | Where does our energy come from? | SWBAT describe the composition of the atmosphere with |
| IOD.16-19.1 Select two or more pieces | How does energy enter the Earth's atmosphere? | 80% mastery. |
| of data from a simple data | What happens to the energy once it is in our atmosphere? | SWBAT compare and contrast the various layers of the |
| presentation | What reflects or absorbs incoming solar radiation? | atmosphere with 80% mastery. |
| IOD.16-19.2 Understand basic | | SWBAT identify three methods of transferring energy throughout the atmosphere with 80% mastery. |
| scientific terminology | What causes weather? | SWBAT describe the various properties of the atmosphere |
| potentine terminology | Why is windy on certain days? | and how they interact with 80% mastery. |
| | How does the Earth's rotation affect air pressure and ocean currents? | SWBAT explain why atmospheric properties change with changes in altitude with 80% mastery. |
| | What creates tides and currents? | SWBAT explain how clouds are formed with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe the water cycle with 80% mastery. |
| | Why is it warmer year around in Sudan than in Chicago? | SWBAT compare and contrast the greenhouse effect and global warming with 80% mastery. |
| | How do meteorologists know what the weather will be like tomorrow or in 10 days? | SWBAT analyze how imbalances in the heating of Earth's surface create weather with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe how and where air masses form with |
| | Skills | 80% mastery. |
| | Students will work with laboratory equipment to | SWBAT compare and contrast wind systems with 80% |
| | demonstrate how energy flows through a system. | mastery. |
| | | |
| | Students will use laboratory equipment to model the | SWBAT describe how the rotation of Earth affects the |
| | formation of clouds. | movement of air with 80% mastery. |

Type: Unit Plan

formation of clouds.

Students will learn to read weather reports.

Students will trace the formation and movement of air masses

Students will read weather data and interpret this data.

Students will read barometric read outs.

Students will analyze digital and analog forecasting data.

Assessment

Formal

Summative

Project

Rubric

Quizzes

Exit Slips

Strategies

Remember "wait time 1 &2"Think-pair-shareAsk "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for summarySurvey the classAllow for student callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack their thinking"Cold Call100%Cue student responsesPositive framingNo opt out

SWBAT identify various types of fronts with 80% mastery.

SWBAT recognize the importance of accurate weather data with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the technology used to collect weather data with 80% mastery.

SWBAT analyze the strengths and weaknesses of weather observation systems with 80% mastery.

SWBAT analyze a basic surface weather chart with 80% mastery.

SWBAT distinguish between analog and digital forecasting with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe problems with long-term forecasts with 80% mastery.

SWBAT compare and contrast various ocean currents with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the various properties of the atmosphere and how they interact with 80% mastery.

| 1. Moisture in the atmosphere 1. relative humidity - measurement and how it effects us 2. dew point - measurement and how it effects us 3. slowly identification and formation. Radiation | |
|---|--|
| 3. cloud - identification and formation 4. precipitation - identification and formation 2. Air pressure 1. barometers - how they are used to measure air pressure 2. mapping areas of high and low pressure 3. winds and changes in air pressure - local, regional, and global patterns 3. Weather forecasting 1. air masses, fronts, and associated weather 2. using weather maps to produce a weather forecast 3. using computers to produce a weather forecast 4. collecting site data to produce a weather forecast Wind Rotation Circular Ocean currents Wind Rotation Circular Ocean currents Pressure Air pressure center Data | |

Type: Unit Plan

Unit 3: Meteorology - Climate

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 11-8 to 11-30 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Students will learn about the Earth's climate, which includes discussion about molecular composition of the atmosphere, greenhouse gases, and climate change. | The uneven heating of Earth causes weather patterns and climate differences in different locations. Climate is affected by a variety of factors. Water takes longer to heat up and cool down. Mountains can block water from entering an area. Wind can carry water and heat to certain | Tome Projector Screen Lab Materials |
| Length of Unit 18 days | areas. The Earth is a constantly changing entity. Its various levels of systems change within themselves and between each other. The atmosphere is a closed system: what we have is generally what we will always have. The compositions have changed but the overall mass of oxygen, nitrogen, and other elements have not increased or decreased significantly after Earth developed a stable atmosphere/ lithosphere. Humans breathe oxygen and expel carbon dioxide. Trees breathe carbon dioxide and expel oxygen. Life is made of carbon. | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Type: Unit Plan

Standard 12B Know and apply concepts that describe how living things interact with each other and with their environment.

Ecology and Adaptation

Objective 12.11.31 Understand the causes of ecosystem disruptions: changes in climate, human activity, introduction of a nonnative species, changes in population size, sudden natural disasters.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.95 Understand that weather (over a short time) and climate (over a long time) result from the transfer of energy and water in and out of the atmosphere. Understand the effects on climate of latitude, elevation, topography (especially the presence of mountains and valleys), and proximity to large bodies of water, and cold or warm ocean currents.

Objective 12.11.96 Understand that Earth's climate has changed over time, corresponding to changes in Earth's geography, atmospheric composition, plate movement, and the cyclic changes in the orientation of Earth's axis of rotation and the shape of its orbit around the sun.

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|--|---|---|
| Objectives | Why is there a desert in Sudan and not in Chicago? | SWBAT describe different types of climate data with 80% |
| IOD.16-19.3 Find basic information in a brief body of text | Why is there a rainforest in Brazil and not in Sudan even though they are on the same latitude? | mastery. SWBAT explain why climates vary with 80% mastery. |
| | What is the difference between weather and climate? How has the Earth's geography changed over time? | SWBAT describe the criteria used to classify climates with 80% mastery. |
| | How has the Earth's atmosphere changed over time? How has the Earth's surface changed over time? | SWBAT compare and contrast different climates with 80% mastery. |
| | How has the Earth's movement and orientation in space | SWBAT distinguish among different types of climatic changes with 80% mastery. |
| | changed over time? What are we breathing? | SWBAT recognize why climatic changes occur with 80% mastery. |
| | How much oxygen are we actually breathing? What is the greenhouse effect and how does it affect us? | SWBAT compare and contrast weather and climate with 80% mastery. |
| | Why are our lives tied to healthy forests? | SWBAT distinguish among different types of climatic changes with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT recognize why climatic changes occur with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT identify how humans impact climate with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe the composition of the atmosphere with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT compare and contrast the various layers of the atmosphere with 80% mastery. |

Type: Unit Plan

SWBAT recognize that the atmosphere is an Earth resource with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the importance of clean air with 80% mastery.

SWBAT compare and contrast the greenhouse effect and global warming with 80% mastery.

SWBAT identify how humans impact climate with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the types and sources of air pollution with 80% mastery.

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|
| a.Insolation | Rain forest | |
| b.Geographic Factors | Desert | |
| c.The Water Cycle | Distribution | |
| d.Human Influence (global warming, heat island) | Bands | |
| Skills | Latitude | |
| Skills | Wind patterns | |
| Create graph of CO2 trends over time. | Ocean currents | |
| Record and Chart data points in a laboratory. | Mountain ranges | |
| record and orian data points in a laboratory. | Weather | |
| Read a map and make observations and connections | Climate | |
| between climate and geography. | Latitude | |
| Utilize various graphic organizers to explore and retain | Elevation | |

| information. | Topography | |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Write a structured response to higher level bloom's | Geography | |
| taxonomy questions. | Composition | |
| | Cyclic movement | |
| Assessment | Axis | |
| Unit Test | Orbit | |
| Weekly quiz | Gas | |
| Exit Slips | Oxygen | |
| Rubric | Nitrogen | |
| Project | Triu ogen | |
| Creative Exhibition | Mixture | |
| Graphs | Greenhouse | |
| Learning Strategies | Carbon dioxide | |
| Remember "wait time 1 &2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow | | |
| ups" Withhold judgementAsk for summary Survey the | | |
| class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask | | |
| students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue | | |
| student responses Positive framing | | |

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

Type: Unit Plan

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 12-1 to 1-14 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|---|--|---------------|
| Students will focus on the forces that cause changes in | Our planet is a system. This system has many parts. | Projector |
| our natural world. These forces provide the transition from | These parts work together to make the whole. Often | Screen |
| studying meteorology and astronomy to studying geology. | systems contain other systems and are parts in greater | Tome |
| | systems as well. You can evaluate an environment using | Lab materials |
| Length of Unit | observation and inference. | textbook |
| 23 days | About 97% of the hydrosphere is contained in the oceans. However, the second most likely place to find water is underground. If you drink spring water you are probably drinking water that has been underground for thousands of years. | |
| | A river is large natural stream of water flowing in a channel to the sea, a lake, or another such stream. | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.85 Understand that interactions among the solid earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and organisms have resulted in the ongoing transformation of the earth system. Understand that we can observe some changes (such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) on a human time-scale, but many processes (such as mountain building and plate movements) take place so sporadically or so slowly (over hundreds of millions of years) that we cannot observe them but only infer that they take place from other kinds of evidence.

Water

Objective 12.11.100 Understand that a water table marks the top of the zone of saturation of subsurface materials.

Objective 12.11.101 Understand at which places in a river or stream one is likely to find a build up of sediment. Understand why sediments of certain sizes build up in different

Type: Unit Plan

locations in a stream and how this can alter its course over time. Understand how these processes can, over the course of time, change the location of rivers and streams (e.g., meanders).

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|--|---|--|
| Objectives IOD.16-19.4 Determine how the value of one variable | How do the Earth, oceans, atmosphere, and organisms interact and cause changes in each other? | SWBAT differentiate among the four major branches of Earth science with 80% mastery. |
| | | |
| | | |

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| a.identifying signs of mechanical and chemical weathering | Weathering | |

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

Type: Unit Plan

a.identifying signs of mechanical and chemical weathering
b.soil formation and texture
c.soil conservation
d.streams and rivers as agents of change

Weathering
Erosion
Zone of saturation
Subsurface materials
Water table
Sediment
Meander
Skills
- Read a topographical map to analyze the flow of river
- Create a schematic of a cross-section of the Earth's crust

Assessment

Formative - CFUs

Summative - Test

Quizzes

Exit slips

Project rubric

Performance assessment --> lab

to show aquifers and water storage.

- Use lab tools to demonstrate stream load.

Strategies

Remember "wait time 1 &2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgementAsk for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing

Materials

Projector

Tomes

Screen

Bellringer sheets, pictures

Computer paper

Printer/Copier

Clipboard with student record matrix

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion
Type: Unit Plan

Volcanoes
Type: Unit Plan

Volcanoes

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1-31 to 3-4 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| What you will learn: | Earth and Space Science | 17 days |
| - How can volcanoes form and how can they be classified. | | |
| - How magma melts and crystallizes to form igneous | | |
| rocks. | | |
| - How igneous rocks are classified. | | |
| - How igneous rocks are used. | | |
| - | | |
| This unit is important because igneous rocks are the most | | |
| abundant rocks in the Earth's crust. Many important | | |
| mineral and metal deposits are associated with igneous | | |
| rock. In many parts of the world understanding the origin | | |
| of igneous rocks, volcanoes, is the difference between life | | |
| and death. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.83 Understand that geologic time can be estimated by observing rock sequences and using fossils to correlate the sequences at various locations. Understand that current methods include using the known decay rates of radioactive isotopes present in rocks to measure the time since the rock was formed.

Objective 12.11.85 Understand that interactions among the solid earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and organisms have resulted in the ongoing transformation of the earth system. Understand that we can observe some changes (such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) on a human time-scale, but many processes (such as mountain building and plate movements) take place so sporadically or so slowly (over hundreds of millions of years) that we cannot observe them but only infer that they take place from other kinds of evidence.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.89 Differentiate between the two main kinds of volcanoes: one kind with violent eruptions producing steep slopes and another kind with voluminous lava flows producing gentle slopes.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How do volcanoes form and how can you classify them? How can you explain magma melting and crystallizing to form igneous rocks? How can you classify igneous rocks? How do you use igneous rocks in your daily life? | Objectives IOD.16-19.4 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation SI.16-19.1 Understand the methods and tools used in a simple experiment IOD.20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | SWBAT: Describe the major parts of a volcano. Compare and contrast shield, cinder-cone, and composite volcanoes. Compare and contrast intrusive and extrusive igneous rocks. Describe the composition of magma. Discuss the factors that affect how rocks melt and crystallize. Classify different types and textures of igneous rocks. Recognize the effects of cooling rates on the grain size of igneous rocks. |
| 11.0 | | Describe some uses of igneous rocks. |
| ILS | | |
| See above | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Volcanoes | In order to demonstrate that they can | ✓ Formative |
| ·identification of igneous rocks | conduct a laboratory experiment | ▼ Summative |
| ·factors affecting volcanic eruptions | students will: | |
| ·matching the types of volcanoes with the type of eruption | ptadente wiii. | Multiple Choice |
| expected. | | ▼ Portfolio |
| ·intrusive igneous activity | | ▼ Project |
| | | |

Volcanoes Type: Unit Plan

| | 1. Follow a set of written procedures without asking for clarification from the teacher 2. Use a newly introduced piece of equipment (like a pH probe, hot plate, scalpel, spring scale | □ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer □ Constructed Response □ Creative Performance or Exhibition ✓ Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs ✓ Learning Contract |
|---|---|--|
| | or anything else that is used only occasionally) correctly after watching the teacher model its use 3. Record data in an organized way as they conduct the experiment | ✓ Matching ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task ☐ Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric ✓ Self Evaluation ✓ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | ▼ True/FalseCritical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2"Think-pair-shareAsk "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for summarySurvey the classAllow for student callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack" | Projector Tomes | Igneous Rock Lava |
| callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack their thinking"Cold Call100%Cue student | Screen | Extrusive Instrusive |

Volcanoes Type: Unit Plan

| responsesPositive framingNo opt out | Bellringer sheets, pictures | Instrusive |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Computer paper | Partial Melting |
| | | Fractional Crystallization |
| | Printer/Copier | Bowen's reaction series |
| | Clipboard with student record matrix | Felsic |
| | | Mafic |
| | | Ultramafic |
| | | Porphyritic |
| | | Vent |
| | | Crater |
| | | Caldera |
| | | Shield Volcano |
| | | Cinder-cone volcano |
| | | Composite volcano |

Weathering and Erosion Type: Unit Plan

Weathering and Erosion

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 3-8 to 3-31 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| What you'll learn: | Earth and Space Science | 23 days |
| - How sedimentary rocks are formed. | | |
| - How the process of weathering breaks down rocks and | | |
| how erosion transports weathered materials from one | | |
| place to another. | | |
| - How soil is formed. | | |
| | | |
| Why it's important: | | |
| Sedimentary rocks provide information about surface | | |
| conditions and organisms that existed in Earth's past. In | | |
| addition, mineral resources are found in sedimentary | | |
| rocks. Fundamentally, the processes of weathering and | | |
| erosion change Earth's landforms and form soil, an | | |
| important natural resource. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.82 Indicate that the earth's crust is made from mostly igneous and metamorphic materials and was formed as a result of partial melting of part of the mantle rock. Know that there is a thin layer of sedimentary rock on top in many places.

Objective 12.11.85 Understand that interactions among the solid earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and organisms have resulted in the ongoing transformation of the earth system. Understand that we can observe some changes (such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) on a human time-scale, but many processes (such as mountain building and plate movements) take place so sporadically or so slowly (over hundreds of millions of years) that we cannot observe them but only infer that they take place from other kinds of evidence.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.87 Identify the properties of rocks and minerals based on the physical and chemical conditions in which they are formed, including plate tectonic processes.

Objective 12.11.87 Identify the properties of rocks and minerals based on the physical and chemical conditions in which they are formed, including plate tectonic processes. Water

Objective 12.11.100 Understand that a water table marks the top of the zone of saturation of subsurface materials.

Objective 12.11.101 Understand at which places in a river or stream one is likely to find a build up of sediment. Understand why sediments of certain sizes build up in different locations in a stream and how this can alter its course over time. Understand how these processes can, over the course of time, change the location of rivers and streams (e.g., meanders).

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| Could you make a sedimentary rock? Can water move mountains? Where does soil (dirt) come from? | IOD.16-19.4 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation SI.16-19.1 Understand the methods and tools used in a simple experiment IOD.20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | Distinguish between weathering and erosion. Sequence the formation of sedimentary rocks. Expain the formation and classification of clastic sediments. Describe features of sedimentary rocks. Describe the types of clastic sedimentary rocks. Explain how chemical sedimentary rocks form. Describe organic sedimentary rocks. Recognize the importance of sedimentary rocks. Identify variables that affect the rate of weathering. Analyze the impact of living and nonliving processes of weathering and erosion. |
| ILS | | Describe the relationship of gravity to all agents of erosion. |
| See above | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Weathering and Erosion | Prepare | ▼ Formative |
| ·identification of sedimentary rocks | 7. Describe the potential environmental impact of their | ✓ Summative |
| identifying signs of mechanical and chemical weathering | experiment | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| -soil formation and texture | 4. Formulate a scientific hypothesis | ▼ Portfolio |
| -streams and rivers as agents of change. | Conduct | |
| glaciers as agents of change | 4 . Clean up their lab area when finished without specifically being asked by the teacher. | Project |
| wind as an agent of change | Analysis | Reflective Essay |
| | Create a graphical representation of the data they | Short Answer |
| | collected 2. Determine whether the data collected in their | Constructed Response |
| | experiment support or refute their hypothesis | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| | | ▼ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ☑ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ☑ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ▼ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |

Weathering and Erosion Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ✓ True/False Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|---|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier Clipboard with student record matrix | Sediment Clastic Deposition Lithification Cementation Bedding Graded bedding Cross-bedding Clastic sedimentary rock Porosity Evaporite Weathering Erosion Mechanical Weathering Frost Wedging Exfoliation Chemical Weathering Hydrolysis Oxidation Meander Stream Bank Stream Channel |

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 4-4 to 5-13 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|
| This unit will cover the final puzzle piece of the rock cycle, metamorphic rocks. We will discuss how metamorphic rocks are formed. We will review the rock cycle to provide evidence that Earth is a dynamic planet, constantly evolving and changing through processes like plate tectonics. | Earth and Space Science | 24 days |
| Understanding the theory of plate tectonics is important because interactions between the enormous slabs of Earth's crust and rigid upper mantle result in the formation of many of Earth's surface features, including volcanoes and some mountain ranges. Many earthquakes are also caused by plate movements. | | |
| Earthquakes are natural phenomena that can cause vast amounts of damage as well as many deaths. Understanding what causes earthquakes is essential to our being prepared for these natural disasters. | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.86 Identify the various features of the ocean floor which furnish evidence for plate tectonics: magnetic patterns, age, and topographical features.

Objective 12.11.87 Identify the properties of rocks and minerals based on the physical and chemical conditions in which they are formed, including plate tectonic processes.

Type: Unit Plan

Objective 12.11.88 Understand why earthquakes occur and how scales are used to measure their intensity and magnitude, specifically the Richter and Mercalli scales.

| Essential Question Could I ever see the earth change a rock change into a different kind of rock? What is the cause and effect of earthquakes? Will Earth always look like it does today? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives SI.20-23.2 Understand a simple experimental SI.20-23.3 Identify a control in an experiment | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT compare and contrast the different types and causes of metamorphism with 80% mastery. understand how rocks continuously change from one type to another with 80% mastery. describe how the earth's plates interact at plate boundaries. summarize how convection in the mantle is related to the movement of tectonic plates with 80% mastery. compare and contrast earthquake magnitude and intensity and the scales used to measure each with 80% mastery. summarize the evidence that led to the discovery of seafloor spreading with 80% mastery. |
|--|---|---|
| ILS See above | | explain the theory of plate tectonics with 80% mastery. |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--|
| What causes earthquakes and how they affect Earth's surface. How earthquakes and the destruction they cause are measured. What kind of evidence led to the acceptance that the | Summarize how they conducted the experiment Summarize the findings or results of the laboratory | ✓ Formative ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio |

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes

| seafloor and continents move. | | ▼ Project |
|--|-----------|---|
| How Earth's tectonic plate interact. | | Reflective Essay |
| What causes tectonic plates to move. | | Short Answer |
| How metamorphic rocks form. | | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| How rocks continuously change from one type to another in the rock cycle. | | ▼ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ✓ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2"Think-pair-shareAsk "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for summarySurvey the classAllow for student | Projector | Metamorphic rock Regional metamorphism |

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes

Type: Unit Plan

summarySurvey the classAllow for student callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack their thinking"Cold Call100%Cue student responsesPositive framingNo opt out

 Per IEPs: Scribe notes, allow choice to respond, read any written instructions, sequence instructions, give additional examples, ask student to summarize to check for understanding, continue to check for on task behavior through proximity, redirection and offering additional help. Tomes

Screen

Bellringer sheets, pictures

Computer paper

Printer/Copier

Clipboard with student record matrix

Foliated

Nonfoliated

Magnetometer

Paleomagnetism

Magnetic reversal

Isochron

Seafloor spreading

Theory of plate tectonics

Divergent boundary

Convergent boundary

Transform boundary

Fault

Primary wave

Secondary wave

Surface wave

focus epicenter

Seismometer

Magnitude

Richter scale

Modified Mercalli scale

Astronomy
Type: Unit Plan

Astronomy

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 5-16 to 6-3 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| We will also discuss the properties of our galaxy and the objects within our galaxy, like stars, black holes, planets, and comets. | Earth and Space Science | 14 days |
| The motions of the sun-Earth-Moon system affect Earth physically, as well as play an important role in our timekeeping system. | | |
| The sun is vital to life on Earth. To understand the sun, which is a star, it is necessary to understand how all stars function and evolve. Stars are also the building blocks of our galaxy and the source of most elements in the universe. | | |
| The study of galaxies and the structure of the universe helps scientists to better understand the origin of our solar system as well as Earth's origin. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12F Know and apply concepts that explain the composition and structure of the universe and Earth's place in it.

Objective 12.11.102 Understand and describe the physical characteristics of galaxies and the objects within galaxies (e.g., stars, pulsars, black holes, planets, comets, asteroids). Describe physical characteristics of the sun (e.g., corona, prominences, sunspots, solar flares), and know that solar events can cause phenomena such as auroras.

Objective 12.11.103 Analyze the life cycles of stars, and compare stars of different masses.

Objective 12.11.104 Know the theory that over 10 billion years ago the universe began in a huge expansion called the Big Bang. Understand that in this event, all matter, energy, space, and time were created as the universe expanded from a single point. Understand that one piece of evidence for this theory is the 3K background radiation.

Objective 12.11.105 Understand the Doppler effect with respect to light (red and blue shifts) and sound (e.g., the sound of an approaching train's whistle vs. the sound of the whistle moving away). Understand that astronomers use the Doppler shift to estimate the distance of objects millions and billions of light-years away.

Objective 12.11.106 Understand the effects of gravity within the solar system. Understand that the tides are caused by the gravitational interaction among the earth, moon, and sun.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|---|
| Why does it seem to me that the moon changes shape and color on different days of the year? Will our sun ever die? When do scientists say that our universe began? Are we alone in the universe? | Objectives SI.20-23.2 Understand a simple experimental SI.20-23.3 Identify a control in an experiment | SWBAT Identify the relative positions and motions of Earth, the Sun, and the Moon with 80% mastery. Describe the phases of the moon with 80% mastery. |
| | | Explain the eclipses of the moon with 80% mastery. understand and describe the physical characteristics of galaxies and the objects within galaxies (e.g., stars, pulsars, black holes, planets, comets, asteroids) with 80% mastery. describe how the sun will change during its lifetime and how it will end up with 80% mastery. |
| | | compare the evolutions of stars of different masses with 80% mastery. |
| ILS | - | Explain the different theories about the formation of the universe with 80% mastery. |
| See above | | |

| What you'll learn: - how to analyze the motions of the Sun, Earth, and the Moon What properties are used to observe and measure stars How stars change during their lives and what is left when they die What astronomers know about the origin and history of the universe. Analyze 3. Identify questions raised require further investigation 4. Describe sources of error Communicate Communicate 4. Write a complete lab report | ✓ Summative ☐ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project |
|--|--|
| | |
| | Constructed Response ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition ☐ Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs ✓ Learning Contract ☐ Matching ☐ Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task ☐ Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric |

Astronomy
Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | ☐ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ✓ True/False Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|--|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier Clipboard with student record matrix | Ecliptic Summer solstice Winter solstice Autumnal equinox Vernal equinox Synchronous rotation Solar eclipse lunar eclipse Tide Nebula Protostar Neutron star supernova Black hole Cosmology Big Bang theory Cosmic background radiation Inflationary universe Doppler Effect |

English 1: English Language and Inquiry

September

Struggle, Survival, and Perseverance

| | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Month Formative and Summative Assessments: 1. The Outsiders (Language) • Informal Observations • Quizzes on reading • 5 paragraph writing assignments on personal struggle • compare and contrast themes using Venn diagrams on TO and TMDG. • creation of a song or poem explaining the plot of TO. • reading journals that develop characters, plot, setting, theme 1. The Most Dangerous Game (Language) • Informal Obervations • Graffiti Maps on struggle • Quizzes on reading • 5 paragraph essay • design a comic book of the major events, characters, setting in TMDG • create a map of Shipwreck | Activities: Wordle for Jabberwocky Rough Drafts for 5 paragraph essays visual mapping of plot elements | Assessment Illinois Learning Standards: College Readiness Standards: Sentence Structure and Formation: • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. | Content & Resources What types of struggles do teenagers go through? What struggles does society put on us? How can you overcome life's struggles? Why is survival so important? What does perseverance really mean? How is Ponyboy a survivor? | Skills Concept or Big Ideas: Life is struggle and we must identify strategies in order to survive and persevere. Literature Content: Analysis of plot Development of setting Analysis of character Analysis of voice and theme Five paragraph essay Narrative writing Definitions of Struggle, Survival, and Perseverance English Content: Application of parts of speech Narrative Writing Verb tense Appropriate word choice Verb/pronoun agreement Key Terms: |
| Island | | | | • plot |

| 25. 0 | T 410 4 | | G | GI III |
|---|---------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Critique of the ending on TMDG. Jabberwocky and Parts of Speech (English) identify "gibberish" words and what part of speech they are. replace the gibberish words with real words in the correct part of speech create your own -wocky poem English Content (CRS) Sample Explore and Plan reading passages | Essential Questions | Onventions of Usage: 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and superlative adjectives. Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation: Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | Content & Resources | Skills • setting • theme • voice • theme • perseverance |

October

Vocabulary Lists #1 and #2

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| Month Formative and Summative Assessments: • picture definitions and oral quizzing • vocab detective slips • List tests | Essential Questions Activities: sentence creation paragraph/story creation word maps visual thesaurus wordle quizlet | Sentence Structure and Formation: • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. Conventions of Usage: | Content & Resources How can we use these words in our everyday lives? Where do you see these words daily? What types of relationships do you see with these words? | Concept or Big Idea: What do these words mean and what do their meanings look like? Content: • determination of the POS • usage of words in sentences • visualization of word meanings Key Terms: 1. List #1 • grotesque • dumbfounded • feline • brutal • obese • gawk • annual • bicker • waiver • blunder • tyrant • toxic |
| | | | | 1. List #2 |
| | | 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused | | dictatorfragile |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| | | pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. • 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and superlative adjectives. • Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation: • Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | | glutton intoxicated irate omen palatial prompt soothe swagger vast vivid |

November

Vocabulary Lists #3 & #4

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| Formative and Summative | Activities: | S | How can we use these words | Concept or Big Idea: |
| Assessments: | | | in our everyday lives? | What do these words mean and |
| | | Sentence Structure and | | what do their meanings look like? |
| picture definitions and oral quizzing | sentence creationparagraph/story creation | Formation: | Where do you see these words daily? | Content: |
| vocab detective slipsList tests | word mapsvisual thesauruswordle | • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between | What types of relationships do you see with these words? | determination of the POS |

| Manth | Fagon4:-1 04: | Aggregation | Contout & D | CL:II. |
|-------|---------------|---|---------------------|---|
| Month | • quizlet | simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. Conventions of Usage: | Content & Resources | Skills usage of words in sentences visualization of word meanings Key Terms: 1. List #3 1. List #4 |
| | | 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | superlative adjectives. Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. | | |
| | | Conventions of Punctuation: | | |
| | | Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | | |

December

Forgiveness and Gratitude

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Thank You Ma'am Oral reading of text Plot storyboard Thank you letter to Mrs. Jones Letter to Roger Response to African Proverb "It Takes a Village" Character sketches Gift of the Magi Oral reading of text Plot storyboard Description of Della and | Oral read alouds Concept mapping vocabulary definitions/examples Adapted reader Visual representations in pictures/videos | College Readiness Standards: Organization, Unity, and Coherence • 403: Add a sentence that introduces a simple paragraph. • 503: Add a sentence to introduce or conclude the essay to provide a transition between paragraphs when the essay is fairly straightforward. | What are "forgiveness" and "gratitude"? How do we show thanks for the things we have? Why is it important to forgive? What is the importance of a gift? What's better, "to give" or "to receive"? | Analysis of plot Development of setting Analysis of character Analysis of voice and theme Analysis of Irony and ambuiguity Five paragraph essay Narrative writing Expository writing Definitions of Forgiveness and Gratitude`1 English Content: |
| James' relationship and | | Word Choice in terms of style, | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|
| love for each other Socratic Seminar in response to the theme of "Magi" 1. A Christmas Memory Oral reading of text Character Analysis of Buddy and his Cousin | | 202:Revise vague nouns and pronouns that create obvious logic problems. 403:Determine the clearest and most logical conjunction to link clauses. | | Application of parts of speech Narrative Writing Verb tense Appropriate word choice Verb/pronoun agreement |
| Holiday traditions | | Sentence Structure and | | Key Terms: |
| journaling | | 201:Use conjunctions or punctuation to join simple clauses. 301:Determine the need for punctuation and conjunctions to avoid awkward-sounding sentence fragments and fused sentences. 502:Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. | | plot setting theme voice theme gratitude and forgiveness |
| | | 302:Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 501:Ensure that a pronoun | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | agrees with its antecedent when the two occur in separate clauses or sentences. • 402:Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation • 503:Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | 201:Delete commas that create basic sense problems (e.g. between verb and direct object). 301:Provide appropriate punctuation in straightforward situations (e.g. items in a series). 302:Delete commas that disturb the sentence flow (e.g. between modifier and modified element). 401:Use commas to set off simple parenthetical phrases. 402:Delete unnecessary commas when an incorrect reading of the sentence suggests a pause that should be punctuated (e.g. | | |
| | | between verb and direct object clause | | |

Vocabulary Lists #5 & #6

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Formative and Summative Assessments: | sentence creation paragraph/story creation word maps visual thesaurus wordle quizlet | Sentence Structure and Formation: • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. Conventions of Usage: • 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused | How can we use these words in our everyday lives? Where do you see these words daily? What types of relationships do you see with these words? | Concept or Big Idea: What do these words mean and what do their meanings look like? Content: • determination of the POS • usage of words in sentences • visualization of word meanings Key Terms: 1. List #5 1. List #6 |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. • 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and superlative adjectives. • Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation: • Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | | |

January

Latin and Greek roots and Goal Setting

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| Greek/Latin root charts. Root word superheroes Greek/Latin root word comic strips quiz test | graphic organizers collaborative grouping story writing | College Readiness Standards: Organization, Unity, and Coherence 403: Add a sentence that introduces a simple paragraph. | What root words are common in the English language and how can we use them effectively. What goals do you have for the new year? | All Latin and Greek roots Goal setting strategies 5 paragraph essays plot and story writing. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------|
| the new year list of personal goals for the new year word collage | | 503: Add a sentence to introduce or conclude the essay to provide a transition between paragraphs when the essay is fairly straightforward. Word Choice in terms of style, tone, clarity and economy | | |
| | | 202:Revise vague nouns and pronouns that create obvious logic problems. 403:Determine the clearest and most logical conjunction to link clauses. | | |
| | | Sentence Structure and Formation | | |
| | | 201:Use conjunctions or punctuation to join simple clauses. 301:Determine the need for punctuation and conjunctions to avoid awkward-sounding sentence fragments and fused sentences. 502:Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. | | |
| | | Conventions of Usage | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | 302:Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 501:Ensure that a pronoun agrees with its antecedent when the two occur in separate clauses or sentences. 402:Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. | | |
| | | Conventions of Punctuation | | |
| | | 503:Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. 201:Delete commas that create basic sense problems (e.g. between verb and direct object). 301:Provide appropriate punctuation in straightforward situations (e.g. items in a series). 302:Delete commas that disturb the sentence flow (e.g. between modifier and modified element). 401:Use commas to set off simple parenthetical phrases. | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | 402:Delete unnecessary commas when an incorrect reading of the sentence suggests a pause that should be punctuated (e.g. between verb and direct object clause | | |

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry Type: Unit Plan

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|
| 2-7 to 4-1 | English 1: English Language and Inquiry | Period 2, Period 5, Period 8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------------------|------------------|
| Students will honor African-American History month with a | Survey of Literature | 6 week long unit |
| unit that focuses on the Harlem Renaissance and | | |
| prominent African American poets and authors. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

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Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

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Strand W Writing

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W.CCR.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

Type: Unit Plan

investigation.

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

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| College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives |
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| | relationships and nuances in word |
| | meanings. |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|--------------------|
| Various poems by Langston Hughes, Countee Cullen, Zora Neal Hurston, as well as more modern day African- | Critical thinking skills Creative writing skills | ☐ Formative |
| American poets. | Literary elements | ✓ Summative |

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry Type: Unit Plan

| | ☐ Multiple Choice |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| | ✓ Portfolio |
| | ✓ Project |
| | Reflective Essay |
| | ☐ Short Answer |
| | Constructed Response |
| | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | ☐ Essay |
| | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Learning Contract |
| | ☐ Matching |
| | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | Observation Checklist |
| | Performance Assessment |
| | Performance Task |
| | ☐ Portfolio |
| | Quiz |
| | ☐ Rubric |
| | Self Evaluation |
| | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | ☐ True/False |

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| note taking | Various poems and visual media | |
| small group instruction | | |
| project creation | | |
| modeling | | |

Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet Type: Unit Plan

Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|
| 4-4 to 6-17 | English 1: English Language and Inquiry | Period 2, Period 5, Period 8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Students will study Shakespeare's sonnets and the drama | Survey of Literature | Unit will last 10-11 weeks |
| of Romeo &Juliet. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

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Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet

Type: Unit Plan

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| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|------------|--|
| How do Shakespeare's poems and dramas endure over | Objectives | SWBAT analyze Shakespeare's sonnets for style, |

Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet

Type: Unit Plan

time?

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Craft and Structure

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SWBAT analyze Romeo &Juliet and compare its themes to modern day events.

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Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---------|---|------------------------------------|
| | Critical thinking skills Analytical language skills | Formative |
| | Poetic structure skills | ▼ Summative |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |

Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet

Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Small group instruction | Textbook with Sonnets and drama of R&J | |
| Think Pair Share | Various supporting texts. | |
| visual media | | |
| audio media | | |
| socratic discussion | | |
| | | |

English II:American Literature

September

The American Dream

| Month Essential Questions Assessment Content & Resources Skills |
|---|
| •The Writing Process |

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October

The Power of Words

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Daily writing assignments | <u>§</u> | How do you make people believe you? | In order to be persuasive one must have a focused idea and |
| Formative Assessments Observations | Socratic Discussions | 502-Delete material primarily because it disturbs the flow and | What strategies can you use to | develop it by using strong supporting evidence. |
| Discussions | Modeling | development of a paragraph | effectively persuade other people? | Topic Development |
| | State your position activity | 502-Identify and correct | people: | |
| Exit slips | Persusasive graphic organizer | ambiguous pronoun references. | | Organization, unity and coherence |
| Summative Assessments Completeion of a five paragraph | Persuasive outline | 501-Revise a phrase that is redundant in terms of the | | Word choice in terms of style, |
| essay | Gallery walk | meaning and logic of the entire sentence. | | tone and economy |
| | Ganery wark | | | Sentence structure and formation |
| | | 601-Use sentence-combining techniques effectively avoiding | | Conventions of usage |
| | | problematic comma splices, run- on sentences, and sentence | | Conventions of punctuation |
| | | fragments, especially in sentences containing compound subjects or | | - |
| | | verbs. | | |
| | | 603-Use an apostrophe to show | | |
| | | possession, especially with irregular plural nouns. | | |
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English II:American Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
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November

Choices

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Formative Assessments | Group work | Reading | What strategies can I use to | The choices that you make as a |
| | | 501(Main Idea)-Infer the main | make good choices? | teen will influence the rest of |
| Journal activities | Identify main idea using a | idea or purpose of | | your life. |
| | highlighter | straightforward paragraphs in | How do the choices I make | |
| Higher order thinking questions | | more challenging passages | affect me? | To determine author's purpose |
| | Individual reading | | | we look for main idea and |
| Discussions | | 502(Main Idea)-Infer the main | How does the author's purpose | supporting details |
| | Higher-order thinking questions | idea or purpose of | help us understand the text? | |
| Write a diary for one of the | | straightforward paragraphs in | | Characterization |
| characters | Journal activities | more challenging passages | | Main Idea |
| | | | | Supporting Details |
| Design a movie poster for one of | Reader's response | 601(Supporting Details)Locate | | Author's Purpose |
| the stories | | and interpret minor or subtly | | |
| | Draw a series of pictures | stated details in uncomplicated | | |
| Write a one page "pitch" to a | illustrating the story or main | passages | | |
| producer explaining why the story | events of the story | | | Key Terms |
| would or would not make a great | | 501(MOV)Use context to | | Inference |
| movie. | Write a diary for one of the | determine the appropriate | | Main Idea |

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English II:American Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Summative Asessment I will give students various choices and they can choose which one they want to do for their summative assessment • Draw a series of pictures illustrating the story or main events of the story • Draw a timeline for major events in the story • Create an individual or class collage around themes or characters in the book. • Movie previews always offer a quick sequence of the best moments that make us want to watch it — storyboard or narrate the scenes for your trailer. Focus on verbs. • Create a collage around themes or characters in the book. | characters Design a movie poster for one of the stories Draw a timeline for major events in the story Various anchoring activities for differentiated instruction Write a one page "pitch" to a producer explaining why the story would or would not make a great movie. Students gather in groups to discuss the text and then report out to the class for full-class discussion. Create an individual or class collage around themes or characters in the book. Movie previews always offer a quick sequence of the best moments that make us want to watch it – storyboard or narrate the scenes for your trailer. Focus on verbs. Create a collage around themes or characters in the book. | meaning of virtually any word, phrase, or statement in uncomplicated passages Writing 301 (Topic Development)- Identify the basic purpose or role of a specified phrase or sentence | | Supporting Details Interpretation |

December

Who Am I?

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS | •Class Discussions | Draw generalizations and conclusions about people, ideas | 1. Who are we? | •Prewriting |
| •Class Discussions | •Read excerpts from various autobiographies and biographies | and so on in more challenging passages | 2. Who would we like to be? | •Brainstorming |
| •Quizzes | •Write various short essays about | Identify the basic purpose or role | 3. How do we discover who we are? | •Revising |
| •Writing Workshops | certain aspects of their life | of a specified phrase or sentence | 4. To what extent does our past | •Editing |
| •Grammar Assignments | •Research a role model | Revise a phrase that is redundant in terms of the meaning and logic | influence the way we are today? | •Autobiography |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT | •Oral presentation | of the entire sentence | | •Biography |
| •Final Autobiography Project | •Mini lesson on combining sentences (Language Network) | Use sentence-combining techniques effectively avoiding problematic comma splices, run- | | |
| | •Mini lesson on revising redundant phrases | on sentences, and sentence fragments, especially in | | |
| | •Mini lesson on using | sentences containing compound subjects or verbs. | | |
| | apostrophes to show possession | Identify the correct past and past | | |
| | •Mini lesson on past and past participle forms | participle forms of irregular and infrequently used verbs and form present-perfect verbs by using | | |
| | | have rather than of. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Use an apostrophe to show possession, especially with irregular plural nouns. | | |
| | | meguiai piurai nouns. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

JanuaryBeauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| Quizzes | Journal entries | <u>\$</u> | What are the common poetic devices? | Couplet |
| Test | Grammar worksheets | Benchmark 1.C.4b Explain and justify an interpretation of a text | | Haiku |
| Poetry definition | Reader's response | Benchmark 1.C.4d Summarize | What are the different types of poems? | Free Verse |
| Exit slips | Gallery walk | and make generalizations from content and relate them to the | poomo: | Stanza |
| Observations | Brave New Voices Video | purpose of the material. | What is the difference between | Rhyme |
| Class poem | Poetry scavenger hunt | Benchmark 1.C.4e Analyze how authors and illustrators use text | poetry and prose? | Sonnet |
| Final poetry project | Oral Presentation | and art to express and emphasize | Why do poets "talk in code" or | Alliteration |
| | Various poetry assignments | their ideas (e.g., imagery, multiple points of view). | have a | Simile |
| | | Benchmark 2.A.4a Analyze and | What is the purpose of reading or writing poetry? | Metaphor |
| | | evaluate the effective use of literary techniques (e.g., | . What defines a piece of writing | Personification |
| | | figurative language, allusion, dialogue, description, symbolism, | as poetry? | Onomatopoeia |
| | | word choice, dialect) in classic and contemporary literature | Is there a right or wrong way to interpret poetry? | |
| | | representing a variety of forms and media. | How can I interpret and explain the complex language of poetry? | |
| | | | | |

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder Type: Unit Plan

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 1-24 to 3-4 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------------------|----------------|
| In this unit students will learn about the elements of poetry | American Literature | 4 Weeks |
| while analyzing poems. Students will gain a greater | | |
| appreciation for the art of poetry. This unit will require | | |
| students to read various poems by a variety of authors as | | |
| well as write their own poems. Students will be | | |
| responsible for completeing a several assignments and | | |
| poetry readings within this unit. This unit will also contain | | |
| a few mini grammar lessons. There will be a cumulutive | | |
| project at the end of this unit that will allow students to | | |
| demonstrate their understanding of various poetic devices | | |
| while using the analytical skills they have gained to | | |
| compose their own poems. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

| Essential Question What is the purpose of reading or writing poetry? What defines a piece of writing as poetry? What are the common poetic devices? Is there a right or wrong way to interpret poetry? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Standards are Above | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Identify historically significant poets and compare the form and devices used. Literary Response and Analysis - Students read and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature that reflect and enhance history and social science. They clarify the ideas and connect them to other literary works. Analyze the use of rhetorical devices |
|--|--|--|
| ILS Standards are Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Chicago by Carl Sandburg | Uses poetic devices and figurative language to add | ✓ Formative |
| AdolescenceIII by Rita Dove | complexity and connotative meaning to the poem | ☐ Summative |
| To My Dear and Loving Husband by Anne Bradstreet | Exhibits higher level thinking and originality | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Lines the Durning of My House by Anna Dradetract | | ✓ Portfolio |
| Upon the Burning of My House by Anne Bradstreet | Uses precise, concrete and active word choice to create | ✓ Project |
| Langston Hughes | mood/tone | Reflective Essay |
| | Hann various contained attrustures to exact flow and | ✓ Short Answer |
| | Uses various sentence structures to create flow and pacing | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | |

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder Type: Unit Plan

| | Utilizes sensory detail writing and figurative language to add color and vivacity to writing Self-monitors and self-corrects grammar and writing conventions | ☐ Essay ☐ Fill in the Blank ☐ Graphic Organizer ☐ Journal and Learning Logs ☐ Learning Contract ☐ Matching ☐ Multiple Choice ☐ Observation Checklist ☐ Performance Assessment ☐ Performance Task ☐ Portfolio ☐ Quiz ☐ Rubric ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| | | ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Journal Entries | Poetry Worksheets | Couplet |
| Grammar Worksheets | | |
| Reader's Response | Brave New Voices Video | Haiku |
| Gallery Walk | Grammar Worksheets | Free Verse |
| Brave New Voices Video | | |
| Poetry Scavenger Hunt | Jeopardy Poetry Game | Stanza |
| Oral Presentation | | Rhyme |
| Various Poetry Assignments | | |

Type: Unit Plan

Sonnet

Alliteration

Simile

Metaphor

Personification

Onomatopoeia

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

Choices
Type: Unit Plan

Choices

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 2-28 to 3-25 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------------------|----------------|
| It is important that students are exposed to many different aspects of writing. The short story is a very manageable segment of writing. This unit gives students a chance to cultivate writing skills in a creative way. This unit also enhances students' analytical skills by identifying the various elements contained within the short story. Students will read short stories that are centered on the choices that teens are sometimes forced to make. | American Literature | 4 Weeks |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Choices

Type: Unit Plan

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.9-10.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.9-10.2.a Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| What strategies can I use to make good choices? | Objectives Standards Are Above | By the end of this unit students will have: |
| How do the choices I make affect me? | | Been exposed to the elements of the short story. |
| How does the author's purpose help us understand the text? | | Further developed functional writing skills in accordance with their ability. |
| | | Read a selection of short stories. |
| | | Had experience in creatively writing a short story. |

| | An understanding of how the choices they make as teens will inevitably affect their future |
|---------------------|--|
| ILS | |
| Standards are Above | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| The choices that you make as a teen will influence the rest | Evaluate mainidea for author's purpose | ✓ Formative |
| of your life. | Identify author's purpose in a short story | ✓ Summative |
| To determine author's purpose we look for main idea and supporting details | Analyze elements of a short story to identify theme | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Characterization | Compose a short story that includes most of the short | ☐ Portfolio |
| Main Idea | story element | ✓ Project |
| Supporting Details | | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| Author's Purpose | | ✓ Short Answer |
| Key Terms | | SHOIL Allswei |
| Inference | | Constructed Response |
| Main Idea Supporting Details | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| Interpretation | | □ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☑ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | |

| | | Performance Assessment |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| | | |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Group Work | Short Stories | Exposition |
| Identify Main Idea using a Highlighter | Quizzes | Plot |
| Individual Reading | QuiZZC3 | 1100 |
| Journal Activities | Journals | Rising Action |
| Reader's Response | Assistance and /Decise 4 Opticalities | Oliveran |
| Draw a series of pictures illustrating the story or main events of the story | Assignment/Project Guidelines | Climax |
| Write a diary for one of the chracters | Assignment/Project Rubric | Falling Action |
| Design a movie poster for one of the stories | Art Supplies | Resolution |
| Design a timeline for major events in the story | | |
| Write a one page to a producer explaining why the story would or would not make a great movie | | Characterization |
| Students gather in groups to discuss the text and then report to the class for full class discussion | | Point of View Theme |
| Create an individual or class collage around themes or characters in the story | | |
| Movie previews always offer a quick sequence of the best moments that make us want to watch it – storyboard or narrate the scenes for your trailer. Focus on verbs. | | |
| Create a collage around themes or characters in the book. | | |

Character Education/Composition
Type: Unit Plan

Character Education/Composition

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 3-28 to 4-15 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 | |
| Teachers: | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------------------|----------------|
| This unit prepares students tio utilize information that is presented in various types of nonfiction material. | American Literature | Three Weeks |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard R.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Character Education/Composition

Type: Unit Plan

speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

| Essential Question How does the selection and use of information lead to better understanding and broader perspectives on a variety of issues? What are the characteristics and purpose of non-fiction? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Standards are Above | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Identify and explain several non-fiction genres Identify the 5 w's (who, what, when, where, why) within non-fiction texts |
|---|--|---|
| ILS | | |
| Standards are Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Nonfiction | Identify and analyze literary elements | ▼ Formative |
| Informational text | Write responses that contain support | ▼ Summative |
| inomatorial text | Analyze plot and complete a Freytag diagram | |
| Biography/Autobiography | Distinguish between fact and fiction | Multiple Choice |
| Reference text | Use reading strategies before, during and after reading to | Portfolio |
| | improve comprehension | ✓ Project |
| How to/Procedural text | Recognize and describe patterns in writing. Revise predictions based on what you read | Reflective Essay |
| | Make connections—text-to-text, text-to-self, text to world | Short Answer |
| | Identify and apply FAT-P (form, audience, topic, purpose) | |
| | during the prewriting stage. | Constructed Response |
| | Write an effective introductory paragraph for a variety of | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | purposes and audiences | ▼ Essay |
| | Identify and analyze indirect and direct character traits | Fill in the Blank |
| | Use text features to locate information quickly and with | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | ease Identify and explain author's tone | |
| | Apply vocabulary in context | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Apply vocabulary in context | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ▼ Observation Checklist |
| | | ☐ Performance Assessment |
| | | ☐ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | |

Character Education/Composition

Type: Unit Plan

| | | Rubric Self Evaluation Structured Interview Textbook/Workbook Problems True/False |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Review/Check for prior knowledge | The Language of Literature | Predict |
| Direct instruction | *Stride Toward Freedom by Martin Luther King (Pg. 300) | Verify |
| Guided Practice | *Protect Ourselves by Malcolm X (Pg. 305) | Support |
| Independent practice | Informational articles | Revise |
| Modeling | | |
| Group/individual instruction | Magazines | Fact |
| Bloom's questioning | Newspapers | Opinion |
| Graphic organizers | | Claim |
| Cooperative learning | | Distinguish |
| Critiquing activities | | Prove |

Novel

Type: Unit Plan

Novel

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 4-25 to 5-27 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------------------|----------------|
| The Bluest Eye explores the devastating effects of the | American Literature | 4 Weeks |
| cyclical nature of racism. This novel needs to be taught in | | |
| order for students to understand how literature relates to | | |
| their lives. The connection between the pages of the | | |
| novel into their own world can only be made with the | | |
| emotional and incredibly moving scenes that have been | | |
| challenged. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| How do we determine beauty? What is beauty? How are people treated based on their appearance? Why do we treat people differently? Why do we tell stories? | Objectives Standards Are Above | How standards of beauty and acceptance are determined on our society. The plot and characters of <i>The Bluest Eye</i> . |
| What heroism can be found in acceptance? LS W/A | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|-----------------|
| Literal and inferential comprehension. | Evaluate media messages and create a public policy to address a society issue. | Formative |
| Point of view | Analyze the effect of beauty and acceptance in our | ✓ Summative |
| Tone | culture. | Multiple Choice |
| Figurative language | Synthesize ideas from various sources to create a position paper. | Portfolio |

| Figurative language | | ▼ Project |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Plot | | Reflective Essay |
| Drawing conclusions | | ☐ Short Answer |
| Grammar and mechanics of standard American English | | Constructed Response |
| - | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| The Writing Process | | ▼ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Bloom's Taxonomy | The Bluest Eye Novel | The Bluest Eye V ocabulary |
| | | |

Novel

Type: Unit Plan

| Socratic Questioning | Discussion Questions | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Chunk-Chew-Check For Understanding | | |
| Think-Pair-share | Assignment Handouts | |
| No opt out | | |

Expository Essay Type: Unit Plan

Expository Essay

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 5-30 to 6-10 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 | |
| Teachers: | | | |
| | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------------------|----------------|
| This unit will prepare students for writing college essays. | American Literature | Two Weeks |
| They will be expected to choose a topic and write an | | |
| expository essay on it. This unit will be centered on the | | |
| writing process. We will use the Step Up To Writing | | |
| Program as tool. In addition, students will be required to | | |
| type their essay. They will recieve a rubric that | | |
| outlines ech requirement. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.9-10.2.a Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics

(e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

W.9-10.2.b Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

W.9-10.2.c Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

W.9-10.2.f Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Grade Level Standard L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

| Essential Question How do I remain objective when writing an expository essay? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Standards are Above | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings To guide students through the process of composing a five paragraph expository essay. |
|---|--|---|
| How can I incorporate correct grammar conventons in my writing? | | To give students the basic skeleton of an essay with an understanding that they will add to and individualize this structure as they become more developed writers. |
| | | To take students through the writing process of brainstorming, drafting, editing, and finalizing. |
| | | To teach students how to form an introduction, thesis statement, supporting paragraphs, and a conclusion. To teach them how to transition between paragraphs. |
| ILS | | To todal trom fow to transfall between paragraphs. |
| Standards are Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--------------|--|--------------------|
| Introduction | Write to express a viewpoint | ☑ Formative |
| Thesis | Synthesize ideas from different sources Utilize transitions to connect ideas and paragraphs | ✓ Summative |

Expository Essay
Type: Unit Plan

| Support for position | Use correct grammar, spelling, punctuation, capitalization and structure | Multiple Choice |
|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Evidence/Examples | | Portfolio |
| Conclusion | Organize ideas with unity and coherence | ✓ Project |
| | Develop ideas with supporting details | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | \square Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |

Expository Essay
Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Direct instruction | Step Up To Writing Tools | Thesis statement |
| Investigate/Observe | | |
| Modeling | Essay topics | Introduction |
| Guided Practice | Rubric | introduction |
| Independent Practice | | |
| Utilize Graphic Organizers | Technology | Main points |
| Step UP To Writing Program | | |
| | | Conclusion |

English IV: World Literature

September

Meeting the Challenge

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Expository Wring | Find main ideas and supporting details | How are the pursuits of individual goals influenced by a | Concept: Reading a short story |
| Writer's Notebook | Journal prompts | Write focused paragraphs | larger cultura context? | Short stories expository writing |
| iterary Focus | Characterization | Punctuate quotations from | | Things Fall Apart |
| Ocabulary Study | Research | literature | | |
| | Concept Maps | Analyze cause and effect | | Master Haroldand the Boys |
| | | Illinois Learning Standards: | | "Telephone Conversations" |
| | | Tilliois Learning Standards. | | |
| | | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature | | |
| | | representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | |
| | | societies, eras, a lacas | | |
| | | State standard 3: write to | | |
| | | communicate for a variety of purposes | | Key Terms: Expository |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak | | Plot Setting |
| | | effectively in a variety of situations | | Theme Characters |
| | | State standard 5: use the | | Pt. of View Proverbs |
| | | language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | TIOVETUS |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
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English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect column 4- meanings of words column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | Writing: column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |

October

Trying to Beat the Odds

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Month Expressing Your Ideas Writer's Notebook Literary Focus Vocabulary Study | Essential Questions Expository Wring Journal prompts Characterization Research Concept Maps | Assessment Find main ideas and supporting details Write focused paragraphs Punctuate quotations from literature Analyze cause and effect Illinois Learning Standards: State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | Content & Resources How can individuals succeed through their wits or by sheer luck to beat the odds? | Skills Concept: Reading a short story Short sories Persuasive writing Like Water for Chocolate or work by Isabel Allende "The Handsomest Drown Man in the World" Gabriel Garcia Marquez poems using both Octavio Paz and Pablo Neruda |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information College Readiness Standards: | | Key Terms: Plot Setting Flashback Mood Conflict Symbolism |
| | | | | |
| | | English: | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect | | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | Writing: | | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |
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November

Dealing with Consequences

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Expository Wring | Find main ideas and supporting | What examples in literature | Concept: Reading a short |
| Writer's Notebook | Journal prompts | details | illustrate that people act without considering the consequences? | story |
| | | Write focused paragraphs | | short stories |
| Literary Focus | Characterization | Punctuate quotations from | | poems expository witing |
| Vocabulary Study | Research | literature | | expository withing |
| | Concept Maps | Analyze cause and effect | | selections from |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Illinois Learning Standards: | | |

English IV: World Literature

| 3.6 | T (110 (1 | | G | CI III |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | Essential Questions | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes | Content & Resources | Epic of Gilgamesh Life of Pi Teacher's Choice of Hebrew lit: Flood Story, "Book of Ruth," "Book of Job," or "David and Goliath" Key Terms: Irony Mood |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | Conflict Inference |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, | | |
| | | comparisons, cause/effect column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | Writing: | | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position | | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |
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December

Making Judgements

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Write realistic dialogue | Use parallel structure | How are our lives at the mercy of those who judge us? | Concept: Reading a play |
| Writer's Notebook | Analyze timelines | Correct use of adjectives and adverbs | , , | Plays Essays |
| Literary Focus | Expository Wring | Explore stereotypes | | Narrative Writings Short Stories |
| Vocabulary Study | Journal prompts | | | "Twelve Angry Men" |
| | Characterization | Illinois Learning Standards: | | "The Aneid" |
| | Research | | | Key Terms: |
| | Concept Maps | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | Protagonist Antagonist |
| | | State standard 2: read and | | Allusion Personify |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------|
| | | understand literature | | Interactions |
| | | representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | |
| | | | | |
| | | State standard 3: write to | | |
| | | communicate for a variety of purposes | | |
| | | | | |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | | effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | | State standard 5: use the | | |
| | | language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | |
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| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, | | |
| | | and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, | | |
| | | tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | | | |
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| | | column 4 – sentences structure | | |

English IV: World Literature

| | | | | a |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
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| | | Reading: | | |
| | | column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, | | |
| | | comparisons, cause/effect | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and | | |
| | | conclusions | | |
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| | | Writing: | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position | | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | column 5- using language | | |
| | | | | |
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JanuaryBeneath the Surface

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Write realistic dialogue | Use parallel structure | Do you rely on first impressions or base judgement on second | Concept: Reading a play |
| Writer's Notebook | Analyze timelines | Correct use of adjectives and adverbs | thoughts? | plays short stories |
| Literary Focus | Expository Wring | Explore stereotypes | | essays poems |
| Vocabulary Study | Journal prompts | Explore stereotypes | | poems |
| | Characterization | Illinois Learning Standards: | | Key Terms: Type Casting |
| | Research | State standard 1: read with | | Farce Tone |
| | Concept Maps | understanding and fluency | | Plot (conflict, climax, resolution) Puns |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | Narrator Foreshadowing |
| | | State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes | | |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | | State standard 5: use the | | |

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English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | |
| | | | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
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English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect column 4- meanings of words column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | Writing: column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |

Latino Literature Type: Unit Plan

Latino Literature

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|
| 1-3 to 2-7 | English IV: World Literature | World Literature | |
| Teachers: | | | |
| | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| Through Hispanic literature, students have an opportunity | World Literature | 4 weeks |
| to discover how others have resolved conflicts, internal | | |
| and external, and to evaluate the impact of personal | | |
| decisions. The lessons incorporate real-life conflicts facing | | |
| adolescents today. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard R.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or

Latino Literature Type: Unit Plan

speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

| Essential Question Does your neighborhood define you? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Identify and make predictions about characters |
|--|---|---|
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Novel- House on Mango Street | Identify and respond to literary elements | ☐ Formative |
| | Write focused paragraphs | ☐ Summative |
| | Punctuate quotations from literature | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | Analyze themes | Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | Make predictions | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| | | ✓ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |

| Latino Literature | |
|-------------------|--|
| Type: Unit Plan | |

| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | □ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| positive framing | Novel- House on Mango Street | criticism |
| what to do | Graphic Organizers | interpretation |
| • Q.A.R. | | memoir |
| • 100% | | vignette |

African-American Women in Literature Type: Unit Plan

African-American Women in Literature

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| 2-1 to 2-28 | English IV: World Literature | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| The purpose of this unit will be not only to show the viewpoints of women in history but specifically African American women throughout the history of the United States. By looking at the varying issues of these minority women and exploring the social and historical context in which they wrote, the student will be able to gain an intricate understanding of not only of different genres of literature but also of the emotional and social implications of the written text. By deeply examining the text and its cultural context, the students will learn to better analyze future texts. In this unit, the student will also be discussing the texts through written and oral arguments in order to explore their own beliefs and thoughts about the struggles and arguments of the women we are discussing. | World Literature | Four Weeks |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Strand W Writing

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

Type: Unit Plan

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.a Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.11-12.2.d Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

| Essential Question What is your everyday life like as an American? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Communicates effectively through printed, visual, and auditor media in the home, school and community. Thinks analytically and creatively about important themes, concepts and ideas. Uses the English language arts to identify and solve problems Uses the English language arts to understand and appreciate the commonalities and differences in social and cultural communities. |
|---|---|---|
|---|---|---|

| | Understands and appreciates the aesthetic elements of written text. Uses the English language arts to develop insights about human experiences. |
|-----|---|
| | Uses the English language arts to develop the characteristics of lifelong learners, such as curiosity, persistence, flexibility, and reflection; and, connects knowledge from all curriculum areas to enhance understanding of the world. |
| ILS | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Biography of Sojourner Truth | research the lives of various African American women writers. | Formative |
| | | ✓ Summative |
| "Ain't I A Woman": Speech by Truth | compare the lifestyles, attitudes, and freedoms of black women throughout history. | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Biography of Phyllis Wheatley | | ☐ Portfolio |
| Phyllis Wheatley's "On Being Brought from | list two similarities and two differences between a poem and a speech. | ☐ Project |
| Africa" | compose his/her own critical, persuasive speech or poem. | Reflective Essay |
| Biography of Gwendolyn Brooks | identify and discuss the differences in tone between | ✓ Short Answer |
| "the mother" by Brooks | Wheatley, Truth, and Brooks by considering their place in society as women and African Americans. | Constructed Response |
| Colony by Rick Wernli | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| List Poems | write a poem or speech creatively portraying his/her own | □ Essay |
| Class Blog | concerns and criticisms of how society treats his/herself or others. | _ |
| Biography of Zora Neal Hurston | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| Zora Neale Hurston's "Harlem Slang" | | Graphic Organizer |
| Author Study | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |

African-American Women in Literature

Type: Unit Plan

| | | □ Learning Contract □ Matching □ Multiple Choice □ Observation Checklist □ Performance Assessment ☑ Performance Task □ Portfolio ☑ Quiz ☑ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview □ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False |
|---|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Display poetry and speeches of various writers on PowerPoint presentation. Provide handouts of works to be discussed Have students practice and perform orally speeches and original works. Utilize an internet lesson in which the student will research the writers' lives, read assigned texts, and submit homework via internet Utilize an inquiry lesson in which students must analyze historical contexts of writers Lead Socratic seminar and debates to provoke students own thoughts and reactions to the issues raised in the women's speeches and poetry. | PowerPoint, handouts, computer access for students' research, DVD for viewing presentations. | Blog List Poem Conflict / Internal &External Culture |

Shakespeare Type: Unit Plan

Shakespeare

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 3-1 to 4-8 | English IV: World Literature | World Literature |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| The enigmatic qualities of Shakespeare's Prince Hamlet make this drama an appropriate choice for high school students who can evaluate and analyze the complexity of Hamlet's situation, his motivations, and the choices and decisions he makes. Once students are aware of Hamlet's tragic story, they are compelled to learn what he decides to do and the consequences of his decisions. | World Literature | Five Weeks |
| | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard R.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand L Language

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Shakespeare Type: Unit Plan

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.11-12.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Which decisions I make today will affect me for my entire | Objectives | Students read, write, speak, listen, and view to |
| life? | | construct meaning of written, visual, and oral text. |
| How do I develop a realistic plan for the future? | | 2. Students choose and apply appropriate strategies that |
| · · | | facilitate the development of fluent and proficient use of |
| How can I invent new opportunities? | | the language arts including the use of technology. |
| How will knowing how decisions are made help me plan | | 3. Students use language in visual, oral, written, and |
| for my life? | | performance-based forums. |
| | | 4. Students write in the four modes of discourse |
| | | |

| | (description, narration, exposition, and persuasion) for various purposes and audiences. 5. Students examine, understand, and respond to a variety of literature from diverse cultures and historical periods. 6. Students employ processes that encourage them in becoming independent, life-long learners in English Language Arts. |
|-----|---|
| ILS | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Reading Plan | Critical reading, critical thinking, using textual suport, | ☐ Formative |
| • Read a scene. •Form a group of 4 students. | cooperative learning, vocabulary, note taking, journals, short answer, essay writing, creative writing, response. | ✓ Summative |
| •Each student will complete one task for the scene. | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Label a piece of paper with your name, the act and scene, and your task. | | ☐ Portfolio |
| Summary | | ☐ Project |
| Write a short summary of the important aspects of the scene in bulleted form. Include a bullet point for each | | Reflective Essay |
| important aspect of the scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | ▼ Short Answer |
| Questions | | ☐ Constructed Response |
| Write questions that would guide a student towards an understanding of each of the important aspects of the | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | ☐ Essay |
| Quotes | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| Choose, copy, and explain quotes that represent each of the important aspects of the scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | Graphic Organizer |
| Character Analysis | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| Write down the characters' names, who they are, and what their role is in the scene. Be sure to cover all the | | Learning Contract |

Shakespeare Type: Unit Plan

| important aspects of the scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | ☐ Matching |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Hamlet Video Journal | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ☐ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Chapter Questions, Journal Entries, Projects, Literature circles, Group work, Presentations, Assignments and Activities | Hamlet - Shakespeare | Tragedy |
| Assignments and Activities | Video version of Hamlet | Comedy |
| | Video version of namer | Foil |
| | Reading questions for text | Chorus |
| | | Prologue |
| | | Soliloquy |
| | | Monologue |
| | | Aside |
| | | Tragic Hero |

Asian Literature Type: Unit Plan

Asian Literature

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| 4-4 to 4-29 | English IV: World Literature | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| This four-week unit will focus on metaphor, symbolism and also the historical, cultural and (or) social background of <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> . The students will learn what metaphor and symbolism are and eventually use one or the other in a short story of their own. The students will also delve into the cultural, social and possibly historical background of the selected novel and eventually write an opinion-based paper on a selected element. This unit will involve an intense amount of journal writing, eventually one research paper and one metaphor or symbolism paper. I feel that this unit and my particular approach is important because from my experience students are not exposed to the cultural and or social background of novels particularly when the subject matter is intense or sensitive. It is my belief that the more students are exposed to reality, such as the horrors that Chinese women live through it will allow and even foster their ability to be empathetic individuals. | World Literature | Four Weeks |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Strand W Writing

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Asian Literature Type: Unit Plan

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.7 Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text.

| Essential Question Which decisions that I make today will affect my entire life? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings How to identify and use symbolism |
|---|---|--|
| What can I do right now that will make my entire life better? | | How to identify and use metaphor |
| | | How to identify the author's intent |
| | | How to take into consideration the background of the |
| | | literature in order to understand it |
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

Asian Literature Type: Unit Plan

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills Assessment II | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Joy Luck Club - Amy Tan | Discuss the major themes in the novel | ▼ Formative |
| Discussion Questions | Point out the significance of the title of the novel; title of the four parts of the novel; and title of the sixteen vignettes | ☐ Summative |
| Journal Prompts | Discuss Chinese beliefs and culture as presented in the | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Web Quest | text | Portfolio |
| | Define a myth | ☐ Project |
| Group Discussion | Discuss the parables presented at the beginning of each | Reflective Essay |
| | part o the text; identify and state the generalization each | ✓ Short Answer |
| | parable makes about life | Constructed Response |
| | Identify the theme of each part of the novel and relate it to the theme of each part | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | · | ☐ Essay |
| | Discuss the additional generalizations made about life form the text | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☑ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☐ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | |

Asian Literature Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|---|---|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Daily discussions for each chapter of the novel; Group lead chapter discussions; Writing a short story using elements of metaphor or symbolism; The students will journal on a daily basis | Student copies of <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> by Amy Tan Journal or notebook | Narrator Theme Sybolism Metaphors Conflict / Internal &External Myth Parable |

Arthurian Legends

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 5-2 to 6-17 | English IV: World Literature | World Literature |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| Answering the call to heroism used to be straightforward- | World Literature | Six Weeks |
| heros were knights and knights were the heroes. More | | |
| recently, we find heroes in many unexpected places. This | | |
| unit explores all kinds of heroes who answered the call. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| What does it means to be human? | | Define what good government is. |
| Where do we draw the line between what is human, what is superhuman, and subhuman? | | Analyze the proper place and use of science and the abstract disciplines. |
| | | Explain the value of tradition. |
| | | Illustrate the function of religion. |
| | | Question the values of reason. |
| | | Acknowledge the limits of reason. |
| ILS | | |
| | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Introduction and Author Information | identify and list facts about the author Jonathan Swift. | ☐ Formative |

| Gulliver is shipwrecked in Lilliput | answer comprehension questions about Gulliver's Travels. | ☐ Summative | |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| | complete a crossword puzzle with vocabulary words and | ✓ Multiple Choice | |
| The Invasion of Lilliput and the Laws and Customs of | definitions | ☐ Portfolio | |
| Lilliput | identify different statements as either fact or opinion. | | |
| Escape to Blefescu and Return to Native Country | identify the main characters, setting, and plot in part one of <i>Gulliver's Travels</i> . | ▼ Project | |
| Gulliver is Captured in Brobdingnag | recognize and match cause and effect relationships in the | Reflective Essay | |
| Gulliver at the Royal Court and a Description of the Country | story Gulliver's Travels. | Short Answer | |
| More Adventures and Gulliver Shows His Skills | complete a word search with vocabulary words from Gulliver's Travels. | ✓ Constructed Response | |
| Gulliver Returns to England | compare and contrast two (2) of Gulliver's adventures in | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition | |
| Final Assessment | the text. | | |
| | place the events from the story in the correct order. | ☐ Essay | |
| | identify correct answers to multiple choice and matching | Fill in the Blank | |
| | questions. | | |
| | write correct responses to short answer questions | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs | |
| | | Learning Contract | |
| | | ☐ Matching | |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice | |
| | | Observation Checklist | |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment | |
| | | Performance Task | |
| | | Portfolio | |
| | | Quiz | |
| | | ☑ Rubric | |
| | | Self Evaluation | |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview | |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems | |
| | 1 | | |

| | | ☐ True/False |
|--|--|---------------------|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Read, view, and respond independently to literary works that represent a range of | text Gulliver's Travels - Jonathon Swift | expedient |
| social, historical, and cultural perspectives Compare a film, video, or stage version of a literary | Video Version of text | recapitulate |
| work with the written version Read literary texts aloud to convey an interpretation | Discussion Questions | zenith |
| of the work Read and interpret literary texts from a range of | Summaries | appellation |
| authors, genres, and subjects, including literary criticism | | intrepidity |
| Interpret multiple levels of meaning and subtleties in text | | ignominious |
| | | perused |
| | | delineate |
| | | imputed |
| | | diminutive |
| | | disapprobation |

African American Literature

September

The Sounds of Slavery

| · | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| Compare and Contrast | Ask students to compare the slave narratives to the Foster | Determine Important Information | How and why do people use music? | Concept: The hidden messages in songs |
| Linking Past and Present | songs. How does each present slavery and slave life? (Think- | Sequence Events | How did slaves communicate their | Slave Spiritual Lyrics |
| Conducting Research | Pair Share) | Identify and Use Text Features | story? | |
| Then and Now | Ask students to investigate the controversy around Foster's | Construct Summaries | Do different people use music | Underground Railroad Code Words and Phrases |
| Evaluating Primary Resources | minstrel songs and present a brief report, analyzing the arguments | Making Inferences about text | differently in their lives? How do people express forbidden | Stephen Foster Minstrel Songs |
| | of each side. (Cooperative groups) | Illinois Learning Standards: | feelings and desires, such as anger, resentment, or a longing for freedom? | Key Terms: |
| | Compare Stephen Foster's minstrel songs, to some rap | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | |
| | music of today and ask students to compare how the songs present African-American culture. (some suggestions for non-profane rap songs are: | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | Freedom Song Alerting Song Protest Song Sorrow Song Oral Tradition |
| | Kanye West- "Touch the Sky," Public Enemy "Fight the Power," and NWA "Express Yourself") | State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes | | Verse Chorus Style |
| | Then and Now: Both "My Old Kentucky Home" and "Old Folks at Home" are state songs (for | State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | Kentucky and Florida, respectively). Both have also been revised to remove offensive terminology. Examine the original lyrics and the new lyrics. | State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | |
| | How have the words changes altered the meanings of the | College Readiness Standards | | |

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African American Literature

| Mariela E. C. 10 | A | C44 9 D | CL:U- |
|---|---|---|--------|
| that discuss corcontroversy owdo lawmakers so change the state states? Ask students to examining one narratives, disc slave narrative example (or an what we know slavery. Students should slave life of inte using resources text book and th present the result to the class. Top include the Und Slave Spiritual Suncle Tom's Ca abolition movem labor done by sl Ask the students covers of sheet I Black Joe," "Jun "Uncle Ned." H images perpetual about African-Adifferences do y | English: column 1 – topic develor column 2 – organization unity, and coherence column 3 – word choice tone, clarity, and econor column 4 – sentences s and formation column 5 – usage column 6 – punctuation Reading: column 1 – topic develor column 2 – organization unity, and coherence column 3 – word choice tone, clarity, and econor column 5 – usage column 6 – punctuation Reading: column 1 – main ideas column 5 – usage column 3 – sequencing, column 3 – sequencing, column 3 – sequencing, column 4 – meanings of column 5 – generalization column 5 – generalization column 5 – generalization column 4 – responsibility column 1 – topic develor column 3 – word choice tone, clarity, and econor column 5 – usage column 6 – punctuation Reading: column 1 – topic develor column 3 – word choice tone, clarity, and econor column 5 – usage column 1 – main ideas column 1 – main ideas column 2 – supporting of column 3 – sequencing, column 3 – sequencing, column 4 – meanings of column 4 – responsible to tone, clarity, and coherence column 4 – sentences s and formation column 5 – usage column 1 – topic develor column 3 – word choice tone, clarity, and econor column 5 – usage column 1 – punctuation Reading: column 1 – topic develor column 3 – word choice tone, clarity, and econor column 5 – usage column 6 – punctuation column 3 – sequencing, column 1 – expressing ju column 1 – expressing ju column 1 – expressing ju column 3 – developing a position column 5 – using language | e, style, my tructure details effect words ons and ddgment a topic | Skills |

African American Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
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October

Slavery / Civil War

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| | Questions | | |
| Individual | Literary | Develop a good | What was the Middle Passage? |
| participation in | analysis | knowledge of | what was the Middle Fassage: |
| | use of | African American | What were the themes of the Middle |
| class | literary elements | literature/writers | Passage |
| discussions. | CICITICITIS | Recognize that | 1 assuge |
| | Study of | literature mirrors | Who were the early African American |
| Collaborative | particular | life | poets and what were the themes |
| assignments and | writers | | illustrated in their works? |
| anu | | Realize that a work | |
| activities (e.g. | Detailed | of literatureis is | |
| activities (e.g., exploration of | study of particular | often related to the events and issues | |
| ολρισιατίστι στ | works | of the times | Who are the other AA writers that |
| textual details | Works | or the times | demonstrate these themes or what |
| and language). | Group | Compare and | about the plight of this period? |
| 3.13.7 | discussion | contrast effectively, | |
| Oral | | the works of | |
| interpretation | Comparison | various writers | |
| of selected | of different works | Evaluate how | |
| | WOIKS | African American | |
| readings. | Time line of | writers used | |
| | the events | literature as a | |
| Writing to | of the period | weapon in their | |
| learn: in-class | | fight to gain equal | |
| | Short | rights | |
| writing prompts | answer questions | Demonstrate an | |
| and selfinitiated | questions | understanding of | |
| Seminated | Writing | works studied | |
| response | response to | | |
| papers. | various | Evaluate works of | |
| ραροιο. | works | cultural | |
| Formal | Quiz | significance that reflect social, | |
| analytical | Quiz | political, or ethical | |
| papers. | Assessment | ideas of the time | |
| | of the | | |
| Original poetry, | importance | Use works studied | |
| | of particular | as as a source of | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Questions | | |
| script, and/or | works | inspiration to write | |
| _t | Connecting | their own literary works (responding | |
| story writing. | authors to | to literature) | |
| Quizzes and | common | | |
| tests on | themes | Analize the works of selected writers | |
| readings | Identifying | or sciented writers | |
| and | salient | Analytical writing: | |
| and vocabulary. | points | write well- organized essays | |
| | Multiple | incorporating | |
| Research | choice | textual evidence | |
| paper and/or | questions | and critical theory | |
| oral | Making | | |
| presentation | connections- | | |
| on | -text to self | Illinois Learning | |
| independent | Quick writes | Standards: | |
| reading, | | | |
| including | | State standard 1: | |
| J | | read with | |
| bibliographic | | understanding and | |
| documentation. | | fluency | |
| | | State standard 2: | |
| | | read and | |
| | | understand literature | |
| | | representative | |
| | | of various societies, | |
| | | eras, & ideas | |
| | | State standard 3: | |
| | | write to | |
| | | communicate for a | |
| | | variety of purposes | |
| | | State standard 4: | |
| | | State Statitual 4: | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | | listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | |
| | | State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate | |
| | | information | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | |
| | | English: column 1 – topic development | |
| | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|----------|-----------|--|---------------------|
| 11201111 | Questions | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | |
| | | column 5 – usage | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | |
| | | column 5- | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | generalizations and conclusions | |
| | | Writing: | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic | |
| | | column 3- developing a position | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas | |
| | | column 5- using language | |

November

Renaissance

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Responding to literary works | Matching authors with their works | Analyze the strategies used by black writers during the Harlem | Who emerges as leaders of the African American freedom movement and what are the characteristics of their |
| Asnwering guided | Writng | Renaissance | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| questions Evaluating how writers | short essays on different authors | Show a detailed understanding of the works studied | literature? How did early African American spirit- |
| reflect each other | Quiz | Evaluate works of | uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect themes of African American life? |
| Writing essays Text to self | Assessing the Importance of different | political, social and cultural significance | How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? |
| exercises Quiz | authors Seeing how | Identify common themes | |
| Short answer questions | writers respond to the events of their times | Compare the works of various writers | |
| Making a Timeline of the Period | Short answer questions | Illinois Learning Standards: | |
| | | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|---------------------|---|---------------------|
| | | State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes | |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | |
| | | State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | |
| | | | |
| | | College | |
| | | Readiness Standards: English: | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Questions | _ | |
| | | column 2 – organization, | |
| | | unity, and | |
| | | coherence | |
| | | column 3 – word | |
| | | choice, style, | |
| | | tone, clarity, and | |
| | | economy | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | column 4 - | |
| | | sentences structure and | |
| | | formation | |
| | | | |
| | | column 5 – | |
| | | usage | |
| | | column 6 – | |
| | | punctuation | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main | |
| | | ideas | |
| | | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | |
| | | | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, | |
| | | sequencing, | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|-----------|---|---------------------|
| Month | Questions | | Content & Resources |
| | | comparisons, cause/effect | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | |
| | | Writing: | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic | |
| | | column 3- developing a position | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas | |
| | | column 5- using language | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Invisible Man Type: Unit Plan

Invisible Man

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 2-1 to 4-29 | African American Literature | 8th Period |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| As the narrator of Invisible Man struggles to arrive at a conception of his own identity, he finds his efforts complicated by the fact that he is a black man living in a | Students will have the opportunity to grasp a greater understanding of various social issues within the AA communities through the use of literature. | 4 weeks |
| racist American society. Throughout the novel, the | | |
| narrator finds himself passing through a series of | | |
| communities, from the Liberty Paints plant to the | | |
| Brotherhood, with each microcosm endorsing a different | | |
| idea of how blacks should behave in society. As the | | |
| narrator attempts to define himself through the values and | | |
| expectations imposed on him, he finds that, in each case, | | |
| the prescribed role limits his complexity as an individual | | |
| and forces him to play an inauthentic part. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.a Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.11-12.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

W.11-12.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.11-12.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.11-12.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How is racism used as an obstacle to individuals' identity; the limitations of ideology; the danger of fighting stereotype with stereotype? | 26 Identify clear main ideas or purposes of complex passages or their paragraphs | SWBAT understand the use of theme and motif within a literary devise. |
| ILS | | |
| 1.B.5b Analyze the defining characteristics and structures of a variety of complex literary genres and describe how genre affects the meaning and function of the texts. | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Rural south- foreshadowing | | ✓ Formative ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project ✓ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer ✓ Constructed Response ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition ✓ Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank |

Invisible Man Type: Unit Plan

| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ▼ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Motifs | Invisible Man novel | encapsulate |
| Foreshadow | Computers LCD projectors | invisibility |
| • Theme | LOD projectors | |
| Author's Purpose | | |
| Third person omniscient | | |

Harlem Renassiance

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 3-1 to 3-31 | African American Literature | 8th Period |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Students will partake of the following activities as they learn about the impact of the Harlem Renaissance upon | The purpose of the course is educate students about the influence of the Harlem Renaissance within the AA | 4 weeks |
| the AA culture: | culture. | |
| Responding to literary works | | |
| Answering guided questions | | |
| Evaluating how writers reflect each other | | |
| Writing essays | | |
| Text to self exercises | | |
| Quiz | | |
| Short answer questions | | |
| Making a Timeline of the Period | | |

Harlem Renassiance Type: Unit Plan

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.a Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.11-12.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons. between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.11-12.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

W.11-12.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

W.11-12.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).

W.11-12.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.11-12.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W.CCR.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

W.11-12.9.a Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").

W.11-12.9.b Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Grade Level Standard SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Who emerges as leaders of the African American freedom movement and | Objectives English: | SWBAT understand how the leaders of the African American community pushed for a freedom movement their the various genres of literature. |

| what are the characteristics of their literature? Column 1 –topic development column 2 –organization, unity, and coherence uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect themes of African American life? Column 3 –word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect |
|---|
| How did early African American spirit- uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect themes of African American life? How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? column 3 –word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy column 4 –sentences structure and formation column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect themes of African American life? Column 3 –word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? Column 4 –sentences structure and formation column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect themes of African American life? column 3 –word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? column 4 –sentences structure and formation column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? column 3 –word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy column 4 –sentences structure and formation column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| column 4 –sentences structure and formation column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| in style and approach? column 5 –usage column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| column 6 –punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details |
| column 2- supporting details |
| |
| |
| column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect |
| |
| column 4- meanings of words |
| |
| column 5- generalizations and conclusions |
| Writing: |
| column 1- expressing judgment |
| |

| | column 2- focusing on a topic | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| | column 3- developing a position | |
| | column 4- organizing ideas | |
| | column 5- using language | |
| ILS | | |
| | | |
| State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | |
| | | |
| State standard 2: read and understand literature | | |
| representative of various societies, eras, &ideas | | |
| representative or various societies, eras, dideas | | |
| | | |
| State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of | | |
| purposes | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety | | |
| of situations | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, | | |
| assess, and communicate information | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|
| The Harlem Renaissance | Analyze the strategies used by black writers during the Harlem Renaissance | Formative Summative |

Harlem Renassiance Type: Unit Plan

| A new identity | Show a detailed understanding of the works studied | Multiple Choice |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | | ☑ Portfolio |
| The Great Migration | Evaluate works of political, social and cultural significance | Project |
| A Community of block with an and Advista Laurente | Mark Constant | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| A Community of black writers and Artists- Langston Hughes, Claude McKay | Identify common themes Compare the works of various writers | ✓ Short Answer |
| | * | Constructed Response |
| Dilemma of the black artist | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| Contribution of woma | | Fill in the Blank |
| A New mood in literature | | Graphic Organizer |
| A New mood in illerature | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| Exploring the Southern past | | Learning Contract |
| Innovations in language and literary forms | | ☐ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | ✓ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |

Harlem Renassiance Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Matching authors with their works | Test materials | lynching |
| Writng short essays on different authors | | |
| • Quiz | Dry Erase Boards/Pens | segregation |
| Assessing the Importance of different authors | Powerpoint presentations | Jim Crow |
| Seeing how writers respond to the events of their times | maps | discrimination |
| Short answer questions | | |
| | | White Flight |

The Audacity of Hope

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 4-1 to 5-20 | African American Literature | 8th Period |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|--|----------------|
| The election of Barack Obama is commonly described as | This course is designed to introduce the various genres of | 3 weeks |
| "historic." But what does that term mean? While the most | African American writers using a historical approach | |
| common usage refers to the fact that, for the first time, an | through glimpses of slavery to the current election of our | |
| African American will be President of the United States, | nation's first African American president. | |
| the challenges that he will face both at home and abroad | | |
| are historic as well: the country is fighting two wars and | | |
| confronts the most serious financial problems since the | | |
| Great Depression. This lesson focuses on the relationship | | |
| between the Civil Rights Movement and Obama's election, | | |
| but it also asks students why they think Barack Obama's | | |
| election is "historic." | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

| Essential Question Has President Barack Obama's grassroots efforts demonstrated the role of a true politician? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Analyze how an author or narrator uses description, dialogue, and action to suggest relationships between characters in written or nonprint sources (e.g., films, ads) Select phrases or statements from a literary text that | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT understand by the end of this lesson: Describe some of Barack Obama's credentials, values, and political ideals. Understand the connection between the Civil Rights |
|--|---|--|
| | illustrate how a specific character feels toward others in the text | Movement and the election of Barack Obama to be President of the United States |
| | Read portions of a literary text, predicting how a person's actions or words would likely impact a specific situation | Discuss the importance of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 |
| | | Appreciate the importance of perspective in viewing and |
| | Use various strategies (e.g., questioning, role-playing) to determine plausible cause-effect relationships | analyzing the significance of an historical event |
| ILS | | |
| 2.A.5a Compare and evaluate oral, written or viewed works from various eras and traditions and analyze complex literary devices (e.g., structures, images, forms, foreshadowing, flashbacks, stream of consciousness). | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------|
| Effective communication through grassroots | construction of poems and essays | ▼ Formative |
| Providing services to poor. | compare and contrast of social ills/revolts (past v present) | ☐ Summative |

| Providing services to poor. | compare and contrast of social ills/revolts (past v present) | Summative |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | debates (defending controversial leaders - Jeremiah | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | Wright, Malcolm X, Jesse Jackson, Rev James Meeks) | ✓ Portfolio |
| | persausive essay writing | ☐ Project |
| | identifying the various strategies of candidates and their campaign strategies | Reflective Essay |
| | true definition of "citizenship" | ✓ Short Answer |
| | the impacts of proganda | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | |
| | | ☑ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☑ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |

| | | ☐ True/False |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Literary analysisuse of literary elements | Audacity of Hope by Barack Obama | grassroots |
| Study of particular writings of the author. | | |
| Detailed study of particular works | Audio CD | audacity |
| Group discussion | Video clips from Audacity of Hope | politics |
| Comparison of different works | | |
| Time line of the events of the period | | politician |
| Short answer questions | | lobbists |
| Writing response to various works | | |
| Quiz | | constituents |
| Assessment of the importance of particular works | | reconstruction |
| Connecting author to common themes | | his satis sa ship |
| Identifying salient points | | bipartisanship |
| Multiple choice questions | | truism |
| Making connectionstext to self | | |
| Quick writes | | anthropologist |
| | | philanthropist |
| | | voters |

In Retrospect Type: Unit Plan

In Retrospect

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| 6-1 to 6-17 | African American Literature | 8th Period | |
| Teachers: | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|--|----------------|
| Students will review the progression of the AA development in America through the writing of various artists. | The purpose of this course is to expose students to the various genres of AA literature. | Two weeks |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|--|
| Has AA writers influenced the progression of Blacks in | Objectives | SWBAT review the skills and concepts taught and make a |
| America? | Use various strategies (e.g., timelines, event chains, | direct correlation to writers who addressed the social-ills of |
| | discussion) to determine whether an event occurred and, if | slavery and discriminations through their writing pieces |
| | so, when it occurred | and the progression of success within the AA community. |
| | discuss an issue of interest, determining how past events | |

In Retrospect Type: Unit Plan

affected the present locate evidence in a text that explicitly states why an event or a series of events occurred search for patterns or clues (e.g., signal words) that indicate cause-effect relationships use various resources (e.g., dictionary, thesaurus) to explore connotations of familiar words or descriptive language recognize generalizations about the main character in a literary text combine several pieces of information to make a reasonable generalization about a specific character make predictions about characters and events presented in a literary text, verifying or rejecting those predictions and making new ones as they read Determine when (e.g., first, last, before, after) or if an event occurred in uncomplicated passages Recognize clear cause-effect relationships described within a single sentence in a passage ILS 2.A.5a Compare and evaluate oral, written or viewed works from various eras and traditions and analyze complex literary devices (e.g., structures, images, forms, foreshadowing, flashbacks, stream of consciousness). analyze how an author or narrator uses description, dialogue, and action to suggest relationships between characters in written or nonprint sources (e.g., films, ads) select phrases or statements from a literary text that illustrate how a specific character feels toward others in the text read portions of a literary text, predicting how a person's actions or words would likely impact a specific situation use various strategies (e.g., questioning, role-playing) to determine plausible cause-effect relationships

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| the relationship between the impact of slavery on the current AA society | critical thinking | ✓ Formative |
| | debate | ✓ Summative |
| ideologies of family in the African American community | persausive essays | Multiple Choice |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Project |
| | main idea and supporting details | ☑ Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☑ Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | |

In Retrospect Type: Unit Plan

| | | Rubric ✓ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|---|------------------------|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Step Up to Writing | Final exams | slavery |
| Cornell Notes | | |
| • Quizlet | LCD projectors | Middle Passage |
| • Wordle | laptop computer | Jim Crow |
| Who Wants to Be A Millionaire Game (review) | | |
| • Essay | internet | segregation |
| Powerpoint presentations | dry erase boards/pens | revolution |
| | poems | contrite |
| | excerpts from readings | abolitionist |
| | | inner city |
| | | |

Algebra

September

Expressions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| answer is correct. | | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings. EEI 28-32.1 Manipulate expressions and equations. | | |
| | | A-SSE 1a. Interpret parts of an expression, such as terms, factors, and coefficients. A-SSE 1b. Interpret complicated expressions by viewing one or more of their parts as a single entity. A-SSE 2. Use the structure of an expression to identify ways to rewrite it. | | |

October

Equations

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended | guided notes | EEI 13-15.2 Solve equations in the form $x + a = b$, where a and | What is the equation asking? What does the answer mean? | Big Idea |
| questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning | algebra tiles | b are whole numbers or decimals. | | We can use equations to solve for unknowns in real-life |
| level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | equation slips (draw equation from bucket depending on difficult desired, green = mild, yellow = medium, orange = | EEI 16-19.2 Solve one-step equations having integer or | Does my answer make sense? | situations. |

| | . | | a | a |
|---|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework | spicy, red = fire) | decimal answers. | How do I check my answer? | |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous openended questions, including written explanations and word problems. Project - students will solve a high order equation and explain their steps in written form | spicy, red = fire) | EEI 20-23.3 Solve routine first-degree equations. BOA 16-19.1 Solve routine one-step arithmetic problems (using whole numbers, fractions, and decimals) such as single-step percent. BOA 16-18.2 Solve routine two-step arithmetic problems. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol translations. EEI 24-27.1 Solve real-world problems using first-degree equations. EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, | How do I check my answer? Are there multiple ways to solve this problem? How do I organize my work so it is neat and others can follow it? How can I used equations to represent real-life situations? | Concepts Identify and use inverse operations Solve one-step Solve two-step Solve multi-step Solve with variables on both sides Solve equations with variables on both sides Solve equations for a variable Extension: Absolute value equations |
| | | equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common pre- algebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be solved using proportions). | | Terms: |
| | | EEI 28-32.1 Manipulate | | Inverse operations |
| | | expressions and equations. | | Equations |
| | | | | Isolate |
| | | A-CED 1. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and | | Isolate the variable |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | use them to solve problems. A-CED 4. Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations. A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. | | |

November

Proportions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Daily classwork – | Guided notes, homework, | BOA 13-15.1 Perform | What does a proportion | Concepts |
| formative assessment. | class work, group work, | common conversions. | represent? | |
| Open-ended questions on | word problems relating to | | | Solving similar figure problems |
| each key point. | real-life (income tax, | BOA 16-19.1 Solve routine | | Scale problems using ratios |
| Scaffolded from | discounts, etc) | one-step arithmetic | | • Conversions |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|---|
| beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | Essential Questions | problems (using whole numbers, fractions, and decimals) such as single- step percent. | How do I solve proportions? | Solve proportions by cross multiplying Identify and write ratios from word problems Tax, percent discount, percent increase |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of | | BOA 20-23.1 Solve routine two-step or three-step arithmetic problems involving concepts such as rate and proportion, tax added, percentage off, and computing with a given average. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol translations. | How can I represent real-world situations using a proportion? What problems can I solve using proportions? | Remediation concepts |
| class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous | | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and | What does a percentage increase/decrease represent? Where can I use this in real life? | Key Terms: Ratio, Proportion, Numerator, Denominator, Similar figures, Scale, Conversion, Cross-multiply |
| open-ended questions, including written explanations and word problems. Project - sale brochure, menu: Sale: Include original price, percent | | problems that can be solved using proportions). BOA 24-27.1 Solve multistep arithmetic problems that involve planning or converting units of measure (e.g. feet per second to | | |
| discount, and sale price. Menu: Include price, tax, price with tax, tip, and price with tip. | | miles per hour) BOA 28-32.1 Solve word problems containing several rates, proportions, or percentages | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. N-Q 1. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale. | | |
| | | Extension: F 24-27.2 Express the sine, cosine, and tangent of an angle in a right triangle as a ratio of | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | given side lengths. | | |
| | | F 28-32.1 Apply basic trig ratios to solve right-triangle problems. | | |

December

Inequalities

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning | inequality strips (draw inequality from bucked depending on level of problem, self-scaffolding) | GR 20-23.2 Comprehend the concept of length on the number line. | What do inequalities represent on the number line? | ConceptsOne-step inequalities |
| level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | sen-scarrounig) | GR 24-27.1 Identify the graph of a linear inequality on the number line. | What does an inequality represent in real life? | Two-step inequalities Multi-step inequalities Inequalities w/negatives Graph inequalities on number line |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. | project - justify which company to use for which number of minutes, ect. Write and solve mulit-step inequality based on | GR 28-32.2 Match number line graphs with solution sets of linear inequalities. | | Extension: compound inequalities, absolute value inequalities |
| Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative | word problem. Write a paragraph explanation detailing the benefits of each plan. | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings. | Does my answer make sense? How do I check my answer? | Key Terms: inequality, greater than, less than, greater than or equal to, less than or equal to |
| assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily | homework, classwork, exit slips, | EEI 24-27.6 Solve first-degree inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign. | Am I following the correct order | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- | | EEI 28-32.3 Solve linear inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign. | of operations to solve? Are there multiple ways to solve this problem? | |
| ended questions, including written explanations and word | | EEI 28-32.2 Write expressions, equations, and inequalities for | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| problems. Project - justify which company to use for which number of minutes, ect. Write and solve mulit-step inequality based on word problem. Write a paragraph explanation detailing the benefits of each plan. | Essential Questions | common algebra settings. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol translations. EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be solved using proportions). | Content & Resources | |
| | | A-CED 1. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | Extension: EEI 33-36.3 Solve | | |
| | | simple absolute value inequalities. | | |

January Functions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. | function strips (self- differentiated instruction with different color strips indicating difficulty) | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings. | In what ways can I represent a function? | A function is a way of representing an algebraic rule. |
| Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. Homework – formative | frayer models | F 24-27.1 Evaluate polynomials functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values. | What does a function mean? | Content: |
| assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | comparison charts for different representations - circle similarities in each representation in the same color classwork, group work, act problems, word problems | A-CED 2. Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales. A-REI Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically | How do I write a function from a word problem? What are the input and output? | Determine input/output for a function represent a function as a graph, mapping, table, and set evaluate functions in function notation determine rule, input, output, domain, range, function identify independent and dependent variables determine domain and |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- ended questions, including written explanations and word | | A-REI 10. Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the | | range create input/output tables extension: trend, best fit line, sequences |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| problems. Project - students will create their own situation (in a word problem) and create a rule, input/output table, graph, and mapping from their rule. | write t-table style proof for each step of problem when solving. working up to an entire paragraph explanation (ap test style) which will be done in the last unit of the year. | coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line). F-IF Understand the concept of a function and use function notation F-IF 1. Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then $f(x)$ denotes the output of f corresponding to the input | | Key Terms: input, output, mapping, graph, table, set, rule, domain, range, function, function notation, relation, independent variable, dependent variable |
| | | Review Standards: | | |
| | | EEI 20-23.1 Evaluate algebraic expressions by substituting integers for unknown quantities. | | |

Inequalities
Type: Unit Plan

Inequalities

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|--------------|---------|-----------|--|
| 1-10 to 2-25 | Algebra | Algebra | |
| Teachers: | | | |
| | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Inequalities are similar to equations except the solutions | Algebra | 4 weeks |
| represent a range of answers. Inequations are commonly | | |
| used in businesses to determine the most cost-effective | | |
| solutions. | | |

Standards

| Essen [.] | | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

What do inequalities represent?

How are inequalities similar to equations? How are they different?

Does my answer make sense? How do I check my answer?

Am I following the correct order of operations to solve? Are there multiple ways to solve this problem?

College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives

GR 20-23.2 Comprehend the concept of length on the number line.

GR 24-27.1 Identify the graph of a linear inequality on the number line.

GR 28-32.2 Match number line graphs with solution sets of linear inequalities.

EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings.

EEI 24-27.6 Solve first-degree inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign.

EEI 28-32.3 Solve linear inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign.

EEI 28-32.2 Write expressions, equations, and inequalities for common algebra settings.

Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings

SWBAT explain the differences among greater than, less than, greater than or equal to, and less than or equal to.

SWBAT draw inequalities on a number line

SWBAT write inequalities. SWBAT write an inequality from a sentence word problem.

EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol SWBAT solve one-step inequalities translations. (without reversing sign) and graph the EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities solution. with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be SWBAT solve inequalities that require solved using proportions). reversing the inequality sign. A-CED 1. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. SWBAT solve word problems using A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of one-step inequalities. reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of SWBAT solve and graph two-step numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the inequalities. assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. SWBAT justify steps taken in a t-chart. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one SWBAT solve three-step inequalities variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. by combining like terms. Extension: EEI 33-36.3 Solve simple absolute value SWBAT justify steps taken in a t-chart. inequalities. SWBAT solve word problems using multi-step inequalities. SWBAT solve multi-step inequalities. SWBAT solve and graph compound inequalities. SWBAT solve absolute value inequalities. ILS

Inequalities
Type: Unit Plan

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| When multiplying or dividing by a negative, switch the inequality sign | Switching inequality sign with negative. | Formative |
| Multi-step equations –combining like terms, inverse | Solving multi-step inequalities. | ✓ Summative |
| operations, order of operations | Willing inequalities from word problems. | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Solve multi-step inequalities | | ✓ Portfolio |
| Graph inequality on number line | | ☐ Project |
| One-step inequalities | | |
| Two-step inequalities | | Reflective Essay |
| Multi-step inequalities | | ☐ Short Answer |
| Inequalities w/negatives (reversing sign) | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☑ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | |

Inequalities
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Structured Interview✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems☐ True/False |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| equation strips | project - explanation of which phone company is better | Inequality |
| tiered problems | using multi-step inequalities | Greater than |
| scaffolded instruction | inequality manipulative strips. | Less than |
| sprial review of solving equations | and James Anna San Par | Greater than or equal to |
| written reflections | | Less than or equal to |
| 2 column problems and note taking | | |

Functions Type: Unit Plan

Functions

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 2-28 to 4-15 | Algebra | Algebra |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Students will learn the basics of functions, including a | Algebra | 4-5 weeks |
| variety of ways to represent a function. Students will learn | | |
| a function represents a rule and has two parts: an input | | |
| and an output.' | | |

College Readiness Standard - Mastery

Standards

Essential Question

| How many ways can I represent a function? | Objectives | SWBAT identify functions from r |
|---|--|---|
| What are the 3 parts of a function? | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities | accuracy. |
| What does a function represent? | with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings. F 24-27.1 Evaluate polynomials functions, expressed in | SWBAT identify the domain and |
| What are the domain and range? | function notation, at integer values. | 90% accuracy. SWBAT represent a function usi |
| | A-CED 2. Create equations in two or more variables to | accuracy. |
| | represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales. | SWBAT represent a function usi accuracy. |
| | A-REI Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically | SWBAT distinguish between ind variables in word problems with |
| | A-REI 10. Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a | SWBAT evaluate functions at infaccuracy. |
| | line). | SWBAT use the distributive prop |
| | F-IF Understand the concept of a function and use | SWBAT combine like terms with |
| | | |

function notation

Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings

relations with 80%

nd range of a function with

using a mapping with 80%

using a table with 80%

ndependent and dependent th 80% accuracy

integer values with 80%

roperty

SWBAT combine like terms with 80% accuracy.

| Functi | ons | |
|--------|------|------|
| Type: | Unit | Plan |

| | function notation F-IF 1. Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then $f(x)$ denotes the output of f corresponding to the input x . The graph of f is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$. F-IF 2. Use function notation, evaluate functions for inputs in their domains, and interpret statements that use function notation in terms of a context. F-IF Analyze functions using different representation. | SWBAT translate a sentence into a mathematical equation with 80% accuracy. |
|-----|---|--|
| | Review Standards: | |
| | EEI 20-23.1 Evaluate algebraic expressions by substituting integers for unknown quantities. | |
| ILS | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Evaluate expressions –distribute, combine like terms, order of ops | Represent function as graph, mapping, table, and set Evaluate functions | Formative |
| Plotting points | Represent functions in function notation Solve multi-step problems involving planning | ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice |
| Find input/output for a function | Plotting points | □ Portfolio |
| Graphs, mapping, table, and set | | _ |
| Evaluate functions in function notation | | Project |
| Define rule, input, output, domain, range, function | | Reflective Essay |
| Identify independent and dependent variables, domain/range | | Short Answer |
| Creating input/output table | | Constructed Response |
| Identify the input, output, independent variable, dependent | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| variable from a word problem. | | |

Functions
Type: Unit Plan

| variable from a word problem. | | ☐ Essay |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| Solve multi-step problems with different part specifically | | Fill in the Blank |
| outlined. | | III In the Blank |
| Write paragraph explanation of how problem was solved. | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | ✓ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Equation Strips | Functions project - represent function in a variety of ways. | Input |
| Tiered problems | Data in tables to translate to function form. | Output |
| Scaffolded instruction | Graph paper Practice problems | Mapping |
| 2-column notes | Homework | Graph |
| Spiral Review of concepts | Unit test | Table |
| | | Set |
| | | Rule |
| | | Domain |

Type: Unit Plan

Range
Function
Function notation
Relation
Independent variable
Dependent variable

Functions

Graphing

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 4-25 to 5-27 | Algebra | Algebra |
| Teachers: | | |
| Halley Feil, Meagan Martin | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------|----------------|
| Students will learn how to graph points and linear | Algebra | 5 weeks |
| equations. They will be able to manipulate equations, | | |
| building their critical thinking skills, into slope-intercept | | |
| form, making the equation easier to graph. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Unit Objectives/Enduring Understan | |
|--|---|--|
| How do I graph this line? Can I do it in multiple ways? | Objectives | SWBAT locate and draw points on a |
| What does slope mean and represent? | GR 13-15.1 Identify the location of a point with a positive | number line with 80% mastery. |
| What is the essential information I can find about a line? | coordinate on the number line. | SWBAT identify the x-axis, y-axis, and |
| What is the essential information i can find about a line: | GR 16-19.1 Locate points on the number line and in the | quadrants of a graph with 80% |
| | first quadrant. | mastery. |
| | GR 20-23.1 Locate points in the coordinate plane. | SWBAT locate and draw points in the |
| | GR 20-23.3 Exhibit knowledge of slope. | first quadrant with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT locate and draw points in the |
| | GR 24-27.2 Determine the slope of a line from points or | coordinate plane with 80% mastery. |
| | equations. | SWBAT define slope with 80% |
| | GR 24-27.3 Match linear graphs with their equations. | mastery. |
| | GR 28-32.4 Use properties of parallel and perpendicular | SWBAT define rate of change with |
| | lines to determine an equation of a line or coordinates of a | 80% mastery. |

lines to determine an equation of a line or coordinates of a point.

A-CED 2. Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales.

A-REI Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically

A-REI 10. Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line).

80% mastery.

SWBAT calculate slope given a graph using rise over run with 80% mastery. SWBAT identify a line as having a positive, negative, zero, or undefined slope with 80% mastery.

SWBAT calculate the slope of a line given two points on the line with 80% mastery.

SWBAT identify m as the slope in the equation y=mx+b with 80% mastery. SWBAT graph a line of the form y=mx+b with 80% mastery. SWBAT find the equation of the line given the graph of the line with 80% mastery.

SWBAT find the equation of a line given two points on the line by graphing with 80% mastery.
SWBAT find the equation of a line given a point on the line and the y-intercept with 80% mastery.

SWBAT manipulate an equation of a line from point-slope form so it is in the form y=mx+b with 80% mastery. SWBAT find the equation of a line given two points on the line with 80% mastery. SWBAT determine if two lines are parallel with 80% mastery. SWBAT find parallel lines with 80% mastery. SWBAT determine if two intersecting lines are perpendicular with 80% mastery. SWBAT find perpendicular lines with 80% mastery. ILS

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------|
| A linear equation can be represented graphically to show trends in data. | Identify and find slope | Formative |
| | Graph from slope-intercept form | ✓ Summative |
| Slope Equations of lines | Put equation of line in slope-intercept form | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| parallel lines perpendicular lines | Find parallel and perpendicular lines | ✓ Portfolio |
| | Slope on graph | ✓ Project |
| | Slope from 2 points | |

Graphing
Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Identify slope as rate of change Identify slope and y-intercept in slope-intercept form Find equation of line given graph, two points, or point and either slope or intercept. Define parallel and perpendicular Create line from word problem, identifying the rate or change. Solve multi-step problems with different parts necessary specifically outlined. Write paragraph explanation of how problem was solved. | □ Reflective Essay □ Short Answer □ Constructed Response □ Creative Performance or Exhibition □ Essay □ Fill in the Blank ☑ Graphic Organizer □ Journal and Learning Logs □ Learning Contract □ Matching □ Multiple Choice ☑ Observation Checklist ☑ Performance Assessment □ Performance Task □ Portfolio ☑ Quiz ☑ Rubric ☑ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview ☑ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False Critical Vocabulary |
|--|---|--|
| tiered problems | | |
| stations equation strips | graph paper stations graphing project matching equations manipulative cards | Slope-intercept form |

Graphing

Type: Unit Plan

| practice problems | matching equations manipulative cards | Rate of change |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| project w/rubric graphic organizer | | y-intercept y-intercept |
| | | Parallel |
| | | Perpendicular |
| | | Linear |

Exponents
Type: Unit Plan

Exponents

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| 5-16 to 6-3 | Algebra | Algebra |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description Materials | | |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Exponents are an abbreviated way of | Students will learn how to express repeated multiplication | exponent differentiated strips | |
| writing repeated multiplication, the same way multiplication | as exponents, as well as combine like terms involving | stations | |
| is an abbreviated way of writing repeated addition. | exponents. | exponent/algebra tiles | |
| | | exponent act word problems | |

Standards

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|---|--|---|
| Objectives | How do I simplify an expression involving exponents? | SWBAT evaluate and multiply by powers of ten. |
| NCP 28-32.4 Apply rules of exponents. | What is true about exponential properties? Do they | SWBAT convert between standard notation and scientific |
| NCP 24-27.6 Work problems involving positive integer | always hold true? | notation. |
| exponents. | What does an exponent mean? What do they represent? | SWBAT add and subtract exponents. |
| A-SSE 3c. Use the properties of exponents to transform expressions for exponential functions. | | SWBAT multiply and divide exponents. |
| N-RN 2. Rewrite expressions involving rational exponents using properties of exponents. | | SWBAT simplify expressions by combining like terms involving exponents. |
| doing properties of experients. | | SWBAT raise an exponent to an exponent. |
| | | SWBAT use negative exponents. |
| | | SWBAT simplify expressions involving integer exponents. |

Exponents
Type: Unit Plan

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Simplify problems by using properties of exponents | exponent | |
| Exponent properties: add, subtract, multiply, divide terms | repeated multiplication | |
| with exponents | power | |
| Raise an exponent to an exponent | simplify | |
| ' | combine like terms | |
| Use negative exponents | | |

October

Angles

| Month | Eggantial Quagtions | Aggaggmont | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Month Daily classwork –formative | Essential Questions guided notes, classwork | Assessment G.CO.5 Know and use definitions | How do logic and lines form a | Concepts |
| assessment. Open-ended | problems, building angles | of angles, polygons, parallel and | foundation for the entire study | Concepts |
| questions on each key point. | projects, hands on angle | perpendicular lines, rigid motions, | of geometry? | Converse |
| Scaffolded from beginning | building, hands on bisectors | parallelograms, and rectangles. | or geometry. | Bi-conditional |
| level up to challenging. | | | How do we name angles? | Contrapositive |
| Included literacy and writing. | | G.CO.6 Prove theorems about lines | | Vertical angles |
| ACT problems section at the | | and angles | | Parallel |
| end. | | | | Perpendicular |
| | | Vertical angles are congruent | | Alternate Interior Angles |
| Homework – formative | | | | □□ □Corresponding Angles |
| assessment. Weekly homework | | When a transversal crosses | | Bisector |
| packets with suggested | | parallel lines, alternate | | |
| problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points | | interior angles are congruent and | | |
| from daily lessons. | | congruent and corresponding angles are | | |
| from daily lessons. | | congruent | | |
| Exit slips – formative | | 3 | | |
| assessment. Used occasionally | | Two lines parallel to a third line | | |
| at the end of class. One or two | | are parallel to each other | | |
| key questions that tell if the | | | | |
| student had mastered the daily | | Points on a perpendicular | | |
| standard. | | bisector of a segment are | | |
| | | exactly those equidistance | | |
| Unit test – summative | | from the segment's endpoints | | |
| assessment. Rigorous open- | | Chapolins | | |
| ended questions, including written explanations and word | | G.GPE.9 Use coordinates to compute | | |
| problems. | | perimeters of polygons and areas for | | |
| problems. | | triangles and rectangles, e.g. using | | |
| Project - students will solve a high | | the distance formula. | | |
| order equation and explain their | | | | |
| 1 | | G.GPE.11 Use coordinates to prove | | |
| | | simple geometric theorems | | |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| steps in written form | | algebraically (more specifically, distance and midpoint formula) | | |
| | | Exhibit some knowledge of the angles associated with parallel lines | | |
| | | Find the measure of an angle using properties of parallel lines | | |
| | | Exhibit knowledge of basic angle properties and special sums of angle measures (e.g., 90°, 180°, and 360°) | | |
| | | Use several angle properties to find an unknown angle measure | | |
| | | Find the midpoint of a line segment | | |
| | | Use the distance formula | | |
| | | Estimate or calculate the length of a line segment based on other lengths given on a geometric figure | | |
| | | | | |

November

Basic Triangle Properties

| Month | Essential Ouestions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills | |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|--|

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | homework, classwork, guided notes, building angles, authentic project | Exhibit knowledge of basic angle properties and special sums of angle measures (e.g., 90°, 180°, and 360°) Use properties of isosceles triangles | What are the different relationships between the sides of a triangle? What is a Theorem and how is it used in math? | Concepts: Interior Angle Exterior Angle Base Angle Isosceles |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | | How are angles related to triangle? | |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | | | | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- ended questions, including written explanations and word problems. | | | | |

December

Right Triangles and Trig

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | Building triangles, classwork, guided notes, trig ratio project, proof of pythagorean theorem | Use the Pythagorean theorem Apply properties of 30°-60°-90°, 45°-45°-90°, similar, and congruent triangles* | How is the pythagorean theorem related to the distance formula? How are ratios used in trig? | Concepts: • Trigonometry • Sine • Cosine Tangent |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | Express the sine, cosine, and tangent of an angle in a right triangle as a ratio of given side lengths Apply basic trigonometric ratios to solve right-triangle problems | How can trig be used to find missing sides and angles of triangles? | |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | | | | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous openended questions, including written explanations and word problems. | | | | |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

January
Triangle Congruence

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | Proof writing, checking proofs, proof project, guided notes, classwork, homework, partner proofs. | Draw conclusions based on a set of conditions Apply properties of 30°-60°-90°, 45°-45°-90°, similar, and congruent triangles | How are proofs used in geometry? How do I write a proof? | concepts: • Congruence • Similarity • Transitive property • Reflexive property • substitution |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | G.CO.1 Understand that two geometric figures are congruent if there is a sequence of rigid motions (rotations, reflections, translations) that carries one onto the other. | How do I read a proof? | |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | | G.CO.2 Understand that criteria for triangle congruence are ways to specify enough measures in a triangle to ensure that all triangles drawn with those measures are congruent. G.CO.3 Understand that criteria for triangle congruence can be established using rigid motions. | | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- ended questions, including | | Angle Side Angle | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| written explanations and word problems. | _ | Side Angle Side | | |
| - | | • Side Side Side | | |
| | | Hypotenuse Leg | | |
| | | G.SRT.3 Understand that the assumed properties of dilations can be used to establish similarity for triangles | | |
| | | • Angle Angle | | |
| | | • Side Angle Side | | |
| | | • Side Side Side | | |
| | | G.SRT.6 Use triangle similarity criteria to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures. | | |

Special Right Triangles

| Class: | Sections: |
|----------|-----------|
| Geometry | Geometry |
| | |
| | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|----------|----------------|
| Students will learn the basics right triangle properties and | Geometry | 4 weeks |
| the basics of trig. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question How can I prove a triangle is a right triangle? What does it mean to be a right triangle? What properties do all right triangles have? What theorem can I use to solve for missing sides of right triangles? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Use Pythagoren Theorem Use basic trig identities Apply basic right triangle properties to solve problems | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT calculate missing sides of right triangles using Pythagorean Theorem. SWBAT set up basic trig identities. SWBAT identify and prove similiar triangles. |
|---|---|---|
| ILS | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Trig identities | find missing sides of right triangles identify right triangles | Formative |
| Pythagorean Theorem Similar triangles | find area of right triangles | ☑ Summative |
| Online arenges | find trig identities of right triangles identify the opposite, adjacent, and hypotenuse sides of | Multiple Choice |

Special Right Triangles
Type: Unit Plan

| Stations | Equation strips | right |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Tiered problems | text books | hypotenuse |
| Project w/rubric | practice problems | pythagorean |
| • Project w/tubitc | homework packets | similar |
| • | project supplies | leg |
| | rubrics | sine |
| | | cosine |
| | | tangent |
| | | trig |

Area/Perimeter

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 2-28 to 4-1 | Geometry | Geometry |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------|----------------|
| We will look at formulas and use algebra skills to find the | Geometry | 4 weeks |
| area and perimeter of various geometric shapes. | | |

<u>Standards</u>

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|--|
| How is the area of the polynomial related to the perimeter? | Objectives | SWBAT find the area and perimeter of polygons with 80% |
| How do the formulas for finding the area and perimeter | Exhibit knowledge of basic angle properties and special sums of angle measures (e.g., 90°, 180°, and 360°) | accuracy. |
| change depending on the number of sides? | Compute the area of composite geometric figures when | SWBAT evaluate equations to find area and perimeter |
| Where do we see these shapes out in the world? | planning or visualization is required | using algebraic reasoning skills with 80% mastery. |
| | Compute the perimeter of polygons when all side lengths | SWBAT combine algebraic equations with geometric |
| | are given. | figures to solve complex problems with 80% accuracy. |
| | Compute the area of rectangles when whole number | |
| | dimensions are given. | |
| | Compute the perimeter of simple | |
| | composite geometric figures with unknown side lengths. | |
| | G.GMD.4 Find areas of polygons by dissecting them into triangles. | |
| | mangios. | |

Area/Perimeter
Type: Unit Plan

| ILS | |
|-----|--|
| | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|--|
| Area perimeter triangle properties rectangle properties circle properties irregular figure properties | applying area formulas applying perimeter formulas recognizing shapes recognizing which area and/or perimeter formulas to use | ✓ Formative ✓ Summative Multiple Choice Portfolio ✓ Project Reflective Essay Short Answer Constructed Response Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay Fill in the Blank Graphic Organizer Journal and Learning Logs Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task |

Area/Perimeter
Type: Unit Plan

| | | □ Portfolio □ Quiz □ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview □ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False |
|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| 1 4 4 104 4 1 | | |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| tiered problems | equation strips, | interior angle |
| equation strips | stations, | exterior angle |
| book problems | text books, | regular |
| | guided notes, | irregular |
| exemplar problems | quizzes, | perimeter |
| • stations | rubrics | area |
| project w/rubric | | evaluate |

SOHCAHTOA

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|----------|------------------------------|
| 3-21 to 4-15 | Geometry | Period 3, Period 6, Period 8 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------|----------------|
| We will look at trig formulas and use algebra skills to find missing sides and legs of right triangles. | Geometry | 4 Weeks |
| | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Mathematics (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 9 Use geometric methods to analyze, categorize and draw conclusions about points, lines, planes and space.

Standard 9A Properties of Single Figures and Coordinate Geometry

Objective 9.11.01 Apply the Pythagorean theorem.

Standard 9D Trigonometry

Objective 9.11.19 Determine distances and angle measures using indirect measurement (e.g., properties of right triangles, Law of Sines, Law of Cosines).

Objective 9.11.20 Solve problems using 45°-45°-90° and 30°-60°-90° triangles.

Objective 9.11.21 Identify graphs of a given trigonometric function (sin x, cos x) using its characteristics (e.g., period, amplitude).

Objective 9.11.22 Define, identify, and evaluate trigonometric ratios.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| How is the side of the triangle determined when only given one side and one angle measure? | Objectives | SWBAT find the SIN, COS and TAN of triangles with 80% accuracy. |
| How do the formulas for finding SIN, COS, and TAN change depending on the numbering and given information? | | SWBAT evaluate equations to find trig functions using algebraic reasoning skills with 80% mastery. |
| Where do we see use these formulas out in the world? | | SWBAT combine algebraic equations with geometric figures to solve complex problems with 80% accuracy. |

| SOHO | CAHT | OA |
|-------|------|------|
| Type: | Unit | Plan |

| ILS | |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Trig functions, trig ratios, find missing sides and legs | applying trig function formulas | Formative |
| | determine theta | ☑ Summative |
| | determine missing angle and missing leg | Multiple Choice |
| | | □ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | □ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |

SOHCAHTOA Type: Unit Plan

| | | ✓ Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Tiered problems | equation strips, | SIN, COS, TAN, Opposite, Adjacent, Hypotenuse, Theta, |
| example probelms | stations, | Trig Ratio, |
| book problems | text books, | |
| Stations | guided notes, quizzes, | |
| Project with Rubric | rubrics | |

Type: Unit Plan

Trig

Unit Dates:
4-4 to 5-13
Geometry
Geometry
Sections:
Geometry
Geometry
Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|----------|----------------|
| We will look at trig formulas and use algebra skills to find | Geometry | 5-6 weeks |
| missing sides and legs of right triangles. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question How is the side of the triangle determined when only given one side and one angle measure? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT find the SIN, COS and TAN of triangles with 80% accuracy. |
|--|--|--|
| How do the formulas for finding SIN, COS, and TAN change depending on the numbering and given information? | Apply basic trigonometric ratios to solve right-triangle problems Use trigonometric concepts and basic identities to solve problems | SWBAT evaluate equations to find trig functions using algebraic reasoning skills with 80% mastery. SWBAT combine algebraic equations with geometric |
| Where do we see use these formulas out in the world? | | figures to solve complex problems with 80% accuracy. |
| ILS | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|---------------|
| Trig ratios Triangles and missing sides | Determine which trig formula to use Find missing side using trig | Formative |

Trig

Type: Unit Plan

| Angles in a triangle | Find missing angle using trig | ✓ Summative |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | Solve multi-step problems using trig ratios | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |

Trig

Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ True/False |
|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Graphic organizer | equation strips, | sine |
| equation strips | stations, | cosine |
| manipulatives | text books, | tangent |
| - manipulatives | guided notes, | opposite |
| book problems | quizzes, | adjacent |
| guided notes | rubrics | hypotenuse |
| • stations | | angle |
| | | side |
| tiered problems | | ratio |
| | | trigonometry |

Advanced Algebra Trig

September

Building Our Toolkit: Manipulating Expressions, Equations, Inequalities, Approach to Word Problems

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Assessments: Class work turned in (formative) Homework (formative) Written Quiz (formative) | Building the tools for the toolkit will be activities for the day around that objective. | Manipulate expressions using the order of operations. Manipulate expressions by combining like terms. Utilize the distributive property to simplify | Why can it be helpful for us to legally change how expressions and equations look? | BIG IDEAS: We can manipulate expressions and equations algebraically in order to solve problems. |
| Project: Your Toolkit (summative) | Perhaps use chart paper (graffiti placemats?) to brainstorm in groups, but at the end each student needs to have an object | expressions and equations.Solve one-step equations.Solve two-step equations. | What basic steps do we take to solve problems in our | There are many ways to solve word problems, but we always |
| [Quiz will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | that displays the tool in their own personal toolkit (envelope decorated with their name and no gang symbols). | Solve multi-step equations. Critique and evaluate solutions of multi-step equations. Solve inequalities without reversing the sign. | everyday lives? | want to start by circling the information we are given and underlining the question. |
| <u>Standards:</u> | Tools can be in visual form, they can be written scripts for a performance (that they can read for me once), link to a sound byte on a website, etc. | Solve inequalities with reversing the sign. Articulate and utilize the class strategy for word problems. | | Order of Operations Combining Like Terms Distributive Property One-step equations Two-step equations |
| EEI.28-32.1 Manipulate expressions and equations | | | | Multi-step equations Inequalities w/o reversing sign Inequalities w/ reversing |
| EEI.24-27.6 Solve first-degree inequalities that do not require reversing | Virtual / literal (guided) note passing to share thought processes in | | | sign Number line graphs of inequalities Class strategy for word problems |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|------------|---------------------|---|
| the inequality sign. | solving problems. • RAFT: One side of an | | | Key Terms: variable, expression, equation, inequality, distributive |
| EEI.28-32.3 Solve linear inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign | equation writing to the other side of an equation. | | | property, order of operations, manipulate. |
| GR.24-27.1 Identify the graph of a linear inequality on the number line | | | | |
| EEI.28-32.2 Write expressions, equations and inequalities for common algebra | | | | |
| settings | | | | |
| EEI.33-36.1 Write expressions that require planning | | | | |
| and/or manipulating to accurately model a situation | | | | |

October

Functions and Multiple Representations: Math Literacy, Continued

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Assessment: | Coordinate System as Street address and house number. | Explain the parts of common tables and | How can we express mathematical information? | BIG IDEA: |
| Class work (formative) | | graphs. • Read, interpret, and create tables and graphs. | | We can express mathematical information in equivalent ways: graphs, tables, words, and |
| Homework (formative) | Relationships in their lives> are they functions? Why or | Translate between graphs, tables, words, and equations. | What do functions express? | equations. Good problem solvers pick which way to use at |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|---------------------|---|
| Written Quiz (formative) Written Test (summative) | why not? Creating a translator tool (like | Analyze, draw conclusions, and evaluate analysis of figures, tables, and graphs. Define and create functions. | | which time. We can use variables and |
| [Quiz and Test will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | a Spanish to English dictionary) with instructions on how to move between representations of mathematical information. | Identify domain and range. Determine whether a relation is a function using the vertical line test. Write and evaluate composite functions. | | symbols express relationships between entities in the real world. We call these relationships functions. |
| Standards: | Vertical line test - add tool to toolkit? | | | Parts of tables and graphsData pointsCoordinate system |
| PS.16-19.3 Read tables and graphs | | | | • Examples of tables, graphs, words, and equations expressing the |
| PS.24-27.2 Manipulate data from tables and graphs | | | | same information.Definition of a relationDefinition of a function |
| PS.16-19.4 Perform computations on data from tables and graphs | | | | Domain and Range Vertical Line Test Examples of functions. |
| PS.28-32.2 Interpret and use information from figures, tables and graphs | | | | Composite Functions |
| PS.33-36.2 Analyze and draw conclusions based on information from figures, tables, and graphs. | | | | Key Terms: coordinate system, relation, function, domain, range, composite function |
| F.28-32.1 Evaluate composite functions at integer | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| values F.33-36.1 Write an expression for the composite of two simple functions EEI.28-32.1 Manipulate expressions and equations | | | | |

Graphical Analysis of Linear Functions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| Assessment: | Foldable of how to calculate slope given different information. Put in toolkit after graded? | Graph a line in slope intercept form. Calculate slope given two points. | What are the defining characteristics of lines? | BIG IDEA: A line has two defining characteristics: a rate of change and a starting value. |
| Class work (formative) | | Calculate slope given a point and a parallel. | | |
| Homework (formative) | | Evaluate and critique calculations of slope. | | Slope (positive, negative, |
| Written Quiz (formative) | Absolute value related to real life -use distance examples | Write and evaluate piece- wise functions. | | zero, no slope) • Intercepts |
| Written Test (summative) | and how it doesn't matter whether you're N/S/E/W. | Graph absolute value functions. | | Absolute valuePiece-wise functionsSolution set |
| [Quiz and Test will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | Foldable with positive, negative, zero slope, and no slope. Put in toolkit after graded? | | | Key Terms: Slope, intercept, absolute value, undefined. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Standards: | | | | |
| EEI.24-27.1 Solve real-world problems using first-degree equations | | | | |
| EEI.28-32.4 Solve absolute value equations | | | | |
| GR.28-32.2 Match number line graphs with solution sets of linear inequalities | | | | |
| GR.28-32.1 Interpret and use information from graphs in the coordinate plane | | | | |
| GR.20-23.3 Exhibit knowledge of slope | | | | |
| GR.24-27.2 Determine the slope of a line from points or equations | | | | |
| GR 24-27.3 Match linear graphs with their equations | | | | |

November

Systems of Linear Functions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Assessments: | Substitution in sports analogy | Explain the relationship | How are the concepts of | BIG IDEA: A system of equations |
| Class work turned in (formative) | - when one player is subbed | between a system of | multiple representations and | and Intersecting lines represent |
| | out, they leave the court/field. | equations and | systems of equations related? | exactly the same mathematical |
| | | intersecting lines. | | |
| | | Solve systems of | | |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Homework (formative) Written Quiz (formative) Project: "Make your Case" (summative) | Graffiti placemats for how to remember strategies and/or when to use which. | equations. Evaluate and critique solutions of systems of equations. Utilize the most efficient method for solving a system of equations. | When can we solve a system of equations? | We can solve for any number of unknowns (variables) as long as we have the same number of equations. |
| [Quiz will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | Quizlet for when to use what strategy flash cards. | | | Graphical solutions Substitution |
| In the summative project, students will find a word problem (or write one) that yields a system of equations to solve. They will prepare a "legal document" of a solution, why it's correct (showing at least one other method), etc. | Tools for each strategy to add to toolkits? | | | Elimination Linear combination Key Terms: ordered pair, isolate, substitute, intersection |
| EEI.28-32.6 Find solutions for systems of linear equations GR.28-32.4 Use properties of parallel and | | | | |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| determine an equation of a line or coordinates of a point | | | | |
| | | | | |

December

Quadratic Functions: Part 1

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Assessments: Class work turned in (formative) | Lab exercise with projectile motion in preparation for project. | Multiply two binomials Evaluate quadratic functions at given values Recognize and plot | What processes in the world around us are accurately modeled as quadratic functions? | BIG IDEA: Quadratic functions have powerful applications (projectiles, acceleration/deceleration) that |
| Homework (formative) Written Quizzes (formative) | | special characteristics of parabolas and circles. | runctions. | allow us to model the world around us. |
| Project: "Make your Case" (summative) [Quiz will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | Quizlet flash cards for terms, definitions, properties, which factoring method to use, etc these will be especially helpful after Winter Break to refresh ourselves! | | | Just as subtraction "undoes" addition, factoring quadratics "undoes" multiplying binomials. |
| Project will be application based - we will do a lab on the flight of a ball and write a simple lab report. | | | | Monomial, Binomials, Trinomials, and their properties Quadratic forms Examples of quadratic functions (projectile motion, etc.) Perfect Squares Parabolas and vertices Complex Numbers and |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Standards: | | 1233433221411 | | their properties |
| EE.I 20-23.5 Multiply two binomials | | | | |
| F.20-23.1 Evaluate quadratic functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values. | | | | Key Terms: polynomial, perfect square, parabola, vertex, quadratic equation, complex number, real part, imaginary part |
| EEI.28-32.5 Solve quadratic equations | | | | |
| GR.28-32.5 Recognize special characteristics of parabolas and circles (e.g., the vertex of a parabola and the center or radius of a circle) | | | | |
| GR.33-36.2 Identify characteristics of graphs based on a set of conditions or on a general equation such as $y = ax^2 + c$ | | | | |

January Quadratic Functions: Part 2

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Assessments: Class work turned in (formative) | Back-channel conversations about factoring, specifically sharing internal monologues - showing how everybody thinks about these a bit | Utilize the difference of two squares to efficiently factor special quadratics. Factor quadratics of the form x² + bx + c. | How are multiplying binomials and factoring quadratics related? | BIG IDEA: Quadratic functions have powerful applications (projectiles, acceleration/deceleration) that allow us to model the world |
| | | Factor quadratics of the | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Homework (formative) Written Quizzes (formative) Written Test (summative) [Quizzes and Test will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] Standards: EEI.24-27.5 Factor simple quadratics (e.g., the difference of squares and perfect square trinomials) NCP.24-27.9 Exhibit some knowledge of the complex numbers NCP.28-32.5 Multiply two complex numbers NCP.33-36.3 Apply | differently. (I'll probably do these with paper and pen as note passing things since we don't have a computer for each student.) | form ax² + bx + c. • Evaluate and critique solutions to factoring problems using two methods (FOIL the answer, or do the problem yourself!) • Identify the real part and the imaginary part of a complex number. • Apply properties of complex numbers to add, subtract, multiply, and divide them. | Content & Resources | Just as subtraction "undoes" addition, factoring quadratics "undoes" multiplying binomials. • Monomial, Binomials, Trinomials, and their properties • Quadratic forms • Examples of quadratic functions (projectile motion, etc.) • Perfect Squares • Parabolas and vertices • Complex Numbers and their properties Key Terms: polynomial, perfect square, parabola, vertex, quadratic equation, complex number, real part, imaginary part |
| properties of complex numbers | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

Quadratic Functions

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| 12-6 to 2-18 | Advanced Algebra Trig | Period 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEA: Quadratic functions have powerful applications (projectiles, acceleration/deceleration) that allow us to model the world around us. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 41 days/class periods |
| Just as subtraction "undoes" addition, factoring quadratics "undoes" multiplying binomials. | | |
| The important aspects of the quadratics unit are FOIL, factoring, complex numbers, simplifying square roots, and graphical transformations. I will start out the unit with students graphing the height of a ball thrown over time—they will naturally come up with a parabola. From there, we'll move into graphing, using what we know from Unit 3. I'll be sure to showing the three types of quadratic equations: standard form, x-intercept, and vertex form. These will later translate to factoring and completing the square and graphing first will give student's meaning to each. To help students understand graphical transformations when graphing in vertex form, I'll show the similarities between point-slope form of a line and vertex form of a quadratic. | | |
| From here, I'll start algebraically solving quadratics using: | | |
| factoring, square roots, the quadratic formula, and | | |
| completing the square. I'll be sure to emphasize the | | |

Quadratic Functions
Type: Unit Plan

completing the square. I'll be sure to emphasize the multiple types of factoring as this will transfer to polynomials. When solving with square roots, I'll introduce complex numbers. Complex numbers will be a struggle but when graphing them the skills will build how different coordinate systems work (polar and parametric in Pre-Calculus). Similar to systems, teach students when to use each strategy for solving quadratics.

Standards

Essential Question

What processes in the world around us are accurately modeled as quadratic functions?

How are multiplying binomials and factoring quadratics related?

College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives

EE.I 20-23.5 Multiply two binomials

F.20-23.1 Evaluate quadratic functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values.

EEI.28-32.5 Solve quadratic equations

GR.28-32.5 Recognize special characteristics of parabolas and circles (e.g., the vertex of a parabola and the center or radius of a circle)

GR.33-36.2 Identify characteristics of graphs based on a set of conditions or on a general equation such as $y = ax^2 + c$

EEI.24-27.5Factor simple quadratics (e.g., the difference of squares and perfect square trinomials)

NCP.24-27.9 Exhibit some knowledge of the complex numbers

NCP.28-32.5 Multiply two complex numbers

NCP.33-36.3 Apply properties of complex numbers

Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings

Multiply two binomials

Evaluate quadratic functions at given values

Recognize and plot special characteristics of parabolas and circles.

Utilize the difference of two squares to efficiently factor special quadratics.

Factor quadratics of the form $x^2 + bx + c$.

Factor quadratics of the form ax2 + bx + c.

Evaluate and critique solutions to factoring problems using two methods (FOIL the answer, or do the problem yourself!)

Identify the real part and the imaginary part of a complex number.

Apply properties of complex numbers to add, subtract, multiply, and divide them.

| Quadratic Functions |
|---------------------|
| Type: Unit Plan |

| ILS | |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Monomial, Binomials, Trinomials, and their properties | | ▼ Formative |
| Quadratic forms | | ▼ Summative |
| Examples of quadratic functions (projectile motion, etc.) | | |
| Perfect Squares | | Multiple Choice |
| Parabolas and vertices | | ▼ Portfolio |
| Complex Numbers and their properties | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |

Quadratic Functions
Type: Unit Plan

| | | Portfolio |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| • | Algebra tiles for factoring quadratics. | Key Terms: polynomial, perfect square, parabola, vertex, quadratic equation, complex number, real part, imaginary |
| | Chart paper for practicing box method (alternative to FOIL). | part |
| | Lab exercise with projectile motion in preparation for project. | |
| | Quizlet flash cards for terms, definitions, properties, which factoring method to use, etc these will be especially helpful after Winter Break to refresh ourselves! | |
| | Other Things: Notes Packets Class Work Bell Ringer Sheets Homework Packets | |

Conic Sections

Unit Dates:
2-22 to 3-16
Advanced Algebra Trig
Period 1, Period 2, Period 7

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEAS: Quadratics as we know them (parabolas) are special cases in the world of conic sections. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 16 Days/Class periods |
| Conic sections are all sets of points defined as equidistant from some set point, line, or combination of points or lines. | | |
| Many skills used in this unit are transferable from Unit 5, particularly completing the square. Each conic section will be handled over the course of two days (perhaps one with hyperbolas so as to not dwell too long there), and then we will step back at the end of the unit, and look at similarities/differences between the conics, their equations, etc. | | |

<u>Standards</u>

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|---|
| Using the form of a conic section, how can we show that | Objectives | •SWBAT find the center/vertex of various conic sections |
| quadratic and linear functions are special cases? | | by completing the square on 3 of 4 problems. |
| | GR.28-32.5 Recognize special characteristics of | •SWBAT write equations of various conic sections from |

Conic Sections
Type: Unit Plan

| What are the similarities and differences between conic sections? | parabolas and circles (e.g., the vertex of a parabola and the center or radius of a circle) | their graphs on 3 of 4 tries. •SWBAT evaluate functions in function notation on 5 of 6 tries. |
|---|--|--|
| | NCP.24-27.6 Work problems involving positive integer exponents | *SWBAT understand composition of functions and combine functions by composition on 3 of 4 tries. |
| | EEI.24-27.4 Add, subtract and multiply polynomials | |
| | F.24-27.1 Evaluate polynomial functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values. | |
| ILS | | |
| | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|
| Skills and Integrated Skills - Writing equations from graphs. - Identifying center/vertex from equation. - Completing the square to put equation in standard form in order to pull out vertex/center. - Evaluating compositions of functions | ✓ Formative ☐ Summative ☐ Multiple Choice ☐ Portfolio ✓ Project ☐ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer ☐ Constructed Response ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | ☐ Essay ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | Graphic Organizer |
| | Writing equations from graphs. Identifying center/vertex from equation. Completing the square to put equation in standard form in order to pull out vertex/center. |

Conic Sections
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
|--|--|--|
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ☐ Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Graphic organizer to compare/contrast conics | Paper and scissors to make flip books for different types of conics. | Key Terms: parabola, hyperbola, ellipse, circle, conic |
| | White boards w/ grids on one side, markers, erasers. | |
| | Chart paper for graffiti place-mats, etc. | |
| | | |
| | Other Things: | |
| | Notes Packets | |
| | Class Work | |
| | Bell Ringer Sheets | |
| | Homework Packets | |

Major Topics in Algebra Trig Type: Unit Plan

Major Topics in Algebra Trig

Unit Dates:
3-17 to 4-29
Advanced Algebra Trig
Period 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| BIG IDEA: There are certain skills that we MUST have in order to be successful on the ACT and in future math courses. We need to work on ironing out the kinks in those skills. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 25 days/class periods. |
| All of this unit will be review, selecting the 20 or so skills that students really need to be successful in their math careers from this point forward. We will revisit each objective by being honest about what we know and don't know, and using skills we do have to give others context. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|--|
| What is our generalized problem solving process/approach? | Perform computations on data from tables and graphs | There are certain skills that can take us far in our math career if we have them down pat. |
| | Exhibit some knowledge of the complex numbers | |
| How can I keep track of when to use which skill? | Multiply two complex numbers | When taking a test, we need to be able to pick out the ones we know! |
| | Combine like terms | |
| | Solve routine first-degree equations | |
| | Multiply two binomials | |
| | Identify solutions to simple quadratic equations | |
| | Add, subtract, and multiply polynomials | |

| Major Topics in Algebra | Trig |
|-------------------------|------|
| Type: Unit Plan | |

| | Factor simple quadratics (e.g., the difference of squares and perfect square trinomials) Solve quadratic equations | |
|-----|---|--|
| | · | |
| | Find solutions to systems of linear equations | |
| | Determine the slope of a line from points or equations | |
| | Evaluate quadratic functions, expressed in function | |
| | notation, at integer values | |
| ILS | | |
| | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|---|
| Slope Lines | Solve multi-step equations | ☑ Formative |
| Systems of Equations | Calculate averages (various unknowns) | Summative |
| Polynomials Functions &Function Notation | Find slope given two points | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Factoring | Write equations of lines in slope intercept | Portfolio |
| Quadratics Complex Numbers | form (various unknowns) | ✓ Project |
| Conic Sections | Graph a line in slope-intercept form | Reflective Essay |
| | Solve systems of equations with substitution | Short Answer |
| | Set up and solve systems of equations word problems | ☐ Constructed Response ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | Classify polynomials by degree or number | □ Essay |
| | of terms | Fill in the Blank |
| | Add/subtract polynomials | ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| | Evaluate functions in function notation | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Multiply polynomials (box method) | |

Major Topics in Algebra Trig

Type: Unit Plan

| | Multiply polynomials (box method) | Learning Contract |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Factor using GCF | ☐ Matching |
| | Factor using difference of squares | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | Factor x ² + bx + c | Observation Checklist |
| | Factor ax ² + bx + c | Performance Assessment |
| | Factor polynomials completely | Performance Task |
| | Solve quadratic equations by factoring | Portfolio |
| | Solve quadratic equations by completing the square | ✓ Quiz |
| | Solve quadratic equations using the | Rubric |
| | quadratic formula | Self Evaluation |
| | Evaluate powers of <i>i</i> | Structured Interview |
| | Add/subtract complex numbers | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | Multiply/divide complex numbers | ☐ True/False |
| | Solve quadratic equations having complex | |
| | roots | |
| | Graph/write equations of parabolas | |
| | Graph/write equations of circles | |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | Brightstorm Videos for short review lessons. | |
| | Chart paper for making posters and summarizing ideas (getting the big picture). | |
| | Review sheets with problems students shouldn't know how | |
| | to do in order to get in the habit of skipping problems. | |

Trigonometry
Type: Unit Plan

Trigonometry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------|--|
| 5-2 to 5-20 | Advanced Algebra Trig | Period 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEA: Special right triangle ratios correspond to | Advanced Algebra Trig | 15 Days/Class periods |
| "special" points on the sinusoidal graphs of sin, cos, and | | |
| tan. | | |
| | | |
| On the ACT, only basic trigonometric ideas are tested but | | |
| for further mathematics, a deeper understanding of | | |
| trigonometry is necessary. I'll try to build the cohesion | | |
| between special right triangles, trigonometric functions, | | |
| unit circle and sinusoidal functions. | | |
| | | |
| We'll start by splitting an equilateral triangle - this will form | | |
| two 30-60-90 triangles and students can discover the | | |
| ratios. We'll use these to create the ratios of trig functions | | |
| - sin, cos, tan. We can then use these to literally build the | | |
| unit circle. Using the unit circle, we'll create a table of the | | |
| sin-cos-tan and then draw the sinusoidal graphs. | | |
| Once again, this is an awesome way to connect graphs to | | |
| tables to equations. Lastly, I'll try to make sinusoidal | | |
| functions fun by studying real but highly accurate and | | |
| predictable trigonometric functions like sunrise or sunset | | |
| times, tides, etc. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question How does the unit circle map the way for the graphs of the trig functions sin, cos, and tan? Where can we find the ratios of special right triangles in our graphs of the trig functions sin, cos, and tan? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives F.24-27.2 Express the sine, cosine, and tangent of an angle in a right triangle as a ratio of given side lengths F.28-32.2 Apply basic trigonometric ratios to solve right-triangle problems F.33-36.2 Use trigonometric concepts and basic identities to solve problems F.33-36.3 Exhibit knowledge of unit circle trigonometry F.33-36.4 Match graphs of basic trigonometric functions | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings - Find missing side lengths of right triangles. - Use inverse functions to find missing angles. - Apply Law of Sines. - Apply Law of Cosines. - Graph trigonometric functions sin, cos, tan. - Translate and reflect trigonometric functions. - Verify trigonometric identities. - Solve trigonometric equations. - Write trigonometric functions to model a reliable process. |
|--|---|---|
| | F.33-36.4 Match graphs of basic trigonometric functions with their equations | |
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Right Triangles and Special Right TrianglesRadians/Degrees | | Formative |
| - Unit Circle | | ✓ Summative |
| - General Angles (i.e. Trig Functions not in special right triangles) | | Multiple Choice |
| - Graphing Calculators and Trig Functions - Trig Identities | | ☐ Portfolio |
| - Thy identities | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ▼ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | □ Essay |
| | | |

| Trigonometry | |
|-----------------|--|
| Type: Unit Plan | |

| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank ☐ Graphic Organizer ☐ Journal and Learning Logs ☐ Learning Contract ☐ Matching |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | Graph paper &Gridded Whiteboards Trig identities Quizlet flashcards Construction Paper for special right triangle Jigsaw | Key terms: opposite, adjacent, hypotenuse, radian, inverse |
| | Other Things: Notes Packets Class Work Bell Ringer Sheets Homework Packets | |

Statistics and Probability

Unit Dates:Class:Sections:5-23 to 6-10Advanced Algebra TrigPeriod 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEAS: Probability is an incredibly powerful tool for predicting outcomes in the real world. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 14 Days/Class periods |
| Casinos and lotteries make money because they have probability on their side. | | |
| Statistics is something that students will find interesting if taught through their real life situations –ex. how many combinations of peanut butter and jelly exist? As well as with social justice themes –stats of graduation rates vs. income, or employment by race, class, job type, gender, etc. Statistic labs can also be a great way to build understanding. While this can sometimes be a grab-bag of topics –it is fun and can be challenging. The ACT really emphasizes the multiple uses of averages so I'll be sure to hit on finding basic averages and finding missing values within an average formula. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| How do casinos make money? | Objectives | - Apply counting principles |

| How many 10-digit phone numbers are possible? Are we in danger of ever running out? How do we know? | PS.24-27.2 Manipulate data from tables and graphs PS.28-32.2 Interpret and use information from figures, tables and graphs PS.33-36.2 Analyze and draw conclusions based on information from figures, tables, and graphs. PS.16-19.5 Use the relationship between the probability of an event and the probability of its complement PS.24-27.3 Communicate straightforward probabilities for common situations PS.28.32.3 Apply counting techniques | Compute combinations Compute permutations Use Pascal's Triangle Calculate conditional probability Calculate marginal probability Find basic averages Find missing values within an average formula |
|---|---|--|
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| - Fundamental Counting Principle | | Formative |
| - Combinations | | Summative |
| - Averages (simple and complex) - Conditional Probability | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| - Marginal Probability | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | |

Statistics and Probability
Type: Unit Plan

| | | Graphic Organizer |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ✓ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | Dice, cards, coins, etc. for examples/labs in class. | Key Terms: event, outcome, conditional probability, marginal probability |
| | Lottery tickets for each class after we work out how slim | |
| | our chances of winning really are. | |
| | Paper for making Pascal's Triangles. | |
| | Other Things: | |
| | Notes Packets | |
| | Class Work | |
| | Bell Ringer Sheets | |
| | Homework Packets | |

English 1: English Language and Inquiry

September

Struggle, Survival, and Perseverance

| | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Month Formative and Summative Assessments: 1. The Outsiders (Language) • Informal Observations • Quizzes on reading • 5 paragraph writing assignments on personal struggle • compare and contrast themes using Venn diagrams on TO and TMDG. • creation of a song or poem explaining the plot of TO. • reading journals that develop characters, plot, setting, theme 1. The Most Dangerous Game (Language) • Informal Obervations • Graffiti Maps on struggle • Quizzes on reading • 5 paragraph essay • design a comic book of the major events, characters, setting in TMDG • create a map of Shipwreck | Activities: Wordle for Jabberwocky Rough Drafts for 5 paragraph essays visual mapping of plot elements | Assessment Illinois Learning Standards: College Readiness Standards: Sentence Structure and Formation: • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. | Content & Resources What types of struggles do teenagers go through? What struggles does society put on us? How can you overcome life's struggles? Why is survival so important? What does perseverance really mean? How is Ponyboy a survivor? | Skills Concept or Big Ideas: Life is struggle and we must identify strategies in order to survive and persevere. Literature Content: Analysis of plot Development of setting Analysis of character Analysis of voice and theme Five paragraph essay Narrative writing Definitions of Struggle, Survival, and Perseverance English Content: Application of parts of speech Narrative Writing Verb tense Appropriate word choice Verb/pronoun agreement Key Terms: |
| Island | | | | • plot |

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| 25. 0 | T 410 4 | | G | GI III |
|---|---------------------|---|---------------------|--|
| Critique of the ending on TMDG. Jabberwocky and Parts of Speech (English) identify "gibberish" words and what part of speech they are. replace the gibberish words with real words in the correct part of speech create your own -wocky poem English Content (CRS) Sample Explore and Plan reading passages | Essential Questions | Onventions of Usage: 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and superlative adjectives. Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation: Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | Content & Resources | Skills • setting • theme • voice • theme • perseverance |

October

Vocabulary Lists #1 and #2

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Month Formative and Summative Assessments: | Essential Questions Activities: | Sentence Structure and Formation: • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. | Content & Resources How can we use these words in our everyday lives? Where do you see these words daily? What types of relationships do you see with these words? | Skills Concept or Big Idea: What do these words mean and what do their meanings look like? Content: • determination of the POS • usage of words in sentences • visualization of word meanings Key Terms: 1. List #1 • grotesque • dumbfounded • feline • brutal • obese • gawk • annual • bicker • waiver • blunder • tyrant • toxic |
| | | Conventions of Usage: | | toxic |
| | | | | 1. List #2 |
| | | 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in | | dictatorfragile |
| | | frequently confused | | • magne |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| | | pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. • 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and superlative adjectives. • Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation: • Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | | glutton intoxicated irate omen palatial prompt soothe swagger vast vivid |

November

Vocabulary Lists #3 & #4

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Formative and Summative Assessments: | Activities: | 8 | How can we use these words in our everyday lives? | Concept or Big Idea: What do these words mean and |
| Assessments. | | Sentence Structure and | | what do their meanings look like? |
| picture definitions and oral quizzingvocab detective slips | sentence creationparagraph/story creation | Formation: | Where do you see these words daily? | Content: |
| Vocab detective stips List tests | word mapsvisual thesauruswordle | • 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between | What types of relationships do you see with these words? | determination of the POS |

| Manth | Fagon4:-1 04: | Aggregation | Contout & D | CL:II. |
|-------|---------------|---|---------------------|---|
| Month | • quizlet | simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. • 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. • 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. • 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. Conventions of Usage: | Content & Resources | Skills usage of words in sentences visualization of word meanings Key Terms: 1. List #3 1. List #4 |
| | | 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | superlative adjectives. Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. | | |
| | | Conventions of Punctuation: | | |
| | | Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | | |

December

Forgiveness and Gratitude

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Thank You Ma'am Oral reading of text Plot storyboard Thank you letter to Mrs. Jones Letter to Roger Response to African Proverb "It Takes a Village" Character sketches Gift of the Magi Oral reading of text Plot storyboard Description of Della and | Oral read alouds Concept mapping vocabulary definitions/examples Adapted reader Visual representations in pictures/videos | College Readiness Standards: Organization, Unity, and Coherence • 403: Add a sentence that introduces a simple paragraph. • 503: Add a sentence to introduce or conclude the essay to provide a transition between paragraphs when the essay is fairly straightforward. | What are "forgiveness" and "gratitude"? How do we show thanks for the things we have? Why is it important to forgive? What is the importance of a gift? What's better, "to give" or "to receive"? | Analysis of plot Development of setting Analysis of character Analysis of voice and theme Analysis of Irony and ambuiguity Five paragraph essay Narrative writing Expository writing Definitions of Forgiveness and Gratitude`1 English Content: |
| James' relationship and | | Word Choice in terms of style, | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|
| love for each other Socratic Seminar in response to the theme of "Magi" 1. A Christmas Memory Oral reading of text Character Analysis of Buddy and his Cousin Holiday traditions journaling | | 202:Revise vague nouns and pronouns that create obvious logic problems. 403:Determine the clearest and most logical conjunction to link clauses. Sentence Structure and Formation 201:Use conjunctions or punctuation to join simple clauses. 301:Determine the need for punctuation and conjunctions to avoid awkward-sounding sentence fragments and fused sentences. 502:Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. Conventions of Usage | | Application of parts of speech Narrative Writing Verb tense Appropriate word choice Verb/pronoun agreement Key Terms: plot setting theme voice theme gratitude and forgiveness |
| | | 302:Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 501:Ensure that a pronoun | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | agrees with its antecedent when the two occur in separate clauses or sentences. • 402:Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation | | |
| | | 503:Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. 201:Delete commas that create basic sense problems (e.g. between verb and direct object). 301:Provide appropriate punctuation in straightforward situations (e.g. items in a series). 302:Delete commas that disturb the sentence flow (e.g. between modifier and modified element). 401:Use commas to set off simple parenthetical phrases. 402:Delete unnecessary commas when an incorrect reading of the sentence suggests a pause that should be punctuated (e.g. between verb and direct object clause | | |

Vocabulary Lists #5 & #6

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Formative and Summative Assessments: picture definitions and oral quizzing vocab detective slips List tests | sentence creation paragraph/story creation word maps visual thesaurus wordle quizlet | Sentence Structure and Formation: 202: Revise shifts in verb tense between simple clauses in a sentence or between simple adjoining sentences. 302: Decide the appropriate verb tense and voice by consider the meaning of the entire sentence. 502: Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of the preceding clause or sentence. 602: Maintain a consistent and logical use of verb tense and pronoun person on the basis of information in the paragraph or essay as a whole. Conventions of Usage: 302: Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused | How can we use these words in our everyday lives? Where do you see these words daily? What types of relationships do you see with these words? | Concept or Big Idea: What do these words mean and what do their meanings look like? Content: • determination of the POS • usage of words in sentences • visualization of word meanings Key Terms: 1. List #5 1. List #6 |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. • 201: Solve such basic grammatical problems as how to form the past and past participle of irregular but commonly used verbs and how to form comparative and superlative adjectives. • Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. Conventions of Punctuation: • Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. | | |

JanuaryLatin and Greek roots and Goal Setting

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Greek/Latin root charts. Root word superheroes Greek/Latin root word comic strips | graphic organizers collaborative grouping | College Readiness Standards: Organization, Unity, and Coherence | What root words are common in the English language and how can we use them effectively. | All Latin and Greek roots Goal setting strategies 5 paragraph essays |
| quiz test list of academic goals for | story writing | • 403: Add a sentence that introduces a simple paragraph. | What goals do you have for the new year? | plot and story writing. |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------|
| the new year | | • 503: Add a sentence to | | |
| list of personal goals for the new year | | introduce or conclude the essay to provide a transition | | |
| word collage | | between paragraphs when | | |
| | | the essay is fairly | | |
| | | straightforward. | | |
| | | Word Choice in terms of style, tone, clarity and economy | | |
| | | , , | | |
| | | • 202:Revise vague nouns | | |
| | | and pronouns that create | | |
| | | obvious logic problems. | | |
| | | 403:Determine the clearest and most logical | | |
| | | conjunction to link clauses. | | |
| | | Sentence Structure and Formation | | |
| | | Sentence Structure and Pormation | | |
| | | • 201:Use conjunctions or | | |
| | | punctuation to join simple | | |
| | | clauses. | | |
| | | • 301:Determine the need for | | |
| | | punctuation and conjunctions to avoid | | |
| | | awkward-sounding sentence | | |
| | | fragments and fused | | |
| | | sentences. | | |
| | | • 502:Maintain consistent verb tense and pronoun | | |
| | | person on the basis of the | | |
| | | preceding clause or | | |
| | | sentence. | | |
| | | Conventions of Usage | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | 302:Recognize and use the appropriate word in frequently confused pairs such as there and their, past and passed, and led and lead. 501:Ensure that a pronoun agrees with its antecedent when the two occur in separate clauses or sentences. 402:Ensure that a verb agrees with its subject when there is some text between the two. | | |
| | | 503:Use apostrophes to indicate simple possessive nouns. 201:Delete commas that create basic sense problems (e.g. between verb and direct object). 301:Provide appropriate punctuation in straightforward situations (e.g. items in a series). 302:Delete commas that disturb the sentence flow (e.g. between modifier and modified element). 401:Use commas to set off simple parenthetical phrases. | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | 402:Delete unnecessary commas when an incorrect reading of the sentence suggests a pause that should be punctuated (e.g. between verb and direct object clause | | |

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry Type: Unit Plan

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---|------------------------------|
| 2-7 to 4-1 | English 1: English Language and Inquiry | Period 2, Period 5, Period 8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------------------|------------------|
| Students will honor African-American History month with a | Survey of Literature | 6 week long unit |
| unit that focuses on the Harlem Renaissance and | | |
| prominent African American poets and authors. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W.CCR.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

Type: Unit Plan

investigation.

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

Anchor Standard L.CCR.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

| Essential Question How have African-American poets influenced modern day artists? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives CC_Common_Core_State_Standar ds - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts Strand R Reading RL Literature Key Ideas and Details | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Students will understand the historical context of the poetry of the Harlem Renaissance. SWBAT analyze poetry of the HR and understand and apply poetic literary elements. |
|--|---|--|
|--|---|--|

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2

Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W.CCR.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

ILS

Strand R Reading

Anchor Standard L.CCR.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate. Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. CC_Common_Core_State_Standar ds - English Language Arts (2010) -**Grades 9-10 English Language Arts**

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

Type: Unit Plan

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2

Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W.CCR.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

Type: Unit Plan

| Anchor Standard L.CCR.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening. Vocabulary Acquisition and Use | |
|---|--|
| Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate. | |
| Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings. | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---------|--|---|
| | Critical thinking skills Creative writing skills Literary elements | ☐ Formative✓ Summative |

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry Type: Unit Plan

| | ☐ Multiple Choice |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| | ✓ Portfolio |
| | ✓ Project |
| | Reflective Essay |
| | ☐ Short Answer |
| | Constructed Response |
| | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | □ Essay |
| | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | Graphic Organizer |
| | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Learning Contract |
| | ☐ Matching |
| | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | Observation Checklist |
| | Performance Assessment |
| | Performance Task |
| | ☐ Portfolio |
| | □ Quiz |
| | Rubric |
| | Self Evaluation |
| | Structured Interview |
| | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | ☐ True/False |

Harlem Renaissance and Poetry

Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| note taking | Various poems and visual media | |
| small group instruction | | |
| project creation | | |
| modeling | | |

Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet Type: Unit Plan

Shakespeare and Romeo & Juliet

Unit Dates:
4-4 to 6-17
English 1: English Language and Inquiry
Period 2, Period 5, Period 8

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Students will study Shakespeare's sonnets and the drama | Survey of Literature | Unit will last 10-11 weeks |
| of Romeo &Juliet. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Type: Unit Plan

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

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Anchor Standard RI.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

Anchor Standard L.CCR.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.6 Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|------------|--|
| How do Shakespeare's poems and dramas endure over | Objectives | SWBAT analyze Shakespeare's sonnets for style, |

Type: Unit Plan

time?

CC_Common_Core_State_Standar ds - English Language Arts (2010) -Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2

Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

structure, and theme.

SWBAT analyze Romeo &Juliet and compare its themes to modern day events.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

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Anchor Standard RI.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

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Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

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Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

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Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

Anchor Standard L.CCR.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.6 Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

ILS

CC_Common_Core_State_Standar

ds - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2

Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Craft and Structure

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Anchor Standard RL.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

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Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

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Craft and Structure

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Anchor Standard RI.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Type: Unit Plan

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

Anchor Standard L.CCR.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Type: Unit Plan

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.6 Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Content, Skills, Assessment

Type: Unit Plan

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Critical thinking skills | ▼ Formative |
| | Analytical language skills Poetic structure skills | ✓ Summative |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | ☐ Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| | | ✓ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |

Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Small group instruction | Textbook with Sonnets and drama of R&J | |
| Think Pair Share | Various supporting texts. | |
| visual media | | |
| audio media | | |
| socratic discussion | | |

September

The American Dream

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS | •Journals | S | 1. What is "The American Dream"? | People who realize "The American Dream" discover they |
| •Scene Questions | •Modeling •Class Discussions | •Identify and analyze the conflicts within the Younger family | 2. Do we have control over our own success? | are in control of their own destiny. |
| •Dreamwork Activity | •Utilize a graphic organizer | Compare/contrast character motives | 3. What are some barriers in today's society that may affect | •Drama |
| •Class Discussions •Journals | •"The Child's Dream" | Identify and explain the elements of plot within a piece of literature | the progress of our dreams? | •Conflict |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS | •Dreamwork Activity •A Raisin in the Sun Movie | •Develop a thesis and support your opinion using a five | 4. Can money buy happiness?5. What are my dreams for the | •Resolution •Character motives |
| •Quizzes | •Analyze Fantasia's song "I | paragarph essay | future? | •Setting |
| •Tests | Believe" •Analyze "A Dream Deferred" | | 6. What must happen for "The American Dream" to come true? | •Plot |
| •Writing Project | by Langston Hughes | | | •Ambition |
| | | | | "The American Dream" A Raisin in the Sun Vocabulary |
| | | | | •The Writing Process |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
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October

The Power of Words

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Formative Assessments Observations Discussions Exit slips Summative Assessments Completeion of a five paragraph essay | Daily writing assignments Socratic Discussions Modeling State your position activity Persusasive graphic organizer Persuasive outline Gallery walk | 502-Delete material primarily because it disturbs the flow and development of a paragraph 502-Identify and correct ambiguous pronoun references. 501-Revise a phrase that is redundant in terms of the meaning and logic of the entire sentence. 601-Use sentence-combining techniques effectively avoiding problematic comma splices, runon sentences, and sentence fragments, especially in sentences containing compound subjects or verbs. 603-Use an apostrophe to show possession, especially with irregular plural nouns. | How do you make people believe you? What strategies can you use to effectively persuade other people? | In order to be persuasive one must have a focused idea and develop it by using strong supporting evidence. Topic Development Organization, unity and coherence Word choice in terms of style, tone and economy Sentence structure and formation Conventions of usage Conventions of punctuation |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
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November

Choices

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Formative Assessments | Group work | Reading | What strategies can I use to | The choices that you make as a |
| | | 501(Main Idea)-Infer the main | make good choices? | teen will influence the rest of |
| Journal activities | Identify main idea using a | idea or purpose of | | your life. |
| | highlighter | straightforward paragraphs in | How do the choices I make | |
| Higher order thinking questions | | more challenging passages | affect me? | To determine author's purpose |
| | Individual reading | | | we look for main idea and |
| Discussions | | 502(Main Idea)-Infer the main | How does the author's purpose | supporting details |
| | Higher-order thinking questions | idea or purpose of | help us understand the text? | |
| Write a diary for one of the | | straightforward paragraphs in | | Characterization |
| characters | Journal activities | more challenging passages | | Main Idea |
| | | | | Supporting Details |
| Design a movie poster for one of | Reader's response | 601(Supporting Details)Locate | | Author's Purpose |
| the stories | | and interpret minor or subtly | | |
| | Draw a series of pictures | stated details in uncomplicated | | |
| Write a one page "pitch" to a | illustrating the story or main | passages | | |
| producer explaining why the story | events of the story | | | Key Terms |
| would or would not make a great | | 501(MOV)Use context to | | Inference |
| movie. | Write a diary for one of the | determine the appropriate | | Main Idea |

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| Mr. a | F 4:10 4: | | C 4 4 8 P | CI VII |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Month Summative Asessment I will give students various choices and they can choose which one they want to do for their summative assessment • Draw a series of pictures illustrating the story or main events of the story • Draw a timeline for major events in the story • Create an individual or | Essential Questions characters Design a movie poster for one of the stories Draw a timeline for major events in the story Various anchoring activities for differentiated instruction Write a one page "pitch" to a producer explaining why the story would or would not make | Assessment meaning of virtually any word, phrase, or statement in uncomplicated passages Writing 301 (Topic Development)- Identify the basic purpose or role of a specified phrase or sentence | Content & Resources | Skills Supporting Details Interpretation |
| class collage around themes or characters in the book. • Movie previews always offer a quick sequence of the best moments that make us want to watch it — storyboard or narrate the scenes for your trailer. Focus on verbs. • Create a collage around themes or characters in the book. | a great movie. Students gather in groups to discuss the text and then report out to the class for full-class discussion. Create an individual or class collage around themes or characters in the book. | | | |
| the book. | Movie previews always offer a quick sequence of the best moments that make us want to watch it – storyboard or narrate the scenes for your trailer. Focus on verbs. Create a collage around themes or characters in the book. | | | |

December

Who Am I?

| 3.5 | T 410 4 | | | ar ar |
|------------------------------|---|--|---|----------------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS | •Class Discussions | Draw generalizations and conclusions about people, ideas | 1. Who are we? | •Prewriting |
| •Class Discussions | •Read excerpts from various autobiographies and biographies | and so on in more challenging passages | 2. Who would we like to be? | •Brainstorming |
| •Quizzes | •Write various short essays about | Identify the basic purpose or role | 3. How do we discover who we are? | •Revising |
| •Writing Workshops | certain aspects of their life | of a specified phrase or sentence | | •Editing |
| •Grammar Assignments | •Research a role model | Revise a phrase that is redundant in terms of the meaning and logic | 4. To what extent does our past influence the way we are today? | •Autobiography |
| SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT | •Oral presentation | of the entire sentence | | •Biography |
| •Final Autobiography Project | •Mini lesson on combining sentences (Language Network) | Use sentence-combining techniques effectively avoiding problematic comma splices, run- | | |
| | •Mini lesson on revising redundant phrases | on sentences, and sentence fragments, especially in | | |
| | •Mini lesson on using | sentences containing compound subjects or verbs. | | |
| | apostrophes to show possession | | | |
| | •Mini lesson on past and past | Identify the correct past and past participle forms of irregular and | | |
| | participle forms | infrequently used verbs and form present-perfect verbs by using have rather than of. | | |
| | | nave rauler than or. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Use an apostrophe to show possession, especially with | | |
| | | irregular plural nouns. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

January Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| Quizzes | Journal entries | <u>\$</u> | What are the common poetic devices? | Couplet |
| Test | Grammar worksheets | Benchmark 1.C.4b Explain and justify an interpretation of a text | | Haiku |
| Poetry definition | Reader's response | Benchmark 1.C.4d Summarize | What are the different types of poems? | Free Verse |
| Exit slips | Gallery walk | and make generalizations from content and relate them to the | poomo: | Stanza |
| Observations | Brave New Voices Video | purpose of the material. | What is the difference between | Rhyme |
| Class poem | Poetry scavenger hunt | Benchmark 1.C.4e Analyze how authors and illustrators use text | poetry and prose? | Sonnet |
| Final poetry project | Oral Presentation | and art to express and emphasize | Why do poets "talk in code" or | Alliteration |
| | Various poetry assignments | their ideas (e.g., imagery, multiple points of view). | have a | Simile |
| | | Benchmark 2.A.4a Analyze and | What is the purpose of reading or writing poetry? | Metaphor |
| | | evaluate the effective use of literary techniques (e.g., | . What defines a piece of writing | Personification |
| | | figurative language, allusion, dialogue, description, symbolism, | as poetry? | Onomatopoeia |
| | | word choice, dialect) in classic and contemporary literature | Is there a right or wrong way to interpret poetry? | |
| | | representing a variety of forms and media. | How can I interpret and explain the complex language of poetry? | |
| | | | | |

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder Type: Unit Plan

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 1-24 to 3-4 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------------------|----------------|
| In this unit students will learn about the elements of poetry | American Literature | 4 Weeks |
| while analyzing poems. Students will gain a greater | | |
| appreciation for the art of poetry. This unit will require | | |
| students to read various poems by a variety of authors as | | |
| well as write their own poems. Students will be | | |
| responsible for completeing a several assignments and | | |
| poetry readings within this unit. This unit will also contain | | |
| a few mini grammar lessons. There will be a cumulutive | | |
| project at the end of this unit that will allow students to | | |
| demonstrate their understanding of various poetic devices | | |
| while using the analytical skills they have gained to | | |
| compose their own poems. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

Type: Unit Plan

speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

| Essential Question What is the purpose of reading or writing poetry? What defines a piece of writing as poetry? What are the common poetic devices? Is there a right or wrong way to interpret poetry? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Standards are Above | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Identify historically significant poets and compare the form and devices used. Literary Response and Analysis - Students read and respond to historically or culturally significant works of literature that reflect and enhance history and social science. They clarify the ideas and connect them to other literary works. Analyze the use of rhetorical devices |
|--|--|--|
| ILS Standards are Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Chicago by Carl Sandburg | Uses poetic devices and figurative language to add complexity and connotative meaning to the poem | Formative |
| AdolescenceIII by Rita Dove | complexity and commentative meaning to the poom | ☐ Summative |
| To My Dear and Loving Husband by Anne Bradstreet | Exhibits higher level thinking and originality | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| Lines the Purping of My House by Anna Produtreet | | ▼ Portfolio |
| Upon the Burning of My House by Anne Bradstreet | mood/tone | ▼ Project |
| Langston Hughes | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ▼ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | · | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | |

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder Type: Unit Plan

| | Utilizes sensory detail writing and figurative language to add color and vivacity to writing Self-monitors and self-corrects grammar and writing conventions | □ Essay □ Fill in the Blank □ Graphic Organizer □ Journal and Learning Logs □ Learning Contract □ Matching □ Multiple Choice □ Observation Checklist □ Performance Assessment □ Performance Task □ Portfolio □ Quiz □ Rubric □ Self Evaluation |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| | | Structured Interview Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Journal Entries | Poetry Worksheets | Couplet |
| Grammar Worksheets | | |
| Reader's Response | Brave New Voices Video | Haiku |
| Gallery Walk | Grammar Worksheets | Free Verse |
| Brave New Voices Video | | |
| Poetry Scavenger Hunt | Jeopardy Poetry Game | Stanza |
| Oral Presentation | | Rhyme |
| Various Poetry Assignments | | |

Type: Unit Plan

Sonnet

Alliteration

Simile

Metaphor

Personification

Onomatopoeia

Beauty is in the Eye of the Beholder

Choices
Type: Unit Plan

Choices

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 2-28 to 3-25 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------------------|----------------|
| It is important that students are exposed to many different aspects of writing. The short story is a very manageable segment of writing. This unit gives students a chance to cultivate writing skills in a creative way. This unit also enhances students' analytical skills by identifying the various elements contained within the short story. Students will read short stories that are centered on the choices that teens are sometimes forced to make. | American Literature | 4 Weeks |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Choices

Type: Unit Plan

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.3 Analyze how complex characters (e.g., those with multiple or conflicting motivations) develop over the course of a text, interact with other characters, and advance the plot or develop the theme.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.9-10.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.9-10.2.a Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| What strategies can I use to make good choices? | Objectives Standards Are Above | By the end of this unit students will have: |
| How do the choices I make affect me? | | Been exposed to the elements of the short story. |
| How does the author's purpose help us understand the text? | | Further developed functional writing skills in accordance with their ability. |
| | | Read a selection of short stories. |
| | | Had experience in creatively writing a short story. |

Choices

Type: Unit Plan

| | An understanding of how the choices they make as teens will inevitably affect their future |
|---------------------|--|
| ILS | |
| Standards are Above | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| The choices that you make as a teen will influence the rest | Evaluate mainidea for author's purpose | ▼ Formative |
| of your life. | Identify author's purpose in a short story | ▼ Summative |
| To determine author's purpose we look for main idea and supporting details | Analyze elements of a short story to identify theme | Multiple Choice |
| Characterization | Compose a short story that includes most of the short | Portfolio |
| Main Idea | story element | ▼ Project |
| Supporting Details Author's Purpose | | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| | | Short Answer |
| Key Terms Inference | | Constructed Response |
| Main Idea | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| Supporting Details Interpretation | | □ Essay |
| , | | |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | |

Choices

Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Performance Assessment ☐ Performance Task ☐ Portfolio ☑ Quiz ☑ Rubric ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Group Work | Short Stories | Exposition |
| Identify Main Idea using a Highlighter | Outro | Dist |
| Individual Reading | Quizzes | Plot |
| Journal Activities | Journals | Rising Action |
| Reader's Response | | OI. |
| Draw a series of pictures illustrating the story or main events of the story | Assignment/Project Guidelines | Climax |
| Write a diary for one of the chracters | Assignment/Project Rubric | Falling Action |
| Design a movie poster for one of the stories | Art Supplies | Resolution |
| Design a timeline for major events in the story | | |
| Write a one page to a producer explaining why the story would or would not make a great movie | | Characterization |
| Students gather in groups to discuss the text and then report to the class for full class discussion | | Point of View Theme |
| Create an individual or class collage around themes or characters in the story | | |
| Movie previews always offer a quick sequence of the best moments that make us want to watch it – storyboard or narrate the scenes for your trailer. Focus on verbs. | | |
| Create a collage around themes or characters in the book. | | |

Character Education/Composition
Type: Unit Plan

Character Education/Composition

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 3-28 to 4-15 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------------------|----------------|
| This unit prepares students tio utilize information that is presented in various types of nonfiction material. | American Literature | Three Weeks |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard R.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Character Education/Composition

Type: Unit Plan

speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

| Essential Question How does the selection and use of information lead to better understanding and broader perspectives on a variety of issues? What are the characteristics and purpose of non-fiction? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Standards are Above | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Identify and explain several non-fiction genres Identify the 5 w's (who, what, when, where, why) within non-fiction texts |
|---|--|---|
| ILS | | |
| Standards are Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Nonfiction | Identify and analyze literary elements | ▼ Formative |
| Informational text | Write responses that contain support | ▼ Summative |
| inomatorial text | Analyze plot and complete a Freytag diagram | |
| Biography/Autobiography | Distinguish between fact and fiction | Multiple Choice |
| Reference text | Use reading strategies before, during and after reading to | Portfolio |
| | improve comprehension | ✓ Project |
| How to/Procedural text | Recognize and describe patterns in writing. Revise predictions based on what you read | Reflective Essay |
| | Make connections—text-to-text, text-to-self, text to world | Short Answer |
| | Identify and apply FAT-P (form, audience, topic, purpose) | |
| | during the prewriting stage. | Constructed Response |
| | Write an effective introductory paragraph for a variety of | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | purposes and audiences | ▼ Essay |
| | Identify and analyze indirect and direct character traits | Fill in the Blank |
| | Use text features to locate information quickly and with | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | ldentify and explain author's tone | |
| | Apply vocabulary in context | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Apply vocabulary in context | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ▼ Observation Checklist |
| | | ☐ Performance Assessment |
| | | ☐ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | |

Character Education/Composition

Type: Unit Plan

| | | Rubric Self Evaluation Structured Interview Textbook/Workbook Problems True/False |
|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Review/Check for prior knowledge | The Language of Literature | Predict |
| Direct instruction | *Stride Toward Freedom by Martin Luther King (Pg. 300) | Verify |
| Guided Practice | *Protect Ourselves by Malcolm X (Pg. 305) | Support |
| Independent practice | Informational articles | Revise |
| Modeling | Manadina | Fact |
| Group/individual instruction | Magazines | |
| Bloom's questioning | Newspapers | Opinion |
| Graphic organizers | | Claim |
| Cooperative learning | | Distinguish |
| Critiquing activities | | Prove |

Type: Unit Plan

Novel

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 4-25 to 5-27 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------------------|----------------|
| The Bluest Eye explores the devastating effects of the | American Literature | 4 Weeks |
| cyclical nature of racism. This novel needs to be taught in | | |
| order for students to understand how literature relates to | | |
| their lives. The connection between the pages of the | | |
| novel into their own world can only be made with the | | |
| emotional and incredibly moving scenes that have been | | |
| challenged. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard R.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Type: Unit Plan

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| How do we determine beauty? What is beauty? How are people treated based on their appearance? Why do we treat people differently? Why do we tell stories? | Objectives Standards Are Above | How standards of beauty and acceptance are determined on our society. The plot and characters of <i>The Bluest Eye</i> . |
| What heroism can be found in acceptance? LS W/A | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------|
| Literal and inferential comprehension. | Evaluate media messages and create a public policy to address a society issue. | Formative |
| Point of view | Analyze the effect of beauty and acceptance in our | ☑ Summative |
| Tone | culture. | Multiple Choice |
| Figurative language | Synthesize ideas from various sources to create a position paper. | Portfolio |

Type: Unit Plan

| Figurative language | | ✓ Project |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Plot | | Reflective Essay |
| Drawing conclusions | | ☐ Short Answer |
| Grammar and mechanics of standard American English | | ▼ Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| The Writing Process | | ☑ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Bloom's Taxonomy | The Bluest Eye Novel | The Bluest Eye V ocabulary |
| | | |

Type: Unit Plan

| Socratic Questioning | Discussion Questions | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Chunk-Chew-Check For Understanding | | |
| Think-Pair-share | Assignment Handouts | |
| No opt out | | |

Expository Essay Type: Unit Plan

Expository Essay

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 5-30 to 6-10 | English II:American Literature | 2,5,7,8 | |
| Teachers: | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------------------|----------------|
| This unit will prepare students for writing college essays. | American Literature | Two Weeks |
| They will be expected to choose a topic and write an | | |
| expository essay on it. This unit will be centered on the | | |
| writing process. We will use the Step Up To Writing | | |
| Program as tool. In addition, students will be required to | | |
| type their essay. They will recieve a rubric that | | |
| outlines ech requirement. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.9-10.2.a Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics

Expository Essay
Type: Unit Plan

(e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

W.9-10.2.b Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic.

W.9-10.2.c Use appropriate and varied transitions to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

W.9-10.2.f Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Grade Level Standard L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

| Essential Question How do I remain objective when writing an expository essay? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Standards are Above | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings To guide students through the process of composing a five paragraph expository essay. |
|---|--|---|
| How can I incorporate correct grammar conventons in my writing? | | To give students the basic skeleton of an essay with an understanding that they will add to and individualize this structure as they become more developed writers. |
| | | To take students through the writing process of brainstorming, drafting, editing, and finalizing. |
| | | To teach students how to form an introduction, thesis statement, supporting paragraphs, and a conclusion. |
| ILS | | To teach them how to transition between paragraphs. |
| Standards are Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--------------|--|--------------------|
| Introduction | Write to express a viewpoint | ☑ Formative |
| Thesis | Synthesize ideas from different sources Utilize transitions to connect ideas and paragraphs | ✓ Summative |

Expository Essay
Type: Unit Plan

| Support for position | Use correct grammar, spelling, punctuation, capitalization | ☐ Multiple Choice |
|----------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Evidence/Examples | and structure | Portfolio |
| Conclusion | Organize ideas with unity and coherence | ☑ Project |
| | Develop ideas with supporting details | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |

Expository Essay
Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Direct instruction | Step Up To Writing Tools | Thesis statement |
| Investigate/Observe | | |
| Modeling | Essay topics | Introduction |
| Guided Practice | Rubric | miloduction |
| Independent Practice | | |
| Utilize Graphic Organizers | Technology | Main points |
| Step UP To Writing Program | | |
| | | Conclusion |

English IV: World Literature

September

Meeting the Challenge

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Expository Wring | Find main ideas and supporting details | How are the pursuits of individual goals influenced by a | Concept: Reading a short story |
| Writer's Notebook | Journal prompts | | larger cultura context? | Short stories |
| Literary Focus | Characterization | Write focused paragraphs | | expository writing |
| ocabulary Study | Research | Punctuate quotations from literature | | Things Fall Apart |
| | Concept Maps | Analyze cause and effect | | Master Haroldand the Boys |
| | | | | "Telephone Conversations" |
| | | Illinois Learning Standards: | | |
| | | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature | | |
| | | representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | |
| | | State standard 3: write to | | |
| | | communicate for a variety of purposes | | Key Terms: Expository |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak | | Plot Setting |
| | | effectively in a variety of situations | | Theme Characters |
| | | State standard 5: use the | | Pt. of View Proverbs |
| | | language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, | | |
| | | tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure | | |
| | | and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect | | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Writing: | | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |
| | | | | |
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October

Trying to Beat the Odds

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Month Expressing Your Ideas Writer's Notebook Literary Focus Vocabulary Study | Essential Questions Expository Wring Journal prompts Characterization Research Concept Maps | Assessment Find main ideas and supporting details Write focused paragraphs Punctuate quotations from literature Analyze cause and effect Illinois Learning Standards: State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | Content & Resources How can individuals succeed through their wits or by sheer luck to beat the odds? | Skills Concept: Reading a short story Short sories Persuasive writing Like Water for Chocolate or work by Isabel Allende "The Handsomest Drown Man in the World" Gabriel Garcia Marquez poems using both Octavio Paz and Pablo Neruda |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information College Readiness Standards: | | Key Terms: Plot Setting Flashback Mood Conflict Symbolism |
| | | | | |
| | | English: | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect | | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | Writing: | | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position | | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |
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November

Dealing with Consequences

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Expository Wring | Find main ideas and supporting details | What examples in literature illustrate that people act without | Concept: Reading a short story |
| Writer's Notebook | Journal prompts | | considering the consequences? | |
| Literary Focus | Characterization | Write focused paragraphs | | short stories poems |
| Vocabulary Study | Research | Punctuate quotations from literature | | expository witing |
| | Concept Maps | Analyze cause and effect | | selections from |
| | | | | |
| | | Illinois Learning Standards: | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|---|
| | | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | Epic of Gilgamesh Life of Pi |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | Teacher's Choice of Hebrew lit: Flood Story, "Book of Ruth," "Book of Job," or "David and Goliath" |
| | | State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes State standard 4: listen and speak | | Key Terms: Irony Mood Conflict |
| | | effectively in a variety of situations State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | Inference |
| | | | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, | | |
| | | comparisons, cause/effect column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment Writing: column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | | | |

December

Making Judgements

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Write realistic dialogue | Use parallel structure | How are our lives at the mercy of those who judge us? | Concept: Reading a play |
| Writer's Notebook | Analyze timelines | Correct use of adjectives and adverbs | , , | Plays Essays |
| Literary Focus | Expository Wring | Explore stereotypes | | Narrative Writings Short Stories |
| Vocabulary Study | Journal prompts | | | "Twelve Angry Men" |
| | Characterization | Illinois Learning Standards: | | "The Aneid" |
| | Research | | | Key Terms: |
| | Concept Maps | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | Protagonist Antagonist |
| | | State standard 2: read and | | Allusion Personify |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------|
| | | understand literature | | Interactions |
| | | representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | |
| | | Societies, cras, a lacas | | |
| | | State standard 3: write to | | |
| | | communicate for a variety of | | |
| | | purposes | | |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak | | |
| | | effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | | Chata atom don'd E the | | |
| | | State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, | | |
| | | and communicate information | | |
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| | | | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | | |
| | | English: | | |
| | | column 1 topic development | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, | | |
| | | and coherence | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | tone, clainty, and economy | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 contangos structura | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 5 usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
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| | | Reading: | | |
| | | column 1- main ideas | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, | | |
| | | comparisons, cause/effect | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and | | |
| | | conclusions | | |
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| | | Writing: | | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic | | |
| | | column 3- developing a position | | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | column 5- using language | | |
| | | | | |
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JanuaryBeneath the Surface

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Expressing Your Ideas | Write realistic dialogue | Use parallel structure | Do you rely on first impressions or base judgement on second | Concept: Reading a play |
| Writer's Notebook | Analyze timelines | Correct use of adjectives and adverbs | thoughts? | plays short stories |
| Literary Focus | Expository Wring | Explore stereotypes | | essays poems |
| Vocabulary Study | Journal prompts | , | | T |
| | Characterization | Illinois Learning Standards: | | Key Terms: Type Casting |
| | Research | State standard 1: read with | | Farce Tone |
| | Concept Maps | understanding and fluency | | Plot (conflict, climax, resolution) Puns |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature | | Narrator Foreshadowing |
| | | representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | Toreshado wing |
| | | State standard 3: write to | | |
| | | communicate for a variety of purposes | | |
| | | State standard 4: listen and speak | | |
| | | effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | | State standard 5: use the | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | O-llana Baadku aas Chandanda | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: English: | | |
| | | column 1 – topic development | | |
| | | topic development | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | | |
| | | torio, diality, and odoliomy | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | | |
| | | column 5 – usage | | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | | |
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |

English IV: World Literature

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect column 4- meanings of words column 5- generalizations and conclusions | | |
| | | Writing: column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | | |

Latino Literature Type: Unit Plan

Latino Literature

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 1-3 to 2-7 | English IV: World Literature | World Literature |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| Through Hispanic literature, students have an opportunity | World Literature | 4 weeks |
| to discover how others have resolved conflicts, internal | | |
| and external, and to evaluate the impact of personal | | |
| decisions. The lessons incorporate real-life conflicts facing | | |
| adolescents today. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard R.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or

Latino Literature
Type: Unit Plan

speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

| Essential Question Does your neighborhood define you? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Identify and make predictions about characters |
|--|---|---|
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Novel- House on Mango Street | Identify and respond to literary elements | ☐ Formative |
| | Write focused paragraphs | ☐ Summative |
| | Punctuate quotations from literature | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | Analyze themes | Portfolio |
| | 7, <u>-</u> 5 | ☑ Project |
| | Make predictions | ☑ Reflective Essay |
| | | ✓ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |

Latino Literature Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | □ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| positive framing | Novel- House on Mango Street | criticism |
| what to do | Graphic Organizers | interpretation |
| • Q.A.R. | | memoir |
| • 100% | | vignette |

African-American Women in Literature Type: Unit Plan

African-American Women in Literature

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| 2-1 to 2-28 | English IV: World Literature | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| The purpose of this unit will be not only to show the viewpoints of women in history but specifically African American women throughout the history of the United States. By looking at the varying issues of these minority women and exploring the social and historical context in which they wrote, the student will be able to gain an intricate understanding of not only of different genres of literature but also of the emotional and social implications of the written text. By deeply examining the text and its cultural context, the students will learn to better analyze future texts. In this unit, the student will also be discussing the texts through written and oral arguments in order to explore their own beliefs and thoughts about the struggles and arguments of the women we are discussing. | World Literature | Four Weeks |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Strand W Writing

Range of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

African-American Women in Literature

Type: Unit Plan

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.5 Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure specific parts of a text (e.g., the choice of where to begin or end a story, the choice to provide a comedic or tragic resolution) contribute to its overall structure and meaning as well as its aesthetic impact.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.a Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

W.11-12.2.d Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

| Essential Question What is your everyday life like as an American? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings Communicates effectively through printed, visual, and auditor media in the home, school and community. Thinks analytically and creatively about important themes, concepts and ideas. |
|---|---|---|
| | | Uses the English language arts to identify and solve problems Uses the English language arts to understand and appreciate the commonalities and differences in social and cultural communities. |

African-American Women in Literature Type: Unit Plan

| | Understands and appreciates the aesthetic elements of written text. |
|-----|---|
| | Uses the English language arts to develop insights about human experiences. |
| | Uses the English language arts to develop the characteristics of lifelong learners, such as curiosity, persistence, flexibility, and reflection; and, connects knowledge from all curriculum areas to enhance understanding of the world. |
| ILS | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--|
| Biography of Sojourner Truth | research the lives of various African American women writers. | Formative |
| "Ain't I A Woman": Speech by Truth Biography of Phyllis Wheatley Phyllis Wheatley's "On Being Brought from Africa" | compare the lifestyles, attitudes, and freedoms of black women throughout history. list two similarities and two differences between a poem and a speech. compose his/her own critical, persuasive speech or poem. | ✓ Summative ☐ Multiple Choice ☐ Portfolio ☐ Project ☐ Reflective Essay |
| Biography of Gwendolyn Brooks "the mother" by Brooks Colony by Rick Wernli List Poems | identify and discuss the differences in tone between Wheatley, Truth, and Brooks by considering their place in society as women and African Americans. write a poem or speech creatively portraying his/her own | ✓ Short Answer ☐ Constructed Response ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| Class Blog Biography of Zora Neal Hurston Zora Neale Hurston's "Harlem Slang" Author Study | concerns and criticisms of how society treats his/herself or others. | ☐ Essay ☐ Fill in the Blank ☐ Graphic Organizer ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |

African-American Women in Literature

Type: Unit Plan

| | | □ Learning Contract □ Matching □ Multiple Choice □ Observation Checklist □ Performance Assessment ☑ Performance Task □ Portfolio ☑ Quiz ☑ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview □ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False |
|---|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Display poetry and speeches of various writers on PowerPoint presentation. Provide handouts of works to be discussed Have students practice and perform orally speeches and original works. Utilize an internet lesson in which the student will research the writers' lives, read assigned texts, and submit homework via internet Utilize an inquiry lesson in which students must analyze historical contexts of writers Lead Socratic seminar and debates to provoke students own thoughts and reactions to the issues raised in the women's speeches and poetry. | PowerPoint, handouts, computer access for students' research, DVD for viewing presentations. | Blog List Poem Conflict / Internal &External Culture |

Shakespeare

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 3-1 to 4-8 | English IV: World Literature | World Literature |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| The enigmatic qualities of Shakespeare's Prince Hamlet | World Literature | Five Weeks |
| make this drama an appropriate choice for high school | | |
| students who can evaluate and analyze the complexity of | | |
| Hamlet's situation, his motivations, and the choices and | | |
| decisions he makes. Once students are aware of | | |
| Hamlet's tragic story, they are compelled to learn what he | | |
| decides to do and the consequences of his decisions. | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard R.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand L Language

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.11-12.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Which decisions I make today will affect me for my entire life? How do I develop a realistic plan for the future? How can I invent new opportunities? How will knowing how decisions are made help me plan for my life? | Objectives | 1. Students read, write, speak, listen, and view to construct meaning of written, visual, and oral text. 2. Students choose and apply appropriate strategies that facilitate the development of fluent and proficient use of the language arts including the use of technology. 3. Students use language in visual, oral, written, and performance-based forums. 4. Students write in the four modes of discourse |
| | | 4. Students write in the lour modes of discourse |

| | (description, narration, exposition, and persuasion) for various purposes and audiences. 5. Students examine, understand, and respond to a variety of literature from diverse cultures and historical periods. 6. Students employ processes that encourage them in becoming independent, life-long learners in English Language Arts. |
|-----|---|
| ILS | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| Reading Plan | Critical reading, critical thinking, using textual suport, | ☐ Formative |
| • Read a scene. | cooperative learning, vocabulary, note taking, journals, short answer, essay writing, creative writing, response. | ▼ Summative |
| Form a group of 4 students. Each student will complete one task for the scene. | 3, | Multiple Choice |
| •Label a piece of paper with your name, the act and | | · |
| scene, and your task. | | Portfolio |
| Summary | | ☐ Project |
| Write a short summary of the important aspects of the scene in bulleted form. Include a bullet point for each | | Reflective Essay |
| important aspect of the scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | Short Answer |
| Questions | | Constructed Response |
| Write questions that would guide a student towards an | | _ |
| understanding of each of the important aspects of the scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| Quotes | | Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| Choose, copy, and explain quotes that represent each of the important aspects of the scene (approximately 4 | | Creatia Comerina |
| bullets). | | Graphic Organizer |
| Character Analysis | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| Write down the characters' names, who they are, and | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| what their role is in the scene. Be sure to cover all the | | |

| important aspects of the scene (approximately 4 bullets). | | ☐ Matching |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Hamlet Video Journal | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ☐ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Chapter Questions, Journal Entries, Projects, Literature circles, Group work, Presentations, Assignments and Activities | Hamlet - Shakespeare | Tragedy |
| Assignments and Activities | Video version of Hamlet | Comedy |
| | video version of riamilet | Foil |
| | Reading questions for text | Chorus |
| | | Prologue |
| | | Soliloquy |
| | | Monologue |
| | | Aside |
| | | Tragic Hero |

Asian Literature

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| 4-4 to 4-29 | English IV: World Literature | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|------------------|----------------|
| This four-week unit will focus on metaphor, symbolism and also the historical, cultural and (or) social background of <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> . The students will learn what metaphor and symbolism are and eventually use one or the other in a short story of their own. The students will also delve into the cultural, social and possibly historical background of the selected novel and eventually write an opinion-based paper on a selected element. This unit will involve an intense amount of journal writing, eventually one research paper and one metaphor or symbolism paper. I feel that this unit and my particular approach is important because from my experience students are not exposed to the cultural and or social background of novels particularly when the subject matter is intense or sensitive. It is my belief that the more students are exposed to reality, such as the horrors that Chinese women live through it will allow and even foster their ability to be empathetic individuals. | World Literature | Four Weeks |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand R Reading

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard R.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Strand W Writing

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.7 Analyze multiple interpretations of a story, drama, or poem (e.g., recorded or live production of a play or recorded novel or poetry), evaluating how each version interprets the source text.

| Essential Question Which decisions that I make today will affect my entire life? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings How to identify and use symbolism |
|---|---|--|
| What can I do right now that will make my entire life better? | | How to identify and use metaphor |
| | | How to identify the author's intent |
| | | How to take into consideration the background of the |
| | | literature in order to understand it |
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II | | |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Joy Luck Club - Amy Tan | Discuss the major themes in the novel | ✓ Formative | | |
| Discussion Questions | Point out the significance of the title of the novel; title of the four parts of the novel; and title of the sixteen vignettes | ☐ Summative | | |
| Journal Prompts | Discuss Chinese beliefs and culture as presented in the | Multiple Choice | | |
| Web Quest | text | Portfolio | | |
| Group Discussion | Define a myth | Project | | |
| Cloup Discussion | Discuss the parables presented at the beginning of each | Reflective Essay | | |
| | part o the text; identify and state the generalization each | ✓ Short Answer | | |
| | parable makes about life | Constructed Response | | |
| | Identify the theme of each part of the novel and relate it to the theme of each part | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition | | |
| | · | ☐ Essay | | |
| | Discuss the additional generalizations made about life form the text | Fill in the Blank | | |
| | | Graphic Organizer | | |
| | | ☑ Journal and Learning Logs | | |
| | | Learning Contract | | |
| | | ☐ Matching | | |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice | | |
| | | Observation Checklist | | |
| | | Performance Assessment | | |
| | | Performance Task | | |
| | | ☐ Portfolio | | |
| | | ☑ Quiz | | |
| | | ☐ Rubric | | |
| | | Self Evaluation | | |
| | | | | |

| | | ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|---|---|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Daily discussions for each chapter of the novel; Group lead chapter discussions; Writing a short story using elements of metaphor or symbolism; The students will journal on a daily basis | Student copies of <i>The Joy Luck Club</i> by Amy Tan Journal or notebook | Narrator Theme Sybolism Metaphors Conflict / Internal &External Myth Parable |

Arthurian Legends

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 5-2 to 6-17 | English IV: World Literature | World Literature |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|------------------|----------------|
| Answering the call to heroism used to be straightforward- | World Literature | Six Weeks |
| heros were knights and knights were the heroes. More | | |
| recently, we find heroes in many unexpected places. This | | |
| unit explores all kinds of heroes who answered the call. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - College- and Career-Readiness Anchor Standards

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.5 Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including words with multiple meanings or language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RL.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings | |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| What does it means to be human? | Objectives | Define what good government is. | |
| Where do we draw the line between what is human, what is superhuman, and subhuman? | | Analyze the proper place and use of science and the abstract disciplines. | |
| | | Explain the value of tradition. | |
| | | Illustrate the function of religion. | |
| | | Question the values of reason. | |
| | | Acknowledge the limits of reason. | |
| ILS | | | |
| | | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|
| Introduction and Author Information | identify and list facts about the author Jonathan Swift. | Formative |

| Gulliver is shipwrecked in Lilliput | answer comprehension questions about <i>Gulliver's Travels</i> . | ☐ Summative |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| Amusements in Lilliput and a Visit to the Capital City | complete a crossword puzzle with vocabulary words and | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| The Invasion of Lilliput and the Laws and Customs of | definitions | □ Portfolio |
| Lilliput | identify different statements as either fact or opinion. | |
| Escape to Blefescu and Return to Native Country | identify the main characters, setting, and plot in part one of <i>Gulliver's Travels</i> . | ✓ Project |
| Gulliver is Captured in Brobdingnag | recognize and match cause and effect relationships in the | Reflective Essay |
| Gulliver at the Royal Court and a Description of the Country | story Gulliver's Travels. | Short Answer |
| More Adventures and Gulliver Shows His Skills | complete a word search with vocabulary words from Gulliver's Travels. | ✓ Constructed Response |
| Gulliver Returns to England | compare and contrast two (2) of Gulliver's adventures in | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| Final Assessment | the text. | |
| | place the events from the story in the correct order. | ☐ Essay |
| | identify correct answers to multiple choice and matching | Fill in the Blank |
| | questions. | |
| | write correct responses to short answer questions | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | 1 | |

| | | ☐ True/False |
|---|---|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Read, view, and respond independently to literary works that represent a range of social, historical, and cultural perspectives Compare a film, video, or stage version of a literary work with the written version Read literary texts aloud to convey an interpretation of the work Read and interpret literary texts from a range of authors, genres, and subjects, including literary criticism Interpret multiple levels of meaning and subtleties in text | text Gulliver's Travels - Jonathon Swift Video Version of text Discussion Questions Summaries | expedient recapitulate zenith appellation intrepidity ignominious perused delineate |
| | | imputed diminutive |
| | | disapprobation |

September

The Sounds of Slavery

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Compare and Contrast | Ask students to compare the slave narratives to the Foster | Determine Important Information | How and why do people use music? | Concept: The hidden messages in songs |
| Linking Past and Present | songs. How does each present slavery and slave life? (Think- | Sequence Events | How did slaves communicate their | Slave Spiritual Lyrics |
| Conducting Research | Pair Share) | Identify and Use Text Features | story? | , |
| Then and Now | Ask students to investigate the controversy around Foster's | Construct Summaries | Do different people use music differently in their lives? | Underground Railroad Code Words and Phrases |
| Evaluating Primary Resources | minstrel songs and present a brief report, analyzing the arguments | Making Inferences about text | How do people express forbidden | Stephen Foster Minstrel Songs |
| | of each side. (Cooperative groups) | Illinois Learning Standards: | feelings and desires, such as anger, resentment, or a longing for freedom? | Key Terms: |
| | Compare Stephen Foster's minstrel songs, to some rap | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | |
| | music of today and ask students to compare how the songs | State standard 2: read and | | Freedom Song Alerting Song |
| | present African-American culture. (some suggestions for | understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | | Protest Song Sorrow Song Oral Tradition |
| | non-profane rap songs are: Kanye West- "Touch the Sky," | State standard 3: write to | | Verse Chorus |
| | Public Enemy <u>"Fight the Power,"</u> and NWA <u>"Express Yourself"</u>) | communicate for a variety of purposes | | Style |
| | Then and Now: Both "My Old | State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | | |
| | Kentucky Home" and "Old Folks at Home" are state songs (for | | | |
| | Kentucky and Florida, respectively). Both have also | State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, | | |
| | been revised to remove offensive terminology. Examine the | assess, and communicate information | | |
| | original lyrics and the new lyrics. How have the words changes altered the meanings of the | College Readiness Standards | | |

| Month | Fesential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|--|--|---------------------|--------|
| Month | songs? Find newspaper articles that discuss continuing controversy over the songs. Why do lawmakers still wish to change the state songs of both states? Ask students to write an essay examining one of the slave narratives, discussing how the slave narrative acts as an example (or an exception) to what we know historically about slavery. Students should choose a topic of slave life of interest to them and using resources in this lesson plan, text book and their own reading, present the results of their research to the class. Topic examples include the Underground Railroad, Slave Spiritual Songs, the effect of Uncle Tom's Cabin, the Northern abolition movement and Types of labor done by slaves. Ask the students to examine the covers of sheet music for "Old Black Joe," "Jump Jim Crow" and "Uncle Ned." How did these images perpetuate stereotypes about African-Americans? What differences do you find in the lyrics of Stephen Foster's minstrel songs versus those by other authors? (Journal) | English: column 1 – topic development column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy column 4 – sentences structure and formation column 5 – usage column 6 – punctuation Reading: column 1- main ideas column 2- supporting details column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause and effect column 4- meanings of words column 5- generalizations and conclusions Writing: column 1- expressing judgment column 2- focusing on a topic column 3- developing a position column 4- organizing ideas column 5- using language | Content & Resources | SKIIIS |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
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October

Slavery / Civil War

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Questions | | |
| Individual | Literary | Develop a good | |
| participation in | analysis | knowledge of | What was the Middle Passage? |
| | use of | African American | |
| class | literary | literature/writers | What were the themes of the Middle |
| discussions. | elements | | Passage |
| | Otrock of | Recognize that | |
| Collaborative | Study of | literature mirrors | Who were the early African American |
| assignments | particular writers | ille | poets and what were the themes |
| and | WIIIGIS | Realize that a work | illustrated in their works? |
| | Detailed | of literatureis is | |
| activities (e.g., | study of | often related to the | |
| exploration of | particular | events and issues | Who are the other AA writers that |
| | works | of the times | demonstrate these themes or what |
| textual details | | | about the plight of this period? |
| and language). | Group | Compare and | about the pright of this period: |
| | discussion | contrast effectively, | |
| Oral | Comparison | the works of various writers | |
| interpretation | Comparison of different | various writers | |
| of selected | works | Evaluate how | |
| | Works | African American | |
| readings. | Time line of | writers used | |
| | the events | literature as a | |
| Writing to | of the period | weapon in their | |
| learn: in-class | | fight to gain equal | |
| | Short | rights | |
| writing prompts | answer questions | Demonstrate an | |
| and | questions | understanding of | |
| selfinitiated | Writing | works studied | |
| | response to | works stadioa | |
| response | various | Evaluate works of | |
| papers. | works | cultural | |
| | | significance that | |
| Formal | Quiz | reflect social, | |
| analytical | | political, or ethical | |
| papers. | Assessment | ideas of the time | |
| Original | of the | Use works studied | |
| Original poetry, | importance of particular | as as a source of | |
| | oi particulai | as as a source or | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Questions | | |
| script, and/or | works | inspiration to write | |
| _t | Connecting | their own literary works (responding | |
| story writing. | authors to | to literature) | |
| Quizzes and | common | | |
| tests on | themes | Analize the works of selected writers | |
| readings | Identifying | of sciented writers | |
| a n d | salient | Analytical writing: | |
| and vocabulary. | points | write well- organized essays | |
| v o o a o a i a i y i | Multiple | incorporating | |
| Research | choice | textual evidence | |
| paper and/or | questions | and critical theory | |
| oral | Making | | |
| presentation | connections- | | |
| on | -text to self | Illinois Learning | |
| independent | Quick writes | Standards: | |
| reading, | | | |
| including | | State standard 1: | |
| J | | read with | |
| bibliographic | | understanding and | |
| documentation. | | fluency | |
| | | State standard 2: | |
| | | read and | |
| | | understand literature | |
| | | representative | |
| | | of various societies, | |
| | | eras, & ideas | |
| | | State standard 3: | |
| | | write to | |
| | | communicate for a | |
| | | variety of purposes | |
| | | State standard 4: | |
| | | State Statitual 4: | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations | |
| | | State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | |
| | | | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: | |
| | | English: column 1 – topic development | |
| | | column 2 – organization, unity, and coherence | |
| | | column 3 – word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|---------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | | |
| | | column 4 – sentences structure and formation | |
| | | column 5 – usage | |
| | | column 6 – punctuation | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | Reading: column 1- main ideas | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | |
| | | column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | |
| | | column 5- | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | generalizations and conclusions | |
| | | Writing: | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic | |
| | | column 3- developing a position | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas | |
| | | column 5- using language | |
| | | | |

November

Renaissance

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Responding to literary works | Matching authors with their works | Analyze the strategies used by black writers during the Harlem | Who emerges as leaders of the African American freedom movement and what are the characteristics of their |
| Asnwering guided | Writng | Renaissance | |

| 3.6 | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
| questions Evaluating | short essays on different | Show a detailed understanding of | literature? |
| how writers reflect each other | authors Quiz | the works studied Evaluate works of | How did early African American spirit- uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect themes of African American life? |
| Writing essays Text to self | Assessing the Importance of different | political, social and cultural significance | How do emerging artists compare in style and approach? |
| exercises | authors | | |
| Quiz Short | Seeing how writers | Identify common themes | |
| answer questions | respond to the events of their times | Compare the works of various writers | |
| Making a Timeline of the Period | Short answer questions | Illinois Learning Standards: | |
| | | State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | |
| | | State standard 2: read and understand literature representative of various societies, eras, & ideas | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | | State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of purposes State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety of situations State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, assess, and communicate information | |
| | | College Readiness Standards: English: column 1 – topic development | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Questions | _ | |
| | | column 2 – organization, | |
| | | unity, and | |
| | | coherence | |
| | | column 3 – word | |
| | | choice, style, | |
| | | tone, clarity, and | |
| | | economy | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | column 4 – | |
| | | sentences structure and | |
| | | formation | |
| | | | |
| | | column 5 – | |
| | | usage | |
| | | column 6 – | |
| | | punctuation | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
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| | | Reading: column 1- main | |
| | | ideas | |
| | | | |
| | | column 2- supporting details | |
| | | | |
| | | column 3- | |
| | | sequencing, | |

| Month | Essential | Assessment | Content & Resources |
|-------|-----------|---|---------------------|
| | Questions | | |
| | | comparisons, cause/effect | |
| | | column 4- meanings of words | |
| | | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | |
| | | Writing: | |
| | | column 1- expressing judgment | |
| | | column 2- focusing on a topic | |
| | | column 3- developing a position | |
| | | column 4- organizing ideas | |
| | | column 5- using language | |
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Invisible Man Type: Unit Plan

Invisible Man

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 2-1 to 4-29 | African American Literature | 8th Period |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---|----------------|
| As the narrator of Invisible Man struggles to arrive at a conception of his own identity, he finds his efforts complicated by the fact that he is a black man living in a racist American society. Throughout the novel, the narrator finds himself passing through a series of communities, from the Liberty Paints plant to the | Students will have the opportunity to grasp a greater understanding of various social issues within the AA communities through the use of literature. | 4 weeks |
| Brotherhood, with each microcosm endorsing a different idea of how blacks should behave in society. As the narrator attempts to define himself through the values and expectations imposed on him, he finds that, in each case, the prescribed role limits his complexity as an individual and forces him to play an inauthentic part. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.a Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.11-12.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.

Invisible Man Type: Unit Plan

W.11-12.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.11-12.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.11-12.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How is racism used as an obstacle to individuals' identity; the limitations of ideology; the danger of fighting stereotype with stereotype? | 26 Identify clear main ideas or purposes of complex passages or their paragraphs | SWBAT understand the use of theme and motif within a literary devise. |
| ILS | | |
| 1.B.5b Analyze the defining characteristics and structures of a variety of complex literary genres and describe how genre affects the meaning and function of the texts. | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--|
| Rural south- foreshadowing Under them protest motifications and the symmetric symmetr | Understanding the usage of : theme prologue motif symbolism social racism | Assessment II ✓ Formative ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project |
| | | ✓ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer ✓ Constructed Response ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition ✓ Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank |

Invisible Man Type: Unit Plan

| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs ✓ Learning Contract ✓ Matching ✓ Multiple Choice |
|--|--|--|
| | | Observation Checklist Performance Assessment |
| | | □ Performance Task☑ Portfolio☑ Quiz |
| | | Rubric Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview Textbook/Workbook Problems True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Motifs Foreshadow Theme | Invisible Man novel Computers LCD projectors | encapsulate invisibility |
| Author's Purpose Third person omniscient | | |

Harlem Renassiance

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 3-1 to 3-31 | African American Literature | 8th Period |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Students will partake of the following activities as they | The purpose of the course is educate students about the | 4 weeks |
| learn about the impact of the Harlem Renaissance upon | influence of the Harlem Renaissance within the AA | |
| the AA culture: | culture. | |
| Responding to literary works | | |
| Answering guided questions | | |
| Evaluating how writers reflect each other | | |
| Writing essays | | |
| Text to self exercises | | |
| Quiz | | |
| Short answer questions | | |
| Making a Timeline of the Period | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.11-12.1.a Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.11-12.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses as well as varied syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.11-12.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

W.11-12.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

W.11-12.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).

W.11-12.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.11-12.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

Anchor Standard W.CCR.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Grade Level Standard W.11-12.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

W.11-12.9.a Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Demonstrate knowledge of eighteenth-, nineteenth- and early-twentieth-century foundational works of American literature, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics").

W.11-12.9.b Apply grades 11–12 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning [e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court Case majority opinions and dissents] and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy [e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses]").

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Grade Level Standard SL.11-12.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence, conveying a clear and distinct perspective, such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning, alternative or opposing perspectives are addressed, and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and a range of formal and informal tasks.

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Who emerges as leaders of the African American freedom movement and | | SWBAT understand how the leaders of the African American community pushed for a freedom movement their the various genres of literature. |

| what are the characteristics of their | | |
|--|--|--|
| literature? | column 1 –topic development | |
| | | |
| How did early African American spirit- | column 2 –organization, unity, and coherence | |
| uals (known as Negro Spirituals) reflect | column 2 –organization, unity, and concrence | |
| themes of African American life? | | |
| | column 3 –word choice, style, tone, clarity, and economy | |
| How do emerging artists compare | | |
| in style and approach? | column 4 –sentences structure and formation | |
| | | |
| | column 5 –usage | |
| | | |
| | column 6 –punctuation | |
| | | |
| | Reading: | |
| | column 1- main ideas | |
| | | |
| | column 2- supporting details | |
| | Column 2 Supporting details | |
| | | |
| | column 3- sequencing, comparisons, cause/effect | |
| | | |
| | column 4- meanings of words | |
| | | |
| | column 5- generalizations and conclusions | |
| | | |
| | Writing: | |
| | column 1- expressing judgment | |
| | | |
| | | |

| | column 2- focusing on a topic | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| | column 3- developing a position | |
| | column 4- organizing ideas | |
| | column 5- using language | |
| ILS | | |
| | | |
| State standard 1: read with understanding and fluency | | |
| | | |
| State standard 2: read and understand literature | | |
| representative of various societies, eras, &ideas | | |
| representative or various societies, eras, dideas | | |
| | | |
| State standard 3: write to communicate for a variety of | | |
| purposes | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| State standard 4: listen and speak effectively in a variety | | |
| of situations | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| State standard 5: use the language arts to acquire, | | |
| assess, and communicate information | | |
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| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|------------------------|--|----------------------|
| The Harlem Renaissance | Analyze the strategies used by black writers during the Harlem Renaissance | Formative Summative |

| A new identity | Show a detailed understanding of the works studied | ☐ Multiple Choice |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| | | ✓ Portfolio |
| The Great Migration | Evaluate works of political, social and cultural significance | ☐ Project |
| A Community of block with an and Addistant Laurenter | Market and the second | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| A Community of black writers and Artists- Langston Hughes, Claude McKay | Identify common themes Compare the works of various writers | ✓ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| Dilemma of the black artist | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| Contribution of woma | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| A New record to literature | | ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| A New mood in literature | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| Exploring the Southern past | | Learning Contract |
| Innovations in language and literary forms | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Matching authors with their works | Test materials | lynching |
| Writng short essays on different authors | | |
| • Quiz | Dry Erase Boards/Pens | segregation |
| Assessing the Importance of different authors | Powerpoint presentations | Jim Crow |
| Seeing how writers respond to the events of their times | maps | discrimination |
| Short answer questions | | White Flight |

The Audacity of Hope

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 4-1 to 5-20 | African American Literature | 8th Period |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|--|----------------|
| The election of Barack Obama is commonly described as | This course is designed to introduce the various genres of | 3 weeks |
| "historic." But what does that term mean? While the most | African American writers using a historical approach | |
| common usage refers to the fact that, for the first time, an | through glimpses of slavery to the current election of our | |
| African American will be President of the United States, | nation's first African American president. | |
| the challenges that he will face both at home and abroad | | |
| are historic as well: the country is fighting two wars and | | |
| confronts the most serious financial problems since the | | |
| Great Depression. This lesson focuses on the relationship | | |
| between the Civil Rights Movement and Obama's election, | | |
| but it also asks students why they think Barack Obama's | | |
| election is "historic." | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.8 Delineate and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. texts, including the application of constitutional principles and use of legal reasoning (e.g., in U.S. Supreme Court majority opinions and dissents) and the premises, purposes, and arguments in works of public advocacy (e.g., The Federalist, presidential addresses).

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.10 By the end of grade 11, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 11-CCR text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. By the end of grade 12, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 11-CCR text complexity band independently and proficiently.

| Essential Question Has President Barack Obama's grassroots efforts demonstrated the role of a true politician? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Analyze how an author or narrator uses description, dialogue, and action to suggest relationships between characters in written or nonprint sources (e.g., films, ads) Select phrases or statements from a literary text that | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT understand by the end of this lesson: Describe some of Barack Obama's credentials, values, and political ideals. Understand the connection between the Civil Rights |
|--|---|--|
| | illustrate how a specific character feels toward others in the text | Movement and the election of Barack Obama to be President of the United States |
| | Read portions of a literary text, predicting how a person's actions or words would likely impact a specific situation | Discuss the importance of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 |
| | | Appreciate the importance of perspective in viewing and |
| | Use various strategies (e.g., questioning, role-playing) to determine plausible cause-effect relationships | analyzing the significance of an historical event |
| ILS | | |
| 2.A.5a Compare and evaluate oral, written or viewed works from various eras and traditions and analyze complex literary devices (e.g., structures, images, forms, foreshadowing, flashbacks, stream of consciousness). | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------|
| Effective communication through grassroots | construction of poems and essays | ▼ Formative |
| Providing services to poor. | compare and contrast of social ills/revolts (past v present) | ☐ Summative |

| Providing services to poor. | compare and contrast of social ills/revolts (past v present) | Summative |
|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | debates (defending controversial leaders - Jeremiah Wright, Malcolm X, Jesse Jackson, Rev James Meeks) | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ✓ Portfolio |
| | persausive essay writing | ☐ Project |
| | identifying the various strategies of candidates and their campaign strategies | Reflective Essay |
| | true definition of "citizenship" | ✓ Short Answer |
| | the impacts of proganda | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | |
| | | ☑ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☑ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |

| | | ☐ True/False |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Literary analysisuse of literary elements | Audacity of Hope by Barack Obama | grassroots |
| Study of particular writings of the author. | | |
| Detailed study of particular works | Audio CD | audacity |
| Group discussion | Video clips from Audacity of Hope | politics |
| Comparison of different works | | |
| Time line of the events of the period | | politician |
| Short answer questions | | lobbists |
| Writing response to various works | | |
| Quiz | | constituents |
| Assessment of the importance of particular works | | reconstruction |
| Connecting author to common themes | | |
| Identifying salient points | | bipartisanship |
| Multiple choice questions | | truism |
| Making connectionstext to self | | |
| Quick writes | | anthropologist |
| | | philanthropist |
| | | voters |

In Retrospect Type: Unit Plan

In Retrospect

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| 6-1 to 6-17 | African American Literature | 8th Period | |
| Teachers: | | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|--|----------------|
| Students will review the progression of the AA development in America through the writing of various | The purpose of this course is to expose students to the various genres of AA literature. | Two weeks |
| artists. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.8 Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, including the validity of the reasoning as well as the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.9 Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.9 Analyze seventeenth-, eighteenth-, and nineteenth-century foundational U.S. documents of historical and literary significance (including The Declaration of Independence, the Preamble to the Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address) for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.10 Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|--|
| Has AA writers influenced the progression of Blacks in America? | Objectives Use various strategies (e.g., timelines, event chains, discussion) to determine whether an event occurred and, if so, when it occurred discuss an issue of interest, determining how past events | SWBAT review the skills and concepts taught and make a direct correlation to writers who addressed the social-ills of slavery and discriminations through their writing pieces and the progression of success within the AA community. |

In Retrospect Type: Unit Plan

affected the present locate evidence in a text that explicitly states why an event or a series of events occurred search for patterns or clues (e.g., signal words) that indicate cause-effect relationships use various resources (e.g., dictionary, thesaurus) to explore connotations of familiar words or descriptive language recognize generalizations about the main character in a literary text combine several pieces of information to make a reasonable generalization about a specific character make predictions about characters and events presented in a literary text, verifying or rejecting those predictions and making new ones as they read Determine when (e.g., first, last, before, after) or if an event occurred in uncomplicated passages Recognize clear cause-effect relationships described within a single sentence in a passage ILS 2.A.5a Compare and evaluate oral, written or viewed works from various eras and traditions and analyze complex literary devices (e.g., structures, images, forms, foreshadowing, flashbacks, stream of consciousness). analyze how an author or narrator uses description, dialogue, and action to suggest relationships between characters in written or nonprint sources (e.g., films, ads) select phrases or statements from a literary text that illustrate how a specific character feels toward others in the text read portions of a literary text, predicting how a person's actions or words would likely impact a specific situation use various strategies (e.g., questioning, role-playing) to determine plausible cause-effect relationships

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| the relationship between the impact of slavery on the current AA society | critical thinking | ✓ Formative |
| | debate | ✓ Summative |
| ideologies of family in the African American community | persausive essays | Multiple Choice |
| | context clues | Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Project |
| | main idea and supporting details | ☑ Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☑ Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | |

In Retrospect Type: Unit Plan

| | | Rubric |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Step Up to Writing | Final exams | slavery |
| Cornell Notes | 105 | ACLU D |
| Quizlet | LCD projectors | Middle Passage |
| Wordle | laptop computer | Jim Crow |
| Who Wants to Be A Millionaire Game (review) | internet | |
| • Essay | | segregation |
| Powerpoint presentations | dry erase boards/pens | revolution |
| | poems | contrite |
| | excerpts from readings | abolitionist |
| | | inner city |
| | | |
| | | |

Algebra

September

Expressions

| N. 6. 11 | T | | C | G1 *** |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | |
| Month Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous openended questions, including written explanations and word problems. Project - Students will create 5 ACT problems with incorrect answers and explain | Because this is the first unit, students will learn how to take notes in a guided note format. They will also learn all procedures surrounding learning this year. All assignments will be scaffolded to meet the needs of all learners. Students will be encouraged to and taught how to work in groups and help each other on assignments. Students will have to think critically on the project. | Assessment BOA 13-15.1 Perform one- operation computation with whole numbers and decimals. BOA 13-15.2 Solve problems in one or two steps using whole numbers. EEI 13-15.1 Exhibit knowledge of basic expressions (e.g. identify an expression for a total as b + g). EEI 16-19.1 Substitute whole numbers for unknown quantities to evaluate expressions. EEI 20-23.1 Evaluate algebraic expressions by substituting integers for unknown quantities. EEI 16-19.3 Combine like terms (e.g. 2x + 5x). EEI 20-23.2 Add and subtract simple algebraic expressions. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to- symbol translations | How can we translate from sentences into mathematical expressions? How can we tell if an expression is simplified? What does it mean to be simplified? How are expressions used in algebra? | Skills Big Idea: Expressions are the foundation of algebra. Concept Topics/Key Information: Simplify (distribute, combine like terms) Evaluate Expressions into words Identifying like terms Identifying variable, coefficients, Combining like terms Associative property Distributive property Commutative property Commutative property Key Terms: Variable, Constant, Expression (numerical & algebraic), Operation, Evaluate, Like terms, Distributive property Commutative property, Associative property, Commutative property |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| Month answer is correct. | Essential Questions | Assessment EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings. EEI 28-32.1 Manipulate expressions and equations. A-SSE 1a. Interpret parts of an expression, such as terms, factors, and coefficients. A-SSE 1b. Interpret complicated expressions by viewing one or more of their parts as a single entity. A-SSE 2. Use the structure of an expression to identify ways to rewrite it. | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | | | |

October

Equations

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|---|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended | guided notes | EEI 13-15.2 Solve equations in the form $x + a = b$, where a and | What is the equation asking? What does the answer mean? | Big Idea |
| questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning | algebra tiles | b are whole numbers or decimals. | | We can use equations to solve for unknowns in real-life |
| level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | equation slips (draw equation from bucket depending on difficult desired, green = mild, yellow = medium, orange = | EEI 16-19.2 Solve one-step equations having integer or | Does my answer make sense? | situations. |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous openended questions, including written explanations and word problems. Project - students will solve a high order equation and explain their steps in written form | spicy, red = fire) | decimal answers. EEI 20-23.3 Solve routine first-degree equations. BOA 16-19.1 Solve routine one-step arithmetic problems (using whole numbers, fractions, and decimals) such as single-step percent. BOA 16-18.2 Solve routine two-step arithmetic problems. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol translations. EEI 24-27.1 Solve real-world problems using first-degree equations. EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be solved using proportions). EEI 28-32.1 Manipulate expressions and equations. | Are there multiple ways to solve this problem? How do I organize my work so it is neat and others can follow it? How can I used equations to represent real-life situations? | Concepts Identify and use inverse operations Solve one-step Solve two-step Solve multi-step Solve with variables on both sides Solve equations with variables on both sides Solve equations for a variable Extension: Absolute value equations Terms: Inverse operations Equations Isolate Isolate the variable |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | Essential Questions | use them to solve problems. A-CED 4. Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations. A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. | Content & Resources | |

November

Proportions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Daily classwork – | Guided notes, homework, | BOA 13-15.1 Perform | What does a proportion | Concepts |
| formative assessment. | class work, group work, | common conversions. | represent? | |
| Open-ended questions on | word problems relating to | | | Solving similar figure problems |
| each key point. | real-life (income tax, | BOA 16-19.1 Solve routine | | Scale problems using ratios |
| Scaffolded from | discounts, etc) | one-step arithmetic | | • Conversions |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|---|
| beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | | problems (using whole numbers, fractions, and decimals) such as single- step percent. | How do I solve proportions? | Solve proportions by cross multiplying Identify and write ratios from word problems Tax, percent discount, percent increase |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open-ended questions, including written explanations and word problems. Project - sale brochure, menu: Sale: Include original price, percent discount, and sale price. Menu: Include price, tax, price with tax, tip, and price with tip. | | BOA 20-23.1 Solve routine two-step or three-step arithmetic problems involving concepts such as rate and proportion, tax added, percentage off, and computing with a given average. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol translations. EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be solved using proportions). BOA 24-27.1 Solve multistep arithmetic problems that involve planning or converting units of measure (e.g. feet per second to miles per hour) BOA 28-32.1 Solve word problems containing several rates, proportions, or percentages | How can I represent real-world situations using a proportion? What problems can I solve using proportions? What does a percentage increase/decrease represent? Where can I use this in real life? | Remediation concepts |

| Month | Essential Questions | Accessment | Contant & Descripces | Claille |
|-------|---------------------|--|----------------------|---------|
| Month | Essential Questions | A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. N-Q 1. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale. | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | Extension: F 24-27.2 Express the sine, cosine, and tangent of an angle in a right triangle as a ratio of | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| | | given side lengths. | | |
| | | F 28-32.1 Apply basic trig ratios to solve right-triangle problems. | | |

December

Inequalities

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. | inequality strips (draw inequality from bucked depending on level of problem, | GR 20-23.2 Comprehend the concept of length on the number line. | What do inequalities represent on the number line? | ConceptsOne-step inequalities |
| Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | self-scaffolding) | GR 24-27.1 Identify the graph of a linear inequality on the number line. | What does an inequality represent in real life? | Two-step inequalities Multi-step inequalities Inequalities w/negatives Graph inequalities on number line |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested | project - justify which company to use for which number of minutes, ect. Write and solve mulit-step inequality based on | GR 28-32.2 Match number line graphs with solution sets of linear inequalities. | | Extension: compound inequalities, absolute value inequalities |
| problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | word problem. Write a paragraph explanation detailing the benefits of each plan. | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings. | Does my answer make sense? How do I check my answer? | Key Terms: inequality, greater than, less than, greater than or equal to, less than or equal to |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily | homework, classwork, exit slips, | EEI 24-27.6 Solve first-degree inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign. | Am I following the correct order | |
| standard. Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- | | EEI 28-32.3 Solve linear inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign. | of operations to solve? Are there multiple ways to solve this problem? | |
| ended questions, including written explanations and word | | EEI 28-32.2 Write expressions, equations, and inequalities for | | |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| problems. Project - justify which company to use for which number of minutes, ect. Write and solve mulit-step inequality based on word problem. Write a paragraph explanation detailing the benefits of each plan. | | common algebra settings. EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol translations. EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be solved using proportions). | | |
| | | A-CED 1. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | Extension: EEI 33-36.3 Solve | | |
| | | simple absolute value inequalities. | | |

January Functions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. | function strips (self- differentiated instruction with different color strips indicating difficulty) | EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common prealgebra settings. | In what ways can I represent a function? | A function is a way of representing an algebraic rule. |
| Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. Homework – formative | frayer models | F 24-27.1 Evaluate polynomials functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values. | What does a function mean? | Content: |
| assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | comparison charts for different representations - circle similarities in each representation in the same color classwork, group work, act problems, word problems | A-CED 2. Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales. A-REI Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically | How do I write a function from a word problem? What are the input and output? | Determine input/output for a function represent a function as a graph, mapping, table, and set evaluate functions in function notation determine rule, input, output, domain, range, function identify independent and dependent variables determine domain and |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- ended questions, including written explanations and word | | A-REI 10. Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the | | range create input/output tables extension: trend, best fit line, sequences |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| problems. Project - students will create their own situation (in a word problem) and create a rule, input/output table, graph, and mapping from their rule. | write t-table style proof for each step of problem when solving. working up to an entire paragraph explanation (ap test style) which will be done in the last unit of the year. | coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line). F-IF Understand the concept of a function and use function notation F-IF 1. Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then $f(x)$ denotes the output of f corresponding to the input | | Key Terms: input, output, mapping, graph, table, set, rule, domain, range, function, function notation, relation, independent variable, dependent variable |
| | | Review Standards: | | |
| | | EEI 20-23.1 Evaluate algebraic expressions by substituting integers for unknown quantities. | | |

Inequalities
Type: Unit Plan

Inequalities

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 1-10 to 2-25 | Algebra | Algebra |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Inequalities are similar to equations except the solutions | Algebra | 4 weeks |
| represent a range of answers. Inequations are commonly | | |
| used in businesses to determine the most cost-effective | | |
| solutions. | | |

Standards

| Essent | | |
|--------|--|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

What do inequalities represent?

How are inequalities similar to equations? How are they different?

Does my answer make sense? How do I check my answer?

Am I following the correct order of operations to solve? Are there multiple ways to solve this problem?

College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives

GR 20-23.2 Comprehend the concept of length on the number line.

GR 24-27.1 Identify the graph of a linear inequality on the number line.

GR 28-32.2 Match number line graphs with solution sets of linear inequalities.

EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings.

EEI 24-27.6 Solve first-degree inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign.

EEI 28-32.3 Solve linear inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign.

EEI 28-32.2 Write expressions, equations, and inequalities for common algebra settings.

Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings

SWBAT explain the differences among greater than, less than, greater than or equal to, and less than or equal to.

SWBAT draw inequalities on a number line

SWBAT write inequalities. SWBAT write an inequality from a sentence word problem.

| Inequa | alitie | S |
|--------|--------|------|
| Type: | Unit | Plan |

EEI 20-23.4 Perform straightforward word-to-symbol SWBAT solve one-step inequalities translations. (without reversing sign) and graph the EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities solution. with a single variable for common pre-algebra settings (e.g. rate and distance problems and problems that can be SWBAT solve inequalities that require solved using proportions). reversing the inequality sign. A-CED 1. Create equations and inequalities in one variable and use them to solve problems. SWBAT solve word problems using A-REI 1. Understand solving equations as a process of one-step inequalities. reasoning and explain the reasoning. Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of SWBAT solve and graph two-step numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the inequalities. assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method. SWBAT justify steps taken in a t-chart. A-REI 3. Solve linear equations and inequalities in one SWBAT solve three-step inequalities variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters. by combining like terms. Extension: EEI 33-36.3 Solve simple absolute value SWBAT justify steps taken in a t-chart. inequalities. SWBAT solve word problems using multi-step inequalities. SWBAT solve multi-step inequalities. SWBAT solve and graph compound inequalities. SWBAT solve absolute value inequalities. ILS

Inequalities
Type: Unit Plan

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| When multiplying or dividing by a negative, switch the inequality sign | Switching inequality sign with negative. | Formative |
| Multi-step equations –combining like terms, inverse | Solving multi-step inequalities. | ✓ Summative |
| operations, order of operations | Writing inequalities from word problems. | Multiple Choice |
| Solve multi-step inequalities | 3 | ▼ Portfolio |
| Graph inequality on number line | | ☐ Project |
| One-step inequalities | | Reflective Essay |
| Two-step inequalities Multi-step inequalities | | |
| Inequalities w/negatives (reversing sign) | | Short Answer |
| inequalities winegatives (reversing sign) | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | |

Inequalities
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--|--|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| equation strips | project - explanation of which phone company is better | Inequality |
| tiered problems | using multi-step inequalities | Greater than |
| scaffolded instruction | inequality manipulative strips. | Less than |
| sprial review of solving equations | | Greater than or equal to |
| written reflections | | Less than or equal to |
| 2 column problems and note taking | | |

Functions
Type: Unit Plan

Functions

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 2-28 to 4-15 | Algebra | Algebra |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Students will learn the basics of functions, including a | Algebra | 4-5 weeks |
| variety of ways to represent a function. Students will learn | | |
| a function represents a rule and has two parts: an input | | |
| and an output.' | | |

Standards

| EEI 24-27.2 Write expressions, equations, or inequalities accuracy | |
|--|--|
| What are the 3 parts of a function? What does a function represent? What are the domain and range? With a single variable for common pre-algebra settings. SWBAT accuracy SWBAT SWBAT | Tidentify the domain and range of a function with ecuracy. Trepresent a function using a mapping with 80% cy. Trepresent a function using a table with 80% cy. Tidistinguish between independent and dependent es in word problems with 80% accuracy Tievaluate functions at integer values with 80% |

Functions
Type: Unit Plan

| | function notation F-IF 1. Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then f(x) denotes the output of f corresponding to the input x. The graph of f is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$. F-IF 2. Use function notation, evaluate functions for inputs in their domains, and interpret statements that use function notation in terms of a context. F-IF Analyze functions using different representation. Review Standards: EEI 20-23.1 Evaluate algebraic expressions by substituting integers for unknown quantities. | SWBAT translate a sentence into a mathematical equation with 80% accuracy. |
|-----|--|--|
| ILS | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Evaluate expressions –distribute, combine like terms, order of ops | Evaluate functions Represent functions in function notation Solve multi-step problems involving planning | Formative |
| Plotting points | | Summative Multiple Choice |
| Find input/output for a function | Plotting points | □ Portfolio |
| Graphs, mapping, table, and set | | |
| Evaluate functions in function notation | | Project |
| Define rule, input, output, domain, range, function | | Reflective Essay |
| Identify independent and dependent variables, domain/range | | ☐ Short Answer |
| Creating input/output table | | Constructed Response |
| Identify the input, output, independent variable, dependent | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| variable from a word problem. | | |

Functions
Type: Unit Plan

| variable from a word problem. | | ☐ Essay |
|--|--|------------------------------|
| Solve multi-step problems with different part specifically | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| outlined. | | |
| Write paragraph explanation of how problem was solved. | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Equation Strips | Functions project - represent function in a variety of ways. | Input |
| Tiered problems | Data in tables to translate to function form. | Output |
| Scaffolded instruction | Graph paper Practice problems Homework Unit test | Mapping |
| 2-column notes | | Graph |
| Spiral Review of concepts | | Table |
| | | Set |
| | | Rule |
| | | Domain |

Section 2.4a Curriculum Map Attachment 11 Page 4 of 4

Type: Unit Plan

Range
Function
Function notation
Relation
Independent variable
Dependent variable

Functions

Graphing
Type: Unit Plan

Graphing

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 4-25 to 5-27 | Algebra | Algebra |
| Teachers: | | |
| Halley Feil, Meagan Martin | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---------|----------------|
| Students will learn how to graph points and linear | Algebra | 5 weeks |
| equations. They will be able to manipulate equations, | | |
| building their critical thinking skills, into slope-intercept | | |
| form, making the equation easier to graph. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|---|---|
| How do I graph this line? Can I do it in multiple ways? | Objectives | SWBAT locate and draw points on a |
| What does slope mean and represent? | GR 13-15.1 Identify the location of a point with a positive | number line with 80% mastery. |
| What is the essential information I can find about a line? | coordinate on the number line. | SWBAT identify the x-axis, y-axis, and |
| What is the essential information i can find about a line: | GR 16-19.1 Locate points on the number line and in the | quadrants of a graph with 80% |
| | first quadrant. | mastery. |
| | GR 20-23.1 Locate points in the coordinate plane. | SWBAT locate and draw points in the |
| | GR 20-23.3 Exhibit knowledge of slope. GR 24-27.2 Determine the slope of a line from points or | first quadrant with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT locate and draw points in the |
| | | coordinate plane with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT define slope with 80% |
| | GR 24-27.3 Match linear graphs with their equations. | mastery. |
| | GR 28-32.4 Use properties of parallel and perpendicular | SWBAT define rate of change with |
| | lines to determine an equation of a line or coordinates of a | 80% mastery. |

Graphing
Type: Unit Plan

lines to determine an equation of a line or coordinates of a point.

A-CED 2. Create equations in two or more variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations on coordinate axes with labels and scales.

A-REI Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically

A-REI 10. Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line).

80% mastery.

SWBAT calculate slope given a graph using rise over run with 80% mastery. SWBAT identify a line as having a positive, negative, zero, or undefined slope with 80% mastery.

SWBAT calculate the slope of a line given two points on the line with 80% mastery.

SWBAT identify m as the slope in the equation y=mx+b with 80% mastery. SWBAT graph a line of the form y=mx+b with 80% mastery. SWBAT find the equation of the line given the graph of the line with 80% mastery.

SWBAT find the equation of a line given two points on the line by graphing with 80% mastery.
SWBAT find the equation of a line given a point on the line and the y-intercept with 80% mastery.

SWBAT manipulate an equation of a line from point-slope form so it is in the form y=mx+b with 80% mastery. SWBAT find the equation of a line given two points on the line with 80% mastery. SWBAT determine if two lines are parallel with 80% mastery. SWBAT find parallel lines with 80% mastery. SWBAT determine if two intersecting lines are perpendicular with 80% mastery. SWBAT find perpendicular lines with 80% mastery. ILS

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------|
| A linear equation can be represented graphically to show trends in data. | Identify and find slope | Formative |
| | Graph from slope-intercept form | ✓ Summative |
| Slope Equations of lines | Put equation of line in slope-intercept form | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| parallel lines | Find parallel and perpendicular lines | ✓ Portfolio |
| perpendicular lines | Slope on graph | ✓ Project |
| | Slope from 2 points | |

Graphing
Type: Unit Plan

| | Identify slope as rate of change | Reflective Essay |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Identify slope and y-intercept in slope-intercept form | Short Answer |
| | Find equation of line given graph, two points, or point and | Constructed Response |
| | either slope or intercept. | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | Define parallel and perpendicular Create line from word problem, identifying the rate or | ☐ Essay |
| | change. | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | Solve multi-step problems with different parts necessary | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | specifically outlined. | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Write paragraph explanation of how problem was solved. | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ✓ Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| tiered problems | graph paper | |
| • stations | stations | Slope |
| equation strips | graphing project matching equations manipulative cards | Slope-intercept form |

Graphing

Type: Unit Plan

| practice problems | matching equations manipulative cards | Rate of change |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| project w/rubric graphic organizer | | y-intercept |
| | | Parallel |
| | | Perpendicular |
| | | Linear |

Exponents
Type: Unit Plan

Exponents

Unit Dates: Sections:
5-16 to 6-3 Algebra Algebra

Teachers:

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|--|--|--------------------------------|
| Exponents are an abbreviated way of | Students will learn how to express repeated multiplication | exponent differentiated strips |
| writing repeated multiplication, the same way multiplication | as exponents, as well as combine like terms involving | stations |
| is an abbreviated way of writing repeated addition. | exponents. | exponent/algebra tiles |
| | | exponent act word problems |

Standards

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|---|--|---|
| Objectives | How do I simplify an expression involving exponents? | SWBAT evaluate and multiply by powers of ten. |
| NCP 28-32.4 Apply rules of exponents. | What is true about exponential properties? Do they | SWBAT convert between standard notation and scientific |
| NCP 24-27.6 Work problems involving positive integer | always hold true? | notation. |
| exponents. | What does an exponent mean? What do they represent? | SWBAT add and subtract exponents. |
| A-SSE 3c. Use the properties of exponents to transform expressions for exponential functions. | | SWBAT multiply and divide exponents. |
| N-RN 2. Rewrite expressions involving rational exponents using properties of exponents. | | SWBAT simplify expressions by combining like terms involving exponents. |
| doing properties of experients. | | SWBAT raise an exponent to an exponent. |
| | | SWBAT use negative exponents. |
| | | SWBAT simplify expressions involving integer exponents. |

Content, Skills, Assessment

Exponents
Type: Unit Plan

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Simplify problems by using properties of exponents | exponent | |
| Exponent properties: add, subtract, multiply, divide terms | repeated multiplication | |
| with exponents | power | |
| Raise an exponent to an exponent | simplify | |
| Use negative exponents | combine like terms | |

October

Angles

| Month | Essential Questions | A 9999999994 | Content & Degenmen | Cl-211a |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| Daily classwork –formative | guided notes, classwork problems, building angles | G.CO.5 Know and use definitions of angles, polygons, parallel and | How do logic and lines form a foundation for the entire study | Concepts |
| assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. | projects, hands on angle | perpendicular lines, rigid motions, | of geometry? | Commence |
| Scaffolded from beginning | building, hands on bisectors | parallelograms, and rectangles. | or geometry. | ConverseBi-conditional |
| level up to challenging. | <i>S</i> ⁷ | | How do we name angles? | Contrapositive |
| Included literacy and writing. | | G.CO.6 Prove theorems about lines | and the control of th | Vertical angles |
| ACT problems section at the | | and angles | | Parallel |
| end. | | | | Perpendicular |
| | | Vertical angles are congruent | | Alternate Interior Angles |
| Homework – formative | | | | □□□□Corresponding Angles |
| assessment. Weekly homework | | When a transversal crosses | | Bisector |
| packets with suggested | | parallel lines, alternate | | |
| problems for each day. | | interior angles are | | |
| Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | congruent and corresponding angles are | | |
| from daily lessons. | | congruent | | |
| Exit slips – formative | | 3 | | |
| assessment. Used occasionally | | Two lines parallel to a third line | | |
| at the end of class. One or two | | are parallel to each other | | |
| key questions that tell if the | | | | |
| student had mastered the daily | | Points on a perpendicular | | |
| standard. | | bisector of a segment are | | |
| | | exactly those equidistance | | |
| Unit test – summative | | from the segment's endpoints | | |
| assessment. Rigorous open- | | enupolitis | | |
| ended questions, including | | G.GPE.9 Use coordinates to compute | | |
| written explanations and word problems. | | perimeters of polygons and areas for | | |
| problems. | | triangles and rectangles, e.g. using | | |
| Project - students will solve a high | | the distance formula. | | |
| order equation and explain their | | | | |
| 1 | | G.GPE.11 Use coordinates to prove | | |
| | | simple geometric theorems | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| steps in written form | | algebraically (more specifically, distance and midpoint formula) | | |
| | | Exhibit some knowledge of the angles associated with parallel lines Find the measure of an angle using | | |
| | | properties of parallel lines Exhibit knowledge of basic angle properties and special sums of angle measures (e.g., 90°, 180°, and 360°) | | |
| | | Use several angle properties to find an unknown angle measure | | |
| | | Find the midpoint of a line segment | | |
| | | Use the distance formula | | |
| | | Estimate or calculate the length of a line segment based on other lengths given on a geometric figure | | |
| | | | | |

November

Basic Triangle Properties

| Month | Essential Ouestions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills | |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|--|

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|--|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | homework, classwork, guided notes, building angles, authentic project | Exhibit knowledge of basic angle properties and special sums of angle measures (e.g., 90°, 180°, and 360°) Use properties of isosceles triangles | What are the different relationships between the sides of a triangle? What is a Theorem and how is it | Concepts: Interior Angle Exterior Angle Base Angle Isosceles |
| Homework – formative | | | used in math? | |
| assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | | How are angles related to triangle? | |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | | | | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- ended questions, including written explanations and word problems. | | | | |

December

Right Triangles and Trig

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | Building triangles, classwork, guided notes, trig ratio project, proof of pythagorean theorem | Use the Pythagorean theorem Apply properties of 30°-60°-90°, 45°-45°-90°, similar, and congruent triangles* | How is the pythagorean theorem related to the distance formula? How are ratios used in trig? | Concepts: • Trigonometry • Sine • Cosine Tangent |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | Express the sine, cosine, and tangent of an angle in a right triangle as a ratio of given side lengths Apply basic trigonometric ratios to solve right-triangle problems | How can trig be used to find missing sides and angles of triangles? | |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | | | | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous openended questions, including written explanations and word problems. | | | | |

www.curriculummapper.com

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

JanuaryTriangle Congruence

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Daily classwork –formative assessment. Open-ended questions on each key point. Scaffolded from beginning level up to challenging. Included literacy and writing. ACT problems section at the end. | Proof writing, checking proofs, proof project, guided notes, classwork, homework, partner proofs. | Draw conclusions based on a set of conditions Apply properties of 30°-60°-90°, 45°-45°-90°, similar, and congruent triangles | How are proofs used in geometry? How do I write a proof? | concepts: • Congruence • Similarity • Transitive property • Reflexive property • Substitution |
| Homework – formative assessment. Weekly homework packets with suggested problems for each day. Problems will reflect key points from daily lessons. | | G.CO.1 Understand that two geometric figures are congruent if there is a sequence of rigid motions (rotations, reflections, translations) that carries one onto the other. | How do I read a proof? | |
| Exit slips – formative assessment. Used occasionally at the end of class. One or two key questions that tell if the student had mastered the daily standard. | | G.CO.2 Understand that criteria for triangle congruence are ways to specify enough measures in a triangle to ensure that all triangles drawn with those measures are congruent. G.CO.3 Understand that criteria for triangle congruence can be established using rigid motions. | | |
| Unit test – summative assessment. Rigorous open- ended questions, including | | Angle Side Angle | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------|--------|
| written explanations and word problems. | | Side Angle Side | | |
| | | • Side Side Side | | |
| | | Hypotenuse Leg | | |
| | | G.SRT.3 Understand that the assumed properties of dilations can be used to establish similarity for triangles | | |
| | | Angle Angle | | |
| | | • Side Angle Side | | |
| | | • Side Side Side | | |
| | | G.SRT.6 Use triangle | | |
| | | similarity criteria to solve problems and to prove | | |
| | | relationships in geometric figures. | | |

Special Right Triangles
Type: Unit Plan

Special Right Triangles

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 1-3 to 2-25 | Geometry | Geometry |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|----------|----------------|
| Students will learn the basics right triangle properties and | Geometry | 4 weeks |
| the basics of trig. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question How can I prove a triangle is a right triangle? What does it mean to be a right triangle? What properties do all right triangles have? What theorem can I use to solve for missing sides of right triangles? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Use Pythagoren Theorem Use basic trig identities Apply basic right triangle properties to solve problems | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT calculate missing sides of right triangles using Pythagorean Theorem. SWBAT set up basic trig identities. SWBAT identify and prove similiar triangles. |
|---|---|---|
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---------------------|--|--------------------|
| Trig identities | find missing sides of right triangles | ▼ Formative |
| Pythagorean Theorem | identify right triangles find area of right triangles | ✓ Summative |
| Similar triangles | find trig identities of right triangles identify the opposite, adjacent, and hypotenuse sides of | ☐ Multiple Choice |

Special Right Triangles
Type: Unit Plan

| | right triangles identify and prove similar triangles | ▼ Portfolio |
|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ▼ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ▼ Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ☐ Performance Task |
| | | ▼ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| I | | I |

Special Right Triangles
Type: Unit Plan

| Stations | Equation strips | right |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Tiered problems | text books | hypotenuse |
| Project w/rubric | practice problems | pythagorean |
| • Project writibile | homework packets | similar |
| • | project supplies | leg |
| | rubrics | sine |
| | | cosine |
| | | tangent |
| | | trig |

Area/Perimeter Type: Unit Plan

Area/Perimeter

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 2-28 to 4-1 | Geometry | Geometry |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------|----------------|
| We will look at formulas and use algebra skills to find the | Geometry | 4 weeks |
| area and perimeter of various geometric shapes. | | |

<u>Standards</u>

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How is the area of the polynomial related to the perimeter? | Objectives Exhibit knowledge of basic angle properties and special | SWBAT find the area and perimeter of polygons with 80% accuracy. |
| How do the formulas for finding the area and perimeter change depending on the number of sides? | sums of angle measures (e.g., 90°, 180°, and 360°) Compute the area of composite geometric figures when | SWBAT evaluate equations to find area and perimeter |
| Where do we see these shapes out in the world? | planning or visualization is required | using algebraic reasoning skills with 80% mastery. |
| | Compute the perimeter of polygons when all side lengths are given. | SWBAT combine algebraic equations with geometric figures to solve complex problems with 80% accuracy. |
| | Compute the area of rectangles when whole number dimensions are given. | |
| | Compute the perimeter of simple composite geometric figures with unknown side lengths. | |
| | G.GMD.4 Find areas of polygons by dissecting them into triangles. | |

Area/Perimeter Type: Unit Plan

| ILS | |
|-----|--|
| | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|--|
| Area perimeter triangle properties rectangle properties circle properties irregular figure properties | applying area formulas applying perimeter formulas recognizing shapes recognizing which area and/or perimeter formulas to use | Formative ✓ Summative Multiple Choice Portfolio ✓ Project Reflective Essay Short Answer Constructed Response Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay Fill in the Blank Graphic Organizer Journal and Learning Logs Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment |

Area/Perimeter Type: Unit Plan

| | | Portfolio |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| tiered problems | equation strips, | interior angle |
| | | |
| equation strips | stations, | exterior angle |
| | text books, | exterior angle regular |
| book problems | text books, guided notes, | regular |
| | text books, guided notes, quizzes, | regular |
| book problems | text books, guided notes, | regular |

SOHCAHTOA

| Class: | Sections: | |
|----------|------------------------------|--|
| Geometry | Period 3, Period 6, Period 8 | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|----------|----------------|
| We will look at trig formulas and use algebra skills to find missing sides and legs of right triangles. | Geometry | 4 Weeks |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Mathematics (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 9 Use geometric methods to analyze, categorize and draw conclusions about points, lines, planes and space.

Standard 9A Properties of Single Figures and Coordinate Geometry

Objective 9.11.01 Apply the Pythagorean theorem.

Standard 9D Trigonometry

Objective 9.11.19 Determine distances and angle measures using indirect measurement (e.g., properties of right triangles, Law of Sines, Law of Cosines).

Objective 9.11.20 Solve problems using 45°-45°-90° and 30°-60°-90° triangles.

Objective 9.11.21 Identify graphs of a given trigonometric function (sin x, cos x) using its characteristics (e.g., period, amplitude).

Objective 9.11.22 Define, identify, and evaluate trigonometric ratios.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| How is the side of the triangle determined when only given one side and one angle measure? | Objectives | SWBAT find the SIN, COS and TAN of triangles with 80% accuracy. |
| How do the formulas for finding SIN, COS, and TAN change depending on the numbering and given information? | | SWBAT evaluate equations to find trig functions using algebraic reasoning skills with 80% mastery. |
| Where do we see use these formulas out in the world? | | SWBAT combine algebraic equations with geometric figures to solve complex problems with 80% accuracy. |

SOHCAHTOA Type: Unit Plan

| ILS | |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Trig functions, trig ratios, find missing sides and legs | applying trig function formulas | ▼ Formative |
| | determine theta | Summative |
| | determine missing angle and missing leg | Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |

SOHCAHTOA Type: Unit Plan

| | | ✓ Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Tiered problems | equation strips, | SIN, COS, TAN, Opposite, Adjacent, Hypotenuse, Theta, |
| example probelms | stations, | Trig Ratio, |
| book problems | text books, guided notes, | |
| Stations | quizzes, | |
| Project with Rubric | rubrics | |

Trig

Type: Unit Plan

Trig

Unit Dates:
4-4 to 5-13
Geometry
Geometry
Sections:
Geometry
Geometry
Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|----------|----------------|
| We will look at trig formulas and use algebra skills to find | Geometry | 5-6 weeks |
| missing sides and legs of right triangles. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question How is the side of the triangle determined when only given one side and one angle measure? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT find the SIN, COS and TAN of triangles with 80% accuracy. |
|--|--|--|
| How do the formulas for finding SIN, COS, and TAN change depending on the numbering and given information? | Apply basic trigonometric ratios to solve right-triangle problems Use trigonometric concepts and basic identities to solve problems | SWBAT evaluate equations to find trig functions using algebraic reasoning skills with 80% mastery. SWBAT combine algebraic equations with geometric |
| Where do we see use these formulas out in the world? | | figures to solve complex problems with 80% accuracy. |
| ILS | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|---------------|
| Trig ratios Triangles and missing sides | Determine which trig formula to use Find missing side using trig | Formative |

Trig

Type: Unit Plan

| Angles in a triangle | Find missing angle using trig Solve multi-step problems using trig ratios | ✓ Summative |
|----------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | and the same and because and and area | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | ✓ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | |

Trig

Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ True/False |
|--------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Graphic organizer | equation strips, | sine |
| equation strips | stations, | cosine |
| manipulatives | text books, | tangent |
| - manipulatives | guided notes, | opposite |
| book problems | quizzes, | adjacent |
| guided notes | rubrics | hypotenuse |
| • stations | | angle |
| Stations | | side |
| tiered problems | | ratio |
| | | trigonometry |

September

Building Our Toolkit: Manipulating Expressions, Equations, Inequalities, Approach to Word Problems

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| Assessments: | Building the tools for the toolkit | Manipulate expressions | Why can it be helpful for us | BIG IDEAS: |
| Class work turned in (formative) | will be activities for the day around that objective. | using the order of operations. • Manipulate expressions | to legally change how expressions and equations look? | We can manipulate expressions and equations algebraically in |
| Homework (formative) | | by combining like terms.Utilize the distributive | | order to solve problems. |
| Written Quiz (formative) | Perhaps use chart paper (graffiti | property to simplify expressions and | | |
| Project: Your Toolkit (summative) | placemats?) to brainstorm in groups, but at the end each | equations.Solve one-step equations. | What basic steps do we take | There are many ways to solve |
| | student needs to have an object that displays the tool in their own personal toolkit (envelope decorated with their name and | Solve two-step equations.Solve multi-step equations.Critique and evaluate | to solve problems in our everyday lives? | word problems, but we always want to start by circling the information we are given and underlining the question. |
| [Quiz will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | no gang symbols). | solutions of multi-step equations. • Solve inequalities without | | |
| Standards: | Tools can be in visual form, they can be written scripts for a performance (that they can read for me once), link to a sound | Solve inequalities without reversing the sign. Solve inequalities with reversing the sign. Articulate and utilize the class strategy for word problems. | | Order of Operations Combining Like Terms Distributive Property One-step equations |
| EEI.28-32.1 | byte on a website, etc. | | | Two-step equationsMulti-step equationsInequalities w/o reversing |
| Manipulate expressions and equations | | | | sign • Inequalities w/ reversing |
| EEI.24-27.6 Solve | Other Ideas: | | | signNumber line graphs of inequalities |
| first-degree inequalities that do not require reversing | Virtual / literal (guided) note passing to share thought processes in | | | Class strategy for word problems |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|------------|---------------------|---|
| the inequality sign. | solving problems. • RAFT: One side of an | | | Key Terms: variable, expression, equation, inequality, distributive |
| EEI.28-32.3 Solve linear inequalities that require reversing the inequality sign | equation writing to the other side of an equation. | | | property, order of operations, manipulate. |
| GR.24-27.1 Identify the graph of a linear inequality on the number line | | | | |
| EEI.28-32.2 Write expressions, equations and inequalities for common algebra | | | | |
| settings | | | | |
| EEI.33-36.1 Write expressions that require planning | | | | |
| and/or manipulating to accurately model a situation | | | | |

October

Functions and Multiple Representations: Math Literacy, Continued

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Assessment: | Coordinate System as Street address and house number. | Explain the parts of common tables and | How can we express mathematical information? | BIG IDEA: |
| Class work (formative) | | graphs. Read, interpret, and create tables and graphs. Translate between | | We can express mathematical information in equivalent ways: graphs, tables, words, and equations. Good problem |
| Homework (formative) | Relationships in their lives> are they functions? Why or | graphs, tables, words, and equations. | What do functions express? | solvers pick which way to use at |

| 25. 0 | T 410 4 | | G | GL W |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Month Written Oviz (formative) | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| Written Quiz (formative) Written Test (summative) [Quiz and Test will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | why not? Creating a translator tool (like a Spanish to English dictionary) with instructions on how to move between representations of mathematical information. | Analyze, draw conclusions, and evaluate analysis of figures, tables, and graphs. Define and create functions. Identify domain and range. Determine whether a relation is a function using the vertical line test. Write and evaluate | | which time. We can use variables and symbols express relationships between entities in the real world. We call these relationships functions. |
| | | composite functions. | | |
| Standards: | Vertical line test - add tool to toolkit? | | | Parts of tables and graphsData pointsCoordinate system |
| PS.16-19.3 Read tables and graphs | | | | Examples of tables, graphs, words, and equations expressing the |
| PS.24-27.2 Manipulate data from tables and graphs | | | | same information. Definition of a relation Definition of a function |
| PS.16-19.4 Perform computations on data from tables and graphs | | | | Domain and RangeVertical Line TestExamples of functions. |
| tables and graphs | | | | Composite Functions |
| PS.28-32.2 Interpret and use information from figures, tables and graphs | | | | |
| PS.33-36.2 Analyze and draw conclusions based on information from figures, tables, and graphs. | | | | Key Terms: coordinate system, relation, function, domain, range, composite function |
| F.28-32.1 Evaluate composite functions at integer | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| values F.33-36.1 Write an expression for the composite of two simple functions EEI.28-32.1 Manipulate expressions and equations | | | | |

Graphical Analysis of Linear Functions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| Assessment: | Foldable of how to calculate slope given different information. Put in toolkit after graded? | Graph a line in slope intercept form. Calculate slope given two points. | What are the defining characteristics of lines? | BIG IDEA: A line has two defining characteristics: a rate of change and a starting value. |
| Class work (formative) | | Calculate slope given a point and a parallel. | | |
| Homework (formative) | | Evaluate and critique calculations of slope. | | • Slope (positive, negative, |
| Written Quiz (formative) | Absolute value related to real life -use distance examples | Write and evaluate piecewise functions. | | zero, no slope) • Intercepts |
| Written Test (summative) | and how it doesn't matter whether you're N/S/E/W. | Graph absolute value functions. | | Absolute valuePiece-wise functionsSolution set |
| [Quiz and Test will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | Foldable with positive, negative, zero slope, and no slope. Put in toolkit after graded? | | | Key Terms: Slope, intercept, absolute value, undefined. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Standards: | Lissential Questions | | | |
| EEI.24-27.1 Solve real-world problems using first-degree equations | | | | |
| EEI.28-32.4 Solve absolute value equations | | | | |
| GR.28-32.2 Match number line graphs with solution sets of linear inequalities | | | | |
| GR.28-32.1 Interpret and use information from graphs in the coordinate plane | | | | |
| GR.20-23.3 Exhibit knowledge of slope | | | | |
| GR.24-27.2 Determine the slope of a line from points or equations | | | | |
| GR 24-27.3 Match linear graphs with their equations | | | | |

November

Systems of Linear Functions

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Assessments: | Substitution in sports analogy | Explain the relationship | How are the concepts of | BIG IDEA: A system of equations |
| Class work turned in (formative) | - when one player is subbed | between a system of | multiple representations and | and Intersecting lines represent |
| | out, they leave the court/field. | equations and | systems of equations related? | exactly the same mathematical |
| | | intersecting lines. | | |
| | | Solve systems of | | |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Homework (formative) Written Quiz (formative) Project: "Make your Case" (summative) | Graffiti placemats for how to remember strategies and/or when to use which. | equations. Evaluate and critique solutions of systems of equations. Utilize the most efficient method for solving a system of equations. | When can we solve a system of equations? | We can solve for any number of unknowns (variables) as long as |
| [Quiz will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and | Quizlet for when to use what strategy flash cards. | | | we have the same number of equations. |
| word problems.] | Tools for each strategy to add | | | Graphical solutions Substitution Elimination Linear combination |
| In the summative project, students will find a word problem (or write one) that yields a system of | to toolkits? | | | Linear comomation |
| equations to solve. They will prepare a "legal document" of a solution, why it's correct (showing at least one other method), etc. | | | | Key Terms: ordered pair, isolate, substitute, intersection |
| Standards: | | | | |
| EEI.28-32.6 Find solutions for systems of linear equations | | | | |
| GR.28-32.4 Use properties of parallel and perpendicular lines to | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| determine an equation of a line or coordinates of a point | | | | |
| | | | | |

December

Quadratic Functions: Part 1

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| Assessments: Class work turned in (formative) Homework (formative) | Lab exercise with projectile motion in preparation for project. | Multiply two binomials Evaluate quadratic functions at given values Recognize and plot special characteristics of | What processes in the world around us are accurately modeled as quadratic functions? | BIG IDEA: Quadratic functions have powerful applications (projectiles, acceleration/deceleration) that allow us to model the world |
| Written Quizzes (formative) | | parabolas and circles. | | around us. |
| Project: "Make your Case" (summative) [Quiz will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] | Quizlet flash cards for terms, definitions, properties, which factoring method to use, etc these will be especially helpful after Winter Break to refresh ourselves! | | | Just as subtraction "undoes" addition, factoring quadratics "undoes" multiplying binomials. |
| Project will be application based - we will do a lab on the flight of a ball and write a simple lab report. | | | | Monomial, Binomials, Trinomials, and their properties Quadratic forms Examples of quadratic functions (projectile motion, etc.) Perfect Squares Parabolas and vertices Complex Numbers and |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---|
| Standards: | | 1233433221411 | | their properties |
| EE.I 20-23.5 Multiply two binomials | | | | |
| F.20-23.1 Evaluate quadratic functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values. | | | | Key Terms: polynomial, perfect square, parabola, vertex, quadratic equation, complex number, real part, imaginary part |
| EEI.28-32.5 Solve quadratic equations | | | | |
| GR.28-32.5 Recognize special characteristics of parabolas and circles (e.g., the vertex of a parabola and the center or radius of a circle) | | | | |
| GR.33-36.2 Identify characteristics of graphs based on a set of conditions or on a general equation such as $y = ax^2 + c$ | | | | |

January Quadratic Functions: Part 2

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|--|
| Assessments: Class work turned in (formative) | Back-channel conversations about factoring, specifically sharing internal monologues - showing how everybody thinks about these a bit | Utilize the difference of two squares to efficiently factor special quadratics. Factor quadratics of the | How are multiplying binomials and factoring quadratics related? | BIG IDEA: Quadratic functions have powerful applications (projectiles, acceleration/deceleration) that allow us to model the world |
| | uniks about these a bit | form x ² + bx + c. • Factor quadratics of the | | anow us to model the world |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|--|---------------------|--|
| Homework (formative) Written Quizzes (formative) Written Test (summative) [Quizzes and Test will have multiple choice, free response (show solution), and word problems.] Standards: EEI.24-27.5 Factor simple quadratics (e.g., the difference of squares and perfect square trinomials) NCP.24-27.9 Exhibit some knowledge of the complex numbers NCP.28-32.5 Multiply two complex numbers NCP.33-36.3 Apply | differently. (I'll probably do these with paper and pen as note passing things since we don't have a computer for each student.) | form ax² + bx + c. • Evaluate and critique solutions to factoring problems using two methods (FOIL the answer, or do the problem yourself!) • Identify the real part and the imaginary part of a complex number. • Apply properties of complex numbers to add, subtract, multiply, and divide them. | Content & Resources | Just as subtraction "undoes" addition, factoring quadratics "undoes" multiplying binomials. • Monomial, Binomials, Trinomials, and their properties • Quadratic forms • Examples of quadratic functions (projectile motion, etc.) • Perfect Squares • Parabolas and vertices • Complex Numbers and their properties Key Terms: polynomial, perfect square, parabola, vertex, quadratic equation, complex number, real part, imaginary part |
| properties of complex numbers | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

Quadratic Functions
Type: Unit Plan

Quadratic Functions

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| 12-6 to 2-18 | Advanced Algebra Trig | Period 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEA: Quadratic functions have powerful applications (projectiles, acceleration/deceleration) that allow us to model the world around us. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 41 days/class periods |
| Just as subtraction "undoes" addition, factoring quadratics "undoes" multiplying binomials. | | |
| The important aspects of the quadratics unit are FOIL, factoring, complex numbers, simplifying square roots, and graphical transformations. I will start out the unit with students graphing the height of a ball thrown over time—they will naturally come up with a parabola. From there, we'll move into graphing, using what we know from Unit 3. I'll be sure to showing the three types of quadratic equations: standard form, x-intercept, and vertex form. These will later translate to factoring and completing the square and graphing first will give student's meaning to each. To help students understand graphical transformations when graphing in vertex form, I'll show the similarities between point-slope form of a line and vertex form of a quadratic. | | |
| From here, I'll start algebraically solving quadratics using: | | |
| factoring, square roots, the quadratic formula, and | | |
| completing the square. I'll be sure to emphasize the | | |

Quadratic Functions
Type: Unit Plan

completing the square. I'll be sure to emphasize the multiple types of factoring as this will transfer to polynomials. When solving with square roots, I'll introduce complex numbers. Complex numbers will be a struggle but when graphing them the skills will build how different coordinate systems work (polar and parametric in Pre-Calculus). Similar to systems, teach students when to use each strategy for solving quadratics.

Standards

Essential Question

What processes in the world around us are accurately modeled as quadratic functions?

How are multiplying binomials and factoring quadratics related?

College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives

EE.I 20-23.5 Multiply two binomials

F.20-23.1 Evaluate quadratic functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values.

EEI.28-32.5 Solve quadratic equations

GR.28-32.5 Recognize special characteristics of parabolas and circles (e.g., the vertex of a parabola and the center or radius of a circle)

GR.33-36.2 Identify characteristics of graphs based on a set of conditions or on a general equation such as $y = ax^2 + c$

EEI.24-27.5Factor simple quadratics (e.g., the difference of squares and perfect square trinomials)

NCP.24-27.9 Exhibit some knowledge of the complex numbers

NCP.28-32.5 Multiply two complex numbers

NCP.33-36.3 Apply properties of complex numbers

Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings

Multiply two binomials

Evaluate quadratic functions at given values

Recognize and plot special characteristics of parabolas and circles.

Utilize the difference of two squares to efficiently factor special quadratics.

Factor quadratics of the form $x^2 + bx + c$.

Factor quadratics of the form ax2 + bx + c.

Evaluate and critique solutions to factoring problems using two methods (FOIL the answer, or do the problem yourself!)

Identify the real part and the imaginary part of a complex number.

Apply properties of complex numbers to add, subtract, multiply, and divide them.

Quadratic Functions Type: Unit Plan

| ILS | |
|-----|--|
| | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Monomial, Binomials, Trinomials, and their properties | | ▼ Formative |
| Quadratic forms | | ✓ Summative |
| Examples of quadratic functions (projectile motion, etc.) | | |
| Perfect Squares | | Multiple Choice |
| Parabolas and vertices | | ✓ Portfolio |
| Complex Numbers and their properties | | ☑ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | \square Fill in the Blank |
| | | ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☑ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |

Quadratic Functions
Type: Unit Plan

| | | Portfolio |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| • | Algebra tiles for factoring quadratics. | Key Terms: polynomial, perfect square, parabola, vertex, quadratic equation, complex number, real part, imaginary |
| | Chart paper for practicing box method (alternative to FOIL). | part |
| | Lab exercise with projectile motion in preparation for project. | |
| | Quizlet flash cards for terms, definitions, properties, which factoring method to use, etc these will be especially helpful after Winter Break to refresh ourselves! | |
| | Other Things: Notes Packets Class Work Bell Ringer Sheets Homework Packets | |

Conic Sections

Unit Dates:
2-22 to 3-16
Advanced Algebra Trig

Period 1, Period 2, Period 7

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEAS: Quadratics as we know them (parabolas) are special cases in the world of conic sections. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 16 Days/Class periods |
| Conic sections are all sets of points defined as equidistant from some set point, line, or combination of points or lines. | | |
| Many skills used in this unit are transferable from Unit 5, particularly completing the square. Each conic section will be handled over the course of two days (perhaps one with hyperbolas so as to not dwell too long there), and then we will step back at the end of the unit, and look at similarities/differences between the conics, their equations, etc. | | |
| | | |

<u>Standards</u>

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|---|
| Using the form of a conic section, how can we show that | Objectives | •SWBAT find the center/vertex of various conic sections |
| quadratic and linear functions are special cases? | | by completing the square on 3 of 4 problems. |
| | GR.28-32.5 Recognize special characteristics of | •SWBAT write equations of various conic sections from |

Conic Sections
Type: Unit Plan

| What are the similarities and differences between conic sections? | parabolas and circles (e.g., the vertex of a parabola and the center or radius of a circle) | their graphs on 3 of 4 tries. •SWBAT evaluate functions in function notation on 5 of 6 tries. |
|---|--|--|
| | NCP.24-27.6 Work problems involving positive integer exponents | •SWBAT understand composition of functions and combine functions by composition on 3 of 4 tries. |
| | EEI.24-27.4 Add, subtract and multiply polynomials | |
| | F.24-27.1 Evaluate polynomial functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values. | |
| ILS | | |
| | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|------------------------------------|
| - Function Notation - Composite Functions | - Writing equations from graphs Identifying center/vertex from equation. | Formative |
| - CONIC SECTIONS (writing equations and graphing) | - Completing the square to put equation in standard form | ☐ Summative |
| | in order to pull out vertex/center Evaluating compositions of functions | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| | | |

Conic Sections
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
|--|--|--|
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Graphic organizer to compare/contrast conics | Paper and scissors to make flip books for different types of conics. | Key Terms: parabola, hyperbola, ellipse, circle, conic |
| | White boards w/ grids on one side, markers, erasers. | |
| | Chart paper for graffiti place-mats, etc. | |
| | | |
| | Other Things: | |
| | Notes Packets | |
| | Class Work | |
| | Bell Ringer Sheets | |
| | Homework Packets | |

Major Topics in Algebra Trig Type: Unit Plan

Major Topics in Algebra Trig

Unit Dates: Sections:
3-17 to 4-29 Advanced Algebra Trig Period 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|
| BIG IDEA: There are certain skills that we MUST have in order to be successful on the ACT and in future math courses. We need to work on ironing out the kinks in those skills. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 25 days/class periods. |
| All of this unit will be review, selecting the 20 or so skills that students really need to be successful in their math careers from this point forward. We will revisit each objective by being honest about what we know and don't know, and using skills we do have to give others context. | | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|--|
| What is our generalized problem solving process/approach? | Perform computations on data from tables and graphs | There are certain skills that can take us far in our math career if we have them down pat. |
| | Exhibit some knowledge of the complex numbers | |
| How can I keep track of when to use which skill? | Multiply two complex numbers | When taking a test, we need to be able to pick out the ones we know! |
| | Combine like terms | siles ile ilileii |
| | Solve routine first-degree equations | |
| | Multiply two binomials | |
| | Identify solutions to simple quadratic equations | |
| | Add, subtract, and multiply polynomials | |

Major Topics in Algebra Trig Type: Unit Plan

| | Factor simple quadratics (e.g., the difference of squares and perfect square trinomials) Solve quadratic equations Find solutions to systems of linear equations Determine the slope of a line from points or equations Evaluate quadratic functions, expressed in function notation, at integer values | |
|-----|---|--|
| ILS | Totalion, at mego. Talabo | |
| | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|---|
| Slope Lines | Solve multi-step equations | ▼ Formative |
| Systems of Equations | Calculate averages (various unknowns) | Summative |
| Polynomials | Find slope given two points | Multiple Choice |
| Functions &Function Notation Factoring Quadratics | Write equations of lines in slope intercept | Portfolio |
| Complex Numbers | form (various unknowns) | ☑ Project |
| Conic Sections | Graph a line in slope-intercept form | Reflective Essay |
| | Solve systems of equations with substitution | Short Answer |
| | Set up and solve systems of equations word problems | ☐ Constructed Response ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | Classify polynomials by degree or number | Essay |
| | of terms | Fill in the Blank |
| | Add/subtract polynomials | Graphic Organizer |
| | Evaluate functions in function notation | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | Multiply polynomials (box method) | |

Major Topics in Algebra Trig Type: Unit Plan

| | Multiply polynomials (box method) | Learning Contract |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | Factor using GCF | ☐ Matching |
| | Factor using difference of squares | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | Factor x ² + bx + c | ☐ Observation Checklist |
| | Factor ax ² + bx + c | Performance Assessment |
| | Factor polynomials completely | Performance Task |
| | Solve quadratic equations by factoring | □ Portfolio |
| | Solve quadratic equations by completing the square | ✓ Quiz |
| | Solve quadratic equations using the | Rubric |
| | quadratic formula | Self Evaluation |
| | Evaluate powers of <i>i</i> | Structured Interview |
| | Add/subtract complex numbers | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | Multiply/divide complex numbers | ☐ True/False |
| | Solve quadratic equations having complex | |
| | roots | |
| | Graph/write equations of parabolas | |
| | Graph/write equations of circles | |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | Brightstorm Videos for short review lessons. | |
| | Chart paper for making posters and summarizing ideas (getting the big picture). | |
| | Review sheets with problems students shouldn't know how | |
| | to do in order to get in the habit of skipping problems. | |

Trigonometry
Type: Unit Plan

Trigonometry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------------------|--|
| 5-2 to 5-20 | Advanced Algebra Trig | Period 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEA: Special right triangle ratios correspond to "special" points on the sinusoidal graphs of sin, cos, and tan. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 15 Days/Class periods |
| On the ACT, only basic trigonometric ideas are tested but for further mathematics, a deeper understanding of trigonometry is necessary. I'll try to build the cohesion between special right triangles, trigonometric functions, unit circle and sinusoidal functions. We'll start by splitting an equilateral triangle - this will form two 30-60-90 triangles and students can discover the | | |
| ratios. We'll use these to create the ratios of trig functions - sin, cos, tan. We can then use these to literally build the unit circle. Using the unit circle, we'll create a table of the sin-cos-tan and then draw the sinusoidal graphs. | | |
| Once again, this is an awesome way to connect graphs to tables to equations. Lastly, I'll try to make sinusoidal functions fun by studying real but highly accurate and predictable trigonometric functions like sunrise or sunset times, tides, etc. | | |

<u>Standards</u>

Trigonometry
Type: Unit Plan

| Essential Question How does the unit circle map the way for the graphs of the trig functions sin, cos, and tan? Where can we find the ratios of special right triangles in our graphs of the trig functions sin, cos, and tan? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives F.24-27.2 Express the sine, cosine, and tangent of an angle in a right triangle as a ratio of given side lengths F.28-32.2 Apply basic trigonometric ratios to solve right-triangle problems F.33-36.2 Use trigonometric concepts and basic identities to solve problems F.33-36.3 Exhibit knowledge of unit circle trigonometry F.33-36.4 Match graphs of basic trigonometric functions | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings - Find missing side lengths of right triangles. - Use inverse functions to find missing angles. - Apply Law of Sines. - Apply Law of Cosines. - Graph trigonometric functions sin, cos, tan. - Translate and reflect trigonometric functions. - Verify trigonometric identities. - Solve trigonometric equations. - Write trigonometric functions to model a reliable process. |
|--|---|---|
| ILS | with their equations | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| - Right Triangles and Special Right Triangles | | ▼ Formative |
| - Radians/Degrees - Unit Circle | | ▼ Summative |
| - General Angles (i.e. Trig Functions not in special right triangles) | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| - Graphing Calculators and Trig Functions | | ☐ Portfolio |
| - Trig Identities | | ▼ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | Short Answer |
| | | ☐ Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | □ Essay |
| | | |

Trigonometry
Type: Unit Plan

| | | Fill in the Blank |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| | | Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ✓ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | Graph paper &Gridded Whiteboards Trig identities Quizlet flashcards Construction Paper for special right triangle Jigsaw | Key terms: opposite, adjacent, hypotenuse, radian, inverse |
| | Other Things: Notes Packets Class Work Bell Ringer Sheets Homework Packets | |
| | HOIHEWORK FACKERS | |

Statistics and Probability

Unit Dates:Class:Sections:5-23 to 6-10Advanced Algebra TrigPeriod 1, Period 2, Period 6, Period 7

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| BIG IDEAS: Probability is an incredibly powerful tool for predicting outcomes in the real world. | Advanced Algebra Trig | 14 Days/Class periods |
| Casinos and lotteries make money because they have probability on their side. | | |
| Statistics is something that students will find interesting if taught through their real life situations –ex. how many combinations of peanut butter and jelly exist? As well as with social justice themes –stats of graduation rates vs. income, or employment by race, class, job type, gender, etc. Statistic labs can also be a great way to build understanding. While this can sometimes be a grab-bag of topics –it is fun and can be challenging. The ACT really emphasizes the multiple uses of averages so I'll be sure to hit on finding basic averages and finding missing values within an average formula. | | |

<u>Standards</u>

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|----------------------------|------------|---|
| How do casinos make money? | Objectives | - Apply counting principles |

Statistics and Probability
Type: Unit Plan

| How many 10-digit phone numbers are possible? Are we in danger of ever running out? How do we know? | PS.24-27.2 Manipulate data from tables and graphs PS.28-32.2 Interpret and use information from figures, tables and graphs PS.33-36.2 Analyze and draw conclusions based on information from figures, tables, and graphs. PS.16-19.5 Use the relationship between the probability of an event and the probability of its complement | Compute combinations Compute permutations Use Pascal's Triangle Calculate conditional probability Calculate marginal probability Find basic averages Find missing values within an average formula |
|---|---|--|
| | PS.24-27.3 Communicate straightforward probabilities for common situations PS.28.32.3 Apply counting techniques | |
| ILS | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| - Fundamental Counting Principle | | Formative |
| - Combinations | | ☐ Summative |
| - Averages (simple and complex) - Conditional Probability | | Multiple Choice |
| - Marginal Probability | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Project |
| | | Reflective Essay |
| | | Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | |

Statistics and Probability
Type: Unit Plan

| | | Graphic Organizer |
|--------------------------|---|--|
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | ✓ Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| | Dice, cards, coins, etc. for examples/labs in class. Lottery tickets for each class after we work out how slim our chances of winning really are. Paper for making Pascal's Triangles. Other Things: Notes Packets | Key Terms: event, outcome, conditional probability, marginal probability |
| | Class Work | |
| | Bell Ringer Sheets Homework Packets | |

September

What Every Student Needs to Know About Reading: The Basic Fundamentals of Reading

| | | | G | av 444 |
|--|---|--|--|---|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| Read 180 Practice Tests Guided Practice Fact or Opinion Graphic Organizers Rubrics Role Playing | Power point presentations on one Dr. King's speeches. | Illinois State Standards | What is Reading? How does reading have an impact on the career that you have chosen? | The basic fundamental skills that are critical for success in the reading process and beyond. |
| 7. rSkills Tests | Examining the accomplishments of Dr. Martin | S College Readiness Standards | | FluencyVocabularyComprehension |
| | Luther King and his fight for equality. | 13-15 Recognize a clear intent of an author or narrator in uncomplicated literary | | Fluency (accuracy, rate, and expression) |
| | | narratives | | Vocabulary (decoding, base words, target words, prefixes, and suffixes) |
| | Essays | Determine when (e.g., first, last, before, after) or if an event | Have you ever heard the saying: Everyone has their | Comprehension (main idea and details) |
| | Think-Pair-Share | occurred in uncomplicated passages | version of the story and then there's the truth. Where does perception end and reality | Defining the terms reality and perception with assist students with understanding the purpose for |
| | Read-Pair-Share | Recognize clear cause-effect relationships described within a | begin? | reading: to gain an understanding. |
| | Think-Write-Pair Share | single sentence in a passage | | |
| | Time-line of the Life and Times of Dr. King | Identify relationships between main characters in uncomplicated literary narratives | | |
| | | Recognize clear cause-effect | Can you win and lose at the | By comparing and contrasting the benefits and disadvantages of Dr. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| | | relationships within a single paragraph in uncomplicated literary narratives | same time? | King struggle for equal rights students will realize how a character may not always win but contributions may live on or have a profound effect on those around them. |

October

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| Whole Group - Shared Reading Small Group-Guided Practice/Reading Skill Tracker - students/teacher will track their understanding by adding data to data charts. Coaching-demonstrate and provide suggestions Open Ended Questions | Revisit Target | College Readiness Standards 13-15 Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in paragraph 20-26 Locate important details in uncomplicated passages Make simple inferences about how details are used in | What is making inferences? | Key Terms Background Knowledge Text Clues Inference Stated Ideas Unstated Ideas Estimation Educated Guessing Assumptions Predictions Making inferencing can have a profound effect on one's ability to think critically and in making decisions. |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---|--------|
| | | passages. | How does inferencing apply to one's career or everyday situation? | |
| | | | | |

November

When Music Offends: Comprehending the Author's Purpose

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Quizzes | Think -Pair-Share | College Readiness | Who decides what we listen | There are a number of |
| Short Answer | rBooks | Standards | to and how do they fall in line with our constitutional rights; Freedom of Speech? | comprehension strategies that help us to understand the author's purpose. |
| rSkills Test 2 | www.wordle.com | Locate important details in more challenging passages | | |
| Essays | www.jottit.com | | | Students have the opportunity to |
| Data Charts/Tracking Charts | www.polleverywhere.com | Locate and interpret minor or subtly stated details in | | view strategies to build background about freedom of speech and music censorship. |
| | projects www.scholastic.com/read180/community | uncomplicated passages | | |
| | | Discern which details, though they may appear in | | Key Terms |
| | | different sections throughout a passage, support | | • critic |
| | | important points in more challenging passages | | • Controversy |
| | | Illinois State | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|---|
| | | Standards 2.B Read and interpret a variety of literary works. | | Confrontpromoteamendments |
| | | Preview text features to activate prior knowledge | | |
| | | Identify important details | | |
| | | Organize important details | | |

December

Problem Solving: How Well Do You Handle Your Money?

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Proper use of commas with | Graphic Organizers | 2.A.4d Describe the influence of | How can money hurt | Developing strong money |
| introductory words in own | | the author's language structure | teenagers? | management skills is essential to |
| writing. | | and word choice to convey the | | the future of teenagers and young |
| | | author's viewpoint. | | adults. |
| Understand vocabulary of | Class/Small Group Discussions | | | |
| multiple-meaning words | | 2.B.4a Critique ideas and | | Researching the aspects of a |
| | | impressions generated by oral, | What are the causes of debt or | students' career interest and its' |
| | Vocabulary Practice | visual, written and electronic | poor money management skills? | qualifications and salary can |
| | | | | provide rewarding results to |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Month Attempts to solve a problem. | Responsive Writing Assignments Class Debate Peer/teacher editing practice | 1.B Apply reading strategies to improve understanding and fluency. 3.B.4b Produce, edit, revise and format work for submission and/or publication (e.g., manuscript form, appropriate citation of sources) using contemporary technology. Organize information about problems and solutions. Preview text to activate prior knowledge. Practice identifying details that support the main idea. | Is money another form of trading that can be altered? | students. Key Terms; debt wages compensate complusive behaviors financial freedom expensive interest responsible |
| | | Discover new vocabulary terms. | | |

January

How Has The Progression of Disease Control Saved Lives?

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|------------|--|--|
| Practice test-taking strategies: fill-in-the- blanks | rBooksFill-in-the-blankNarrative Paragraph | <u>s</u> | What is a plague? | Preview text features to activate prior knowledge, set purpose, and generate questions before reading. |
| Demonstate understanding of text selections, vocabulary, and skills. Answer multiple choice questions. | Graphic Organizers Data Driven Instruction Vocabulary Search Speeches Study Synonyms and | <u>5</u> | Which plague is most frightening to you? | Review and apply meaning of target vocabulary |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|------------|---|-----------|
| On demand writing by responding to an open-minded, short-answer prompt. • | Antonyms • Short answers and open ended questions. | | Do you think that a disease could ever be used as weapon? | Key Terms |

The Front Lines of Justice Type: Unit Plan

The Front Lines of Justice

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2-1 to 3-11 | Reading in the Language Arts | 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---|----------------|
| The Road to Equality: the wage on war to end slavery, | Enhancing reading, writing, and fluency skills for freshmen | 3 weeks |
| discrimination and unfair laws continued for a century after | students. | |
| the Civil War. In the 1960's another critical battle took | | |
| place: the fight for civil rights. | | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.5 Analyze in detail how an author's ideas or claims are developed and refined by particular sentences, paragraphs, or larger portions of a text (e.g., a section or chapter).

The Front Lines of Justice Type: Unit Plan

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.6 Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how an author uses rhetoric to advance that point of view or purpose.

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 11-12 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10).

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.5 Analyze the structure of texts, including how specific sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.5 Analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.6 Assess how point of view or purpose shapes the content and style of a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.7 Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

Grade Level Standard RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| Why was there such a strong resistance for AA to gain equality in America? | CRS 13-15 | SWBAT take a glimpse at the pain and passion of this critical period in our nation's history. |
| ILS | | |
| 2.A.4a Analyze and evaluate the effective use of literary techniques (e.g., figurative language, allusion, dialogue, description, symbolism, word choice, dialect) in classic and contemporary literature representing a variety of forms and media. | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Biographical Sketch: An Angry Young Man | Comprehension | ▼ Formative |
| Historical Documents: In Their Own Words | Fluency | Summative |

The Front Lines of Justice Type: Unit Plan

| Poem: Ballad of Birmingham | Making Inferences | ✓ Multiple Choice |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | ✓ Portfolio |
| | Cross-Text Analysis | ✓ Project |
| | | ☑ Reflective Essay |
| | | ✓ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☑ Essay |
| | | ☑ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ☑ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☑ Matching |
| | | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |

The Front Lines of Justice

Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Writing Personal Narrative | rBook | accomplish |
| Grammar: Adverbs and correcting sentence | video of Little Girls by Spike Lee | enforce |
| fragment. | | influential |
| Literary Elements: Rhyme, Point of View, and Irony | | protest |
| | | register |
| | | demonstration |
| | | sacred |
| | | marches |
| | | bombings |
| | | registered |
| | | witness |
| | | segregations |
| | | Jim Crow |
| | | lynching |

Type: Unit Plan

Crime, Punishment, and Teens

Unit Dates:
3-1 to 3-31
Reading in the Language Arts
Sections:
2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods
Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Identify the steps used to compare and contrast ideas | To enhance students reading, writing, and comprehension | 4 weeks |
| from a newspaper article. Use a graphic organizer to | skills. | |
| compare and contrast ideas. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RI Informational Text

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.2 Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.

Craft and Structure

Anchor Standard RI.CCR.4 Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

Grade Level Standard RI.9-10.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language of a court opinion differs from that of a newspaper).

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

Type: Unit Plan

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.9-10.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

| Essential Question How should teen criminals be punished? What happens to them once they enter the justice system? Is justice served or denied? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives ICRS 20-23 Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT look into the lives of teens who have committed crimes and gain a better understanding of how our judicial systems deals with under aged criminals. |
|--|--|--|
| 1.A.4a Expand knowledge of word origins and derivations and use idioms, analogies, metaphors and similes to extend vocabulary development. 1.A.4b Compare the meaning of words and phrases and use analogies to explain the relationships among them. | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|
| rSkills Test- comprehension, vocabulary/word study, grammar usage, and mechanics. | Vocabulary study | ▼ Formative |
| Functional Literacy- read to find out about careers. | Shared reading | ✓ Summative |
| Functional Literacy- read to find out about careers. | Compare and contrast | Multiple Choice |

Type: Unit Plan

Type: Unit Plan

| The 5th Amendment | rBook | statistic |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Writing and Grammar | Step up to Writing handouts | judicial |
| Test Taking Strategies | Selected reading materials | accuse |
| rest raking otrategies | | counselor |
| Vocabulary | | transition |
| Real World Connections | | encourage |
| | | crucial |
| • | | evaluate |
| | | consequence |

Your Brain Exposed Type: Unit Plan

Your Brain Exposed

Unit Dates:
4-1 to 4-29
Reading in the Language Arts
Sections:
2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods
Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Using comprehension strategies to assist proficient | Designed to enhance students reading,writing, and | 3 weeks |
| readers to arrive at conclusions about a text. | comprehension skills. | |

Standards

CC_Common_Core_State_Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.9-10.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

W.9-10.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.

W.9-10.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Your Brain Exposed
Type: Unit Plan

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Grade Level Standard SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task.

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.5 Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

Strand L Language

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Anchor Standard L.CCR.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

Grade Level Standard L.9-10.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 9–10 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

L.9-10.4.b Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., analyze, analysis, analytical; advocate, advocacy).

| Essential Question How does the brain control all the systems of the body and the ways it makes the body work? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT identify the steps used to find cause and effect. Use a graphic organizer to show cause and effect relationships. Practice finding cause and effect relationship in a magazine article. |
|---|--|---|
| ILS 1.B.4a Preview reading materials, clarify meaning, analyze overall themes and coherence, and relate reading with information from other sources. | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Analyze the functions of the brain through cause and effect concepts. | Cause and Effect | Formative |
| Evaluate the use of scientific rats to provide evidence of medicine and treatments for the human brain. | Making Inferences Story Elements | ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice |

Your Brain Exposed Type: Unit Plan

Your Brain Exposed Type: Unit Plan

| Vocabulary/Word Study | videos | structure |
|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Writing and Grammar | rBooks | essential |
| Functional Literacy | graphic organizers | diminish |
| • Functional Literacy | Cornell Note | dominant |
| Cause and Effect | Step up to writing | vital |
| Critical Thinking | | ambush |
| Test Taking Strategies | | complex |
| | | biography |

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone Type: Unit Plan

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 5-2 to 5-31 | Reading in the Language Arts | 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|---|----------------|
| Understand about deadly diseases past and present and how they spread and impact the lives of an entire | Strengthening the knowledge of students reading, writing, and comprehension skills. | 4 weeks |
| civilization. | | |

Standards

CC Common Core State Standards - English Language Arts (2010) - Grades 9-10 English Language Arts

Strand R Reading

RL Literature

Key Ideas and Details

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.1 Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

Grade Level Standard RL.9-10.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.2 Determine central ideas or themes of a text and analyze their development; summarize the key supporting details and ideas.

Anchor Standard RL.CCR.3 Analyze how and why individuals, events, and ideas develop and interact over the course of a text.

Strand W Writing

Text Types and Purposes

Anchor Standard W.CCR.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.1 Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

W.9-10.1.a Introduce precise claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that establishes clear relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

W.9-10.1.b Develop claim(s) and counterclaims fairly, supplying evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience's knowledge level and concerns.

W.9-10.1.c Use words, phrases, and clauses to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

W.9-10.1.d Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

W.9-10.1.e Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

Anchor Standard W.CCR.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone

Type: Unit Plan

Grade Level Standard W.9-10.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

W.9-10.3.a Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.

W.9-10.3.b Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.

W.9-10.3.d Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.e Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

Production and Distribution of Writing

Anchor Standard W.CCR.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

Strand SL Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.1 Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

Grade Level Standard SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

SL.9-10.1.a Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas.

SL.9-10.1.c Propel conversations by posing and responding to questions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions.

SL.9-10.1.d Respond thoughtfully to diverse perspectives, summarize points of agreement and disagreement, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views and understanding and make new connections in light of the evidence and reasoning presented.

Anchor Standard SL.CCR.2 Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Strand L Language

Conventions of Standard English

Anchor Standard L.CCR.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Grade Level Standard L.9-10.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

L.9-10.2.a Use a semicolon (and perhaps a conjunctive adverb) to link two or more closely related independent clauses.

L.9-10.2.b Use a colon to introduce a list or quotation.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|--|
| Why might a solider regret, or feel sorry about killing an enemy during war/ | Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives | SWBAT: find the sequence of events through the use of a graphic organizer. |
| How does the government and other official grab a hold on infectious diseases? | Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | research how communicable diseases are spread and controlled. |
| | | investigate how war impacts the lives of a solider. |
| | | Use test marking to identify story elements. |
| | | analyze the setting, characters and plot of a short story. |

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone Type: Unit Plan

| | analyze the setting, characters and plot of a short story. |
|---|--|
| ILS | |
| 1.B.4b Analyze, interpret and compare a variety of texts | |
| for purpose, structure, content, detail and effect. | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Using the sequencing of events to learn about how diseases spread and the importance of immunization. | Sequencing and Events | Formative |
| diseases spread and the importance of immunization. | Main Idea and Details | ▼ Summative |
| | Story Elements | Multiple Choice |
| | Summarize | ☑ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Project |
| | | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| | | ☐ Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| | | ▼ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | ☑ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | |

Killer Plagues/Combat Zone

Type: Unit Plan

| | | □ Performance Assessment □ Performance Task ✓ Portfolio ✓ Quiz □ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ✓ True/False |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Reading Comprehension | rBook | feasible |
| Vocabulary | Videos | expose |
| Critical Thinking | Powerpoint presentations | courageous |
| Test Taking Strategies | dry erase boards/pens | infect estimate |
| Writing and Grammar | | ambush |
| Functional Literacy | | complicated |
| I dilotorial Elloraby | | hesitate |
| | | peril |

Amigo Brothers

Unit Dates: Class: Sections:

6-1 to 6-17 Reading in the Language Arts 2nd, 5th, 6th, and 7th Periods

Teachers:

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|--|----------------|
| To analyze story elements, increase comprehension and | To enhance students' reading, writing, and comprehension | 3 weeks |
| appreciation for the reading. | skills. | |

Standards

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How does sports have a negative and positve impact upon teenagers? | Infer the main idea or purpose of straightforward paragraphs in uncomplicated literary narratives | SWBAT analyze the setting, characters, and plot of a short story. |
| | Understand the overall approach taken by an author or narrator (e.g., point of view, kinds of evidence used) in uncomplicated passages | |
| ILS | | |
| 1.B.4b Analyze, interpret and compare a variety of texts for purpose, structure, content, detail and effect. | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|------------------------------|---------------|
| Theme: students will understand the author's purpose, appreciate a text, and think deeply about ideas. | Literature critique Setting | Formative |
| appropriate a total, and a minimum acopt, a accumum ac | • | ✓ Summative |

Amigo Brothers Type: Unit Plan

| I | 1 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| plot theme | Multiple Choice |
| prefixes | ▼ Portfolio |
| word families subject verb agreement | ▼ Project |
| using possesives | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| | ✓ Short Answer |
| | Constructed Response |
| | ☑ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | □ Essay |
| | ☑ Fill in the Blank |
| | ☑ Graphic Organizer |
| | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | ☑ Matching |
| | Multiple Choice |
| | Observation Checklist |
| | ☐ Performance Assessment |
| | ✓ Performance Task |
| | ☑ Portfolio |
| | ☑ Quiz |
| | ☑ Rubric |
| | Self Evaluation |
| | Structured Interview |
| | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | ▼ True/False |

Amigo Brothers Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|
| • Theme | rBook | demolish |
| Vocabulary | video footage of boxers: Mike Tyson and M. Ali | devastating |
| The use of short stories | | elimination |
| The use of short stones | | emerge |
| | | evade |
| | | mingle |
| | | profession |
| | | approval |
| | | disadvantage |
| | | clarity |

Scientific Inquiry Type: Unit Plan

Scientific Inquiry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 9-20 to 9-23 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Students will explore the basic framework and elements of | Biology | 4 days |
| scientific inquiry. Scientific inquiry is an investigative | | |
| process that we will use throughout this year to discover | | |
| themes and concepts in biology. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 11 Understand the processes of scientific inquiry and technological design to investigate questions, conduct experiments and solve problems.

Standard 11A Know and apply the concepts, principles and processes of scientific inquiry.

Objective 11.11.01 Understand and follow procedures relating to scientific investigations, including understanding the design and procedures used to test a hypothesis, organizing and analyzing data accurately and precisely, producing and interpreting data tables and graphs, performing appropriate calculations, applying basic statistical methods to the data, identifying appropriate conclusions, making predictions, and evaluating competing models.

Objective 11.11.02 Distinguish among the following: observing, drawing a conclusion based on observation, forming a hypothesis, conducting an experiment, organizing data, comparing data.

Objective 11.11.03 Identify possible sources of error in an experiment.

Objective 11.11.04 Distinguish and define the following components of typical experiments: constants, variables, experimental group, control group (or control setup).

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|---|--|
| How do scientists investigate the world? | Objectives IOD 201- identify the basic parts of a graph. | Scientific inquiry involves an 8 step process that is called the scientific method. These steps |
| How do scientists do research? | IOD 202 - take one piece of data out of a graph or table. | include1.Observation 2.Question 3.Hypothesis |
| Why do scientists do experiments? | | 4.Experiment 5.Results 6.Conclusion 7.Publish 8.Repeat. |
| | | The basic tools of scientific inquiry are observation and inference. Observations use the 5 senses to record the |

| Type: Unit Plan | |
|-----------------|---|
| | elements and phenomenon in the environment. Then scientists use inference to make judgements based on the observations. |
| | There are two types of observation, which we call qualitative and quantitative. Qualitative is an observation that has to do with the quality of an object, such as color or shape. On the other hand, quantitative observations have to do with numbers, such as specific length or weight of an object. |
| | Scientists classify observed elements that change in the environment as variables; however, elements, that don't change are constants. There are two types of variables: those that change independently of other elements in the environment and those that change dependently on the changes in other elements in the environment. |
| | If scientists wish to study a variable in the environment, he or she must hold all variables constant except one variable. Only then in isolation of one dependent variable and one independent variable can the scientist identify cause and effect, which is the goal of scientific inquiry. Scientists can further compare variables by introducing controlled variables, or elements that change in predictable ways. |
| ILS | |
| see above | |
| | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

Scientific Inquiry

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|
| SWBAT list the 8 steps of the scientific method with 80% mastery. | | Formative Summative |

Scientific Inquiry Type: Unit Plann

| SWBAT define observation and inference with 80% mastery. | | ✓ Multiple Choice✓ Portfolio |
|--|--|---|
| SWBAT make at least 3 quantitative and qualitative observations and 3 inferences with 100% mastery. | | ☐ Project ☐ Reflective Essay |
| SWBAT analyze a case study of an experiment to determine the independent, dependent, and controlled variables. | | ✓ Short Answer Constructed Response |
| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay ☐ Fill in the Blank — |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | □ Learning Contract✓ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice☐ Observation Checklist |
| | | ☐ Performance Assessment ☐ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio ☑ Quiz |
| | | Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems✓ True/False |

Scientific Inquiry Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|---|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier Clipboard with student record matrix | Scientific Inquiry Scientific Method Hypothesis Observation Inference Experiment Results Qualitative Quantitative Variable Independent Variable Dependent Variable Controlled Variable Constant |

Ecosystems

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|---------------|---------|-----------|
| 9-27 to 10-29 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Ecology is the interaction among organisms and between | Biology | 23 days |
| organisms and their environment. Through the use of | | |
| various tables' graphs and diagrams, students will be able | | |
| to analyze data to show the impact of these interactions. | | |
| During this unit, students will develop a greater | | |
| understanding of how ecological concepts through the use | | |
| of various labs to help enrich their experience through | | |
| experimental lab skills. | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12B Know and apply concepts that describe how living things interact with each other and with their environment.

Ecology and Adaptation

Objective 12.11.31 Understand the causes of ecosystem disruptions: changes in climate, human activity, introduction of a nonnative species, changes in population size, sudden natural disasters.

Objective 12.11.35 Understand that a vital part of an ecosystem is the stability of its producers and decomposers.

Objective 12.11.36 Understand the effects upon the population of a species caused by various ecological factors, particularly

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|---|
| How are living things related within the biosphere? | CRS IOD 201 Select a single piece of data (numerical or non-numerical) from a simple data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with two or three variables; a food web diagram) (IOD 304) | SWBAT trace the flow of energy through living systems with 80% mastery. SWBAT identify the complex interactions that occur within a group of organisms with 80% mastery. |

| | IOD 304) IOD 202 Identify basic features of a table, graph, or diagram (e.g., headings, units of measurement, axis labels) (IOD 304) IOD 301 Select two or more pieces of data from a simple data presentation (IOD 304) | SWBAT interpret various limiting factors that affect the growth of a population with 80% mastery. SWBAT recognize how the environment can be changed by various natural and unnatural causes with 80% mastery. SWBAT identify the characteristics of eco-friendly and sustainable development with 80% mastery. |
|--|--|---|
| ILS | | |
| National Science Standards | | |
| 6.1 Explain how birth, death, immigration, and emigration influence population size. | | |
| 6.2 Analyze changes in population size and biodiversity (speciation and extinction) that result from the following: natural causes, changes in climate, human activity, and the introduction of invasive, non-native species. | | |
| 6.3 Use a food web to identify and distinguish producers, consumers, and decomposers, and explain the transfer of energy through trophic levels. Describe how relationships among | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|---|
| Students must understand that energy moves through living systems. It moves from the original source of energy, the sun, to various actors in the ecosystem, or community of organisms. Energy moves from one to the other through consumption of organisms. Each organism needs to eat something and is generally eaten by another organism. If one traces this path of predator/ prey interactions, it is possible to follow the path of energy in the ecosystem. In many ecosystems, the path of energy flow is very | Lab Skills Prepare 3. Formulate a testable scientific question Conduct 4. Clean up their lab area when finished without specifically being asked by the teacher. Communicate 1. Summarize how they conducted the experiment. | ✓ Formative ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project Reflective Essay |

| Within the food web the organisms exist in unequal numbers and biomass, which maintains the balance of energy flow in the ecosystem. The population number and biomass of the organisms in the ecosystem depends on a few limiting factors. These include food, shelter, water, and space. The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative Fill in the Blank Graphic Organizer Graphic Organizer Matching Multiple Contract Matching Multiple Choice Observation Checklist Performance Assessment Performance Task Portfolio Quiz |
|--|
| energy flow in the ecosystem. The population number and biomass of the organisms in the ecosystem depends on a few limiting factors. These include food, shelter, water, and space. The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| energy flow in the ecosystem. The population number and biomass of the organisms in the ecosystem depends on a few limiting factors. These include food, shelter, water, and space. The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| biomass of the organisms in the ecosystem depends on a few limiting factors. These include food, shelter, water, and space. The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Description: Descri |
| and space. The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| The ecosystem is governed by natural causes, such as limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. ☐ Performance Assessment ☐ Performance Task ☐ Portfolio ☐ Portfolio ☐ Quiz ☐ Quiz |
| limiting factors; however, unnatural causes also play an important role in changing the environment. Unnatural causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. □ Performance Assessment □ Performance Task □ Portfolio □ Portfolio □ Quiz |
| causes include human factors, such as exotic species and environmental degradation. Portfolio Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| environmental degradation. Portfolio Quiz |
| Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| Since humans are the main unnatural causes of negative |
| |
| impacts on the ecosystem, it is important to think about |
| impacts on the ecosystem, it is important to think about how we can change our lifestyles to live sustainably. Self Evaluation |
| ☐ Structured Interview |
| ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies Materials Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Projector Abiotic |
| • Think-pair-share Tomes Adaptations |
| • Ask "follow ups" Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Animal Bacteria |
| • Withhold judgement Computer paper Biotic |

| Ask for summary | Printer/Copier | Carnivore |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| Survey the class | Jenga Blocks | Consumers |
| Allow for student calling | Ecosystem Posters | Ecosystem |
| | Poster paper | Food Chain |
| Play devil's advocate | Markers | Food Web |
| Ask students to "unpack their thinking" | Clipboard with student record matrix | Herbivores |
| Cold Call | | Omnivores |
| | | Photosynthesis |
| • 100% | | Plant |
| Cue student responses | | Predator |
| Positive framing | | Prey |
| - 1 Ositive training | | Producer |
| No opt out | | |

Cell: Form and Function Type: Unit Plan

Cell: Form and Function

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 11-8 to 1-14 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Cells have specific structures and functions that make | Biology | 24 days |
| them distinct. The processes in a cell can be classified | | |
| broadly as growth, maintenance, and reproduction. | | |
| During this unit students will asked to compare and | | |
| contrast various forms of data in order to make | | |
| connections and inferences about several cell biology | | |
| topics. Experimental and observation based labs will help | | |
| students gain a better understanding of cell biology by | | |
| ensuring direct connections with the cellular world around | | |
| them. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Cell Biology

Objective 12.11.04 Identify the similarities and differences between plant and animal cells (i.e., know the various fundamental organelles of plant and animal cells and be able to distinguish these organelles in diagrams).

Objective 12.11.05 Understand how the semi-permeable membranes regulate the flow of substances in and out of the cell body.

Objective 12.11.07 Understand that chloroplasts in plant cells capture useable energy from sunlight and store it for future use by synthesizing sugar out of carbon dioxide and water.

Objective 12.11.08 Understand the role of mitochondria in making stored chemical-bond energy available to cells by completing the breakdown of glucose to carbon dioxide and water.

Objective 12.11.09 Understand that the chief energy-storing compound used by organisms is ATP (adenosine triophosphate).

Objective 12.11.11 Understand how prokaryotic cells, eukaryotic cells (whether of animals or plants and whether unicellular or multicellular), and viruses differ in complexity and structure. In particular:

Cell: Form and Function

Type: Unit Plan

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|--|
| What tools do scientists use to make observations and inferences of microscopic organisms? | IOD 304. Identify the tools and processes involved in experimental design. IOD 16-19.1 Select two or more pieces of data from a | Scientists use microscopes to observe the microscopic world. In this cellular level, we observe unicellular and multicellular organisms. Organisms are defined as units of life, which reproduce, consume, excrete, grow, react to |
| What does it mean to be living? | simple data presentation | stimuli, and maintain an internal balance. |
| What were the first organisms on Earth? | IOD 20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | There are two types of unicellular organisms, prokaryotes and eukaryotes. Prokaryotes were the first living |
| How do unicellular organisms work? | IOD 20-23.1 Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a | organisms on Earth, and eukaryotes followed with the development of nuclei and organelles. |
| We are multicellular organisms. How are we different than | phase diagram) | development of flucier and organieres. |
| plants on a cellular level? | | Eukaryotes eventually bound together into multicellular organisms, called animal and plant cells. These cells both |
| | | have many similarities common to living organisms; however, they both have differences that result in macroscopic dissimilarities of structure and function. |
| ILS | | |
| See above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--|
| SWBAT identify the parts and function of a microscope. SWBAT perform the proper use of a microscope. SWBAT identify the qualities of living organisms. SWBAT distinguish the similarities and differences between prokaryotes and eukaryotes. SWBAT name the major organelles found in a eukaryotic cell and describe their functions. SWBAT distinguish the similarities and differences between plant and animal cells. | Prepare 4. Formulate a scientific hypothesis Conduct 3. Record data in an organized way as they conduct the experiment Analyze 1. Create a graphical representation of the data they collected Biology 1. Properly carry a microscope | Assessment II ✓ Formative ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project ☐ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer ☐ Constructed Response |
| | | |

Cell: Form and Function
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ▼ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ▼ Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ✓ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" | Projector | Eukaryote |
| Think-pair-share | Tomes | Prokaryote |
| Ask "follow ups" | Screen | Nucleus |
| Withhold judgement | Bellringer sheets, pictures | Organelle |
| Ask for summary | Computer paper | Cytoplasm |
| Survey the class | Printer/Copier Whiteboards | Protein |

Cell: Form and Function

Type: Unit Plan

| Allow for student calling | Markers | Ribosome |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Play devil's advocate | Clipboard with student record matrix | Endoplasmic Reticulum |
| Ask students to "unpack their thinking" | | Golgi Apparatus |
| Cold Call | | Lysosomes |
| • 100% | | Vacuoles |
| Cue student responses | | Mitochondria |
| Positive framing | | Chloroplasts |
| No opt out | | Cytoskeleton |
| | | Plasma Membrane |
| | | Cell Wall |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

DNA/RNA/Protein Type: Unit Plan

DNA/RNA/Protein

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------|-----------|
| 1-31 to 2-28 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Genes allow for the storage and transmission of genetic | Biology | 18 days |
| information. They are a set of instructions encoded in the | | |
| nucleotide sequence of each organism. Genes code for | | |
| the specific sequences of amino acids that comprise the | | |
| proteins characteristic to that organism. This dogma will | | |
| be the major theme of this unit. Students will be asked to | | |
| study the different properties of DNA, RNA, and Protein | | |
| through the use of various experimental comparisons. As | | |
| a result, will gain the ability to compare and contrast | | |
| through the use of scientific data. | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Genetics and Reproduction

Objective 12.11.21 Understand that, in all living things, DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) carries the instructions for specifying the characteristics of each organism. Understand that DNA is a large polymer formed from four subunits: A, G, C, and T (adenine, guanine, cytosine, thymine, a 5-carbon sugar and a phosphate). The chemical and structural properties of DNA explain how the genetic information that underlies heredity is both encoded in genes (as a string of molecular letters) and replicated (by a templating mechanism). Know that each DNA molecule in a cell is a single chromosome.

Objective 12.11.22 Understand that a gene is a set of instructions in the DNA sequence of each organism that specifies the sequence of amino acids in polypeptides characteristic of that organism.

Objective 12.11.23 Understand the general steps by which ribosomes synthesize proteins, using information from mRNA and from amino acids delivered by tRNA.

Objective 12.11.24 Understand that specialization of cells in multicellular organisms is usually due to different patterns of gene expression rather than to differences of the genes themselves.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---|

DNA/RNA/Protein
Type: Unit Plan

| How is the genetic code used to make protein? How does your cells read traits, like brown hair, in our DNA? How do you get brown hair from DNA that codes for brown hair? | Objectives IOD 304 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation. IOD 402 Compare or combine data from a simple data presentation (e.g., order or sum data from a table) | We now know that the eukaryotic cell is the basis of multicellular organisms, like humans. However, we don't look like big blobs of cells, so there must be a way that cells create the protein structures that make up the body. In fact, the cell stores all of the information that is needed to make your body inside of the nucleus on the DNA. The DNA never leaves the cell. Instead, the cell copies parts of the DNA that it needs onto mRNA through a process called transcription. The mRNA then leaves the nucleus. Once outside the nucleus, the information on the mRNA is turned into protein by tRNA and ribosomes. This process is called translation. |
|---|---|---|
| | | Proteins are packaged then sent outside of the cell to wherever they are needed. |
| ILS | | |
| see above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| What is the structure of DNA? | Prepare 5. Design a set of simple procedures to test a | ✓ Formative |
| Why was the discovery of the DNA molecule so | scientific question | ✓ Summative |
| important? | Conduct 1. Follow a set of written procedures without | J. Summative |
| How is the explanation of DNA replication important to the | asking for clarification from the teacher | Multiple Choice |
| understanding of inheritance? | Analyze 2. Determine whether the data collected in their | ▼ Portfolio |
| What are the differences between DNA and RNA? What is | experiment support or refute their hypothesis | _ |
| the process of transcription? | Communicate 2. Summarize the findings or results of the | ▼ Project |
| What is the process of translation? | laboratory experiment and what they learned from | ▼ Reflective Essay |
| Recognize the role protein synthesis plays in an | conducting it | - |
| organism's metabolism? | Analyze 3. Identify questions raised by the experiment that | Short Answer |
| SMBAT I II I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I | may require further investigation | Constructed Response |
| SWBAT describe what happens during the four phases of | | _ |
| mitosis. | | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| SWBAT describe the overall structure of the DNA | | |

DNA/RNA/Protein
Type: Unit Plan

| molecule. | | ☐ Essay |
|---|--|---|
| SWBAT describe the process in which DNA is used as a code for protein. | | Fill in the Blank |
| SWBAT recognize that mutations cause a disruption in a cells ability to make protein. | | Graphic Organizer |
| , | | Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ✓ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgementAsk for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier | DNA RNA mRNA tRNA Ribosome Transcription Translation Adenine Cytosine Thymine |

Section 2.4a
Curriculum Map
Attachment 11

DNA/RNA/Protein
Type: Unit Plan

Guanine
Chromosome
Amino Acid

Genetics
Type: Unit Plan

Genetics

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| 3-8 to 3-31 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Genes allow for the storage and transmission of genetic | Biology | 14 days |
| information. They are a set of instructions encoded in the | | |
| nucleotide sequence of each organism. Genes code for | | |
| the specific sequences of amino acids that comprise the | | |
| proteins characteristic to that organism. This dogma will | | |
| be the major theme of this unit. Students will be asked to | | |
| study the different properties of DNA, RNA, and Protein | | |
| through the use of various experimental comparisons. As | | |
| a result, will gain the ability to compare and contrast | | |
| through the use of scientific data. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Genetics and Reproduction

Objective 12.11.19 Understand how to predict possible combinations of alleles in a zygote from the genetic makeup of the parents for simple dominant/recessive traits.

Objective 12.11.20 Understand that a multicellular organism develops from a single zygote, and its phenotype (i.e. its outward appearance) depends on its genotype (i.e. its genetic makeup), which is established at fertilization.

Objective 12.11.21 Understand that, in all living things, DNA (deoxyribonucleic acid) carries the instructions for specifying the characteristics of each organism. Understand that DNA is a large polymer formed from four subunits: A, G, C, and T (adenine, guanine, cytosine, thymine, a 5-carbon sugar and a phosphate). The chemical and structural properties of DNA explain how the genetic information that underlies heredity is both encoded in genes (as a string of molecular letters) and replicated (by a templating mechanism). Know that each DNA molecule in a cell is a single chromosome.

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|------------|--|
| How is the genetic code used to make protein? | Objectives | We now know that the eukaryotic cell is the basis of |

Type: Unit Plan

| How does your cells read traits, like brown hair, in our DNA? How do you get brown hair from DNA that codes for brown hair? | IOD 304 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation. IOD 402 Compare or combine data from a simple data presentation (e.g., order or sum data from a table) | multicellular organisms, like humans. However, we don't look like big blobs of cells, so there must be a way that cells create the protein structures that make up the body. In fact, the cell stores all of the information that is needed to make your body inside of the nucleus on the DNA. The DNA never leaves the cell. Instead, the cell copies parts of the DNA that it needs onto mRNA through a process called transcription. The mRNA then leaves the nucleus. Once outside the nucleus, the information on the mRNA is turned into protein by tRNA and ribosomes. This process is called translation. Proteins are packaged then sent outside of the cell to wherever they are needed. |
|--|---|--|
| ILS see above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| What is the structure of DNA? | Prepare 5. Design a set of simple procedures to test a | ▼ Formative |
| Why was the discovery of the DNA molecule so important? | scientific question Conduct 1. Follow a set of written procedures without | ▼ Summative |
| How is the explanation of DNA replication important to the | asking for clarification from the teacher | Multiple Choice |
| understanding of inheritance? | Analyze 2. Determine whether the data collected in their | ▼ Portfolio |
| What are the differences between DNA and RNA? What is the process of transcription? What is the process of | experiment support or refute their hypothesis Communicate 2. Summarize the findings or results of the | ▼ Project |
| translation? Recognize the role protein synthesis plays in an | laboratory experiment and what they learned from conducting it | Reflective Essay |
| organism's metabolism? | Analyze 3. Identify questions raised by the experiment that | Short Answer |
| | may require further investigation | Constructed Response |
| | | ▼ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | □ Essay |

Genetics
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
|---|--|---------------------------------|
| | | ▼ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| | | ☐ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ☐ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | ☐ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ☐ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures | DNA |
| Tollow ups" Withhold Judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student | Computer paper Printer/Copier | Dominant |
| Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framingPositive framing No opt | | Recessive |
| responses Positive framingPositive framing No opt | | Homozygous |
| out | | Heterozygous |
| | | Punnett Square Gene |
| | | Ocho |

Evolution
Type: Unit Plan

Evolution

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| 4-4 to 5-6 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| Evolution is the result of genetic changes that occur in | Biology | 17 days |
| constantly changing environments. Over many | | |
| generations, changes in the genetic make-up of | | |
| populations may affect biodiversity through speciation and | | |
| extinction. During this unit, students will gain a better | | |
| understanding of the concepts of evolution through the | | |
| use of data analysis supporting a particular hypothesis. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12A Know and apply concepts that explain how living things function, adapt and change.

Change Over Time

Objective 12.11.25 Understand that natural selection acts on the phenotype, not the genotype, of an organism.

Objective 12.11.26 Understand that alleles that are lethal in a homozygous individual may be carried in a heterozygote and thus maintained in a gene pool.

Objective 12.11.27 Understand that variation within a species increases the likelihood that at least some members of a species will survive and reproduce under changed environmental conditions.

Objective 12.11.28 Understand that reproductive or geographic isolation can lead to speciation.

Objective 12.11.29 Understand that the millions of different species of plants, animals, and microorganisms that live on Earth today are related to each other by descent from common ancestors and that biological classifications are based on how organisms are related.

Objective 12.11.30 Understand how to analyze fossil evidence with regard to mass extinction, episodic speciation, and biological diversity.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| How do living things change over time? | Objectives | Natural selection is the mechanism that causes evolution. |
| | EMI 401 Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or | |
| | conclusion that is supported by a data presentation or a | Natural selection is the fact that only some organisms |

Evolution
Type: Unit Plan

| | model | Natural selection is the fact that only some organisms survive long enough to reproduce because of predation, disease, and pre-mature death. |
|-----------|-------|--|
| | | Organisms with advantageous traits have better fitness, which means that they are more likely to survive long enough to reproduce. |
| | | Over a long long long time of natural selection, the species tend to evolve. This process is called speciation. |
| | | Species may share common traits, but two species are unable to reproduce with each other. |
| | | SWBAT define evolution and differentiate between convergent and divergent evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe how the fossil record supports evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe how anatomical similarities support evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT explain how developmental similarities support evolution with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT explain how biochemical similarities support evolution with 80% mastery. |
| ILS | | |
| See Above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|--------------------|
| How do organisms (populations) adapt to their environments? | Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing) | Formative |
| | om words (ordiny or in mining) | ☑ Summative |

Evolution
Type: Unit Plan

| | f my parents don't have sickle cell anemia, but my grandparents do, could I get this disease? How is natural selection related to evolution? How does evidence support the theory of evolution? | Conduct 2. Use a newly introduced piece of equipment (like a pH probe, hot plate, scalpel, spring scale or anything else that is used only occasionally) correctly after watching the teacher model its use. Biology 4. Use scissors or a scalpel to create an incision in a specimen | ✓ Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project ✓ Reflective Essay ✓ Short Answer Constructed Response Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs ✓ Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric ✓ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ✓ True/False |
|--|---|--|---|
|--|---|--|---|

Evolution

Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|--|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier | Natural Selection Evolution Gene Frequency Gene Pool Speciation Extinction |

Anatomy and Physiology Type: Unit Plan

Anatomy and Physiology

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------|-----------|
| 5-9 to 6-3 | Biology | 1 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|---------|----------------|
| There is a relationship between the organization of cells | Biology | 19 days |
| into tissues and the organization of tissues into organs. | | |
| The structures and functions of organs determine their | | |
| relationships within body systems of an organism. This | | |
| over-arching theme is the backbone this unit. Through the | | |
| process of dissection students will learn both the anatomy | | |
| and physiology of major organ systems. | | |

<u>Standards</u>

| Essential Question How are organ systems related across the animal kingdom? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives Determined by Tracker to ensure mastery of previously taught CRS skills. | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|---|---|
| ILS | | |
| National Science Standards: | | |
| 4.1 Explain generally how the digestive system (mouth, pharynx, esophagus, stomach, small and large intestines, rectum) converts macromolecules from food into smaller molecules that can be used by cells for energy and for repair and growth. | | |
| 4.2 Explain how the circulatory system (heart, arteries, veins, capillaries, red blood cells) transports nutrients and oxygen to cells and removes cell wastes. Describe how | | |

Anatomy and Physiology
Type: Unit Plan

oxygen to cells and removes cell wastes. Describe how the kidneys and the liver are closely associated with the circulatory system as they perform the excretory function of removing waste from the blood. Recognize that kidneys remove nitrogenous wastes, and the liver removes many toxic compounds from blood.

- **4.3** Explain how the respiratory system (nose, pharynx, larynx, trachea, lungs, alveoli) provides exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide.
- **4.4** Explain how the nervous system (brain, spinal cord, sensory neurons, motor neurons) mediates communication among different parts of the body and mediates the body's interactions with the environment. Identify the basic unit of the nervous system, the neuron, and explain generally how it works.
- **4.5** Explain how the muscular/skeletal system (skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscles, bones, cartilage, ligaments, tendons) works with other systems to support the body and allow for movement. Recognize that bones produce blood cells.
- **4.6** Recognize that the sexual reproductive system allows organisms to produce offspring that receive half of their genetic information from their mother and half from their father, and that sexually produced offspring resemble, but are not identical to, either of their parents.

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|--|--------------------|
| What structures of the digestive system allow the breakdown and absorption of nutrients? | Biology 6. Handle a living or once-living specimen with care and respect | Formative |
| How does the heart function to pump blood throughout the | Biology 5. Use a probe to point to a specific organ of a | ✓ Summative |
| body? | specimen without damaging that organ | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| What does it mean to be immune and how might one get immunity? | | ☑ Portfolio |
| What are the structures and functions of the human | | ✓ Project |

Anatomy and Physiology

Type: Unit Plan

| What are the structures and functions of the human respiratory tract? | | Project |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| How do the nervous systems and endocrine systems work | | Reflective Essay |
| together to maintain homeostasis? | | Short Answer |
| | | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ☐ Essay |
| | | ☐ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | ☐ Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | ✓ Performance Task |
| | | ✓ Portfolio |
| | | ✓ Quiz |
| | | ✓ Rubric |
| | | ✓ Self Evaluation |
| | | ☐ Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" | Projector | |

Anatomy and Physiology

Type: Unit Plan

Ask "follow ups"
Withhold judgement
Ask for summary
Survey the class
Allow for student calling
Play devil's advocate
Ask students to "unpack their thinking"
Cold Call
100%
Cue student responses
Positive framing
No opt out

Tomes Screen

Bellringer sheets, pictures

Computer paper

Printer/Copier

August What is Matter? An Intro to Chemistry.

| Month | Essential Questions | Assassment | Contont & Posauroes | Chille |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| | _ | 10.00.00.00.00.00 | | |
| Month Performance Task Lab: developing a phase diagram from student's temperature recordings Performance Assessment Project: Tanker truck spill (Students will need to separate a mixture and describe what parts are heterogenous and homogenous) CheMaster Quizzes Class Procedures/Rules Quiz States of matter + CRS Illinois State Learning Standards ≤! /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-face {font-f | Syllabus scavenger hunt Cow eyes in acidWEAR YOUR GOGGLES Pie in the face demo: doggy challenge Mehane mamba burning \$20 edible candle Coke vs. Diet Coke Investment Student (by class) lab journal tracker Student (by class) objective color coded tracker Attendance by class percentages Mastery by class percentages graphed Pt, Au, and Ag level CheMasters names posted | Entering the classroom properly (getting binder and catalyst sheet and immediately starting bell-ringer) Working silently during independent work time and during exit slips Raising hand for a question Prioritized Lab Skills Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing Prepare 3. Formulate a testable scientific question (conservation of matter lab) Conduct 2. Use a newly introduced piece of equipment (like a pH probe, hot plate, scalpel, spring scale or | How does the chemistry classroom run? What are the big goals and procedures? How do we decide what is scientific evidence? How does science and chemistry relate to my life? What is matter? What are the different forms? How do changes in matter occur? What happens when matter changes? | Skills Key Concepts /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:</td |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> 12.11.47 Understand the different states of matter: solid, liquid, gas, plasma. Define freezing, melting, boiling, condensing, and sublimation. | | anything else that is used only occasionally) correctly after watching the teacher model its use. Ex: thermometer and hot plate • Prepare 1. Summarize a set of written procedures in their own words (orally or in writing) Content-Based Skills • Distinguishing between physical and chemical properties • Differentiating among the physical states of matter • Determine changes in matter by kinowing various common physical changes • Applying the law of conservation of mass | | margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */@list l0 {mso-list-id:1897471426; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-2106176982 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list l0:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;}> • Chemistry is the study of matter and the changes that matter undergoes. It is central to all sciences. • The common steps of the scientific method are a key pillar of scientific thought. • Importance of chemistry/science • Proper lab conduct/safety • Basic lab techniques and concepts such as measurement, variables, controls, and constants. /* Font Definitions */@font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-</td |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--|
| CRS Standards • IOD 201 Select a single piece of data (numerical or non-numerical) from a simple data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with two or three variables; a food web diagram) (→ IOD 304) • IOD 202 Identify basic features of a table, graph, or diagram (e.g., headings, units of measurement, axis labels) (→ IOD 304) Ultimate target standard: | | | | 1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso- |
| • IOD 304 | | | | ids:-2106176982 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 |
| Determine how the value of one | | | | 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--|
| variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | 10:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;}> • The various states in which matter can exist. • The properties, observables, and interactions of the various states of matter. • The difference and importance of substances / compounds / mixtures / etc |
| | | | | Key Terms |
| | | | | Chemistry Conclusion* Inference* Observation* Experiment* Hypothesis* Independent variable* Dependent variable* Graph* Qualitative Data* |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|---|
| | | | | Quanititative Data* Density* Conversion factor* Kilogram Liter Meter Second Chemical change chemical property compoun element gas liquid solid mixture physical changes physical properties states of matter * remedial terms on scientific method |

September Unit 2: The Atom

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Performance Task | Rutherford Day! | SWBAT interpret | What is matter made of? | /* Font Definitions */ @font-</th |
| | (students will recreate | models of the atom | | face {font-family:Arial; panose- |
| Completing a graphic | Rutherford's famed gold | SWBAT describe the | | 1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font- |
| organizer where students | foil experiment with | historical progression | | charset:0; mso-generic-font- |
| will ID the element and | marbles, cardboard box, | of scientific discovery | How can something | family:auto; mso-font- |
| isotype of various atomic | and a mound of | SWBAT analyze the | that feels so solid be | pitch:variable; mso-font- |

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| models based on number of neutrons, protons, and eletrons Weekly CheMaster Quizzes Multiple choice and short answer | claycelebration ensues) Basketball demo of the distance between subatomic particles in the atom Conservation of mass demos | stages of the development of atomic theory SWBAT calculate number of electrons, protons, and neutrons in an atom based on isotope notation SWBAT create their own atomic theory | made up of empty space? How do scientists describe something so small that we can't even see it with the typical microscope? Who was involved in discovering the atom? What did these | signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font- |
| Unit TestMultiple choice and short answer | | | people do? Why should I care about an atom? What does it have to do with me? What makes an atom be one type of element? | family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- |
| Illinois State Learning Standards /* Font Definitions */ @font- face {font-family:Arial; panose- 1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font- charset:0; mso-generic-font- family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font- charset:0; mso-generic-font- family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font- charset:0; mso-generic-font- family:auto; mso-font- pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style</td <td></td> <td></td> <td>• What does it mean for subatomic particles to have a charge?</td> <td>size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme- font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-font- family:Cambria; mso-fareast- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso- hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header- margin:.5in; mso-footer- margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> Subatomic particles Atomic size lons Isotopes</td> | | | • What does it mean for subatomic particles to have a charge? | size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme- font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-font- family:Cambria; mso-fareast- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso- hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header- margin:.5in; mso-footer- margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> Subatomic particles Atomic size lons Isotopes |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|---|
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal { Imso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi; | | | | Conservation of mass laws Auf Bau and electron energy levels |
| 12.11.38a Know that atoms are made of sub-atomic particles (protons, neutrons, electrons) which have positive, neutral, or negative charges | | | | |
| 12.11.42b Know the distinction between a compound and a mixture | | | | |
| 12.11.45a Understand that the nucleus of the atom is much smaller than the whole atom yet contains most of its mass | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| 12.11.45b Understand isotopes. | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 12.11.66 Understand that an | | | | |
| electrically neutral object has | | | | |
| particles within it that are | | | | |
| charged, but their charges | | | | |
| balance each other out | | | | |
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| Prioritzied CRS | | | | |
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| New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- | | | | |
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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| theme-font:minor-latin; mso-fareast-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> | | | | |
| IOD.20-23.2Compare or combine data from a simple data presentation (e.g., order or sum data from a table) | | | | |
| IOD.20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | | | | |

October

Unit 3: The Periodic Table

| Month Ess | sential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Classifying materials as metals/nonments based on physical and chemical properties Performance Assessment | Flame test activity Element birth certificate (or facebook page?) Demos with Alkali metals and explosive reactions with water Element/family matching Jenga review games | SWBAT classify materials based on observations (flame test and metals/nonmetals classification) | What is the periodic table and how do we use it? What factors determined the organization of the | /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri;</li |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|----------------------------|---|---|--|
| Drawing from their knowledge on periodic trends, students will create a "new element" and describe it's properties in accordance with the family that the group is assigned Weekly CheMastery Quizzes Multiple choice | | instructions for a basic laboratory procedure Literacy SWBAT describe how science plays a role in the "career of the week" SWBAT participate in extra credit by seeking science news from a variety of print and digital medial resources SWBAT find information in a textbook and create a facebook page or birth certificate for their chosen element | table? Where are elements that I commonly interact with located on the table? Why are they where they are? Why are some elements radioactive? What are some properties of common elements? Why would LiCl make a a good poison? | mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-font-family:Cambria; |
| • Multiple choice and free response Illinois State Learning Standards /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-</td <td></td> <td>Students in groups will present their new element OR will produce a video/multimedia presentation on their new element</td> <td></td> <td>mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> • Element names • Symbols • Periodicity • Families & periods</td> | | Students in groups will present their new element OR will produce a video/multimedia presentation on their new element | | mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> • Element names • Symbols • Periodicity • Families & periods |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills • Electron configuration • Elemental trends |
| font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso- footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper- source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> | | | | |
| 12.11.37 Identify the most familiar elements by name and some of their most familiar properties. Identify the chemical symbols for familiar elements | | | | |

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|--|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month 12.11.38b Understand that the periodic table displays the elements in increasing atomic number and shows how periodicity of the physical and chemical properties of the elements relates to atomic structure | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| 12.11.39 Understand how to relate the position of an element in the periodic table to its chemical properties | | | | |
| 12.11.43 Understand how to use the periodic table to identify the trends in relative sizes of ions and atoms | | | | |
| Prioritized CRS | | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4;</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | |
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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| SI.20-23.1 Understand the | | | | |
| methods and tools used in a | | | | |
| moderately complex experiment | | | | |
| | | | | |
| SI.20-23.2 Understand a simple | | | | |
| experimental design | | | | |
| experimental design | | | | |
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November

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| Unit 4 | 4: | Bondir |
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ts will create an community and will draw up for the building als based on their edge of the th and solubility nt vs. ionic unds

aster Ouizzes

ole choice and sponse

Unit Tests

Multiple choice and

Essential Questions

- Precipitates lab
- Demos of ionic vs. covalently bonded compounds
- atomic modeling kits to demonstrate geometry of bonds as well as the varying strength of single, double, and triple bonds

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @fontface {font-family: Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto: mso-fontpitch:variable: mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; } @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; msofont-charset:0; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \@font-face {font-family: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-fontcharset:2; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:"": margin:0in: margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:"Times

Assessment

Content-Based

- SWBAT draw appropriate Lewis dot structures for neutral and ionic compounds
- SWBAT name compounds when given the chemical formula
- SWBAT write the chemical formula when given the coupound name

Lab

- Follow a laboratory procedure
- ID a precipitate and qualitatively describe reaction products

Literacy

- Describe role of science in the "career" of the week
- Utilize a variety of print and digital news sources for "science in the news"

Content & Resources How do atoms stick together to make up our universe?

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; } @fontface {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-genericfont-family:auto: mso-fontpitch:variable: mso-fontsignature:0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt: font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; apage Section 1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-paper-

Skills

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67698691 67698693;} @list

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Month **Essential Questions** Assessment **Content & Resources** Skills free response New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontsource:0;} div.Section1 margin: 1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: • Produce a lab report mso-header-margin:.5in; msofamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-{page:Section1;} /* List bidi-font-family:"Times New Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-listfooter-margin:.5in; mso-paper-**Illinois State Learning** Roman";} @page Section1 id:1495073016; mso-listsource:0;} div.Section1 Standards type:hybrid; mso-list-template-{size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in {page:Section1;} --> <!-- /* Font Definitions */ 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: mso-headerids:-1582277750 67698689 @font-face {font-family:Arial; margin:.5in; mso-footer-67698691 67698693 67698689 panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; Ionic bonds margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} 67698691 67698693 67698689 mso-font-charset:0: mso-Covalent bonds div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* 67698691 67698693;} @list generic-font-family:auto; mso-Lewis dot structures List Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-10:level1 {mso-level-numberfont-pitch:variable; mso-fontlons format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; list-id:108353064; mso-listsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0:} @font-Compound naming mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; msotype:hybrid; mso-list-templateface {font-family:Calibri; level-number-position:left; textids:-143346632 67698689 panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; 67698691 67698693 67698689 indent:-.25in; fontmso-font-charset:0: msofamily:Symbol;} ol {margin-67698691 67698693 67698689 generic-font-family:auto; msobottom:0in;} ul {margin-67698691 67698693;} @list font-pitch:variable; mso-font-10:level1 {mso-level-numberbottom:0in;} --> signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0:} @fontformat:bullet: mso-level-text: : face {font-family:Cambria; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-levelpanose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; How and why do atoms number-position:left; text-indent:interact? mso-font-charset:0: mso-.25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list generic-font-family:auto; mso-11 {mso-list-id:293339419; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-font-How do ionic bonds list-type:hybrid; mso-list-templatesignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style form? What are their ids:1213244130 67698689 Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, characteristics? 67698691 67698693 67698689 li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal 67698691 67698693 67698689 {mso-style-parent:""; How do covalent bonds

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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| 12.11.42a Know that there are | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| two major different kinds of | 13:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| bonds (ionic and covalent) | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| 12.11.44 Understand how to | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| use the periodic table to | 14 {mso-list-id:1404329100; mso- | | | |
| determine the number of | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template- | | | |
| electrons available for bonding | ids:1061991302 67698689 | | | |
| _ | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| 12.11.53 Understand that in | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| chemical reactions, atoms | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| combine into molecules by | 14:level1 {mso-level-number- | | | |
| means of bonds (e.g., by sharing | format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| electrons to form covalent or | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| metallic bonds or by exchanging | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| electrons to form ionic bonds) | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| · · | 15 {mso-list-id:1463183689; mso- | | | |
| | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-770147482 67698689 | | | |
| Prioritized CRS | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */</td <td>67698691 67698693 67698689</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| @font-face {font-family:Arial; | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; | 15:level1 {mso-level-number- | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list | | | |
| face {font-family:Times; | 16 {mso-list-id:2098402004; mso- | | | |
| panose-1:2 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0; mso-font-charset:0; mso- | list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template- | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | ids:-157526186 67698689 | | | |
| generic-toni-tanniy.auto, mso- | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | 67698691 67698693 67698689 | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | |
| face {font-family:Calibri; | 16:level1 {mso-level-number- | | | |
| panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; | format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:- | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | .25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol | | | |
| signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin- | | | |
| face {font-family:Cambria; | bottom:0in;}> | | | |
| panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; | oowermom,, | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Mini Demo: Zinc plated pennies | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | & alloys (229) | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style | • 5.0g NaOH | | | |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, | • 25mL H ₂ O | | | |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal | • 2.0g Zn | | | |
| {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin- | Hot plate | | | |
| bottom:.0001pt; mso- | Forceps | | | |
| pagination:widow-orphan; font- | Evaporating dish | | | |
| size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times | | | | |
| New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- | Minilab: heat treatment of steel | | | |
| family:Cambria; mso-ascii- | | | | |
| theme-font:minor-latin; mso- | Flame | | | |
| fareast-font-family:Cambria; | 2 forceps | | | |
| mso-fareast-theme-font:minor- | 3 hairpins | | | |
| latin; mso-hansi-font- family:Cambria; mso-hansi- | 250mL beaker | | | |
| theme-font:minor-latin; mso- | Water | | | |
| bidi-font-family:"Times New | | | | |
| Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- | Lab: Making Ionic Compounds | | | |
| font:minor-bidi;} @page | | | | |
| Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; | Mg ribbon | | | |
| margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; | Crucible | | | |
| mso-header-margin:.5in; mso- | Ring stand | | | |
| footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper- | Ring stand ring | | | |
| source:0;} div.Section1 | Clay triangle | | | |
| {page:Section1;}> | Crucible tongs | | | |
| | Balance | | | |
| SI.20-23.3Identify a control in | 100mL beaker | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|---|------------|---------------------|--------|
| an experiment | Distilled waterConductivity testerLaboratory burner | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */</td <td>Stirring rod</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Stirring rod | | | |
| @font-face {font-family:Arial; | Minilah: Oil and Vincer | | | |
| panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Minilab: Oil and Vinegar Dressing | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | David truse minette | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | Beral-type pipetteVinegar | | | |
| face {font-family:Times; panose-1:2 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0; | Cooking oil | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- | Demo: Forming Ionic vs | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Covalent Bonds | | | |
| signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; @font-face {font-family:Calibri; | 5cm magnesium ribbon | | | |
| panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; | 2g roll sulfur | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- | TongsLarge metal can | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Deflagrating spoon | | | |
| signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; @font-face {font-family:Cambria; | • Burner | | | |
| panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; | Mini Demo: Charged Water | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | Willin Berno. Gridiged Water | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | Water | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style | Paint thinner | | | |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal | BuretFur or silk | | | |
| {mso-style-parent:""; | Rubber rod | | | |
| margin:0in; margin- | | | | |
| bottom:.0001pt; mso- pagination:widow-orphan; font- | Lab: Chromatography | | | |
| size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times | 3 pieces | | | |
| New Roman"; mso-ascii-font- | chromatography paper | | | |
| family:Cambria; mso-ascii- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- | 2L plastic soft-drink | | | |
| fareast-font-family:Cambria; | bottle2 pencils | | | |
| mso-fareast-theme-font:minor- | 2 perions | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|------------|---------------------|--------|
| latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> | Ruler Tape Scissors Aluminum foil Acetone Fresh leaf samples from 3 different species of deciduous tress/plants | | | |

January

Chemical Reactions

Month ISBE

<!-- /* Font Definitions */
@font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-

Essential Questions Student Self Assessment:

(reflections, rubrics)

Student-led tracking

<!-- /* Font Definitions */
@font-face {fontfamily:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-font-

Assessment

<!--/* Style Definitions */
p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal,
div.MsoNormal {mso-styleparent:""; margin:0in;
margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan;
font-size:12.0pt; fontfamily:"Times New Roman";
mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman";
mso-bidi-font-family:"Times
New Roman";} @page
Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in;
margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in</pre>

Content & Resources

<!-- /* Font Definitions */
@font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:Wingdings;

Skills

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-font-

Month

signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; } @fontface {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable: mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme-font:minorlatin: mso-fareast-fontfamily: Cambria; mso-fareasttheme-font:minor-latin: msohansi-font-family:Cambria: msohansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-themefont:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in: margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; msofooter-margin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} --> <!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-font-

Essential Questions

pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: "Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; msofont-charset:2; msogeneric-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:00 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-styleparent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widoworphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-fontfamily: "Times New Roman";) @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in

Assessment

- 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} -->
- S1: balance an equation
- S2: write word equations
- S3: translate between word and chemical equations
- S4: classify chemical equations
- S5: predict the products of a chemical equation
- S6: calculate theoretical masses of reactants and products
- S7: count the number of atoms of an element in a substance
- S8: write chemical equations using proper notation

Content & Resources panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8;

mso-font-charset:2; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; marginbottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in: mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list 10 {msolist-id:1495073016: mso-listtype:hybrid; mso-list-templateids:-1582277750 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list 10:level1 {mso-level-numberformat:bullet; mso-leveltext: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-numberposition:left; text-indent:-.25in; font-family:Symbol;} ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;} --> **Big**

Skills

family:"Times New Roman"; msobidi-font-family:"Times New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} -->

ns and apply them in a laboratory setting. Students will become adept at assessing a chemical reaction, writing and balancing a chemical equation, and reporting out in a scientific manner (10).

Students will become familiar with one of chemistry's most important units: the mole. They will understand the utility and significance of moles and be able to apply this knowledge in the laboratory setting. Building on this ability, students will be able to determine molecular and empirical formulas in the laboratory setting (11).

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @fontface {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto; mso-font-

Month pitch:variable: mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontface {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-genericfont-family:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal. div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria: mso-ascii-theme-font:minorlatin; mso-fareast-fontfamily: Cambria: mso-fareasttheme-font:minor-latin: msohansi-font-family:Cambria; msohansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-themefont:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; msofooter-margin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} -->

12.11.56 Understand that the conservation of atoms in a chemical reaction, as summarized in a balanced chemical equation, leads to the ability to calculate theoretical masses of reactants and

Essential Questions

1.25in: mso-headermargin:.5in: mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list I0 {msolist-id:97484107: mso-listtype:hybrid; mso-listtemplate-ids:-393717654 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list I0:level1 {mso-level-numberformat:bullet: mso-leveltext: ; mso-level-tabstop:.5in; mso-levelnumber-position:left; textindent:-.25in; fontfamily:Symbol;} @list I1 {mso-list-id:340206579: mso-list-type:hybrid; msolist-template-ids:-930861884 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list I1:level1 {mso-levelnumber-format:bullet; msolevel-text: ; mso-level-tab-

stop:.5in; mso-level-

Content & Resources

<u>Ideas</u>

Assessment

<!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; msogeneric-font-family:auto: msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @fontface {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; msogeneric-font-family:auto: msofont-pitch:variable: mso-fontsignature: 0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:"": margin:0in; marginbottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-fontfamily:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman";} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-papersource:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List

Skills

pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: "Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-fontcharset:0; mso-generic-fontfamily:auto; mso-fontpitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {fontfamily: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; msofont-pitch:variable; mso-fontsignature: 0 0 65536 0 -2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-styleparent:""; margin:0in; marginbottom: .0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman": mso-fareast-fontfamily: "Times New Roman"; msobidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; } @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-headermargin:.5in; mso-footermargin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list 10 {msolist-id:1430617083; mso-listtype:hybrid; mso-list-templateids:2408790 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list 10:level1 {msolevel-number-format:bullet; msolevel-text: ; mso-level-tabstop:.5in; mso-level-numberposition:left; text-indent:-.25in;

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|--|------------|--|---|
| 2.11.57 Understand how to read, interpret, and balance chemical equations CRS /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Cambria; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:Cambria;</td <td>number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list I2 {mso-list-id:373308582; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-1096776214 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698693 67698693 67698691 67698693;} @list I2:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list I3 {mso-list-id:659424339; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:1104855292 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698691 67698693;} @list I3:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-</td> <td>Assessment</td> <td>Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-list-id:920262368; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-1479902070 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list 10:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol; ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;}> • Energy transfer and energy use cause molecules to behave in a consistent manner. • Scientific discoveries and talents are vital and widely applicable to the enhancement of society. Essential O's • What is the evidence that a chemical reaction</td> <td>font-family:Symbol; @list 11 {mso-list-id:2045860737; mso-list- type:hybrid; mso-list-template- ids:1346284178 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list 11:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol; ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin- bottom:0in;}> K1: reactants are the starting materials of chemical reactions K2: products are the ending materials of chemical reactions K3: a reaction is a process by which the atoms of one or more substances are rearranged to form different substances. K4: mass is conserved universally (except when the sun produces helium in amie's world) K5: in a synthesis reaction, two substances come together to form one substance</td> | number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list I2 {mso-list-id:373308582; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-1096776214 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698693 67698693 67698691 67698693;} @list I2:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list I3 {mso-list-id:659424339; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:1104855292 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698691 67698693;} @list I3:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | Assessment | Definitions */ @list 10 {mso-list-id:920262368; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso-list-template-ids:-1479902070 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list 10:level1 {mso-level-number-format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level-number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol; ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin-bottom:0in;}> • Energy transfer and energy use cause molecules to behave in a consistent manner. • Scientific discoveries and talents are vital and widely applicable to the enhancement of society. Essential O's • What is the evidence that a chemical reaction | font-family:Symbol; @list 11 {mso-list-id:2045860737; mso-list- type:hybrid; mso-list-template- ids:1346284178 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693; @list 11:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol; ol {margin-bottom:0in;} ul {margin- bottom:0in;}> K1: reactants are the starting materials of chemical reactions K2: products are the ending materials of chemical reactions K3: a reaction is a process by which the atoms of one or more substances are rearranged to form different substances. K4: mass is conserved universally (except when the sun produces helium in amie's world) K5: in a synthesis reaction, two substances come together to form one substance |
| mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; mso-ascii-theme-font:minor- latin; mso-fareast-font- family:Cambria; mso-fareast- theme-font:minor-latin; mso- | stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} @list I4 | | has occurred? • How does one express a chemical reaction? | K6: in a decomposition reaction, one substance breaks apart to form two or more substances K7: in a single replacement |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|--|
| hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso- | {mso-list-id:1070735399; | | How does one | reaction, one element is substituted |
| hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | predict the | for another in a compound |
| mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme- | list-template- | | products of | |
| font:minor-bidi;} @page | ids:1226348850 67698689 | | different chemical reactions? | K8: in a double replacement |
| Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; | 67698691 67698693 | | Why is it important | reaction, two compounds exchange their positive ions |
| margin:1.0in 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; | 67698689 67698691 | | that mass is | then positive ions |
| mso-header-margin:.5in; mso- | 67698693 67698689 | | conserved | K9: double replacement reactions |
| footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper- | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | universally? | produce a precipitate, a gas, or |
| source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> | I4:level1 {mso-level- | | | water |
| {page.Section1,}/ | number-format:bullet; mso- | | What are the properties | |
| SI.20-23.4 Identify similarities | level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | | of the important | K10: a precipitate is a solid |
| and differences between | stop:.5in; mso-level- | | energy-producing | produced during a chemical |
| experiments | number-position:left; text- | | <i>hydrocarbons?</i> In | reaction in a solution |
| · | indent:25in; font- | | what way do | K11: combustion is a chemical |
| EMI.20-23.1 Select a simple | family:Symbol;} @list I5 | | hydrocarbons | reaction that occurs when a |
| hypothesis, prediction, or | {mso-list-id:1410541945; | | demonstrate each | (organic) substance reacts with |
| conclusion that is supported by a | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | theme of chemical | oxygen releasing energy, CO2, and |
| data presentation or a model | list-template- | | reactions? | H2O |
| | ids:2070156588 67698689 | | | |
| EMI.20-23.2 Identify key issues | 67698691 67698693 | | | K12: conservation of mass means that you have to have the same |
| or assumptions in a model | 67698689 67698691 | | | number of atoms of each element |
| d (#F (D % ')' #/ | 67698693 67698689 | | | on each sides of the equation |
| /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial;</td <td>67698691 67698693;} @list</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | 1 |
| panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; | 15:level1 {mso-level- | | | K13: when writing a chemical |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic- | number-format:bullet; mso- | | | reaction, the reactants go on the |
| font-family:auto; mso-font- | level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | | | left, products on the right, and an |
| pitch:variable; mso-font- | stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | arrow serves as the yield sign |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; | number-position:left; text- | | | K14: stoichiometry is a system that |
| panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; | indent:25in; font- | | | allows us to calculate theoretical |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic- | family:Symbol;} @list l6 | | | masses of products and reactants |
| font-family:auto; mso-font- | {mso-list-id:1446580163; | | | - |
| pitch:variable; mso-font- | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | | K15: coefficients are the big |
| signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; } @font- | list-template-ids:- | | | numbers in front of |
| face {font-family: Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; | וופנ-נפוווטומנפ-ועס | | | elements/compounds in a chemical |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|--|------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|---|
| mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic- | 609431424 67698689 | | | equation |
| font-family:auto; mso-font- | 67698691 67698693 | | | |
| pitch:variable; mso-font- | 67698689 67698691 | | | K16: subscripts are the little |
| signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style | 67698693 67698689 | | | numbers within an element or |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | compound |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal | l6:level1 {mso-level- | | | |
| {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; | number-format:bullet; mso- | | | K17: macroscopic refers to things |
| margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso- | level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | | | we can see |
| pagination:widow-orphan; font- | , | | | K18: microscopic refer to things we |
| size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times | stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | can't see |
| New Roman"; mso-fareast-font- | number-position:left; text- | | | cuit see |
| family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times | indent:25in; font- | | | |
| New Roman"; @page Section1 | family:Symbol;} @list I7 | | | |
| {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in | {mso-list-id:1693412657; | | | Key Words/Vocabulary: |
| 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso-header- | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | | |
| margin:.5in; mso-footer- | list-template- | | | Chapter 10 |
| margin:.5in; mso-paper- | ids:1878285160 67698689 | | | , |
| source:0;} div.Section1 | 67698691 67698693 | | | Chemical equation |
| {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */@list 10 {mso-list- | 67698689 67698691 | | | Chemical reaction |
| id:506941694; mso-list- | 67698693 67698689 | | | Combustion reaction |
| type:hybrid; mso-list-template- | 67698691 67698693;} @list | | | Decomposition reaction |
| ids:-1046426190 67698689 | I7:level1 {mso-level- | | | Double-replacement |
| 67698691 67698693 67698689 | number-format:bullet; mso- | | | reaction |
| 67698691 67698693 67698689 | level-text: ; mso-level-tab- | | | Precipitate |
| 67698691 67698693;} @list | stop:.5in; mso-level- | | | ProductReactant |
| l0:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level-text: ; | number-position:left; text- | | | ReactantSingle-replacement |
| mso-level-tab-stop:.5in; mso- | indent:25in; font- | | | reaction |
| level-number-position:left; text- | family:Symbol;} @list l8 | | | Solute |
| indent:25in; font- | {mso-list-id:1904750754; | | | Solvent |
| family:Symbol;} ol {margin- | , | | | Synthesis reaction |
| bottom:0in;} ul {margin- | mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- | | | |
| bottom:0in;}> | list-template-ids:- | | | Chapter 11 |
| And and Bari | 941583734 67698689 | | | |
| Authentic Performance | 67698691 67698693 | | | Avogadro's number |
| Tasks: | 67698689 67698691 | | | Molar mass |
| | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|---|--|------------|--------------------------------|--|
| (attach rubrics, Collins cover sheets, etc.) Precipitate minilab Minilabs (6) RAFT on chemical reactions Authentic hydrocarbon lab <!-- /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:"Courier New"; panose-1:2 7 3 9 2 2 5 2 4 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font-face {font-family:Wingdings; panose-1:5 2 1 2 1 8 4 8 7 8; mso-font-charset:2; mso-generic-font-family:auto; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-pitch:variable; mso-font-signature:0 0 65536 0 - 2147483648 0;} /* Style Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal, li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal {mso-style-parent:""; margin:0in; margin-bottom:.0001pt; mso-pagination:widow-orphan; font-size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-fareast-font-</li--> | 67698693 67698689 67698691 67698693;} @list l8:level1 {mso-level- number-format:bullet; mso- level-text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} @list l9 {mso-list-id:2134668891; mso-list-type:hybrid; mso- list-template-ids:608483540 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698693;} @list l9:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level- text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level- number-position:left; text- indent:25in; font- family:Symbol;} ol {margin- bottom:0in;} ul {margin- bottom:0in;}> Materials: Minilab: Observing change • 25mL graduated cylinder | | | Mole Chapter 12 Percent yield (honors only) Stoichiometry Theoretical yield |

| Month Essential Ques | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|--------|
| | tions Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| margin:.5in; mso-footer- margin:.5in; mso-paper- source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;} /* List Definitions */ @list I0 {mso- list-id:506941694; mso-list- type:hybrid; mso-list-template- ids:-1046426190 67698689 67698691 67698693 67698693 67698690 67698691 67698693;} @list I0:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet; mso-level- text: ; mso-level-tab- stop:.5in; mso-level-number- position:left; text-indent:25in; font-family:Symbol;} @list I1 {mso-list-id:1635796424; mso- list-type:hybrid; mso-list- template-ids:-1498398628 67698693 67698691 67698693 67698691 67698693;} @list I1:level1 {mso-level-number- format:bullet: mso-level- format:bullet: mso-level- Galvani Galvani Galvani Galvani O.1M ar solution Univers Minidemo: Con Mass with silve SmL 0.7 iodide Flask Stopper Balance Galvani Galvani Galvani 100mL | beaker es rod meter scent antacid nmonia al indicator water nservation of er nitrate M silver solution est tube M potassium e vanized iron beaker ilute HCI cium | Content & Resources | Skills |

| Month I | | A | C + C D | C1 '11 |
|--|--|------------|---------------------|--------|
| {margin-bottom:0in;}> | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| Other Evidence: Prompted: (tests, products, other work samples) | 0.27g sodium carbonate 10mL water 2 test tubes 2 stoppers 0.41g calcium nitrate | | | |
| Reaction blitz End of unit test RAFT on chemical reactions Gist literacy activity Science article with reflection "Do This Quickly" assessments Exit slips assessments Unprompted: (discussions, observations) | Minilab: Observing a precipitate • 2 150mL beakers • 100mL graduated cylinder • 2 stirring rods • 2 spatulas • 2 weighing papers • NaOH • Epsom salts • Distilled water • Balance Lab: Activities of Metals • 1.0M zinc nitrate • 1.0M aluminum nitrate • 1.0M copper(II) nitrate • 1.0M magnesium nitrate • 4 pipettes • Wire cutters copper | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|---|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | wire Aluminum wire Magnesium ribbon 4 zinc strips Fine sandpaper 24-well microscale reaction plate | | | |
| | Minilab: How much is a mole? | | | |
| | Centimeter rulerPaper clip | | | |
| | Minilab: One mole is? | | | |
| | One mole Al One mole Cu One mole NaCl One mole sucrose One mole H₂O One mole Zn One mole charcoal | | | |
| | Minilab: How many moles in iron? | | | |
| | 2 sets of iron nails, one with 6 and one with 9 1 mole iron filings | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|--|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month | 4 bags Minilab: determining molar masses Calcium carbonate containing antacid tablets Common substances labeled with chemical formulas Minilab: percent composition of gum/popcorn Balance Weighing paper 2 250mL beakers 2 pieces of chewing gum Stirring rod Paper towels Window screen (10cm x 10cm) Scissors Timer Popcorn | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |

February

Stoichiometry

| Month Es | ssential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|----------|--------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

March

UNIT 6: Solutions, Acids/Bases

Content & Resources Skills Month **Essential Questions** Assessment <!-- /* Font Definitions */ <!-- /* Font Definitions */ Disappearing rainbow SWBAT apply scientific Acids burn right? Are they all @font-face {font-family:Arial; Lemonade chemistry method in order to bad? And what the heck's a @font-face {font-family: Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; determine acids/bases base? panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; 5E lesson plans based on mso-font-charset:0: msomso-font-charset:0: mso-SWBAT determine a pH qualitative observations of generic-font-family:auto; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msobased on color changes acids and bases (Studentfont-pitch:variable; mso-fontfont-pitch:variable; mso-fontof indicators developed definitions of signature: 3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontsignature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontacids/bases) SWBAT measure What is an acid or base? face {font-family:Calibri; face {font-family:Calibri; Careers in science that liquids using metric How can we use panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; utilize acid/base chemistry units molarity when a mso-font-charset:0: msomso-font-charset:0: mso-SWBAT determine a pH Physiological importance chemical is dissolved in generic-font-family:auto; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msoof neutrality/buffers based on color changes water or another font-pitch:variable; mso-fontfont-pitch:variable; mso-fontof indicators solvent? signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @fontsignature: 3 0 0 0 1 0; \ @font-SWBAT calculate pH How does acid/base face {font-family:Cambria; face {font-family:Cambria; according molarity chemistry relate to the panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; SWBAT describe how chemistry of life and the mso-font-charset:0; msomso-font-charset:0: msopH utilizes the human body? generic-font-family:auto; msogeneric-font-family:auto; msologarithmic scale Wait...I put salicycal font-pitch:variable; mso-fontfont-pitch:variable; mso-font-ACID on my FACE? signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style How are acids and Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, bases used in industry li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal or other areas of my {mso-style-parent:""; {mso-style-parent:""; life? margin:0in; marginmargin:0in; marginbottom:.0001pt; msobottom:.0001pt; msopagination:widow-orphan; fontpagination:widow-orphan; fontsize:12.0pt; font-family:"Times size:12.0pt; font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-ascii-font-New Roman"; mso-ascii-fontfamily:Cambria; mso-asciifamily:Cambria; mso-asciitheme-font:minor-latin: msotheme-font:minor-latin; mso-

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
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| fareast-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> Project | | | | fareast-font-family:Cambria; mso-fareast-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-hansi-font-family:Cambria; mso-hansi-theme-font:minor-latin; mso-bidi-font-family:"Times New Roman"; mso-bidi-theme-font:minor-bidi;} @page Section1 {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in 1.25in; mso-header-margin:.5in; mso-footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper-source:0;} div.Section1 {page:Section1;}> |
| - Acid/Base spill clean-up Performance Task | | | | -Acids; bases;-Neutralization; |
| -identifying unknowns as acids/bases | | | | -pH -Equilibrium |
| Authentic Assessment | | | | |
| -Differentiating between different indicators based on reactions with acids and bases of known pH | | | | |
| Weekly CheMastery Quiz | | | | |
| Unit Exam - Multiple choice and free response | | | | |
| ISBE Standards | | | | |

| N/L 41- | F | A | C44 @ D | CL.M. |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| | | | | |
| 12.11.63c Understand the concentration of a solute in terms of molarity | | | | |
| 12.11.63c Understand the concentration of a solute in terms of molarity | | | | |
| 12.11.60b Understand the observable properties of acids and bases | | | | |
| 12.11.61 Understand that among other definitions of acids and bases, acids are hydrogen-ion-donating and bases are hydrogen-ion-accepting substances. | | | | |
| 12.11.62 Use the pH scale to characterize acidic and basic solutions. | | | | |
| Prioritized CRS | | | | |
| /* Font Definitions */ @font-face {font-family:Arial; panose-1:2 11 6 4 2 2 2 2 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso- generic-font-family:auto; mso- font-pitch:variable; mso-font- signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- face {font-family:Calibri; panose-1:2 15 5 2 2 2 4 3 2 4; mso-font-charset:0; mso-</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | |

| | | | | ~- · |
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| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} @font- | | | | |
| face {font-family:Cambria; | | | | |
| panose-1:2 4 5 3 5 4 6 3 2 4; | | | | |
| mso-font-charset:0; mso- | | | | |
| generic-font-family:auto; mso- | | | | |
| font-pitch:variable; mso-font- | | | | |
| signature:3 0 0 0 1 0;} /* Style | | | | |
| Definitions */ p.MsoNormal, | | | | |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal | | | | |
| {mso-style-parent:""; | | | | |
| margin:0in; margin- | | | | |
| bottom:.0001pt; mso- | | | | |
| pagination:widow-orphan; | | | | |
| font-size:12.0pt; font- | | | | |
| family:"Times New Roman"; | | | | |
| mso-ascii-font-family:Cambria; | | | | |
| mso-ascii-theme-font:minor- | | | | |
| latin; mso-fareast-font- | | | | |
| family:Cambria; mso-fareast- | | | | |
| theme-font:minor-latin; mso- | | | | |
| hansi-font-family:Cambria; | | | | |
| mso-hansi-theme-font:minor- | | | | |
| latin; mso-bidi-font- | | | | |
| family:"Times New Roman"; | | | | |
| mso-bidi-theme-font:minor- | | | | |
| bidi;} @page Section1 | | | | |
| {size:8.5in 11.0in; margin:1.0in | | | | |
| 1.25in 1.0in 1.25in; mso- | | | | |
| header-margin:.5in; mso- | | | | |
| footer-margin:.5in; mso-paper- | | | | |
| source:0;} div.Section1 | | | | |
| {page:Section1;}> \$1.24-27.4 | | | | |
| Determine the experimental | | | | |
| conditions that would produce | | | | |
| specific results | | | | |

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

April
Thermochemistry

| Month | Essential Questions | Assessment | Content & Resources | Skills |
|-------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

Bonding Type: Unit Plan

Bonding

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|-----------|---|
| 1-12 to 3-4 | Chemistry | 1st Period Chem, 5th Period Chem, 8th Period Chem |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| @font-face { font-family: "Arial"; }p.MsoNormal, | 11th Grade Chemistry Bonding Unit | 3.5 Weeks |
| li.MsoNormal, div.MsoNormal { margin: 0in 0in 0.0001pt; | | |
| font-size: 12pt; font-family: "Times New Roman"; | | |
| }div.Section1 { page: Section1; } After becoming familiar | | |
| with stand-alone atoms and elements, students will now | | |
| investigate the who, what, where, when, why, and how of | | |
| joining atoms together in various bonding scenarios. They | | |
| will accomplish this through hands-on discovery and | | |
| guided lecture.Students should come away ready to tackle | | |
| the entirety of chemical reactions and what awaits them in | | |
| Unit 5. | | |
| | | |
| The Bonding Unit will require students to analyze how | | |
| different types of bonds are responsible for the most basic | | |
| scientific observations, like why one substance is hard | | |
| while the other is soft and why some compounds exist as | | |
| liquids at room temperature while others are solid. | | |
| | | |
| Students will explore ion, metallic, and covalent bonds, will | | |
| draw dot structures, relate ion formation to valence and | | |
| resonance structures, and name compounds. | | |

Standards

IL_Learning_Standards - Science (1997) - Late High School

State Goal 11 Understand the processes of scientific inquiry and technological design to investigate questions, conduct experiments and solve problems. State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Type: Unit Plan

Learning Standard 12.C Know and apply concepts that describe properties of matter and energy and the interactions between them.

| Essential Question OVERARCHING *How do we answer a question and solve a problem in science? *How do we decide what is reliable scientific evidence? *What rules govern matter and its processes? *How does energy and energy transfer affect molecules? *Why is science an important part of our future? UNIT SPECIFIC *How and why do atoms interact? *How do ionic bonds form? What are their characteristics? *How do covalent bonds form? What are their characteristics? How does one express/visualize bonding? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text 24-27.IOD.MAN.1: Interpolate between data points in a table or graph 24-27.IOD.MAN.2: Identify and/or use a simple mathematical relationship between data 20-23.EMIR.INF.1: Identify key issues or assumptions in a model 20-23.EMIR.MOD.1: Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data presentation or a model 24-27.EMIR.RES.1: Determine whether given information supports or contradicts a simple hypothesis or conclusion, and why | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings OVERARCHING Science always follows an ordered, objectively-driven process to assess the validity of a claim. Experimental investigations are purposefully designed, analyzed, interpreted, and applied through the laboratory process. Matter and its processes are ultimately governed by atomic interactions, which follow predictable, clearly defined rules. Energy transfer and energy use cause molecules to behave in a consistent manner. Scientific discoveries and talents are vital and widely applicable to the enhancement of society. UNIT SPECIFIC chemical bonds form by the attraction between a positive nucleus and negative electrons ionic bonds form as a result of a transfer of electrons and are held together by electrostatic force. covalent bonds form as a result of a sharing of electrons covalent bonds result in independent molecules, while ionic bonds result in repeating 3 dimensional crystals. alternatives to hydrocarbons as Earth's primary source of energy are available and viable |
|---|--|---|
| ILS | | |
| 12.11.42 - Know that there are two major different kinds of bonds (ionic and covalent) 12.11.44 - Understand how to use the periodic table to determine the number of electrons available for bonding. 12.11.53 - Understand that in chemical reactions, atoms combine into molecules by means of bonds (e.g., by sharing electrons to form covalent or metallic bonds or by | | |

Type: Unit Plan

exchanging electrons to form ionic bonds).

12.11.54 - Know that ions are atoms or groups of atoms that have a positive or negative charge and that polyatomic ions are a group of covalently bonded atoms that act like a single atom when combining with other atoms. Understand that metals tend to form positive ions, and nonmetals tend to form negative ions.

12.11.55 - Understand that ionic solids like NaCl (sodium chloride, ordinary table salt) are formed from a three-dimensional repeating pattern of alternating positive and negative ions, held together by electrostatic forces (ionic bonds).

Content, Skills, Assessment

Ionic Bonding

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---|---|------------|
| A. 5.1 WWBAT explain the changes that occur when ions are formed, particularly for metals and nonmetals 5.2 WWBAT explain why protons and electrons are attracted to one another 5.3 WWBAT define a compound as 2+ atoms held together by a chemical bond 5.4 WWBAT define cation and anion 5.5 WWBAT describe what happens when an ionic bond is formed 5.6 WWBAT draw the Lewis-dot structure for ionic compounds 5.7 WWBAT determine the formula for ionic compounds, including polyatomic ions 5.8 WWBAT name ionic compounds 5.9 WWBAT find basic information in a complex body of text 5.10 WWBAT identify the units & tools of measurement for length, volume, & mass 5.11 WWBAT describe the 3D crystal structure of an ionic compound 5.12 WWBAT build ionic compounds | A. 5.1 WWBAT explain the changes that occur when ions are formed, particularly for metals and nonmetals 5.2 WWBAT explain why protons and electrons are attracted to one another 5.3 WWBAT define a compound as 2+ atoms held together by a chemical bond 5.4 WWBAT define cation and anion 5.5 WWBAT describe what happens when an ionic bond is formed 5.6 WWBAT draw the Lewis-dot structure for ionic compounds 5.7 WWBAT determine the formula for ionic compounds, including polyatomic ions 5.8 WWBAT name ionic compounds 5.9 WWBAT find basic information in a complex body of text 5.10 WWBAT identify the units & tools of measurement for length, volume, & mass 5.11 WWBAT describe the 3D crystal structure of an ionic compound 5.12 WWBAT build ionic compounds | Name |

Covalent Bonding

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---|---|------------|
| A. 5.13 WWBAT describe what happens when a covalent bond is formed 5.14 WWBAT draw electron-dot structures for molecules 5.15 WWBAT name molecules (honors only) 5.16 WWBAT build molecules | A. 5.13 WWBAT describe what happens when a covalent bond is formed 5.14 WWBAT draw electron-dot structures for molecules 5.15 WWBAT name molecules (honors only) 5.16 WWBAT build molecules | Name |

Bonding Type: Unit Plan

Ionic vs Covalent Bonding & ACT

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| A. 5.17 WWBAT compare and contrast covalent molecules versus ionic compounds 5.18 WWBAT predict the type of bond formed based on whether the components are metals or nonmetals 5.19 WWBAT compare the relative strength of ionic and covalent bonds 5.20 WWBAT extrapolate data in moderately complex graphs and tables 5.21 WWBAT select data from a complex data presentation 5.22 WWBAT eliminate incorrect answers in a multiple choice questions | molecules versus ionic compounds 5.18 WWBAT predict the type of bond formed based on whether the components are metals or nonmetals 5.19 WWBAT compare the relative strength of ionic and covalent bonds | Name |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| K1: An ion is an atom that has gained or lost electrons. | S1: Name ionic compounds | Formative |
| (remedial) | S2: Determine the formula for ionic compounds | ✓ Summative |
| K2: A positive ion is an atom that has lost electrons. (remedial) | S3: Draw the Lewis-dot structure for ionic compounds | _ |
| | S4: Build ionic compounds | Multiple Choice |
| K3: A negative ion is an atom that has gained electrons. (remedial) | S5: Name molecules (honors only) | Portfolio |
| K4: The nucleus of the atom contains protons, which are | S6: Draw the Lewis-dot structure for molecules | ☐ Project |
| positively charged. (super remedial) | S7: Build molecules | Reflective Essay |
| K5: Electrons are located in the electron cloud, which is | 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data | ✓ Short Answer |
| negatively charged. (super remedial) | presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) | _ |
| K6: Protons and electrons are attracted to one another. (super remedial) | 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body | Constructed Response |
| K7: Metals usually form positive ions. (remedial) | of text | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| K8: Nonmetals usually form negative ions. (remedial) | | ☐ Essay |
| K9: An ionic bond forms when one atom transfers an electron(s) to another atom. | | Fill in the Blank |
| K10: An ionic bond is held together by electrostatic forces. | | Graphic Organizer |
| K11a: Multiple units of the same ionic compound combine | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| together to form crystal structures. | | ☐ Learning Contract |
| K11b: Multiple units of the same molecule do NOT | | _ |
| combine and instead remain as separate entities. | | ☐ Matching |
| K12: A compound is two or more atoms held together by a | | ✓ Multiple Choice |

Type: Unit Plan

| chemical bond. K13: There are two types of compounds: ionic compounds and molecules. K14: Molecules are compounds that are held together by covalent bonds. K15: Ionic compounds are compounds that are held together by ionic bonds. K16: Polyatomic ions are a group of covalently bonded atoms that act like a single atom when combining with other atoms. K17: A cation is a positively-charged ion. K18: An anion is a negatively-charged ion. K19: Resonance occurs when multiple Lewis-dot structures for the same molecule can be drawn. (honors only) K20: Metal + nonmetal will form an ionic bond. Nonmetal + nonmetal will form a covalent bonds. | | ✓ Observation Checklist □ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task □ Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric □ Self Evaluation □ Structured Interview □ Textbook/Workbook Problems □ True/False |
|--|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies • Prompted: (tests, products, other work samples) | Materials Materials: | Critical Vocabulary |
| Short end of unit test 'Do This Quickly" assessments Exit slips assessments Unprompted: (discussions, observations) Laboratory conduct Student participation in laboratory and class discussions Student Self Assessment: (reflections, rubrics) Student-led tracking Authentic Performance Tasks: (attach rubrics, Collins cover sheets, etc.) Lab: Making lonic Compounds Lab: Ionic vs Covalent substances Science article with reflection RAFT: Composition of ocean water (225) Business proposal for bonded substance (final task) | Mini Demo: conductivity between dissolved and undissolved NaCl Crystalline NaCl Conductivity apparatus Beaker Distilled water Demo: oxidation states of vanadium Granular zinc-mercury (II) chloride (aq) amalgam Ammonium metavandate solution 250mL graduated cylinder Powder funnel 500mL Erlenmeyer flask Stopper Mini Demo: Zinc plated pennies &alloys (229) | •Electron-dot structure •Anion •Cation •Chemical bond •Ionic bond •Monatomic ion •Oxidation number •Polyatomic ion •Coordinate covalent bond •Covalent bond •Endothermic •Exothermic •Lewis structure |

Type: Unit Plan

•5.0g NaOH Molecule •25mL H₂O Resonance •2.0g Zn Structural formula •Hot plate Forceps •Evaporating dish Minilab: heat treatment of steel Flame •2 forceps •3 hairpins •250mL beaker •Water Lab: Making Ionic Compounds •Mg ribbon •Crucible •Ring stand •Ring stand ring •Clay triangle •Crucible tongs Balance •100mL beaker Distilled water Conductivity tester •Laboratory burner •Stirring rod Minilab: Oil and Vinegar Dressing •Beral-type pipette •Vinegar •Cooking oil Demo: Forming Ionic vs Covalent Bonds •5cm magnesium ribbon •2g roll sulfur •Tongs •Large metal can •Deflagrating spoon Burner Mini Demo: Charged Water

Type: Unit Plan

| •Water | |
|---|--|
| Paint thinner | |
| •Buret | |
| •Fur or silk | |
| •Rubber rod | |
| Lab: Chromatography | |
| •3 pieces chromatography paper | |
| •2L plastic soft-drink bottle | |
| •2 pencils | |
| •Ruler | |
| •Tape | |
| •Scissors | |
| •Aluminum foil | |
| •Acetone | |
| •Fresh leaf samples from 3 different species of deciduous | |
| tress/plants | |
| Other labs &demos are pending. | |

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry Type: Unit Plan

Chemical Reactions & Stoichiometry

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|-----------|---|
| 2-17 to 5-13 | Chemistry | 1st Period Chem, 5th Period Chem, 8th Period Chem |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-----------|----------------|
| Chemical Reactions and Stoichiometry: | Chemistry | 5 weeks |
| Students will muster all of their previous knowledge to tackle chemical reactions and apply them in a laboratory setting. Students will become adept at assessing a chemical reaction, writing and balancing a chemical equation, and reporting out in a scientific manner (10). | | |
| Students will become familiar with one of chemistry's most important units: the mole. They will understand the utility and significance of moles and be able to apply this knowledge in the laboratory setting. Building on this ability, students will be able to determine molecular and empirical formulas in the laboratory setting (11). | | |

Standards

IL_Learning_Standards - Science (1997) - Late High School

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Learning Standard 12.C Know and apply concepts that describe properties of matter and energy and the interactions between them.

| Essential Question | | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|---|--|
| OVERARCHING | Objectives | OVERARCHING |
| •How do we answer a question and solve a science? | problem in 24-27.IOD.ANA.1: Compare or combine data from 2+ simple data presentations (e.g., analyze 1 table using a scale from another table) OR 1 complex data presentation | Science always follows an ordered, objectively-driven process to assess the validity of a claim. |

| How do we decide what is reliable scientific evidence? What rules govern matter and its processes? How does energy and energy transfer affect molecules? Why is science an important part of our future? UNIT SPECIFIC What is the evidence that a chemical reaction has occurred? How does one express a chemical reaction? How does one predict the products of different chemical reactions? Why is it important that mass is conserved universally? What are the properties of the important energy-producing hydrocarbons? In what way do hydrocarbons demonstrate each theme of chemical reactions? | 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text | Experimental investigations are purposefully designed, analyzed, interpreted, and applied through the <i>laboratory process</i>. Matter and its processes are ultimately governed by <i>atomic interactions</i>, which follow predictable, clearly defined rules. <i>Energy transfer and energy use</i> cause molecules to behave in a consistent manner. Scientific discoveries and talents are vital and widely applicable to the <i>enhancement of society</i>. UNIT SPECIFIC Chemical reactions are represented by a <i>balanced chemical equation</i> that demonstrates the <i>conservation of mass</i> The reaction between substances is predictable and follows certain patterns. *Reactions* occur at the atomic level, but are observed macroscopically. Stoichiometry leads to the ability to calculate theoretical masses of reactants and products |
|--|--|---|
| ILS | | |
| 12.11.53 - Understand that in chemical reactions, atoms combine into molecules by means of bonds (e.g., by sharing electrons to form covalent or metallic bonds or by exchanging electrons to form ionic bonds). | | |
| 12.11.56 - Understand that the conservation of atoms in a chemical reaction, as summarized in a balanced chemical equation, leads to the ability to calculate theoretical masses of reactants and products. | | |
| 12.11.57 - Understand how to read, interpret, and balance chemical equations. | | |
| 12.11.58 - Understand that the chemical quantity called "one mole" is set by calling the number of atoms in exactly 12 grams of carbon-12 atoms one mole. This number turns out to be 6.02 ×10 23, also known as Avogadro's Number | | |

Type: Unit Plan

Content, Skills, Assessment

Chemical Reactions

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---|---|------------|
| A. 6.1 WWBAT identify evidence of chemical change 6.2 K3: WWBAT define chemical reaction. 6.3 K4&K12: WWBAT explain conservation of mass in terms of the atoms in a reaction. 6.4 K1&K2: WWBAT identify the reactants and products in a chemical reaction. 6.5 S2: WWBAT write word equations. 6.6 K13&S8: WWBAT write chemical equations. 6.7 S3: WWBAT translate between word and formula equations. 6.8 K15-K16: WWBAT explain the function of a coefficient and a subscript in a chemical equation. 6.9 S7: WWBAT count the number of atoms of an element in a substance 6.10 S1: WWBAT balance chemical equations. 6.11 K5-K8&K11&S4: WWBAT classify chemical reactions by the five standard chemical reactions 6.12 S5: WWBAT predict the products of certain chemical reactions. | A. 6.1 WWBAT identify evidence of chemical change 6.2 K3: WWBAT define chemical reaction. 6.3 K4&K12: WWBAT explain conservation of mass in terms of the atoms in a reaction. 6.4 K1&K2: WWBAT identify the reactants and products in a chemical reaction. 6.5 S2: WWBAT write word equations. 6.6 K13&S8: WWBAT write chemical equations. 6.7 S3: WWBAT translate between word and formula equations. 6.8 K15-K16: WWBAT explain the function of a coefficient and a subscript in a chemical equation. 6.9 S7: WWBAT count the number of atoms of an element in a substance 6.10 S1: WWBAT balance chemical equations. 6.11 K5-K8&K11&S4: WWBAT classify chemical reactions by the five standard chemical reactions 6.12 S5: WWBAT predict the products of certain chemical reactions. | Name |

Stoichiometry

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| A. 6.13 K14: WWBAT calculate the molar mass of a compound (review) 6.14 K14.2: WWBAT convert between grams and moles (review) 6.15 K14.3: WWBAT calculate the moles of one substance when given the moles of another substance. 6.16 K14.4&S5: WWBAT calculate the grams of one substance when given the grams of another substance when given the grams of another substance. | A. 6.13 K14: WWBAT calculate the molar mass of a compound (review) 6.14 K14.2: WWBAT convert between grams and moles (review) 6.15 K14.3: WWBAT calculate the moles of one substance when given the moles of another substance. 6.16 K14.4&S5: WWBAT calculate the grams of one substance when given the grams of another substance. | Name |

Lab/ACT

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|--|--|------------|
| A. 6.17 WWBAT attack experiments passages 6.18 WWBAT pace ourselves on the ACT science section 6.19 24-27.IOD.ANA.1: Compare or combine data from 2+ simple data presentations (e.g., analyze 1 table using a scale from another table) OR 1 complex data presentation 6.20 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 6.21 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text 6.22 20-23.EMIR.MOD.1: Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data | A. 6.17 WWBAT attack experiments passages 6.18 WWBAT pace ourselves on the ACT science section 6.19 24-27.IOD.ANA.1: Compare or combine data from 2+ simple data presentations (e.g., analyze 1 table using a scale from another table) OR 1 complex data presentation 6.20 20-23.IOD.SEL.1: Select data from a complex data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with more than three variables; a phase diagram) 6.21 20-23.IOD.LIT.1: Find basic information in a complex body of text 6.22 20-23.EMIR.MOD.1: Select a simple hypothesis, prediction, or conclusion that is supported by a data | Name |

| presentation or a model | presentation or a model | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | |

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|---|--|---|
| K1: reactants are the starting materials of chemical | S1: balance an equation | ☐ Formative |
| reactions | S2: write word equations | ☐ Summative |
| K2: products are the ending materials of chemical | S3: translate between word and chemical equations | |
| reactions | S4: classify chemical equations | Multiple Choice |
| K3: a reaction is a process by which the atoms of one or more substances are rearranged to form different | S5: predict the products of a chemical equation | ☐ Portfolio |
| substances. | S6: calculate theoretical masses of reactants and products | Project |
| K4: mass is conserved universally (except when the sun produces helium in amie's world) | S7: count the number of atoms of an element in a substance | Reflective Essay |
| K5: in a synthesis reaction, two substances come together to form one substance | S8: write chemical equations using proper notation | ☐ Short Answer |
| K6: in a decomposition reaction, one substance breaks | | Constructed Response |
| apart to form two or more substances | | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| K7: in a single replacement reaction, one element is substituted for another in a compound | | ☐ Essay |
| K8: in a double replacement reaction, two compounds exchange their positive ions | | ☐ Fill in the Blank ☐ Graphic Organizer |
| K9: double replacement reactions produce a precipitate, a gas, or water | | ☐ Journal and Learning Logs |
| K10: a precipitate is a solid produced during a chemical | | Learning Contract |
| reaction in a solution | | ☐ Matching |
| K11: combustion is a chemical reaction that occurs when | | |
| a (organic) substance reacts with oxygen releasing energy, CO2, and H2O | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| K12: conservation of mass means that you have to have | | Observation Checklist |
| the same number of atoms of each element on each sides | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| of the equation | | ✓ Performance Task |
| K13: when writing a chemical reaction, the reactants go on | | _ |
| the left, products on the right, and an arrow serves as the yield sign | | ☐ Portfolio |
| K14: stoichiometry is a system that allows us to calculate | | ✓ Quiz |
| theoretical masses of products and reactants | | ☑ Rubric |
| | | |

| K15: coefficients are the big numbers in front of elements/compounds in a chemical equation K16: subscripts are the little numbers within an element or compound K17: macroscopic refers to things we can see K18: microscopic refer to things we can't see | | ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--|--|---|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Prompted:(tests, products, other work samples)* Reaction blitz* End of unit test* RAFT on chemical reactions* Gist literacy activity* Science article with reflection* "Do This Quickly" assessments Exit slips assessments Unprompted: (discussions, observations) * Laboratory conduct* Student participation in laboratory and class discussions Student Self Assessment: (reflections, rubrics)* Student-led tracking Per IEPs: Scribe notes, allow choice to respond, read any written instructions, sequence instructions, give additional examples, ask student to summarize to check for understanding, continue to check for on task behavior through proximity, redirection and offering additional help. | Materials: Minilab: Observing change *25mL graduated cylinder *100mL beaker *2 pipettes *Stirring rod *Thermometer *Effervescent antacid tablet *0.1M ammonia solution *Universal indicator *Distilled water Minidemo: Conservation of Mass with silver nitrate *5mL 0.1M silver nitrate solution *Small test tube *5mL 0.1M potassium iodide *Flask *Stopper *Balance Minidemo: galvanized iron *Galvanized iron *Galvanized iron *100mL beaker *80mL dilute HCl Minidemo: calcium carbonate precipitate *0.27g sodium carbonate *10mL water *2 test tubes *2 stoppers *0.41g calcium nitrate | Chemical equation Chemical reaction Combustion reaction Decomposition reaction Double-replacement reaction Precipitate Product Reactant Single-replacement reaction Solute Solvent Synthesis reaction Avogadro's number Molar mass Mole Stoichiometry Theoretical yield |

Type: Unit Plan

Minilab: Observing a precipitate

- •2 150mL beakers
- •100mL graduated cylinder
- •2 stirring rods
- •2 spatulas
- •2 weighing papers
- •NaOH
- •Epsom salts
- Distilled water
- •Balance

Lab: Activities of Metals

- •1.0M zinc nitrate
- •1.0M aluminum nitrate
- •1.0M copper(II) nitrate
- •1.0M magnesium nitrate
- •4 pipettes
- •Wire cutters copper wire
- •Aluminum wire
- •Magnesium ribbon
- •4 zinc strips
- •Fine sandpaper
- •24-well microscale reaction plate

Minilab: How much is a mole?

- •Centimeter ruler
- •Paper clip

Minilab: One mole is ...?

- One mole Al
- One mole Cu
- One mole NaCl
- •One mole sucrose
- One mole HO
- One mole Zn
- One mole charcoal

Minilab: How many moles in iron?

- •2 sets of iron nails, one with 6 and one with 9
- •1 mole iron filings
- 4 bags

Type: Unit Plan

Minilab: determining molar masses

- •Calcium carbonate containing antacid tablets
- •Common substances labeled with chemical formulas

Minilab: percent composition of gum/popcorn

- •Balance
- •Weighing paper
- •2 250mL beakers
- •2 pieces of chewing gum
- •Stirring rod
- Paper towels
- •Window screen (10cm x 10cm)
- Scissors
- •Timer
- Popcorn

Minilab: mass percent of pennies

- •Pre- &post-1982 pennies
- •6.0M HCI
- •Balance
- •Water
- •Paper towels
- Forceps

Demo: Empirical formulas

- •Large test tube with two hold stopper
- •Glass &rubber tubing
- •Bunsen burner
- •Ring stand with test tube holder
- Copper(II) oxide

Scupula

Type: Unit Plan

Gases

Unit Dates: Sections:
5-2 to 5-27 Chemistry 1st Period Chem, 5th Period Chem, 8th Period Chem
Teachers:

| Course | Length of Unit |
|-----------|----------------|
| Chemistry | 3 weeks |
| | |
| _ | |

Standards

IL_Learning_Standards - Science (1997) - Late High School

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Learning Standard 12.B Know and apply concepts that describe how living things interact with each other and with their environment.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| What is the Kinetic-Molecular Theory? How does it allow one to work with gases? What are the original gas laws? How does one apply them in a laboratory setting? What are the combined and ideal gas laws? How does one apply them in a laboratory setting? Why is research on gases crucial to our understanding of climate change? | Objectives Interpretation of Data •24A1: Compare or combine data from two or more a simple data presentations •24A2: Compare or combine data from a complex data presentation •24A3: Interpolate between data points in a table or graph •24A4: Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a complex | properties of gases; kinetic-molecular theory; simple, combined, and ideal gas laws Relation to climate change |

Type: Unit Plan

data presentation Scientific Investigation •24B1: Understand the methods and tools used in a complex experiment •24B2: Understand a complex experimental design •24B3: Predict the results of an additional trial or measurement that would produce specified results Evaluation of Models, Inferences, & Experimental Results •24C1: Select a simple hypothesis prediction, or conclusion that is supported by two or more data presentation or models •24C2: Determine whether given information supports or contradicts a simple hypothesis or conclusion, and why •24C3: Identify strengths and weaknesses in one or more models ILS 12.11.49 - Understand that the kinetic molecular theory explains the properties of gases by the random motion of molecules in them. For example, the collisions of these particles with a surface create an observable pressure on that surface, and their motion explains the diffusion of gases. 12.11.50 - Understand how to apply the gas laws to relations between pressure, temperature, and volume of any amount of an ideal gas. Understand Boyle's Law and Charles' Law and how to logically solve problems. 12.11.51 - Understand the values of standard temperature and pressure (STP): 0° Celsius and 1 atm. 12.11.52 - Understand how to convert between Celsius and Kelvin temperature scales. Understand that there is no temperature lower than 0 Kelvin, or absolute zero.

Content, Skills, Assessment

Kinetic Molecular Theory

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|---------|--------|------------|
|---------|--------|------------|

| A. | A. | Name |
|---|--|---|
| | | |
| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
| The KMT is necessary for approximating the behavior of gases and is composed of 5 basic assumptions Gas pressure measurement units and methods of measurement The algebraic relationships embodied in the 3 original gas laws The algebraic relationship embodied in the combined gas law The algebraic relationship embodied in the ideal gas law How to perform experiments using/verifying the original, combined, and ideal gas laws Past knowledge of stoichiometry is applicable to gases | •Use the kinetic-molecular theory to explain the behavior of gases by •Naming the 5 assumptions of the KMT •Describing how mass affects the rates of diffusion and effusion •Explain how gas pressure is measured •Calculate the partial pressure of a gas theoretically and in a laboratory setting •Apply the simple/original gas laws to practice and real-life problems by •Stating the relationships posited for Boyle's, Charles's, and Gay-Lusac's Laws •Performing laboratory experiments with gases •Apply the combined gas law to practice and real-life problems by •Stating the relationship given in the combined gas law •Performing laboratory experiments with gases •Relating Avogadro's principle to the combined gas law •Apply the ideal gas law to practice and real-life problems by •Stating the relationship given in the ideal gas law •Performing laboratory experiments with gases Determine gaseous volume ratios from chemical reaction equations using the gas laws | Formative Summative Multiple Choice Portfolio Project Reflective Essay Short Answer Constructed Response Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay Fill in the Blank Graphic Organizer Journal and Learning Logs Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice Observation Checklist Performance Assessment Performance Task Portfolio Quiz Rubric |

Gases
Type: Unit Plan

| | | ☐ Self Evaluation ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False |
|--|---|--|
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Partially filled-in graphic organizers compared to empty graphic organizers for lecturesExtra Credit: Biology Connection: research how marine animals can withstand huge pressure underwater in written reportExtra Credit: problem-solving lab on turbocharging engines (424)Gifted: Research report on high-altitude adaptations (428)Intrapersonal: Weather Report: correlate barometric pressure to weather conditions over time (430)Gifted: research how the ideal gas law works for real gases (435)Easier science passages for struggling readersExtended time for ACT prep passage Per IEPs: Scribe notes, allow choice to respond, read any written instructions, sequence instructions, give additional examples, ask student to summarize to check for understanding, continue to check for on task behavior through proximity, redirection and offering additional help. | Materials: Demo: Mentos explosions 4 2L coke bottles 1 pack mentos Paper towels Minidemo: air is not empty space Funnel Large beaker Water Minilab: More than just hot air 5gallon bucket Round balloons Ice String Demo: Demonstrating Boyle's Law Empty colorless 2L soft drink bottle with cap (save from Mentos demo) Dropper Food coloring Minilab: Under Pressure 2L clear, plastic bottle with cap (with label removed) Water Small dropper (with glass cylinder if possible) Minidemo: balloons and temperature reminder 3 balloons Hot water bath Ice Thermometer | Dalton's law of partial pressures Deposition Diffusion Graham's law of effusion Kinetic-molecular theory Pascal Pressure Sublimation Temperature Vapor pressure Avogadro's principle Boyle's law Charles's law Combined gas law Gay-lussac's law Ideal gas constant Ideal gas law Molar volume |

Type: Unit Plan

Minilab: testing the combined gas law •Inflatable spherical ball •Tire gauge •Thermometer •Tape measure Minidemo: gas check •Hydrogen gas •Methane gas •Propane gas Nitrogen gas Minidemo: growing balloon Balloon •5mL water •Small piece calcium carbide (CaC₂) Minilab: The density of carbon dioxide Masking tape •Aluminum foil •Metric ruler •1L beaker Candle Matches •Thermometer •Barometer •Baking soda •Vinegar (5% CH₃COOH) Lab: Using the Ideal Gas Law Aerosol can of duster •600mL graduated beaker Bucket or bowl •Thermometer Barometer •Plastic microtip pipette Latex tubing •Glass tubing Scissors •Electrical or duct tape Balance

Section 2.4a Curriculum Map Attachment 11 Page 6 of 6

Gases

| Balance | |
|---------|--|

Astronomy - Analyzing our World Type: Unit Plan

Astronomy - Analyzing our World

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 9-7 to 10-8 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|--|---|-------------------|
| This unit focuses on utilizing and developing students' | Students will conduct a few labs while pretending to | Projector |
| schema to make basic but fun inquiries into the scientific | operate on the International Space Station. The labs are | Screen |
| world. | given in the context of missions, and student learning of | Notebooks |
| | scientific inquiry will be a foundation for astronomy, | Binders |
| | meteorology, and geology study. | Plant Shelf |
| | | Plant gro-lites |
| | | Plants materials |
| | | CSI lab materials |
| | | Topographic maps |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.84 Understand that most scientists believe that the sun, the earth, and the rest of the solar system formed from a nebular cloud of dust and gas 4.6 billion years ago.

State Goal 13 Understand the relationships among science, technology and society in historical and contemporary contexts.

Standard 13A Know and apply the accepted practices of science.

Objective 13.11.01 Understand basic rules of safety in conducting scientific experiments in a laboratory or in the field.

Objective 13.11.02 Understand why experimental replication is essential to scientific claims.

Objective 13.11.03 Understand how scientific knowledge, explanations, and technological designs may change with new information.

Objective 13.11.04 Understand that scientists must be responsible about how they conduct their experiments.

Objective 13.11.05 Determine the degree of accuracy in measurements. Identify possible sources of error in measurement.

Standard 13B Know and apply concepts that describe the interaction between science, technology and society.

Objective 13.11.06 Analyze scientific breakthroughs in terms of societal and technological effects.

Objective 13.11.07 Analyze examples of resource use, technology use or conservation program and make recommendations for improvements.

Astronomy - Analyzing our World

Type: Unit Plan

Objective 13.11.07 Analyze examples of resource use, technology use or conservation program and make recommendations for improvements.

Objective 13.11.08 Analyze careers and occupations that are affected by knowledge of science.

Measurement

Objective 13.11.09 Select appropriate scientific instruments and technological devices to perform tests, measure, and collect data.

College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives

IOD.13-15.1 Select a single piece of data (numerical or non-numerical) from a simple data presentation (e.g., a table or graph with two or three variables; a food web diagram)

IOD.13-15.2 Identify basic features of a table, graph, or diagram (e.g., headings, units of measurement, axis labels)

Essential Question

- •What do you think are the norms and procedures of a professional and successful organization?
- •What do you think would be a Big Goal for your success in class this year?
- •How does Environmental and Earth Science relate to my life?
- •What prime-time TV show do you think benefits from the scientific method?
- •How can you measure the interactions among Earth's system?
- •How does science differ from other disciplines? How do you investigate a question/problem/mystery/unknown? What kind of answers can be discovered during an scientific investigation?

How can you use scientific concepts and empirical data to determine whether or not information is credible? How do you communicate discoveries so that other are able to understand them?

How sure are you? What's the likely margin of error? How accurate/precise is it? How accurate/precise does this need to be?

What is proof? Do I have one?

How can numbers (data) lie or mislead?
How might we show ? In what other ways (how else)?
How do we best represent the part and whole
relationship? the pattern? the sequence?
What kind of problem is it?
Can everything be quantified?

Objectives/Skills

Procedural

- SWBAT Entering the classroom properly (getting binder, tome, and immediately beginning the catalyst with 80% mastery
- SWBAT Articulate the norms and expectations of the class with 80% mastery.
- •SWBAT Explain the uses of information and tools in different parts of the room with 80% mastery.
- *SWBAT Explain the breakdown of the class period time with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Working silently during independent work time and during exit slips with 100% mastery.
- *SWBAT Raising hand for a question with 100% mastery.
- *SWBAT describe SLANT with 80% mastery.
- •SWBAT Develop a testable question/hypothesis with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Measure accurately/precisely with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Make observations and record data by using the appropriate senses and tools effectively with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Communicate results effectively with 80% mastery.
- •SWBAT Make inferences and predictions and support them with evidence with 80% mastery.
- SWBAT Evaluate claims and explanations using evidence and experience with 80% mastery.

Content, Skills, Assessment

Astronomy:

| Content | Skills | Assessment |
|-----------------------------|--|------------------|
| A. Scientific Investigation | A. Scientific Investigation | Name |
| | Data Collection | CSI experiment |
| | 2. Data Analysis | Plant Lab |
| | 3. Presentation | Topographic maps |
| B. Modelling our Earth | B. Modelling our Earth | |
| | Using map scales | |
| | Using longitude and latitude to find features on a world map | |
| | Using Forest Service and Topographic maps to find local features | |

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|--|--|-----------------|
| Key Ideas | Scientific Inquiry | |
| Content | Observation | |
| The Earth and celestial phenomena can be described by principles of relative motion and perspective. Many of the phenomena that we observe on Earth involce interactions among air, water, and land. Scientific questions are testable. Hypothesis are valuable, even if they are false. The scientific method is an ongoing process and often leads to further investigation. Data must empirical and without bias. Conclusions are explanations that must be based on evidence, and conclusions often refer to prior experience. Scientific claims must be verified by independent investigations. Standardized measures allow people to more accurately describe the physical world. Correlation does not ensure causality. Process Beyond the use of reasoning and consensus, scientific inquiry involves the testing of proposed explanations involving the use of conventional techniques and | Question Hypothesis Experiment Results Conclusion Publish Repeat | |

Astronomy - Analyzing our World

| •The observations made while testing proposed explanations, when analyzed using conventional and | Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing | |
|--|---|--|
| | No opt out | |

Type: Unit Plan

Unit 2: Meteorology - Atmosphere

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 10-8 to 11-5 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|---|---|---------------|
| Students will study the atmosphere. Students will examine | Atmosphere is the first layer from space. We will study it | Tome |
| from a top down approach. | using projects, and summative assessments. | Projector |
| | | Screen |
| Length of Unit | All energy comes from the sun in the first place. Heat is an | Lab materials |
| 18 days | atomic phenomenon. When atoms absorb energy they | |
| | become more energetic. Therefore, they move and | |
| | bounce against each other, which creates heat. Energy from the sun causes molecules in the atmosphere to | |
| | bounce together more often, which creates heat in the | |
| | atmosphere. | |
| | Certain molecules in the atmosphere keep energy from entering and leaving Earth easily. | |
| | The Earth's tilt on its axis determines the distribution of | |
| | solar radiation at any given moment in the year. Warm air rises and cold air sinks relative to one another. | |
| | Since the air and ocean water are both fluid on our planet, the movement of our planet affects them both. | |
| | Weather is the state of the atmosphere at a place and time | |
| | as regards to heat, cloudiness, dryness, sunshine, wind, rain, etc. | |
| | Tairi, Gio. | |
| | | |

Standards

Type: Unit Plan

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.90 Understand that energy enters the systems of Earth chiefly as solar radiation and eventually escapes again as heat.

Objective 12.11.91 Understand that incoming solar radiation is either reflected or absorbed.

Objective 12.11.92 Understand that non-uniform heating of the earth results in circulation patterns in the atmosphere and oceans that globally distribute heat (in the form of winds and ocean currents).

Objective 12.11.93 Understand the connection between the earth's rotation and the circular motion of ocean currents and air pressure centers.

The Atmosphere

Objective 12.11.99 Analyze weather conditions of an area, given specific weather data.

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| Objectives | Where does our energy come from? | SWBAT describe the composition of the atmosphere with |
| IOD.16-19.1 Select two or more pieces | How does energy enter the Earth's atmosphere? | 80% mastery. |
| of data from a simple data | What happens to the energy once it is in our atmosphere? | SWBAT compare and contrast the various layers of the |
| presentation | What reflects or absorbs incoming solar radiation? | atmosphere with 80% mastery. |
| IOD.16-19.2 Understand basic | | SWBAT identify three methods of transferring energy throughout the atmosphere with 80% mastery. |
| scientific terminology | What causes weather? | SWBAT describe the various properties of the atmosphere |
| perentine terminology | Why is windy on certain days? | and how they interact with 80% mastery. |
| | How does the Earth's rotation affect air pressure and ocean currents? | SWBAT explain why atmospheric properties change with changes in altitude with 80% mastery. |
| | What creates tides and currents? | SWBAT explain how clouds are formed with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe the water cycle with 80% mastery. |
| | Why is it warmer year around in Sudan than in Chicago? | SWBAT compare and contrast the greenhouse effect and global warming with 80% mastery. |
| | How do meteorologists know what the weather will be like tomorrow or in 10 days? | SWBAT analyze how imbalances in the heating of Earth's surface create weather with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe how and where air masses form with |
| | Skills | 80% mastery. |
| | Students will work with laboratory equipment to | SWBAT compare and contrast wind systems with 80% |
| | demonstrate how energy flows through a system. | mastery. |
| | | |
| | Students will use laboratory equipment to model the | SWBAT describe how the rotation of Earth affects the |
| | formation of clouds. | movement of air with 80% mastery. |

Type: Unit Plan

formation of clouds.

Students will learn to read weather reports.

Students will trace the formation and movement of air masses

Students will read weather data and interpret this data.

Students will read barometric read outs.

Students will analyze digital and analog forecasting data.

Assessment

Formal

Summative

Project

Rubric

Quizzes

Exit Slips

Strategies

Remember "wait time 1 &2"Think-pair-shareAsk "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for summarySurvey the classAllow for student callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack their thinking"Cold Call100%Cue student responsesPositive framingNo opt out

SWBAT identify various types of fronts with 80% mastery.

SWBAT recognize the importance of accurate weather data with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the technology used to collect weather data with 80% mastery.

SWBAT analyze the strengths and weaknesses of weather observation systems with 80% mastery.

SWBAT analyze a basic surface weather chart with 80% mastery.

SWBAT distinguish between analog and digital forecasting with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe problems with long-term forecasts with 80% mastery.

SWBAT compare and contrast various ocean currents with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the various properties of the atmosphere and how they interact with 80% mastery.

Content, Skills, Assessment

Type: Unit Plan

Unit 3: Meteorology - Climate

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 11-8 to 11-30 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Students will learn about the Earth's climate, which includes discussion about molecular composition of the atmosphere, greenhouse gases, and climate change. | The uneven heating of Earth causes weather patterns and climate differences in different locations. Climate is affected by a variety of factors. Water takes longer to heat up and cool down. Mountains can block water from entering an area. Wind can carry water and heat to certain | Tome Projector Screen Lab Materials |
| Length of Unit 18 days | areas. The Earth is a constantly changing entity. Its various levels of systems change within themselves and between each other. The atmosphere is a closed system: what we have is generally what we will always have. The compositions have changed but the overall mass of oxygen, nitrogen, and other elements have not increased or decreased significantly after Earth developed a stable atmosphere/ lithosphere. Humans breathe oxygen and expel carbon dioxide. Trees breathe carbon dioxide and expel oxygen. Life is made of carbon. | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Type: Unit Plan

Standard 12B Know and apply concepts that describe how living things interact with each other and with their environment.

Ecology and Adaptation

Objective 12.11.31 Understand the causes of ecosystem disruptions: changes in climate, human activity, introduction of a nonnative species, changes in population size, sudden natural disasters.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.95 Understand that weather (over a short time) and climate (over a long time) result from the transfer of energy and water in and out of the atmosphere. Understand the effects on climate of latitude, elevation, topography (especially the presence of mountains and valleys), and proximity to large bodies of water, and cold or warm ocean currents.

Objective 12.11.96 Understand that Earth's climate has changed over time, corresponding to changes in Earth's geography, atmospheric composition, plate movement, and the cyclic changes in the orientation of Earth's axis of rotation and the shape of its orbit around the sun.

| College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|--|--|---|
| Objectives | Why is there a desert in Sudan and not in Chicago? | SWBAT describe different types of climate data with 80% |
| IOD.16-19.3 Find basic information in a brief body of text | Why is there a rainforest in Brazil and not in Sudan even | mastery. |
| | though they are on the same latitude? | SWBAT explain why climates vary with 80% mastery. |
| | What is the difference between weather and climate? | SWBAT describe the criteria used to classify climates wit |
| | How has the Earth's geography changed over time? | 80% mastery. |
| | How has the Earth's atmosphere changed over time? | SWBAT compare and contrast different climates with 80% |
| | How has the Earth's surface changed over time? | mastery. |
| | How has the Earth's movement and orientation in space changed over time? | SWBAT distinguish among different types of climatic changes with 80% mastery. |
| | What are we breathing? | SWBAT recognize why climatic changes occur with 80% mastery. |
| | How much oxygen are we actually breathing? | SWBAT compare and contrast weather and climate with |
| | What is the greenhouse effect and how does it affect us? | 80% mastery. |
| | Why are our lives tied to healthy forests? | SWBAT distinguish among different types of climatic changes with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT recognize why climatic changes occur with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT identify how humans impact climate with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT describe the composition of the atmosphere with 80% mastery. |
| | | SWBAT compare and contrast the various layers of the atmosphere with 80% mastery. |

Type: Unit Plan

SWBAT recognize that the atmosphere is an Earth resource with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the importance of clean air with 80% mastery.

SWBAT compare and contrast the greenhouse effect and global warming with 80% mastery.

SWBAT identify how humans impact climate with 80% mastery.

SWBAT describe the types and sources of air pollution with 80% mastery.

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|
| a.Insolation | Rain forest | |
| b.Geographic Factors | Desert | |
| c.The Water Cycle | Distribution | |
| d.Human Influence (global warming, heat island) | Bands | |
| Skills | Latitude | |
| | Wind patterns | |
| Create graph of CO2 trends over time. | Ocean currents | |
| Record and Chart data points in a laboratory. | Mountain ranges | |
| Record and Chart data points in a laboratory. | Weather | |
| Read a map and make observations and connections | Climate | |
| between climate and geography. | Latitude | |
| Utilize various graphic organizers to explore and retain | Elevation | |

| information. | Topography | |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Write a structured response to higher level bloom's | Geography | |
| taxonomy questions. | Composition | |
| | Cyclic movement | |
| Assessment | Axis | |
| Unit Test | Orbit | |
| Weekly quiz | Gas | |
| Exit Slips | Oxygen | |
| Rubric | Nitrogen | |
| Project Creative Exhibition | Mixture | |
| Graphs | Greenhouse | |
| Learning Strategies | Carbon dioxide | |
| Remember "wait time 1 &2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow | | |
| ups" Withhold judgementAsk for summary Survey the | | |
| class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask | | |
| students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue | | |
| student responses Positive framing | | |

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

Type: Unit Plan

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: | |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 12-1 to 1-14 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 | |
| Teachers: | | | |
| | | | |

| Unit Focus | Unit Description | Materials |
|---|---|---------------|
| Students will focus on the forces that cause changes in | Our planet is a system. This system has many parts. | Projector |
| our natural world. These forces provide the transition from | These parts work together to make the whole. Often | Screen |
| studying meteorology and astronomy to studying geology. | systems contain other systems and are parts in greater | Tome |
| | systems as well. You can evaluate an environment using | Lab materials |
| Length of Unit | observation and inference. | textbook |
| 23 days | About 97% of the hydrosphere is contained in the oceans. However, the second most likely place to find water is underground. If you drink spring water you are probably drinking water that has been underground for thousands of years. A river is large natural stream of water flowing in a channel | TO ALL DOOR |
| | to the sea, a lake, or another such stream. | |
| | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.85 Understand that interactions among the solid earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and organisms have resulted in the ongoing transformation of the earth system. Understand that we can observe some changes (such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) on a human time-scale, but many processes (such as mountain building and plate movements) take place so sporadically or so slowly (over hundreds of millions of years) that we cannot observe them but only infer that they take place from other kinds of evidence.

Water

Objective 12.11.100 Understand that a water table marks the top of the zone of saturation of subsurface materials.

Objective 12.11.101 Understand at which places in a river or stream one is likely to find a build up of sediment. Understand why sediments of certain sizes build up in different

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

Type: Unit Plan

locations in a stream and how this can alter its course over time. Understand how these processes can, over the course of time, change the location of rivers and streams (e.g., meanders).

| Essential Question | Objectives/Skills |
|---|--|
| How do the Earth, oceans, atmosphere, and organisms nteract and cause changes in each other? | SWBAT differentiate among the four major branches of Earth science with 80% mastery. |
| Interact and cause changes in each other? What transformations can we observe in our planet? What transformations can we infer about our planet? Why do rivers wind through valleys? Can rivers flow uphill? Why are some rivers sandy and others rocky? | Earth science with 80% mastery. SWBAT contrast the four systems of Earth with 80% mastery. SWBAT discuss how Earth science affects your daily life with 80% mastery. SWBAT describe how groundwater is stored and moves underground with 80% mastery. SWBAT explain what an aquifer is with 80% mastery. SWBAT explain how surface water can move weathered materials with 80% mastery. SWBAT explain how a stream carries its load with 80% mastery. SWBAT describe how a floodplain develops with 80% mastery. SWBAT describe some of the physical features of stream development with 80% mastery. SWBAT explain the process of rejuvenation in stream development with 80% mastery. |
| n ^ ^ | ow do the Earth, oceans, atmosphere, and organisms teract and cause changes in each other? That transformations can we observe in our planet? That transformations can we infer about our planet? Thy do rivers wind through valleys? an rivers flow uphill? |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Critical Vocabulary | Unit Reflection |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| a.identifying signs of mechanical and chemical weathering | Weathering | |

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion

Type: Unit Plan

a identifying signs of mechanical and chemical weathering

b.soil formation and texture

c.soil conservation

d.streams and rivers as agents of change

Weathering

Erosion

Zone of saturation

Subsurface materials

Water table

Sediment

Meander

Skills

- Read a topographical map to analyze the flow of river
- Create a schematic of a cross-section of the Earth's crust to show aquifers and water storage.
- Use lab tools to demonstrate stream load

Assessment

Formative - CFUs

Summative - Test

Quizzes

Exit slips

Project rubric

Performance assessment --> lab

Strategies

Remember "wait time 1 &2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgementAsk for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing

Materials

Projector

Tomes

Screen

Bellringer sheets, pictures

Computer paper

Printer/Copier

Clipboard with student record matrix

Section 2.4a
Curriculum Map
Attachment 11

Unit 4: Meteorology- Weathering and Erosion
Type: Unit Plan

Volcanoes
Type: Unit Plan

Volcanoes

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1-31 to 3-4 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| What you will learn: | Earth and Space Science | 17 days |
| - How can volcanoes form and how can they be classified. | | |
| - How magma melts and crystallizes to form igneous | | |
| rocks. | | |
| - How igneous rocks are classified. | | |
| - How igneous rocks are used. | | |
| - | | |
| This unit is important because igneous rocks are the most | | |
| abundant rocks in the Earth's crust. Many important | | |
| mineral and metal deposits are associated with igneous | | |
| rock. In many parts of the world understanding the origin | | |
| of igneous rocks, volcanoes, is the difference between life | | |
| and death. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.83 Understand that geologic time can be estimated by observing rock sequences and using fossils to correlate the sequences at various locations. Understand that current methods include using the known decay rates of radioactive isotopes present in rocks to measure the time since the rock was formed.

Objective 12.11.85 Understand that interactions among the solid earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and organisms have resulted in the ongoing transformation of the earth system. Understand that we can observe some changes (such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) on a human time-scale, but many processes (such as mountain building and plate movements) take place so sporadically or so slowly (over hundreds of millions of years) that we cannot observe them but only infer that they take place from other kinds of evidence.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.89 Differentiate between the two main kinds of volcanoes: one kind with violent eruptions producing steep slopes and another kind with voluminous lava flows producing gentle slopes.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| How do volcanoes form and how can you classify them? How can you explain magma melting and crystallizing to form igneous rocks? How can you classify igneous rocks? How do you use igneous rocks in your daily life? | Objectives IOD.16-19.4 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation SI.16-19.1 Understand the methods and tools used in a simple experiment IOD.20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | SWBAT: Describe the major parts of a volcano. Compare and contrast shield, cinder-cone, and composite volcanoes. Compare and contrast intrusive and extrusive igneous rocks. Describe the composition of magma. Discuss the factors that affect how rocks melt and crystallize. Classify different types and textures of igneous rocks. Recognize the effects of cooling rates on the grain size of igneous rocks. |
| 11.0 | | Describe some uses of igneous rocks. |
| ILS | | |
| See above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Volcanoes | In order to demonstrate that they can | ✓ Formative |
| identification of invariants | conduct a laboratory experiment | ▼ Summative |
| ·factors affecting volcanic eruptions | -1-111 | ✓ Multiple Choice |
| ·matching the types of volcanoes with the type of eruption | | iviultiple Choice |
| expected. | | ▼ Portfolio |
| ·intrusive igneous activity | | ▼ Project |
| | | - |

Volcanoes Type: Unit Plan

| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | 1. Follow a set of | Reflective Essay |
| | written procedures | Short Answer |
| | without asking for | ☐ Constructed Response |
| | clarification from the | ☐ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | teacher | ▼ Essay |
| | 2. Use a newly | Fill in the Blank |
| | introduced piece of | |
| | equipment (like a | Graphic Organizer |
| | pH probe, hot plate, | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | scalpel, spring scale | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | or anything else that | ✓ Matching |
| | is used only | Multiple Choice |
| | occasionally) correctly after | ▼ Observation Checklist |
| | watching the | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | teacher model its | ✓ Performance Task |
| | use | Portfolio |
| | 3. Record data in an | ☑ Quiz |
| | organized way as | |
| | they conduct the | Rubric |
| | experiment | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2"Think-pair-shareAsk "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for | Projector | Igneous Rock |
| "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for summarySurvey the classAllow for student callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack | Tomes | Lava Extrusive |
| their thinking "Cold Call100%Cue student | Screen | Instrusive |

Volcanoes Type: Unit Plan

| responsesPositive framingNo opt out | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| responses rositive translinging opt out | Bellringer sheets, pictures | Instrusive |
| | Computer paper | Partial Melting |
| | | Fractional Crystallization |
| | Printer/Copier | Bowen's reaction series |
| | Clipboard with student record matrix | Felsic |
| | | Mafic |
| | | Ultramafic |
| | | Porphyritic |
| | | Vent |
| | | Crater |
| | | Caldera |
| | | Shield Volcano |
| | | Cinder-cone volcano |
| | | Composite volcano |

Weathering and Erosion Type: Unit Plan

Weathering and Erosion

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 3-8 to 3-31 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| What you'll learn: | Earth and Space Science | 23 days |
| - How sedimentary rocks are formed. | | |
| - How the process of weathering breaks down rocks and | | |
| how erosion transports weathered materials from one | | |
| place to another. | | |
| - How soil is formed. | | |
| | | |
| Why it's important: | | |
| Sedimentary rocks provide information about surface | | |
| conditions and organisms that existed in Earth's past. In | | |
| addition, mineral resources are found in sedimentary | | |
| rocks. Fundamentally, the processes of weathering and | | |
| erosion change Earth's landforms and form soil, an | | |
| important natural resource. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Structure

Objective 12.11.82 Indicate that the earth's crust is made from mostly igneous and metamorphic materials and was formed as a result of partial melting of part of the mantle rock. Know that there is a thin layer of sedimentary rock on top in many places.

Objective 12.11.85 Understand that interactions among the solid earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and organisms have resulted in the ongoing transformation of the earth system. Understand that we can observe some changes (such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions) on a human time-scale, but many processes (such as mountain building and plate movements) take place so sporadically or so slowly (over hundreds of millions of years) that we cannot observe them but only infer that they take place from other kinds of evidence.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.87 Identify the properties of rocks and minerals based on the physical and chemical conditions in which they are formed, including plate tectonic processes.

Weathering and Erosion Type: Unit Plan

Objective 12.11.87 Identify the properties of rocks and minerals based on the physical and chemical conditions in which they are formed, including plate tectonic processes. Water

Objective 12.11.100 Understand that a water table marks the top of the zone of saturation of subsurface materials.

Objective 12.11.101 Understand at which places in a river or stream one is likely to find a build up of sediment. Understand why sediments of certain sizes build up in different locations in a stream and how this can alter its course over time. Understand how these processes can, over the course of time, change the location of rivers and streams (e.g., meanders).

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|--|--|---|
| Could you make a sedimentary rock? Can water move mountains? Where does soil (dirt) come from? | IOD.16-19.4 Determine how the value of one variable changes as the value of another variable changes in a simple data presentation SI.16-19.1 Understand the methods and tools used in a simple experiment IOD.20-23.3 Translate information into a table, graph, or diagram | Distinguish between weathering and erosion. Sequence the formation of sedimentary rocks. Expain the formation and classification of clastic sediments. Describe features of sedimentary rocks. Describe the types of clastic sedimentary rocks. Explain how chemical sedimentary rocks form. Describe organic sedimentary rocks. Recognize the importance of sedimentary rocks. Identify variables that affect the rate of weathering. Analyze the impact of living and nonliving processes of weathering and erosion. |
| ILS | | Describe the relationship of gravity to all agents of erosion. |
| See above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

Weathering and Erosion

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Weathering and Erosion | Prepare | Formative |
| ·identification of sedimentary rocks | 7. Describe the potential environmental impact of their | ✓ Summative |
| ·identifying signs of mechanical and chemical weathering ·soil formation and texture | experiment 4. Formulate a scientific hypothesis | ▼ Multiple Choice |
| -soil conservation | 4. Formulate a scientific hypothesis | Portfolio |
| streams and rivers as agents of change. | Conduct | ✓ Project |
| ·glaciers as agents of change | 4 . Clean up their lab area when finished without specifically being asked by the teacher. | |
| wind as an agent of change | Analysis | Reflective Essay |
| | Create a graphical representation of the data they collected. | Short Answer |
| | collected 2 . Determine whether the data collected in their | Constructed Response |
| | experiment support or refute their hypothesis | Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| | | ▼ Essay |
| | | ☑ Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | Multiple Choice |
| | | ✓ Observation Checklist |
| | | ▼ Performance Assessment |
| | | ▼ Performance Task |
| | | ▼ Portfolio |
| | | ▼ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |

Weathering and Erosion Type: Unit Plan

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | ☐ Structured Interview ☐ Textbook/Workbook Problems ☐ True/False Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|---|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier Clipboard with student record matrix | Sediment Clastic Deposition Lithification Cementation Bedding Graded bedding Cross-bedding Clastic sedimentary rock Porosity Evaporite Weathering Erosion Mechanical Weathering Frost Wedging Exfoliation Chemical Weathering Hydrolysis Oxidation Meander Stream Bank Stream Channel |

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes Type: Unit Plan

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 4-4 to 5-13 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|
| This unit will cover the final puzzle piece of the rock cycle, metamorphic rocks. We will discuss how metamorphic rocks are formed. We will review the rock cycle to provide evidence that Earth is a dynamic planet, constantly evolving and changing through processes like plate tectonics. | Earth and Space Science | 24 days |
| Understanding the theory of plate tectonics is important because interactions between the enormous slabs of Earth's crust and rigid upper mantle result in the formation of many of Earth's surface features, including volcanoes and some mountain ranges. Many earthquakes are also caused by plate movements. | | |
| Earthquakes are natural phenomena that can cause vast amounts of damage as well as many deaths. Understanding what causes earthquakes is essential to our being prepared for these natural disasters. | | |

Standards

IL_Assessment_Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12E Know and apply concepts that describe the features and processes of the Earth and its resources.

The Earth's Dynamic Processes

Objective 12.11.86 Identify the various features of the ocean floor which furnish evidence for plate tectonics: magnetic patterns, age, and topographical features.

Objective 12.11.87 Identify the properties of rocks and minerals based on the physical and chemical conditions in which they are formed, including plate tectonic processes.

Type: Unit Plan

Objective 12.11.88 Understand why earthquakes occur and how scales are used to measure their intensity and magnitude, specifically the Richter and Mercalli scales.

| Essential Question Could I ever see the earth change a rock change into a different kind of rock? What is the cause and effect of earthquakes? Will Earth always look like it does today? | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives SI.20-23.2 Understand a simple experimental SI.20-23.3 Identify a control in an experiment | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings SWBAT compare and contrast the different types and causes of metamorphism with 80% mastery. understand how rocks continuously change from one type to another with 80% mastery. describe how the earth's plates interact at plate boundaries. summarize how convection in the mantle is related to the movement of tectonic plates with 80% mastery. compare and contrast earthquake magnitude and intensity and the scales used to measure each with 80% mastery. summarize the evidence that led to the discovery of |
|--|---|--|
| | | summarize the evidence that led to the discovery of seafloor spreading with 80% mastery. |
| | | explain the theory of plate tectonics with 80% mastery. |
| ILS See above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| What causes earthquakes and how they affect Earth's surface. | 1 Summarize how they conducted the experiment | ▼ Formative |
| How earthquakes and the destruction they cause are measured. | Summarize the findings or results of the laboratory experiment and what they learned from conducting it Describe how the results of their laboratory experiment | ✓ Summative ✓ Multiple Choice |
| What kind of evidence led to the acceptance that the | relate to something they already knew | ✓ Portfolio |

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes

Type: Unit Plan

| seafloor and continents move. | | ✓ Project |
|--|-----------|---|
| How Earth's tectonic plate interact. | | Reflective Essay |
| What causes tectonic plates to move. | | ✓ Short Answer |
| How metamorphic rocks form. | | Constructed Response |
| | | ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition |
| How rocks continuously change from one type to another in the rock cycle. | | ☑ Essay |
| | | Fill in the Blank |
| | | ✓ Graphic Organizer |
| | | ✓ Journal and Learning Logs |
| | | ✓ Learning Contract |
| | | ✓ Matching |
| | | ☐ Multiple Choice |
| | | Observation Checklist |
| | | ✓ Performance Assessment |
| | | Performance Task |
| | | Portfolio |
| | | ☑ Quiz |
| | | ▼ Rubric |
| | | Self Evaluation |
| | | Structured Interview |
| | | ▼ Textbook/Workbook Problems |
| | | ▼ True/False |
| Instructional Strategies | Materials | Critical Vocabulary |
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2"Think-pair-shareAsk "follow ups"Withhold judgementAsk for summarySurvey the classAllow for student | Projector | Metamorphic rock Regional metamorphism |

Plate Tectonics and Earthquakes

Type: Unit Plan

summarySurvey the classAllow for student callingPlay devil's advocateAsk students to "unpack their thinking"Cold Call100%Cue student responsesPositive framingNo opt out

 Per IEPs: Scribe notes, allow choice to respond, read any written instructions, sequence instructions, give additional examples, ask student to summarize to check for understanding, continue to check for on task behavior through proximity, redirection and offering additional help. Tomes

Screen

Bellringer sheets, pictures

Computer paper

Printer/Copier

Clipboard with student record matrix

Foliated

Nonfoliated

Magnetometer

Paleomagnetism

Magnetic reversal

Isochron

Seafloor spreading

Theory of plate tectonics

Divergent boundary

Convergent boundary

Transform boundary

Fault

Primary wave

Secondary wave

Surface wave

focus epicenter

Seismometer

Magnitude

Richter scale

Modified Mercalli scale

Astronomy

| Unit Dates: | Class: | Sections: |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| 5-16 to 6-3 | Environmental and Earth Space Science | 001 |
| Teachers: | | |
| | | |

| Unit Description | Course | Length of Unit |
|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| We will also discuss the properties of our galaxy and the objects within our galaxy, like stars, black holes, planets, and comets. | Earth and Space Science | 14 days |
| The motions of the sun-Earth-Moon system affect Earth physically, as well as play an important role in our timekeeping system. | | |
| The sun is vital to life on Earth. To understand the sun, which is a star, it is necessary to understand how all stars function and evolve. Stars are also the building blocks of our galaxy and the source of most elements in the universe. | | |
| The study of galaxies and the structure of the universe helps scientists to better understand the origin of our solar system as well as Earth's origin. | | |

Standards

IL Assessment Framework - Science (2004) - Grade 11

State Goal 12 Understand the fundamental concepts, principles and interconnections of the life, physical and earth/space sciences.

Standard 12F Know and apply concepts that explain the composition and structure of the universe and Earth's place in it.

Objective 12.11.102 Understand and describe the physical characteristics of galaxies and the objects within galaxies (e.g., stars, pulsars, black holes, planets, comets, asteroids). Describe physical characteristics of the sun (e.g., corona, prominences, sunspots, solar flares), and know that solar events can cause phenomena such as auroras.

Objective 12.11.103 Analyze the life cycles of stars, and compare stars of different masses.

Objective 12.11.104 Know the theory that over 10 billion years ago the universe began in a huge expansion called the Big Bang. Understand that in this event, all matter, energy, space, and time were created as the universe expanded from a single point. Understand that one piece of evidence for this theory is the 3K background radiation.

Objective 12.11.105 Understand the Doppler effect with respect to light (red and blue shifts) and sound (e.g., the sound of an approaching train's whistle vs. the sound of the whistle moving away). Understand that astronomers use the Doppler shift to estimate the distance of objects millions and billions of light-years away.

Objective 12.11.106 Understand the effects of gravity within the solar system. Understand that the tides are caused by the gravitational interaction among the earth, moon, and sun.

| Essential Question | College Readiness Standard - Mastery Objectives | Unit Objectives/Enduring Understandings |
|---|--|---|
| Why does it seem to me that the moon changes shape and color on different days of the year? Will our sun ever die? When do scientists say that our universe began? Are we alone in the universe? | SI.20-23.2 Understand a simple experimental SI.20-23.3 Identify a control in an experiment | SWBAT Identify the relative positions and motions of Earth, the Sun, and the Moon with 80% mastery. Describe the phases of the moon with 80% mastery. Explain the eclipses of the moon with 80% mastery. |
| | | understand and describe the physical characteristics of galaxies and the objects within galaxies (e.g., stars, pulsars, black holes, planets, comets, asteroids) with 80% mastery. describe how the sun will change during its lifetime and how it will end up with 80% mastery. |
| | | compare the evolutions of stars of different masses with 80% mastery. |
| | | Explain the different theories about the formation of the universe with 80% mastery. |
| ILS | | |
| See above | | |

Content, Skills, Assessment

| Content | Skills and Integrated Skills | Assessment II |
|--|---|--|
| What you'll learn: - how to analyze the motions of the Sun, Earth, and the Moon What properties are used to observe and measure stars How stars change during their lives and what is left when they die What astronomers know about the origin and history of the universe. | Analyze 3. Identify questions raised by the experiment that may require further investigation 4. Describe sources of error present in their experiment Communicate 4. Write a complete lab report | Formative ✓ Summative Multiple Choice ✓ Portfolio ✓ Project ✓ Reflective Essay Short Answer Constructed Response ✓ Creative Performance or Exhibition Essay ✓ Fill in the Blank ✓ Graphic Organizer ✓ Journal and Learning Logs ✓ Learning Contract Matching Multiple Choice ✓ Observation Checklist ✓ Performance Assessment ✓ Performance Task Portfolio ✓ Quiz ✓ Rubric ✓ Self Evaluation |

| Instructional Strategies | Materials | ☐ Structured Interview ✓ Textbook/Workbook Problems ✓ True/False Critical Vocabulary |
|---|---|--|
| Remember "wait time 1 & 2" Think-pair-share Ask "follow ups" Withhold judgement Ask for summary Survey the class Allow for student calling Play devil's advocate Ask students to "unpack their thinking" Cold Call 100% Cue student responses Positive framing No opt out | Projector Tomes Screen Bellringer sheets, pictures Computer paper Printer/Copier Clipboard with student record matrix | Ecliptic Summer solstice Winter solstice Autumnal equinox Vernal equinox Synchronous rotation Solar eclipse lunar eclipse Tide Nebula Protostar Neutron star supernova Black hole Cosmology Big Bang theory Cosmic background radiation Inflationary universe Doppler Effect |

Jesse White College Prep Social Studies Scope and Sequence/Curriculum Map

| Quarter | 9th: Geography and Illinois | 10 th :World History | 11th: AP U.S. History | 12 th : AP Government |
|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | Studies | | | |
| | REVIEW AND ADD BASIC GEOGRAPHIC TERMS Geography skills Types of governments and economic systems UNITED STATES AND CANADA Political and physical map Regions and resources NAFTA MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, CARIBBEAN ISLANDS Political and physical map Cultural regions and resources NAFTA SOUTH AMERICA Political and physical map Cultural regions and resources EUROPE Political and physical map Cultural regions, role of the European Union CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | REVIEW EARLY CIVILIZATION THROUGH 1750 • Geography; • Timeline • Major civilizations • Major religions MUSLIM EMPIRES • Ottoman • Safavid • Mughal ASIAN EMPIRES • Qing/Ming Empires • Feudal Japan ENLIGHTENMENT THROUGH AMERICAN REVOLUTION • Philosophers • Despots • Influence on American colonist FRENCH REVOLUTION AND NAPOLEON • Reform, Conflict, and Terror • Napoleon • Congress of Vienna | EARLY COLONIAL HISTORY, 1492-1650 • Spanish, French, English, & Dutch exploration (Jamestown, Plymouth) • Native Americans AMERICA AND THE BRITISH EMPIRE, 1650-1754 • Mercantilism and growth of Slavery • Social structure, culture, "new" immigrants REVOLUTION, 1754-1783 • Anglo-French rivalries (French and Indian War) • Stamp Act, Boston Tea Party, Declaration of Independence • War—French alliance, Loyalists, economy • Articles of Confederation, creating state governments CONSTITUTION AND THE NEW REPUBLIC, 1776-1800 • Federalists v. Anti-federalists, Bill of Rights • Washington as President • John Adams as President • Joh | CONSTITUTIONAL UNDERPINNINGS OF US GOVERNMENT • Considerations in formulation of US Constitution • Separation of Powers • Federalism • Theories of democratic government |

| NORTHERN EURASIA Political and physical map Communism and the demise of the Soviet Union Social and economic effects of the fall of the USSR MIDDLE EAST Political and physical map Roots and status of Middle Eastern Conflict AFRICA Political and physical map Roots and status of African ethnic conflict Economic and social problems in Africa SOUTH ASIA Political and physical map Culture and current conflict in region EAST AND SOUTHEAST ASIA Political and physical map Cultural regions, economic relationship with United States AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, AND PACIFIC ISLANDS Political and physical map Culture and resources CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | NATIONALIST REVOLUTION SWEEPS WEST Latin America Changes in Europe INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION Beginnings Effects on cities Worldwide impact REFORM, ACTIVISM, AND PROGRESS Self rule for British colonies New technology Advances in science and medicine AGE OF IMPERIALISM European imperialist Decline of Ottoman Empire British in India Japanese and Chinese imperialism | urbanization • Westward expansion (squatters, removal of Native Americans) AGE OF JACKSON, 1828-1848 • 2 party system (Democrats v. Whigs) • Nullification Crisis, Bank Crisis • Martin Van Buren and the Panic of 1837 TERRITORIAL EXPANSION AND SECTIONAL CRISIS • Manifest Destiny and Mexican War, Wilmot Proviso CREATING AN AMERICAN CULTURE • Education, nationalism, religion, reform crusades THE 1858s, DECADE OF CRISIS • Compromise of 1850, Fugitive Slave Act • KS-NE Act, Lincoln-Douglas Debates CIVIL WAR • Assets of each side • Foreign affairs and diplomacy • Abolition of slavery RECONSTRUCTION THROUGH 1877 • Presidential plans (Lincoln and Johnson) • Congressional plans (radical) • Compromise of 1877 and end of Reconstruction NEW SOUTH AND THE LAST WEST • Politics in the "New South" • Western railroad, mining bonanza INDUSTRIALIZATION AND CORPORATIONS • Industrial growth (railroads, oil, coal, iron, steel, electricity, banks) • Laissez-faire conservatism • Social Darwinism • Union movement URBAN SOCIETY • Lure of the city, problems in the city, and social reforms INTELLECTUAL AND CULTURAL MOVEMENTS • education and mass culture NATIONAL POLITICS, THE GILDED AGE • Conservative presidency (trusts, RR regulation, tariff controversy) | POLITICAL BELIEFS AND BEHAVIORS • Citizens' beliefs about government and their leaders • Processes by which citizens learn about politics • Nature, sources, and consequences of public opinion • Ways in which citizens vote and otherwise participate in political life • Factors that influences citizens to differ from one another in political beliefs and behaviors POLITICAL PARTIES, INTEREST GROUPS, AND MASS MEDIA • Political parties and elections: functions, organization, development, effects on the political process, electoral laws and systems • Interest groups, including PACs: range of interests represented, activities of interest groups, effects of interest groups on political process, characteristics and roles of PACs in political process • Mass media: functions and structures of media, impacts of media on politics |
|---|---|---|--|
|---|---|---|--|

| 3 | ILLINOIS—THE PLACE • Physical Geography: location, regions, resources, climates • Cultural Geography: demographics, writers, artists, musicians, athletes HISTORY • Pre-Columbian • Exploration and settlement • Territorial growth • Statehood • Civil War and Reconstruction • World Wars and Great Depression • Civil Rights Movement CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | THE GREAT WAR • Causes • Political and social impact on the world REVOLUTION AND NAITONALISM • Revolution in Russia • Collapse of Chinese imperial rule • Nationalism in India and Southwest Asia YEARS OF CRISIS • Post WW I trends • Great Depression • Rise of Fascism WORLD WAR II • Causes and consequences • Holocaust | Populism, silver question FOREIGN POLICY, 1865 THROUGH 1914 Imperialism in Latin America (Spanish American War) Far East (Open Door Policy) Taft—dollar diplomacy; Wilson—moral diplomacy PROGRESSIVE ERA Muckrakers Black America (Washington, DuBois, Garvey) Roosevelt's Square Deal and Wilson's New Freedom THE GREAT WAR Neutrality mobilization Wilson's 14 Points, Treaty of Versailles, problem of ratification NEW ERA—THE ROARING '20s Economic development THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW DEAL Wall Street Crash FDR's 100 Days racial issues (Mexican deportation) DIPLOMACY IN THE 1930s Good Neighbor Policy Aggressors: Japan, Germany, Italy Appeasement, Lend-Lease Act, Atlantic Charter THE SECOND WORLD WAR Mobilizing production, propaganda, internment of Japanese-Americans D-Day (War in Europe) War in Pacific—Hiroshima and Nagasaki Wartime conferences—Teheran, Yalta, Potsdam Postwar atmosphere—the UN TRUMAN AND THE COLD WAR Containment—Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, Berlin Crisis, NATO Revolution in China Korean War (MacArthur v. Truman) EISENHOWER AND MODERN REPUBLICANISM McCarthyism Brown v. Board of Education America's homogenized society Space Race KENNEDY'S NEW FRONTIER & JOHNSON'S GREAT | INSTITUTIONS OF NATIONAL GOVERNMENT: CONGRESS, PRESIDENCY, BUREAUCRACY, AND FEDERAL COURTS • Major formal and informal institutional arrangements of power • Relationships among these four institutions, and varying balances of power • Linkages between institutions and the following: public opinion and voters, interest groups, political parties, the media, sub-national governments PUBLIC POLICY • Policy making in a federal system • Formation of policy agendas • Role of institutions in the enactment of policy • Role of bureaucracy and the courts in policy implementation and interpretation • Linkages between policy processes and the following: political institutions and federalism, political parties, interest groups, public opinion, elections, policy networks |
|---|---|--|---|--|
|---|---|--|---|--|

| | | | New domestic programs (tax cut, war on poverty, affirmative action) Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (African Americans) The New Left and the Counterculture Supreme Court and the Miranda v. Arizona decision Bay of Pigs, Cuban Missile Crisis Vietnam (Gulf of Tonkin) NIXON Vietnam—escalation and pull-out China—restoring relations USSR—détente Supreme Court—Roe v. Wade Watergate crisis and Nixon's resignation | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | GOVERNMENT • Illinois Constitution • Structure and functions of state government • Organization of county government • Functions of city government • Judicial system MODERN ILLINOIS • Education • Economy • Politics • Culture CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | RESTRUCTURING POSTWAR WORLD • U.S, and Soviet split • China, Korea, and Vietnam • Thaw in Cold War COLONIES BECOME NATIONS • India • Southeast Asia and Africa • Middle East conflict STRUGGLE FOR DEMOCRACY • Latin America • Nigeria and South Africa • Collapse of Soviet Union | THE US SINCE 1974 The New Right and the conservative social agenda Ford and Rockefeller Carter (energy, inflation, Camp David Accords, Iran hostage crisis) Reagan (tax cuts, deficits, defense buildup, Iran-Contra Affair) Immigration (Asian and Hispanic) Role of African Americans in local, state, and national politics AP US HISTORY EXAM | CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES • The development of civil liberties and civil rights by judicial interpretation • Knowledge of substantive rights and liberties • Impact of the 14th Amendment on the constitutional development of rights and liberties |

9th GRADE: GEOGRAPHY and ILLINOIS STUDIES

| | First Unit - Recommended for 1st Quarter | 9th Grade: Geography |
|--|--|----------------------|
| | | and Illinois Studies |

- 1. Why are places divided into regions?
- 2. How does geography impact a countries economy and culture?
- 3. In what ways does our understanding of a place impact our perception of that place?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|---|--|---|
| REVIEW AND ADD BASIC GEOGRAPHIC TERMS Geography skills Types of governments and economic systems UNITED STATES AND CANADA Political and physical map Regions and resources NAFTA MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, CARIBBEAN ISLANDS Political and physical map Cultural regions and resources NAFTA SOUTH AMERICA Political and physical map Cultural regions and resources EUROPE Political and physical map Cultural regions, role of the European Union CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | Timelines Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Graphic organizers K-W-L Chart Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Classroom Forums | Interim Assessments Narrative Writing Rubrics Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation |

9th Grade: Geography and

Illinois Studies

| Essential Questions: | <u>, </u> | <u> </u> | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. Why is there conflict in Middle East? | | | | | | |
| 2. Why is Africa underdev | 2. Why is Africa underdeveloped? | | | | | |
| , | ountries politically and economically more | advance that other Asian countries? | | | | |
| 5. Willy are some Asian co | builties politically and economically more | advance that other Asian countries: | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures | | | |
| NORTHERN EURASIA | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or | 3D project: Create a three dimensional sculpture of a | Interim Assessments | | | |
| Political and physical map | information of a primary or secondary source; | historical scene for example the fall of the Berlin wall made | Extended Writing Projects | | | |
| Communism and the demise of the Soviet Union | provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. | out of popsicle sticks | • • | | | |
| Social and economic effects of the fall | 1 | Murals with presentations | Research Writing Rubrics | | | |
| of the USSR | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events | Research paper on the roots of Middle East Conflict | Ongoing Writing Portfolios | | | |
| MIDDLE EAST | caused later ones or simply preceded them. | (internal citations, min. 3 sources, works cited) with multi- media presentation | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, | | | |
| Political and physical map Roots and status of Middle Eastern | RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and | · | Tests | | | |
| Conflict | phrases as they are used in a text, including | Map Project (authentic representation - to scale- of geographical locations of significant historical event) | Participation | | | |
| AFRICA | vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. | | ' | | | |
| Political and physical map Roots and status of African ethnic | RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning | Compare/Contrast Essay of two political or economic systems in Europe or Asia | Oral Presentations using multi- media | | | |
| conflict | and evidence in a text support the author's claims. | Biography of an "Ordinary Citizen" in a selected country or | | | | |
| Economic and social problems in Africa | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the | geographical location | Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) | | | |
| SOUTH ASIA | same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an | Independent Reading with logs or journals | tasks with authentic audiences) | | | |
| Political and physical map Culture and current conflict in region | analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid | Anticipation Guides | | | | |
| EAST AND SOUTHEAST ASIA | reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. | • | | | | |
| Political and physical map | W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to | K-W-L Chart | | | | |
| Cultural regions, economic relationship | examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the | Simulations | | | | |
| with United States AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, AND | effective selection, organization, and analysis of | Personal Ads | | | | |
| PACIFIC ISLANDS | content. | Image Writing | | | | |
| Political and physical map | W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared | Video Essay | | | | |
| Culture and resources Chapter Electrical Flags Chapter Chapter | writing products, taking advantage of technology's | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | | | | |
| CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | capacity to link to other information and to display | Wikis and Blogs | | | | |
| THROUGHOUT | information flexibly and dynamically. | Classroom Forums | | | | |
| | W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a | Classiconi Forums | | | | |
| | self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow | | | | | |
| | or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize | | | | | |
| | multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating | | | | | |
| | understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple | | | | | |
| | authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced | | | | | |
| | searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each | | | | | |

Second Unit - Recommended for 2nd Quarter

| source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |
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9th Grade: Geography and

Illinois Studies

| | | | ois Studies |
|--|---|--|--|
| | ohy of Illinois impacted its history? of statehood for the people of Illinois? hange overtime? | | |
| Content and Concept | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| ILLINOIS—THE PLACE • Physical Geography: location, regions, resources, climates • Cultural Geography: demographics, writers, artists, musicians, athletes HISTORY • Pre-Columbian • Exploration and settlement • Territorial growth • Statehood • Civil War and Reconstruction • World Wars and Great Depression • Civil Rights Movement CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.7. Integrate quantitative or technical analysis (e.g., charts, research data) with qualitative analysis in print or digital text. RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to | Text Message Simulated Correspondence in conjunction with an Explorer and his family back home Image Journal in conjunction with The Secret Lives of Bee Students trace the history of their choices and challenges through a photo gallery representation Persuasive Multi-genre paper that discusses the challenges and choices inherent in wars Field Trip to a unique environment that introduces the students to a new world Creative Language Presentation (presentation in sign language, foreign language, mime, coded language, movement, song, etc) Whose Line is it Anyway Production: Student groups create a historical scene, teacher freezes the moment, other students are chosen to recreate the scene by moving the frozen characters, then the students continue to improvise the scene (teatro) P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | Persuasive Writing Rubrics Direct Vocabulary Instruction Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Ongoing Writing Portfolios Interim Assessments Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Interim Assessments Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

Third Unit - Recommended for 3rd Quarter

| flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | |
|--|--|
| | |

9th Grade: Geography

| | go's development shaped by major events and change', political events, and trends shape Illinois' history? | ? | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/ Measures |
| GOVERNMENT • Illinois Constitution • Structure and functions of state government • Organization of county government • Functions of city government • Judicial system MODERN ILLINOIS • Education • Economy • Politics • Culture CURRENT EVENTS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the | Authentic Task: Create a newspaper dated 1971, the year when the present Illinois constitution was written. Include all contents of Newspaper Speech using persuasive techniques Poetry Video Essay: Students choose five different types of poetry that represents their community; combine them, read them, and create a video that shows images of them with symbols of their community in the future Advertisement for a unique product line that would improve the educational system in Illinois (create an authentic audience by having a student-wide contest) Letter to the Editor with cooperation of local editing staff Scenario Scavenger Hunt: Teacher provides students with a list of scenarios with the purpose of students choosing the best mode of communication for response. When the student uses the correct mode of communication, the next prompt is given. Once the student has achieved all prompts they receive a reward. P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | Nonfiction Writing Rubrics Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Ongoing Writing Portfolios Interim Assessments Products (personal dictionary, interactive notebook, journals, etc.) Participation Oral Presentations using multi-media Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentiaudiences) Interim Assessments Unit Requirements: 1 Authentic Assessment Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation |

Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter

10th GRADE: WORLD HISTORY

| First Unit - Recommended for 1st Quarter | 10th Grade: World History |
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| | |

- 1. What is civilization and why is it important?
- 2. What do lasting empires have in common?
- 3. How to the accomplishments of one culture help foster the growth of another?
- 4. How did the American and/or French Revolutions reflect Enlightenment ideas?

| Content and Concept | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|--|---|--|
| REVIEW EARLY CIVILIZATION | RH.9-10.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue | Interim Assessments |
| THROUGH 1750 • Geography; | and secondary sources, attending to such features as the date and origin of the information. | Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to | Narrative Writing Rubrics |
| • Timeline | | create a realistic narrative dialogue | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Major civilizations | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that | |
| • Major religions MUSLIM EMPIRES | ideas develop over the course of the text. | encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests |
| • Ottoman | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; | activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life | |
| • Safavid | determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded | views, etc.) | Participation |
| • Mughal | them. | Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side portrays who you are and | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| ASIAN EMPIRES • Qing/Ming Empires | RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used | who you want to be | media |
| Feudal Japan | in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social science. | Timelines, family trees, autobiographies | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| ENLIGHTENMENT THROUGH AMERICAN REVOLUTION | RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how | Role playing, acting out historical events, | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| • Philosophers | they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their respective accounts. | rewrite dialogue | |
| • Despots | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | |
| Influence on American colonist FRENCH REVOLUTION AND | primary and secondary sources. | D.O.L (quote journals) | |
| NAPOLEON | W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Unit Requirements: |
| • Reform, Conflict, and Terror | sufficient evidence. | Anticipation Guides | • |
| NapoleonCongress of Vienna | W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey | K-W-L Chart | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| Congress of Vienna | complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. | Simulations | 1 Oral Presentation |
| | W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, | Personal Ads | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| | and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of | | than print |
| | technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. | Image Writing | |
| | W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to | Video Essay | |
| | answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| | multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the | Wikis and Blogs | |
| | subject under investigation. W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print | Classroom Forums | |
| | and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the | | |
| | usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate | | |
| | information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. | | |

Second Unit - Recommended for 2nd Quarter 10th Grade: World History

- 1. What were some of the effects of the Industrial Revolution?
- 2. Why might growing Nationalism have posed a threat to rulers of large territories?
- 3. What might be some effects of Imperialism?

| Content and Concept Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|--|---|
| NATIONALIST REVOLUTION SWEEPS WEST Latin America Changes in Europe INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION Beginnings Effects on cities Worldwide impact REFORM, ACTIVISM, AND PROGRESS Self rule for British colonies New technology Advances in science and medicine British in India European imperialist Decline of Ottoman Empire British in India Japanese and Chinese imperialism Hy-910.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text primary and secondary sources. Wy-910.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantit topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence wy-9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. Wy-910.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, an update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. Wy-910.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a proble narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under information into the text selectively; assess the usefuness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoidiplagiarism and following a standard format for citation; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoidiplagiarism and following a standard format for citation; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoidiplagiarism and following a standard format for citation; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoidiplagiarism and following a standard format for citation; integrate information into the text selectiv | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your personality and through multi-media presentation and explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side portrays who you are and what historical figure you want to be Timelines, family trees, biographies Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write dialogue P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs | Interim Assessments Writing Rubrics Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Write autobiography (photo, eportfolio, paper) Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 1 21st Century Skills Activity 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

10th Grade: World History

| Essential Questions: | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1. Is fighting or war ever necessary? What is the nature of conflict? | | | | | |
| 2. How can violence be avoided (if it can)? | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 3. How can we lear | in now to operate within and with conflict: | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Texts/Resources | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures | | |
| THE GREAT WAR | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary | Debate Issue: Was the use of the | Persuasive Writing Rubrics | | |
| • Causes | source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. | atomic bomb necessary? | Direct Vocabulary Instruction | | |
| Political and social impact on the world | | Role playing, acting out historical | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, | | |
| REVOLUTION AND | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine | scenes, write dialogue | Tests | | |
| NAITONALISM | whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | | | |
| Revolution in RussiaCollapse of Chinese imperial | including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of | D.O.L (quote journals) | Ongoing Writing Portfolios | | |
| rule | history/social science. | Independent Reading with logs or | Interim Assessments | | |
| Nationalism in India and | RH.9-10.5. Analyze how a text uses structure to emphasize key points or advance an | journals | Write autobiography (photo, | | |
| Southwest Asia YEARS OF CRISIS | explanation or analysis. | Anticipation Guides | eportfolio, paper | | |
| • Post WW I trends | RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat | K-W-L Chart | Participation | | |
| Great Depression | the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in | Simulations | Oral Presentations using multi- | | |
| • Rise of Fascism | their respective accounts. | Personal Ads | media | | |
| • Causes and consequences | RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. | Image Writing | Publishing (web pages, authentic | | |
| • Holocaust | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary | Video Essay | tasks with authentic audiences) | | |
| | and secondary sources. | Question/Answer Relationships | Interim Assessments | | |
| | RH.9-10.10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies texts in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. | (Blooms Taxonomy) | Interim Assessments | | |
| | W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or | Wikis and Blogs | | | |
| | texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. | Classroom Forums | Unit Requirements: | | |
| | W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to | | 1 Long Writing Piece | | |
| | link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically. | | | | |
| | W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a | | 1 Oral Presentation | | |
| | question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, | | 1 21 st Century Skills Activity | | |
| | demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. | | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other | | |
| | W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source | | than print | | |
| | in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to | | | | |
| | maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for | | | | |
| | citation. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
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Third Unit - Recommended for 3rd Quarter

| | 10th Grade: World History |
|--|---------------------------|
|--|---------------------------|

- What kinds of problems have South American countries experienced in the 20th century?
 What challenges face newly independent countries in Africa?
 What conditions led to conflict in the Middle East?

| Texts/Resources | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|---|--|--|
| RESTRUCTURING | RH.9-10.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue | Nonfiction Writing Rubrics |
| • U.S, and Soviet split • China, Korea, and Vietnam | source; provide an accurate summary of how key events or ideas develop over the course of the text. | Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests |
| • Thaw in Cold War | RH.9-10.3. Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them. | realistic narrative dialogue | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| COLONIES BECOME NATIONS | RH.9-10.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including vocabulary describing political, social, or economic aspects of history/social | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all | Interim Assessments |
| India Southeast Asia and Africa Middle East conflict | science. RH.9-10.6. Compare the point of view of two or more authors for how they treat the same or similar topics, including which details they include and emphasize in their | aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) | Products (personal dictionary, interactive notebook, journals, etc.) |
| STRUGGLE FOR DEMOCRACY | respective accounts. | Timelines, family trees, | Participation |
| Latin America | RH.9-10.8. Assess the extent to which the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author's claims. | biographies | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| Nigeria and South Africa Collapse of Soviet Union | RH.9-10.9. Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and | Role playing, acting out historical events, write dialogue | media |
| | secondary sources. RH.9-10.10. By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend history/social studies texts | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) |
| | in the grades 9–10 text complexity band independently and proficiently. W.9-10.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or | D.O.L (quote journals) | Interim Assessments |
| | texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence. W.9-10.2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Unit Requirements: |
| | concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. | Literature circles | 1 Authentic Assessment Writing Piece |
| | W.9-10.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products, taking advantage of technology's capacity to link to other information and to display information flexibly and dynamically | Anticipation Guides | 1 Oral Presentation |
| | | K-W-L Chart | |
| | W.9-10.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a | Simulations | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |
| | question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating | Personal Ads | |
| | understanding of the subject under investigation. | Image Writing | |
| | W.9-10.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital | Video Essay | |
| | sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| | citation. | Wikis and Blogs | |
| | | Classroom Forums | |
| | | | |

11th GRADE: AP U.S. HISTORY

| | First Unit - Recommended for | or 1 st Quarter | 11 th Grade: AP U.S. History | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| How were the tensions between Analyze the relative important | Essential Questions: 1. How did religion, trade, and politics in the colonies affect relations with Great Britain? 2. How were the tensions between the Hamiltonians and the Jeffersonians manifested politically, economically, and diplomatically? 3. Analyze the relative importance of economic, political, and social factors in the sectional tensions of the period. | | | | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures | | |
| • Spanish, French, English, & Dutch exploration (Jamestown, Plymouth) • Native Americans • Merica AND THE BRITISH EMPIRE, 1650-1754 • Mercantilism and growth of Slavery • Social structure, culture, "new" immigrants REVOLUTION, 1754-1783 • Anglo-French rivalries (French and Indian War) • Stamp Act, Boston Tea Party, Declaration of Independence • War—French alliance, Loyalists, economy • Articles of Confederation, creating state governments CONSTITUTION AND THE NEW REPUBLIC, 1776-1800 • Federalists v. Anti-federalists, Bill of Rights | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your personality and through multi-media presentation and explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side portrays who you are and what historical figure you want to be Timelines, family trees, biographies Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write dialogue | Interim Assessments Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Participation Oral Presentations using multimedia Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) | | |
| Washington as President John Adams as President, XYZ Affair, Alien and Sedition Acts AGE OF JEFFERSON, 1800-1816 LA Purchase Madison War of 1812 (causes, Treaty of Ghent, New Orleans) NATIONALISM AND ECONOMIC EXPANSION Era of Good Feelings, Panic of 1819 Settlement of West, MO Compromise Foreign Affairs (Monroe Doctrine) Economic Revolution (expansion of business, cotton in South) SECTIONALISM Southern society, culture, economy, politics Northern industry, labor, urbanization Westward expansion (squatters, removal of Native Americans) AGE OF JACKSON, 1828-1848 2 party system (Democrats v. Whigs) | meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole. RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information. RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. | P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Literature circles Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print | | |

- Nullification Crisis, Bank Crisis
- Martin Van Buren and the Panic of 1837

TERRITORIAL EXPANSION AND SECTIONAL CRISIS

• Manifest Destiny and Mexican War, Wilmot Proviso

CREATING AN AMERICAN CULTURE

- Education, nationalism, religion, reform crusades THE 1858s, DECADE OF CRISIS
- Compromise of 1850, Fugitive Slave Act
- KS-NE Act, Lincoln-Douglas Debates

WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience.

WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information.

WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.

WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.

WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| | Second Unit - Re | commended for 2nd Quarter | 11 th Grade: AP U.S. History |
|---|---|---|---|
| Essential Questions: | I | | IIISCOI y |
| | | | |
| In what ways and to what ex | tent did the Civil War transform the e | conomy, society, and politics of the United States | s? |
| What efforts were made to d | eal with the problems of urbanization | during the Gilded Age and how successful were | those efforts? |
| | • | of government in American society change during | |
| 3. In what ways did the social, | ponticul, and coorientic involvement | or government in 7 the heart boolety orlange during | The Progressive era: |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| CIVIL WAR | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your | Interim Assessments |
| Assets of each side | support analysis of primary and secondary | personality and through multi-media presentation and | Response to literature Essay |
| Foreign affairs and diplomacy | sources, connecting insights gained from | explain how that character would've responded in certain | Rubrics |
| Abolition of slavery RECONSTRUCTION THROUGH 1877 | specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. | situations. | |
| • Presidential plans (Lincoln and Johnson) | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Congressional plans (radical) | information of a primary or secondary source; | conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| • Compromise of 1877 and end of | provide an accurate summary that makes clear | (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue | Tests |
| Reconstruction | the relationships among the key details and | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that encompasses | NA/other contacts to a contact to the attention |
| NEW SOUTH AND THE LAST WEST | ideas. | all aspects of a culture (food, activities, behaviorisms, | Write autobiography (photo, eportfolio, paper) |
| • Politics in the "New South" | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for | family, money, life views, etc.) | eportiono, paper) |
| Western railroad, mining bonanza NEW AND AND | actions or events and determine which | Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one side | Participation |
| INDUSTRIALIZATION AND CORPORATIONS | explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters | portrays who you are and what historical figure you want | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| • Industrial growth (railroads, oil, coal, iron, | uncertain. | to be | media |
| steel, electricity, banks) | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words | Timelines, family trees, biographies | |
| • Laissez-faire conservatism | and phrases as they are used in a text, | Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| Social Darwinism | including analyzing how an author uses and | dialogue | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| Union movement | refines the meaning of a key term over the | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | |
| URBAN SOCIETY | course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines | , | Unit Requirements: |
| • Lure of the city, problems in the city, and | faction in Federalist No. 10). RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex | D.O.L (quote journals) | |
| social reforms | primary source is structured, including how | Independent Reading with logs or journals | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| INTELLECTUAL AND CULTURAL MOVEMENTS | key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions | Literature circles | 1 Oral Presentation |
| • education and mass culture | of the text contribute to the whole. | Anticipation Guides | |
| NATIONAL POLITICS, THE GILDED | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points | K-W-L Chart | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |
| AGE | of view on the same historical event or issue | | uian pilit |
| Conservative presidency (trusts, RR | by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. | Simulations | |
| regulation, tariff controversy) | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | Personal Ads | |
| • Populism, silver question | sources of information presented in diverse | Image Writing | |
| FOREIGN POLICY, 1865 THROUGH 1914 • Imperialism in Latin America (Spanish | formats and media (e.g., visually, | | |
| American War) | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to | Video Essay | |
| • Far East (Open Door Policy) | address a question or solve a problem. | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| • Taft—dollar diplomacy; Wilson—moral | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | Wikis and Blogs | |
| diplomacy | claims, and evidence by corroborating or | Classroom Forums | |
| PROGRESSIVE ERA | challenging them with other information. RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from | Classiconi i ciunis | |
| Muckrakers Plack America (Weshington DuBeis Comvey) | diverse sources, both primary and secondary, | | |
| Black America (Washington, DuBois, Garvey) Roosevelt's Square Deal and Wilson's New | into a coherent understanding of an idea or | | |
| Freedom | event, noting discrepancies among sources. | | |
| THE GREAT WAR | WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent | | |

| Neutrality mobilization Wilson's 14 Points, Treaty of Versailles, problem of ratification NEW ERA—THE ROARING '20s Foonomic development and new cultures | writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning revising | |
|--|--|--|
| problem of ratification | purpose, and audience. | |
| | extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. | |

| | Third Unit — Recommended for 3rd | d Quarter | 11 th Grade: AP U.S. History |
|---|---|---|--|
| Essential Questions: | | | 11150019 |
| 1 How did the Great Depress | ion and the New Deal response to i | t transform American politics and society? | • |
| • | * | 1 | |
| 2. What effect did World War | II have on America's society, ecor | nomy, and politics? | |
| 2 In what wave did the Cold | War continue to shape American so | ociety and politics during these decades? | |
| 5. In what ways ard the Cold | war continue to snape American se | elety and pointies during these decades: | |
| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
| THE GREAT DEPRESSION AND THE NEW | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your | Opinion Writing Rubrics |
| DEAL | support analysis of primary and secondary | personality and through multi-media presentation and | Direct Vocabulary Instruction |
| • Wall Street Crash | sources, connecting insights gained from | explain how that character would've responded in | Direct vocabulary instruction |
| • FDR's 100 Days | specific details to an understanding of the text | certain situations. | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| • racial issues (Mexican deportation) DIPLOMACY IN THE 1930s | as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or | Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a | Tests |
| • Good Neighbor Policy | information of a primary or secondary source; | conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Aggressors: Japan, Germany, Italy | provide an accurate summary that makes clear | revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue | |
| Appeasement, Lend-Lease Act, Atlantic Charter | the relationships among the key details and | Cultural Knowledge: oral presentation that | Interim Assessments |
| THE SECOND WORLD WAR | ideas. | encompasses all aspects of a culture (food, activities, | Write autobiography (photo, |
| • Mobilizing production, propaganda, internment | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for | behaviorisms, family, money, life views, etc.) | eportfolio, paper |
| of Japanese-Americans | actions or events and determine which | Reality vs Dreams: Life Size Cardboard Cutout - one | |
| • D-Day (War in Europe) | explanation best accords with textual evidence, | side portrays who you are and what historical figure | Participation |
| War in Pacific—Hiroshima and Nagasaki Wartime conferences—Teheran, Yalta, Potsdam | acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. | you want to be | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| • Postwar atmosphere—the UN | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words | Timelines, family trees, biographies | media |
| TRUMAN AND THE COLD WAR | and phrases as they are used in a text, including | Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| • Containment—Truman Doctrine, Marshall Plan, | analyzing how an author uses and refines the | dialogue | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| Berlin Crisis, NATO | meaning of a key term over the course of a text | 1 | , |
| Revolution in China | (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Interim Assessments |
| • Korean War (MacArthur v. Truman) | No. 10). | D.O.L (quote journals) | |
| EISENHOWER AND MODERN | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Unit Requirements: |
| REPUBLICANISM | sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the | Anticipation Guides | Onit Requirements. |
| McCarthyism Brown v. Board of Education | text contribute to the whole. | K-W-L Chart | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| America's homogenized society | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| • Space Race | of view on the same historical event or issue by | Simulations | 1 Oral i Tesentation |
| KENNEDY'S NEW FRONTIER & | assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and | Personal Ads | 13 Lessons incorporating texts |
| JOHNSON'S GREAT SOCIETY | evidence. | Image Writing | other than print |
| • New domestic programs (tax cut, war on poverty, | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | | |
| affirmative action) | sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, | Video Essay | |
| Civil Rights and Civil Liberties (African | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| Americans) • The New Left and the Counterculture | address a question or solve a problem. | Wikis and Blogs | |
| Supreme Court and the Miranda v. Arizona | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | Classroom Forums | |
| decision | claims, and evidence by corroborating or | Olassiconi i Olanis | |
| Bay of Pigs, Cuban Missile Crisis | challenging them with other information. | | |
| • Vietnam (Gulf of Tonkin) | RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse | | |
| NIXON | sources, both primary and secondary, into a | | |
| Vietnam—escalation and pull-out | coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. | | |
| China—restoring relations | noting discrepancies among sources. | | |

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| • USSR—détente | WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent | |
| Supreme Court—Roe v. Wade | writing in which the development, organization, | |
| Watergate crisis and Nixon's resignation | and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and | |
| | audience. | |
| | WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing | |
| | as needed by planning, revising, editing, | |
| | rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on | |
| | addressing what is most significant for a | |
| | specific purpose and audience. | |
| | WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the | |
| | Internet, to produce, publish, and update | |
| | individual or shared writing products in | |
| | response to ongoing feedback, including new | |
| | arguments or information. | |
| | WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more | |
| | sustained research projects to answer a question | |
| | (including a self-generated question) or solve a | |
| | problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when | |
| | appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the | |
| | subject, demonstrating understanding of the | |
| | subject under investigation. | |
| | WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information | |
| | from multiple authoritative print and digital | |
| | sources, using advanced searches effectively; | |
| | assess the strengths and limitations of each | |
| | source in terms of the specific task, purpose, | |
| | and audience; integrate information into the text | |
| | selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, | |
| | avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any | |
| | one source and following a standard format for | |
| | citation. | |
| | WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from | |
| | informational texts to support analysis, | |
| | reflection, and research. | |
| | WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended | |
| | time frames (time for reflection and revision) | |
| | and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day | |
| | or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, | |
| | purposes, and audiences. | |
| | parposes, and addresses. | |
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| | Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter | 11th Grade: AP U.S. |
|--|---|---------------------|
| | | History |

Essential Questions:

1. To what extent were US policies and cultural values after 1981 manifestations of Reagan conservatism?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole. RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, | ACTIVITIES! Jeopardy Are You Smarter Than a 11 th Grade AP US History Student Who Wants To Be A Millionaire Scavenger Hunt for AP US History Artifacts | Assessments/Measures Interim Assessments Products (personal dictionary, interactive notebook, journals, etc.) Participation AP US HISTORY EXAM Unit Requirements: AP US HISTORY EXAM |
| | and evidence. RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. | | |

12th GRADE: AP GOVERNMENT

- What are the philosophical underpinnings of the US system of government?
 How is the Constitution a reflection of a combination of historical, social, and political circumstances and events?
 How did the <u>Federalist Papers</u> reflect the philosophy of creating a government capable of governing, promoting economic development, and maintaining liberty?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|---|---|--|--|
| CONSTITUTIONAL UNDERPINNINGS OF | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence | Debate: The Great Compromise | Interim Assessments |
| US GOVERNMENT • Considerations in formulation of US Constitution • Separation of Powers • Federalism • Theories of democratic government | to support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events and determine which explanation best accords with textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole. RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, and evidence. RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address a question or solve a problem. RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, claims, and evidence by corroborating or challenging them with other information. | Choose a historical figure that most resembles your personality and through multi-media presentation and explain how that character would've responded in certain situations. Narrative Writing Project (Dialogue Transfer): record a conversation, transcribe to dialogue verbatim then revise (edit) to create a realistic narrative dialogue Role playing, acting out scenes from history, write dialogue P.O.I (presentation of issues) D.O.L (quote journals) Independent Reading with logs or journals Anticipation Guides K-W-L Chart Simulations Personal Ads Image Writing Video Essay Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) Wikis and Blogs Classroom Forums | Ongoing Writing Portfolios Formative Assessments: Quizzes, Tests Participation Oral Presentations using multi-media Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) Unit Requirements: 1 Long Writing Piece 1 Oral Presentation 3 Lessons incorporating texts other than print |

RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| Second Unit - Recommended for 2nd Quarter | 12 th Grade: AP |
|---|----------------------------|
| | Government |
| | |

- 1. What are some of the characteristics of the American people and what are the implications of demographic changes?
- 2. What are the (generally) prevailing American political ideologies?3. What relationships exist between government and economics?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|---|---|--|
| POLITICAL BELIEFS AND BEHAVIORS | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Interim Assessments |
| Citizens' beliefs about government and their leaders | support analysis of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained from | D.O.L (quote journals) | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| Processes by which citizens learn about | specific details to an understanding of the text | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| politics | as a whole. | Anticipation Guides | Tests |
| Nature, sources, and consequences of public opinion | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a primary or secondary source; | K-W-L Chart | Participation |
| Ways in which citizens vote and otherwise | provide an accurate summary that makes clear | Simulations | · |
| participate in political life | the relationships among the key details and | Personal Ads | Oral Presentations using multi- media |
| Factors that influences citizens to differ from one another in political | ideas. RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for | Image Writing | |
| beliefs and behaviors | actions or events and determine which | Video Essav | Publishing (web pages, authentic tasks with authentic audiences) |
| POLITICAL PARTIES, INTEREST | explanation best accords with textual evidence, | , | , |
| • Political parties and elections: functions, | acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| organization, development, | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words | Wikis and Blogs | |
| effects on the political process, electoral laws | and phrases as they are used in a text, | Classroom Forums | |
| and systems • Interest groups, including PACs: range of | including analyzing how an author uses and refines the meaning of a key term over the | | |
| interests represented, | course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines | | Unit Requirements: |
| activities of interest groups, effects of interest | faction in Federalist No. 10). | | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| groups on political | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is structured, including how | | , , |
| process, characteristics and roles of PACs in political process | key sentences, paragraphs, and larger portions | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| • Mass media: functions and structures of media, | of the text contribute to the whole. | | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| impacts of media on | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points | | than print |
| politics | of view on the same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, reasoning, | | |
| | and evidence. | | |
| | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | | |
| | sources of information presented in diverse | | |
| | formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to | | |
| | address a question or solve a problem. | | |
| | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | | |
| | claims, and evidence by corroborating or | | |
| | challenging them with other information. | | |
| | RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from | | |
| | diverse sources, both primary and secondary, | | |
| | into a coherent understanding of an idea or | | |
| | event, noting discrepancies among sources. | | |
| | WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent | | |

writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. WHST.11-12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| Third Unit - Recommended for 3rd Quarter | 12 th Grade: AP |
|--|----------------------------|
| | Government |

- 1. Has the bureaucracy become too large or is it necessary to successfully carry out the laws of a complex society?
- 2. What is the role of the federal bureaucracy in implementing, managing and evaluating federal policy?
- 3. How does the government develop, implement and evaluate public policy?

| Content and Concepts | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| INSTITUTIONS OF NATIONAL | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to | P.O.I (presentation of issues) | Interim Assessments |
| GOVERNMENT: CONGRESS, | support analysis of primary and secondary | D.O.L (quote journals) | Ongoing Writing Portfolios |
| PRESIDENCY, BUREAUCRACY, AND | sources, connecting insights gained from | , , , | Origonia writing Portionos |
| FEDERAL COURTS | specific details to an understanding of the | Independent Reading with logs or journals | Formative Assessments: Quizzes, |
| • Major formal and informal institutional | text as a whole. RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or | Anticipation Guides | Tests |
| arrangements of power • Relationships among these four institutions, and | information of a primary or secondary | K-W-L Chart | Participation |
| varying balances of | source; provide an accurate summary that | Simulations | ' |
| power | makes clear the relationships among the key | | Oral Presentations using multi- |
| • Linkages between institutions and the following: | details and ideas. | Personal Ads | media |
| public opinion and | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations | Image Writing | Publishing (web pages, authentic |
| voters, interest groups, political parties, the media, | for actions or events and determine which | Video Essay | tasks with authentic audiences) |
| subnational | explanation best accords with textual | Question/Answer Relationships (Blooms Taxonomy) | |
| governments PUBLIC POLICY | evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain. | | |
| Policy making in a federal system | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of | Wikis and Blogs | |
| Formation of policy agendas | words and phrases as they are used in a text, | Classroom Forums | |
| • Role of institutions in the enactment of policy | including analyzing how an author uses and | | |
| • Role of bureaucracy and the courts in policy | refines the meaning of a key term over the | | |
| implementation and | course of a text (e.g., how Madison defines | | |
| interpretation | faction in Federalist No. 10). | | Unit Requirements: |
| Linkages between policy processes and the | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a | | 1 Long Writing Piece |
| following: political | complex primary source is structured, | | 1 Long Witting Flece |
| institutions and federalism, political parties, interest | including how key sentences, paragraphs, | | 1 Oral Presentation |
| groups, public | and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole. | | 3 Lessons incorporating texts other |
| opinion, elections, policy networks | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing | | than print |
| | points of view on the same historical event or | | than print |
| | issue by assessing the authors' claims, | | |
| | reasoning, and evidence. | | |
| | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple | | |
| | sources of information presented in diverse | | |
| | formats and media (e.g., visually, | | |
| | quantitatively, as well as in words) in order | | |
| | to address a question or solve a problem. | | |
| | RH.11-12.8. Evaluate an author's premises, | | |
| | claims, and evidence by corroborating or | | |
| | challenging them with other information. | | |
| | RH.11-12.9. Integrate information from diverse sources, both primary and secondary, | | |

into a coherent understanding of an idea or event, noting discrepancies among sources. WHST.11-12.4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. WHST.11-12.5. Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on addressing what is most significant for a specific purpose and audience. WHST.11-12.6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce, publish, and update individual or shared writing products in response to ongoing feedback, including new arguments or information. WHST.11-12.7. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject WHST.11under investigation. 12.8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. WHST.11-12.9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. WHST.11-12.10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for reflection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

| Fourth Unit - Recommended for 4th Quarter | 12 th Grade: AP |
|---|----------------------------|
| | Government |

Essential Questions:

- 1. Why did the road to equality for all Americans take so long to achieve?
- 2. Explain the origins and development of the civil rights movement; how did the diverse disadvantaged minority groups within American society learn from, and react to each other, in their quest for legal equality.
- 3. Have social action programs and civil rights legislation effectively reduced discrimination and achieved equity in American Society? If not, what groups continue to struggle for legal equality?

| Content and | Common Core Standards | Activities/Projects | Assessments/Measures | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Concepts | | • | | |
| CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES | RH.11-12.1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis | AP EXAM REVIEW ACTIVITIES! | Interim Assessments | |
| • The development of civil | of primary and secondary sources, connecting insights gained | Jeopardy | Products (personal dictionary, interactive | |
| liberties and civil rights by | from specific details to an understanding of the text as a whole. | Are You Smarter Than a 11 th Grade AP US History Student Who Wants To Be A Millionaire Scavenger Hunt for AP US History Artifacts | notebook, journals, etc.) | |
| judicial interpretation | RH.11-12.2. Determine the central ideas or information of a | | Participation | |
| Knowledge of substantive rights | primary or secondary source; provide an accurate summary that | | AP US HISTORY EXAM | |
| and liberties • Impact of the 14th Amendment | makes clear the relationships among the key details and ideas. | | | |
| on the constitutional development | RH.11-12.3. Evaluate various explanations for actions or events | | | |
| of rights and liberties | and determine which explanation best accords with textual | | | |
| rights and nocities | evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters | | | |
| | uncertain. | | | |
| | RH.11-12.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as | | | |
| | they are used in a text, including analyzing how an author uses | | | |
| | and refines the meaning of a key term over the course of a text | | Unit Requirements: | |
| | (e.g., how Madison defines faction in Federalist No. 10). | | AP US HISTORY EXAM | |
| | RH.11-12.5. Analyze in detail how a complex primary source is | | AF 03 HISTORT EXAM | |
| | structured, including how key sentences, paragraphs, and larger | | | |
| | portions of the text contribute to the whole. | | | |
| | RH.11-12.6. Evaluate authors' differing points of view on the | | | |
| | same historical event or issue by assessing the authors' claims, | | | |
| | reasoning, and evidence. | | | |
| | RH.11-12.7. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of | | | |
| | information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., | | | |
| | visually, quantitatively, as well as in words) in order to address | | | |
| | a question or solve a problem. | | | |
| | 1 | | | |
| | | | | |

Timeline for Curriculum Development and Professional Development

2013

October 2013 – CPS Board approval of AHS PASSAGES COLLEGE PREP proposal

November/December 2012 – AQS works with Illinois Math and Science Academy (IMSA) Problem-Based (PBL) Professional Development to plan and structure PBL for Core Courses of Math, Science, Language Arts, and Social Studies for four year high school sequence.

2014

January 2014 - December 2014 -

- I) AQS Regional Academic Officers and administrators attend IMSA PBL workshops (See Appendix__ for IMSA PBL Training)
- 2) AQS staff prepares PBL curriculum materials for core courses
- 3) AQS identifies specialized adjunct faculty to develop PBL materials for select elective courses.

2015

March 2015 – School principal identified and attends IMSA PBL training

April 2015 – Key AHS PASSAGES COLLEGE PREP academic administrators identified and attend IMSA PBL training

May 2015 – Core Subject Department Heads identified and attend AQS led training on PBL and Paideia Teaching strategies

June 2015 – freshman and sophomore Teaching Staff in Core subjects identified and receive AQS led training in PBL and Paideia Teaching strategies

June/July 2015 – Course syllabus created for freshman and sophomore core classes. Training session delivered by AQS

August 2015 – Orientation and Professional Development for full-time faculty and part-time adjunct faculty on topics such as:

- a) Mentoring students
- b) Classroom Management
- c) The Research and Writing Requirements and Process of the AHS PASSAGES COLLEGE PREP

Mid-August 2015 - School Opens

September 2015 – All AHS PASSAGES COLLEGE PREP faculty and administration – Interpreting base-line data and planning appropriate student work and classroom strategies

October 2014 – Individual Department professional development – Effective Teaching and assessment in the particular discipline

November 2015 – Review of video of AHS PASSAGES COLLEGE PREP teaching with discussion of fellow faculty as "critical friends"

January 2016 – Assessing Quarter I data from Core Course Student Performance with strategies for any needed curriculum and/or teaching adjustments

February 2016 – Strategies for effectively preparing students for the ACT

March 2016 - Evaluating the Student "Competencies" portfolio

April 2016 – Assessing Quarter II academic data by discipline with strategies for any necessary curriculum and/or teaching strategies

May 2016 – Analysis of student data from the counseling/student services area with plans for addressing key issues

June 2016 – Assessing Quarter III academic data with plans for any necessary changes for the 2016-2017 school year. Evaluation of past years professional development agenda.



AQS College Course Catalog

2013-2014 Academic Year

The AQS College was created to provide practical and effective training to our administrators and staff in best practices, teaching of students, and the day-to-day operation of our schools. The College is integrated into the Wednesday afternoon PD's for our teachers throughout the school year. As one of the programs offered by American Quality Schools, we provide high quality professional development for faculty, staff, and administrators of AQS managed elementary and high schools.

The College's role is to ensure we provide teachers and staff members with essential programming as it relates to preparing them for "growing" our students academically and honing their social-emotional skills. There are four areas that will be the foundation of the AQS College. The following areas are our focus:

- 1. Planning & Preparation
- 2. Instruction
- 3. Classroom Management
- 4. Professional Responsibilities

AQS College is rooted in CONTEXT, PROCESS, and CONTENT STANDARDS: Staff development that improves the learning of all students

"Results-driven education for students requires results-driven staff development for adults." - Author unknown

CONTEXT STANDARDS

- Organizes adults into learning communities whose goals are aligned with those of the school and Charter Management Organization. (Learning Communities)
- Requires skillful school and district leaders who guide continuous instructional improvement. (Leadership)
- Requires resources to support adult learning and collaboration. (Resources)

PROCESS STANDARDS

- Uses disaggregated student data to determine adult learning priorities, monitor progress, and help sustain continuous improvement. (Data-Driven)
- Uses multiple sources of information to guide improvement and demonstrate its impact. (Evaluation)
- Prepares educators to apply research to decision making. (Research-Based)
- Uses learning strategies appropriate to the intended goal (Design)
- Applies knowledge about human learning and change. (Learning)
- Provides educators with the knowledge and skills to collaborate. (collaboration)

CONTENT STANDARDS

- Prepares educators to understand and appreciate all students, create safe, orderly and supportive learning environments, and hold high expectations for academic achievement. (Equity)
- Deepens educators' content knowledge, provides them with research-based instructional strategies to assist students in meeting rigorous academic standards, and prepares them to use various types of classroom assessments appropriately. (Quality teaching)
- Provides educators with the knowledge and skills to involve families and other stakeholders appropriately. (Family Involvement)

COURSE OFFERINGS

Problem-based Learning

This workshop will introduce problem-based learning as an effective instructional strategy; defining its theory and practice. The workshop will also discuss and show participants how to create a problem-based unit of instruction and provide example units and lessons to take with them to their classrooms. A majority of the workshop will be devoted to small group work and collaboration.

Project-based Learning

This workshop will introduce project-based learning as an effective instructional strategy; defining its theory and practice. The workshop will also discuss and show participants how to create a project-based unit of instruction and provide example units and lessons to take with them to their classrooms. A majority of the workshop will be devoted to small group work and collaboration.

Place-based Learning

This workshop will introduce place-based learning as an effective instructional strategy; defining its theory and practice. The workshop will also discuss and show participants how to create a place-based unit of instruction and provide example units and lessons to take with them to their classrooms. A majority of the workshop will be devoted to small group work and collaboration.

Play-based Learning

This workshop will introduce play-based learning as an effective instructional strategy; defining its theory and practice. The workshop will also discuss and show participants how to create a play-based unit of instruction and provide example units and lessons to take with them to their classrooms. A majority of the workshop will be devoted to small group work and collaboration.

Paideia Strategies

This workshop will introduce the theory, structure, and application of the three components of the Paideia teaching strategies: A) the effective, structured lecture, B) teacher coaching, and C) Socratic discussion. The workshop will focus on instructor and class participant involvement in all three components with a "critical friends" approach for evaluation and improvement.

Classroom Management

Being an effective teacher is more than just knowing the content you are going to teach. Learn effective ways to design your classroom environment to meet the needs of students and keep your sanity.

PBIS

This workshop focuses on behavioral supports and interventions faculty and staff can use to create a positive environment for teaching and learning and includes strategies for use in schools, classrooms, and with individual students.

Differentiation

Differentiation is the latest educational buzz word. What does it really mean and how can you effectively differentiate without making 20 different instructional plans? Learn quick effective systems to get students involved and set up a wide variety of learning opportunities for students that will challenge their learning.

| | | | | | | | 7 ttdorinient 10 | |
|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------|
| School | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May |
| Plato | Prb/16 | Place/6 | Play/4 | Paideia/8 | Class Mngt/5 | PBIS/5 | Diff/2 | Place/7 |
| Passages | Project/16 | Prb/6 | Place/4 | Play/8 | Paideia/5 | Class Mngt/5 | Diff/2 | PBIS/7 |
| ECEUA | Play/16 | Project/6 | Prb/4 | Place/8 | Paideia/5 | Class Mngt/5 | Diff/2 | PBIS/7 |
| TBLA EL | Paideia/23 | Play/13 | Project/11 | Prb/15 | Place/12 | Class Mngt/12 | Diff/9 | PBIS/14 |
| TBLA HS | Class Mngt/23 | Paideia/13 | Play/11 | Project/15 | Prb/12 | Place/12 | PBIS/9 | Diff/14 |
| Xavier | Diff/23 | Class Mngt/13 | Paideia/11 | Play/15 | Project/12 | Prb/12 | Place/9 | PBIS/14 |
| Discover | PBIS/30 | Diff/20 | Class Mngt/18 | Paideia/22 | Play/19 | Project/19 | Prb/16 | Place/21 |
| TMLA | Place/30 | PBIS/20 | Diff/18 | Class Mngt/22 | Paideia/19 | Play/19 | Project/16 | Prb/21 |
| Carondelet | Prb/30 | Place/20 | PBIS/18 | Diff/22 | Class Mngt/19 | Paideia/19 | Play/16 | Project/21 |
| | | | | | | | | |

JWCPA Teacher Induction 2014-2015

Meetings will be led By: Director Of Curriculum & Instruction

Meeting Dates: TBD

Meeting Topics:

August Meeting 1: Welcome to JWCPA!

- Share professional philosophies & goals
- Discuss the general philosophy of the school (mission statement; academic reading goals, teaching framework/evaluation, etc)
- Establish expectation, relationship, and commitment to ongoing open communication & feedback
- Explain classroom responsibilities and procedures/routines, and the role teacher is expected to take toward the implementation of those goals
- Discuss professional expectations such as appropriate attire, school policies, and procedures
- Discuss & reflect upon each others' expectations for this (teaching) experience in order to provide a foundation for building a professional working relationship
- Give a list of *directed observations* to make during the initial days of school (and schedule specific times for the observations)
- Tour of the school building/facilities and introduce to staff

September Meeting 2: Planning & Preparation (Domain 1)

- Share & discuss weekly lesson plan format and expectations for each section of the plan (Essential Q's, Enduring Understandings, Objectives, Activities, Hmwk, Assessment, Reflection)
- Discuss the thinking behind all planning for instruction. (How are objectives determined? Why are specific activities selected? How do you assess student learning?)
- Review and critique lesson plan for this (or last) week.
- Reflect on the effectiveness of daily/weekly lesson plans from last week.
- Show how to modify plans in order to provide for the needs of ALL students.
- Discuss how to provide for a variety of learning styles when planning for instruction.
- Share ideas for integrating content areas
- Assist with modifying/revising plans as appropriate
- Discuss outcomes for student learning/Explain performance expectations for ALL students.

October Meeting 3: The Classroom Environment/Classroom Management (Domain2)

- Discuss proactive classroom management techniques (& PBIS)
- Share a plan for management and discipline (Danielson Domain 2a-d) and explain the rationale behind it
- Review signature strategy clips from Teach Like a Champion: Threshold; 100%; Cold Calling and discuss strategies as well as correlation with Danielson's framework
- Furnish a copy of discipline procedures & consequences
- Model techniques of management and discipline
- Discuss teachers' current management techniques and expectations for student engagement/learning
- Reflect on the effectiveness of the techniques
- Discuss alternative techniques and ideas for management
- Observe the teacher implementation of the management strategies that were discussed

November Meeting 4: *Instruction (Domain 3)*

- Using Teach Like a Champion (& the Virginia DOE) view modeled instructional techniques and strategies for individual, small group, and whole group class instruction that: address a variety of learning styles, demonstrate integration of subject matter, reflect a multicultural approach, utilize technology, create a positive classroom climate
- Discuss instructional delivery (that teachers observed) and provide the opportunity for questions. Reflect on the observed instruction.
- Share favorite time-tested teaching ideas and suggestions for 1st Year Teachers
- Provide/schedule opportunities for teachers to observe in effective classrooms
- Observe teachers delivering instruction and provide formative feedback in order to highlight specifics of teaching effectiveness and identify areas for upgrade

December Meeting 5: Assessment (Domain 3)

- Review/familiarize teachers with various methods and tools used in diagnostic evaluation
- Discuss how to use test results as an effective teaching tool
- Assist teachers in writing and administering teacher-created assessments/benchmarks
- Discuss informal methods of assessment that determine student learning (ie. observation, charting, etc.)
- Discuss grading policies, grade recording procedures, and procedures for collecting formal and anecdotal information
- Discuss report card grades and comments. Give and discuss examples of "good" and "bad" comments

• Provide opportunities for reflection on teachers' effectiveness in assessment of learning

January Meeting 5: Professional Responsibilities (Domain 4)

- Review & discuss Danielson's Professional Responsibilities Domain 4 a-d
- Scan the language used to describe each level of performance, identify key word, and provide example of what it looks like in the classroom, etc.
- Issue Mentor Meeting Evaluation/Survey to teachers in order to provide feedback to the Director & DCI regarding upcoming meeting topics/areas of concern

**** Admin Team will meet to review feedback surveys and discuss/determine the areas of concern for Feb-May meetings.



Asian Human Services Passages College Prep Academy Managed by American Quality Schools 1643 W. Bryn Mawr Avenue, Chicago, IL 60660,

Ph: 773-433-3530 Fx: 773-769-3229

Principal Assistant Principal Assistant Principal Dean of Students Case Manager School Counselor

Student Enrollment Application: 2014-2015 School Year

STUDENT INFORMATION

| Student's Last Name | First Name | M |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| Address: | | |
| | | |
| Telephone: | | |
| | | |
| Grade applying to: 9 10 11 | 12 | |
| C. 1 2 C M.1. | F 1. | |
| Student's Sex: Male | Female | |
| Student's Birth Date: mm/dd/yyyy | | |
| Student's Birth Bate. Hillif duf yyyy | | |
| Student's Birthplace: City: | State/Count | ry: |
| Racial/Ethnic Identification: | 1 White/Non Hispanic | Country: |
| (Circle number and indicate country) | 2 Black/Non Hispanic | Country: |
| | 3 American Indian/Alaskan Native | Country: |
| | 4 Asian/Pacific Islander | Country: |
| | 5 Hispanic | Country: |
| | 0 Other | Specify: |
| | | |

PREVIOUS EDUCATIONAL EXPERIENCE

| *Note—this information is | s not used as a means of | selection and will not | t affect a student's chances for admission |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Last school attended: Address: Phone: | | | |
| Type of school: (Circle number/type) | 3 Chicago Priv | olic | 5 Illinois Private (not Chicago) 6 US Public (not Illinois) 7 US Private (not Illinois) 8 Outside of US |
| | PAREN | IT/GUARDIAN | INFORMATION |
| Biological Mother's N | Name: | | Mother's birthplace: |
| If different from student Mother's home addres Mother's phone numb Mother's email addres | ss: | | |
| Active member of the | U.S. Armed Forces: | Yes No | |
| Biological Father's N | ame: | | Father's birthplace: |
| If different from student Father's home address Father's phone number | s: | asi on a | CARII |
| Father's email address | | | |
| Active member of the | U.S. Armed Forces: | Yes No | |
| Name of student's Le Guardian's relationsh If different from student Guardian's home add Guardian's phone nur | ip to student:t: ress: | | |
| SIBLING INFORM | ATION | | |
| Siblings who are currently (Name and Grade) Siblings applying for enro (Name and Grade) | | | |
| Parent/Guardian's Nam | e: | | Relationship to Student: |
| | | | |

To be filled out by School Personnel:

| Date/Time Application Received: | Initials: | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--|

Asian Human Services, Inc.

Schedule of Meetings of the Passages Education Committee

July 2013 - June 2014

Time: 5 pm

Place: Passages Charter School 1643 West Bryn Mawr Chicago, IL 60660

- 1. Wednesday, August 21
- 2. Wednesday, October 16
- 3. Wednesday, November 13
- 4. Wednesday, January 15
- 5. Wednesday, February 12
- 6. Wednesday, March 19
- 7. Wednesday, April 16
- 8. Wednesday, May 21
- 9. Wednesday, June 18

Updated: 6/17/13



Asian Human Services Passages Charter School Managed by American Quality Schools 1643 W. Bryn Mawr Avenue, Chicago, IL 60660, 773.433.3530

BYLAWS OF ASIAN HUMAN SERVICES PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL

ARTICLE I

NAME

The name of the Corporation is the Asian Human Services Passages Charter School (hereinafter the "Corporation").

ARTICLE II

MEMBERSHIP

The Corporation has no members. The rights which would otherwise vest in the members vest in the Directors of the Corporation (hereinafter the "Trustees") of the Asian Human Services Passages Charter School. Actions which would otherwise require approval by a majority of all members or approval by the members require only approval of a majority of all Trustees or approval by the Board of Trustees (hereinafter the "Board").

ARTICLE III

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

- A. Powers. The Board shall conduct or direct the affairs of the Corporation and exercise its powers, subject to the limitations of the Education Law, Not-for-Profit Corporation Law, the Corporation's Charter and these Bylaws. The Board may delegate the management of the activities of the Corporation to others, so long as the affairs of the Corporation are managed, and its powers are exercised, under the Board's ultimate jurisdiction. Without limiting the generality of the powers hereby granted to the Board, but subject to the same limitations, the Board shall have all the powers enumerated in these Bylaws, and the following specific powers:
 - 1. To elect and remove Trustees;
 - 2. To select and remove Officers, agents and employees of the Corporation; to prescribe powers and duties for them; and to fix their compensation;
 - 3. To make rules and regulations.
 - 4. To enter into contracts, leases and other agreements which are, in the Board's judgment, necessary or desirable in obtaining the purposes of promoting the interests of the Corporation;
 - 5. To carry on a business at a profit and apply any profit that results from the business activity to any activity in which the Corporation may engage;
 - 6. To act as trustee under any trust incidental to the Corporation's purposes, and to receive, hold, administer, exchange and expend funds and property subject to such a trust;

- 7. To acquire real or personal property, by purchase, exchange, lease, gift, devise, bequest, or otherwise, and to hold, improve, lease, sublease, mortgage, transfer in trust, encumber, convey or otherwise dispose of such property;
- 8. To borrow money, incur debt, and to execute and deliver promissory notes, bonds, debentures, deeds of trust, mortgages, pledges, hypothecations and other evidences of debt and securities;
- 9. To indemnify and maintain insurance on behalf of any of its Trustees, Officers, employees or agents for liability asserted against or incurred by such person in such capacity or arising out of such person's status as such, subject to the provisions of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law and the limitations noted in these Bylaws.
- B. Number of Trustees. The number of Trustees of the Corporation shall be not less than 7 nor more than 11. The Board shall fix the exact number of Trustees, within these limits, by Board resolution or amendment of the Bylaws.

C. Election of Trustees.

- 1. Election. The Board shall elect the Trustees by the vote of a majority of the Trustees then in office, whether or not the number of Trustees in office is sufficient to constitute a quorum, or by the sole remaining Trustee.
- 2. Eligibility. The Board may elect any person who in its discretion it believes will serve the interests of the Corporation faithfully and effectively.

In addition to other candidates, the Board will consider the following nominees:

- a. A parent of an active AHS Passages Charter School student
- 3. Term of Office.
 - a. The Trustees elected or appointed shall be divided into three classes for the purpose of staggering their terms of office. All classes shall be as nearly equal in number as possible.
 - b. The terms of office of the Trustees initially classified shall be as follows: that of the first class shall expire at the next annual meeting of the Trustees, the second class at the second succeeding annual meeting and the third class at the third succeeding annual meeting. Following the expiration of these designated terms, the term of each Trustee shall continue for three (3) years, except the term of any Trustee who is a Parent of the AHS Passages Charter School shall be one (1) year.
 - c. The term of office of a Trustee elected to fill a vacancy in these Bylaws begins on the date of the Trustee's election, and continues: (1) for the balance of the unexpired term in the case of a vacancy created because of the resignation, removal, or death of a Trustee, or (2) for the term specified by the Board in the case of a vacancy resulting from the increase of the number of Trustees authorized.

- d. A Trustee's term of office shall not be shortened by any reduction in the number of Trustees resulting from amendment of the AHS Passages Charter School Charter or the Bylaws or other Board action.
- e. A Trustee's term of office shall not be extended beyond that for which the Trustee was elected by amendment of the AHS Passages Charter School Charter or the Bylaws or other Board action.
- 4. Time of Elections. The Board shall elect Trustees whose terms begin on July 1st of a given year at the Annual Meeting for that year, or at a Regular Meeting designated for that purpose, or at a Special Meeting called for that purpose.
 - a. Removal of Trustees. The Board may remove a Trustee in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law and the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law.
 - b. Resignation by Trustee. A Trustee may resign by giving written notice to the Board Chair or Secretary. The resignation is effective upon receipt of such notice, or at any later date specified in the notice. The acceptance of a resignation by the Board Chair or Secretary shall not be necessary to make it effective, but no resignation shall discharge any accrued obligation or duty of a Trustee.
 - c. Vacancies. A vacancy is deemed to occur on the effective date of the resignation of a Trustee, upon the removal of a Trustee, upon declaration of vacancy pursuant to these Bylaws, or upon a Trustee's death. A vacancy is also deemed to exist upon the increase by the Board of the authorized number of Trustees.
 - d. Compensation of Trustees. Trustees shall serve without compensation. However, the Board may approve reimbursement of a Trustee's actual and necessary expenses while conducting Corporation business.

ARTICLE IV

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

- A. Place of Meetings. Board Meetings shall be held at the Corporation's location or at any other reasonably convenient place as the Board may designate.
- B. Annual Meetings. An Annual Meeting shall be held in the month of June of each year for the purpose of electing Trustees, making and receiving reports on corporate affairs, and transacting such other business as comes before the meeting.
- C. Regular Meetings. Regular Meetings shall be held at various times within the year as the Board determines, but no less than three times a year.
- D. Special Meetings. A Special Meeting shall be held at any time called by the Chair or by any Trustee upon written demand of not less than one-fifth of the entire Board or three Trustees, whichever is less.

E. Adjournment. A majority of the Trustees present at a meeting, whether or not a quorum, may adjourn the meeting to another time and place.

ARTICLE V

ACTION BY THE BOARD

- A. Quorum. Unless a greater proportion is required by law, a majority of the entire Board of Trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business or of any specified item of business.
- B. Action by the Board.
 - 1. Actions Taken at Board Meetings. Except as otherwise provided by statute or by these Bylaws, the vote of a majority of the Board present at the time of the vote, if a quorum is present at such time, shall be the act of the Board. If at any meeting of the Board there shall be less than a quorum present, the Trustees present may adjourn the meeting until a quorum is obtained.

C. Committees.

- 2. Appointment of Committees. The Board may appoint one or more Board Committees by vote of the majority of Trustees. A Board Standing Committee will consist of not less than three Trustees, who shall serve at the pleasure of the Board, except that any Executive Committee appointed hereunder must consist of at least five Trustees.
 - a. Finance Committee: Approves and reviews the corporations monthly and yearly budgets
 - b. Curriculum Committee: Consults with EMO and school leadership to improve instructional strategies and student achievement
 - c. Facilities Committee: Works closely with EMO to ensure the efficacy of all aspects of the school's facilities operation
- 3. Authority of Board Committees. The Board may delegate to a Board committee any of the authority of the Board, except with respect to:
 - a. The election of Trustees:
 - b. Filling vacancies on the Board or any committee which has the authority of the Board;
 - c. The amendment or repeal of Bylaws or the adoption of new
 - d. The appointment of other committees of the Board, or the members of the committees.
 - e. The amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board.

4. Procedures of Committees. The Board may prescribe the manner in which the proceedings of any Board Committee are to be conducted. In the absence of such prescription, a Board Committee may prescribe the manner of conducting its proceedings, except that the regular and special meetings of the Committee are governed by the provisions of these Bylaws with respect to the calling of meetings.

D. Standard of Care

- 1. Performance of Duties. Each Trustee shall perform all duties of a Trustee, including duties on any Board Committee, in good faith and with that degree of diligence, care and skill, including reasonable inquiry, as an ordinary prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances.
- 2. Reliance on Others. In performing the duties of a Trustee, a Trustee shall be entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, presented or prepared by:
 - a. One or more Officers or employees of the Corporation whom the Trustee believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented;
 - b. Legal counsel, public accountants or other persons as to matters that the Trustee believes are within that person's professional or expert competence; or
 - c. A Board Committee on which the Trustee does not serve, duly designated in accordance with a provision of the Corporation's Charter or Bylaws, as to matters within its designated authority, provided the Trustee believes the Committee merits confidence and the Trustee acts in good faith, and with that degree of care specified in Paragraph D.1., and after reasonable inquiry when the need is indicated by the circumstances, and without knowledge that would cause such reliance to be unwarranted.
- E. Rights of Inspection. Every Trustee has the right to inspect and copy all books, records and documents of every kind and to inspect the physical properties of the Corporation, provided that such inspection is conducted at a reasonable time after reasonable notice, and provided that such right of inspection and copying is subject to the obligation to maintain the confidentiality of the reviewed information, in addition to any obligations imposed by any applicable federal, state or local law.
- F. Participation in Discussions and Voting. Every Trustee has the right to participate in the discussion and vote on all issues before the Board or any Board Committee, except as noted below:
 - 1. Any Trustee shall be excused from the discussion and vote on any matter involving such Trustee relating to: (a) a self-dealing transaction; (b) a conflict of interest, (c) indemnification of that Trustee; or (d) any other matter at the discretion of a majority of the Trustees then present.

G. Duty to Maintain Board Confidences. Every Trustee has a duty to maintain the confidentiality of all Board actions which are not required by law to be open to the public, including discussions and votes which take place at any Executive Sessions of the Board. Any Trustee violating this confidence may be removed from the Board. Moreover, any AHS Passages Community Charter School Faculty may be disciplined, including immediate dismissal, if Board information is disclosed without the Chair's prior approval relating to discussions and votes which take place at any properly held Executive Session of the Board.

ARTICLE VI

OFFICERS

A. Officers. The Officers of the Corporation consist of a President (hereinafter "Chair"), Chief Financial Officer (hereinafter "Treasurer"). The Corporation also may have such other officers, as the Board deems advisable.

- 1. Chair. Subject to Board control, the Chair has general supervision, direction and control of the affairs of the Corporation, and such other powers and duties as the Board may prescribe. If present, the Chair shall preside at Board meetings.
- 2. Treasurer. The Treasurer shall: (a) keep or cause to be kept adequate and correct accounts of the Corporation's properties, receipts and disbursements; (b) make the books of account available at all times for inspection by any Trustee; (c) deposit or cause to be deposited the Corporation's monies and other valuables in the Corporation's name and to its credit, with the depositories the Board designates; (d) disburse or cause to be disbursed the Corporation's funds as the Board directs; (e) render to the Chair and the Board, as requested but no less frequently than once every fiscal year, an account of the Corporation's financial transactions and financial condition; (f) prepare any reports on financial issues required by an agreement on loans; and (g) have such other powers and perform such other duties as the Board may prescribe.
- B. Election, Eligibility and Term of Office.
 - 1. Election. The Board shall elect the Officers annually at the Annual Meeting or a Regular Meeting designated for that purpose or at a Special Meeting called for that purpose, except that Officers appointed to fill vacancies shall be elected as vacancies occur
 - 2. Eligibility. A Trustee may hold any number of offices, except that neither the Secretary nor Treasurer may serve concurrently as the Chair.
 - 3. Term of Office. Each Officer serves at the pleasure of the Board, holding office until resignation, removal or disqualification from service, or until his or her successor is elected.
- C. Removal and Resignation. The Board may remove any Officer in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law and the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law. Such removal shall not prejudice the Officer's rights, if any, under an employment contract. Any Officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Corporation, the resignation taking effect upon receipt of the notice or at a later date specified in the notice.

ARTICLE VII

NON-LIABILITY OF TRUSTEES

The Trustees shall not be personally liable for the Corporation's debts, liabilities or other obligations.

ARTICLE VIII

INDEMNIFICATION OF CORPORATE AGENTS

The AHS Passages Charter School may, to the fullest extent now or hereafter permitted by and in accordance with standards and procedures provided by Sections 721 through 726 of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law and any amendments thereto, indemnify any person made, or threatened to be made, a party to any action or proceeding by reason of the fact that he, his testate or intestate was a Director, Officer, employee or agent of the Corporation, against judgments, fines, amounts paid in settlement and reasonable expenses, including attorneys' fees.

ARTICLE X

SELF-DEALING TRANSACTIONS

The Corporation shall not engage in any self-dealing transactions, except as approved by the Board. "Self-dealing transaction" means a transaction to which the Corporation is a party and in which one or more of the Trustees has a material financial interest ("interested Trustee(s)"). Notwithstanding this definition, the following transaction is not a self-dealing transaction, and is subject to the Board's general standard of care. A transaction which is part of a public or charitable program of the Corporation, if the transaction (a) is approved or authorized by the Board in good faith and without unjustified favoritism, and (b) results in a benefit to one or more Trustees or their families because they are in a class of persons intended to be benefitted by the program.

ARTICLE XI

OTHER PROVISIONS

- A. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Corporation begins on July 1st of each year and ends on June 30th.
- B. Execution of Instruments. Except as otherwise provided in these Bylaws, the Board may adopt a resolution authorizing any Officer or agent of the Corporation to enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of or on behalf of the Corporation. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. Unless so authorized, no Officer, agent or employee shall have any power to bind the Corporation by any contract or engagement, to pledge the Corporation's credit, or to render it liable monetarily for any purpose or any amount.
- C. Checks and Notes. Except as otherwise specifically provided by Board resolution, checks, drafts, promissory notes, orders for the payment of money, and other evidence of indebtedness of the Corporation may be signed by the Director or Treasurer.
- D. Construction and Definitions. Unless the context otherwise requires, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions contained in the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law and the Education Law shall govern the construction of these Bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, words

in these Bylaws shall be read as the masculine or feminine gender, and as the singular or plural, as the context requires, and the word "person" includes both a corporation and a natural person. The captions and headings in these Bylaws are for conveniences of reference only are not intended to limit or define the scope or effect of any provisions.

E. Conflict of Interest. Any Trustee, Officer, key employee, or Committee member having an interest in a contract, other transaction or program presented to or discussed by the Board or Board Committee for authorization, approval, or ratification shall make a prompt, full and frank disclosure of his or her interest to the Board or Committee prior to its acting on such contract or transaction. Disclosure shall include all relevant and material facts known to such person about the contract or transaction which might reasonably be construed to be adverse to the Corporation's interest. The body to which such disclosure is made shall thereupon determine, by majority vote, whether the disclosure shows that a conflict of interest exists or can reasonably be construed to exist. If a conflict is deemed to exist, such person shall not vote on, nor use his or her personal influence on, nor be present during the discussion or deliberations with respect to, such contract or transaction (other than to present factual information or to respond to questions prior to the discussion). The minutes of the meeting shall reflect the disclosure made, the vote thereon and, where applicable, the abstention from voting and participation. The Board may adopt conflict of interest policies requiring:

- 1. Regular annual statements from Trustees, Officers and key employees to disclose existing and potential conflicts of interest; and,
- 2. Corrective and disciplinary actions with respect to transgressions of such policies. For the purpose of this section, a person shall be deemed to have an "interest" in a contract or other transaction if he or she is the party (or one of the parties) contracting or dealing with the Corporation, or is a Director, Trustee or Officer of, or has a significant financial or influential interest in the entity contracting or dealing with the Corporation.
- 3. Interpretation of Charter. Whenever any provision of the Bylaws are in conflict with the provisions of the Charter, the provisions of the Charter shall control.

ARTICLE XII

AMENDMENT

A majority of the Trustees may adopt, amend or repeal these Bylaws, materials amendments being subject to the approval of the Board of Trustees or its designee.



Attachment 21
In reply refer to: 0248674159
Mar. 07, 2011 LTR 4168C E0
36-3005889 000000 00

00015652 BODC: TE

Section 3.2a

ASIAN HUMAN SERVICES OF CHICAGO INC 4753 N BROADWAY ST STE 700 CHICAGO IL 60640-4995



038367

Employer Identification Number: 36-3005889
Person to Contact: Ms. Ozepy
Toll Free Telephone Number: 1-877-829-5500

Dear Taxpayer:

This is in response to your Feb. 24, 2011, request for information regarding your tax-exempt status.

Our records indicate that you were recognized as exempt under section 501(c)(03) of the Internal Revenue Code in a determination letter issued in April 1979.

Our records also indicate that you are not a private foundation within the meaning of section 509(a) of the Code because you are described in section(s) 509(a)(1) and 170(b)(1)(A)(vi).

Donors may deduct contributions to you as provided in section 170 of the Code. Bequests, legacies, devises, transfers, or gifts to you or for your use are deductible for Federal estate and gift tax purposes if they meet the applicable provisions of sections 2055, 2106, and 2522 of the Code.

Please refer to our website www.irs.gov/eo for information regarding filing requirements. Specifically, section 6033(j) of the Code provides that failure to file an annual information return for three consecutive years results in revocation of tax-exempt status as of the filing due date of the third return for organizations required to file. We will publish a list of organizations whose tax-exempt status was revoked under section 6033(j) of the Code on our website beginning in early 2011.

Section 3.2a Attachment 21 0248674159 Mar. 07, 2011 LTR 4168C E0 36-3005889 000000 00 00015653

ASIAN HUMAN SERVICES OF CHICAGO INC 4753 N BROADWAY ST STE 700 CHICAGO IL 60640-4995

If you have any questions, please call us at the telephone number shown in the heading of this letter.

Sincerely yours,

Michele M. Sullivar

Rosemary L. Miller, Operations Mgr. Accounts Management Oper. 1

THITERIAL RESEMBLE SERVITE District Director

DED BRIDERI DE THE TREASBRY 1100 Commerce St., Dallas, TX 75242

ASIAN HUMAN SERVICES OF CHICAGO INC 4753 N BROADWAY STH FLOOR CHICAGO, IL 60640-4907

Person to Contact: Customer Service Division

Telephone Number: 1-800-829-1040

Refer Reply to: Mail Code 4940 DAL

Date: March 30, 1998

FIN: 36-3005889

Dear Sir or Madam:

Our records show that the <u>Asian Human Services of Chicago</u>, <u>Inc</u> is exempt from federal income Tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. This exemption was granted May 1978 and remains in full force and effect. Contributions to your organization are deductible in the manner and to the extent provided by section 170 of the code.

We have classified your organization as one that is not a private foundation within the meaning of section 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code because you are an organization described in sections 509(a)(1) and 170(b)(1)(A)(vi).

If we may be of further assistance, please contact the person whose name and telephone number are shown above.

Sincerely,

A. Sutherland

Chief, Quality Review

Section 3.2c
Board Member Attachment 22

Resume

ASHRAF ALI

Mr. Ashraf Ali, naturalized US citizen from Bangladesh, is currently President of the Development Corporation of America. Previously from 1965-1977 he was employed as a Senior Engineer with the prestigious architectural firm of Skidmore, Owings & Merrill. During his tenure with the firm he distinguished himself through accomplishments on a number of famous Chicago buildings, including the John Hancock Center and the world renowned Sear's Tower.

At the present time, Mr. Ali is the Chair of the Passages Education Committee. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of Asian Human Services (AHS), Inc. and the AHS Family Health Center. As the longest serving Board member of AHS, Mr. Ali was past President for two terms and Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Board. He played a significant role in the creation of Passages Charter School and has served on the Passages Education Committee since the inception of the school in 2001.

Mr. Ali has served as the President of the Bangladesh Association of Chicagoland and as Secretary of the Muslim Community Center. He maintains a very active level of involvement and engagement with the Asian American community through social activities and participation in a number of non-profit organizations.

With a history of service to the city of Chicago, Mr. Ali has received many awards for his civic work and contributions over the past 30 years. Some of his notable awards include recognition from the Department of Human Services, City of Chicago and Certificate of Merit & Leadership from the City in 1992 and 1993. Additionally, in 1994 he was presented an Honorary Life Membership by the Bangladesh Association of Chicagoland. In 1995 he received the Asian American Coalition Award for Outstanding and dedicated Services to the General Welfare of the Asian American Community in Illinois.

JOHN J. HRISNEY

Mr. Hrisney is a retired principal from Arthur Anderson & Co. He graduated from DePaul University in 1967 with a Bachelor of Science in Accounting and joined Arthur Andersen & Co at that time. For the next eleven years he worked in the audit division with clients varying from Fortune 500 companies to small business. Mr. Hrisney also has experience with several non-profits organizations. In 1978, he transferred into the education division with responsibilities for various course development and conduct projects. In his last position he was responsible for the training program for all of Arthur Andersen's new hires throughout the world. This involved approximately 3000 students, 500-700 faculty, and approximately 10 locations throughout the world each year. Mr. Hrisney retired in 1987.

Since his retirement, Mr. Hrisney has been managing his personal investments and served on several not-for-profit boards. He has served on the United Way boards at various levels, including Metropolitan Chicago, Suburban Chicago, and local boards in the southern suburbs. Mr.Hrisney was a committee chair on these boards including finance, budget and allocations, and resource development. In this capacity he was consulted with many agencies, on a pro bono basis, many of which were in a financial difficulty.

Mr. Hrisney is currently on the South/Southwest Suburban Chicago United Way Board and serves as its treasurer and a finance chairman. He is also on the board of Asian Human Services and is post president and current treasurer. Asian Human Services has numerous programs including a medical clinic, a charter school, a mental health program, an employment program, child care, and many others. It specializes in providing assistance to immigrants and refugees. Asian Human Services has grown significantly throughout the last ten years. Mr. Hrisney is the treasurer of the Passages Education Committee.

Mr. Hrisney enjoys traveling, sports, and theater. He resides in the Chicago suburbs.



ASIANHUMANSERVICES

AHS Board of Directors *

CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY

ARTICLE V, SECTION 14 of the By-Laws of Asian Human Services of Chicago, Inc. (AHS) Provides as follows:

"No Director may engage in any business with AHS. Should a Director have a Financial interest in an item under consideration by the Board, that Director Must identify that interest and may not vote on such item."

The provision places the direct duty on all Directors to identify any interest which the Director May have in any item under consideration by the Board, and compels the Director not to do business with AHS.

| I, (print name) | a member of the Board of Directors of Asian |
|--|---|
| | te that I will disclose and identify any economic, |
| financial, or related interest in any item to be | brought before the Board of Directors prior to its state that I have no hidden or secret interest other |
| than what has been revealed to the Board in ite | ems to be considered by the Board. |
| | |
| | |
| | Dated |
| (Signature) | |
| Member of the Board of Directors | |
| Asian Human Services, Inc. | |

• The same policy applies to members of the Passages Education Committee

AHSPCPA School Board Selection and Criteria

Asian Human Services is the holder of the current Passages Elementary School charter since the organization is involved in a variety of human and social service projects, it has created a board which exclusively oversees matters pertaining to the school. There are some individuals who sit on both the AHS board and the Passages board to insure smooth communication and coordination. Thus the designated school board has ample time and focus regarding all school operations, including the proposed addition of the high school.

AHSPCPA School Board Orientation and Training

Categories of Training

A – Legal Aspects

- 1. The State Charter School Law.
- 2. The legal requirements and limitations of authority of charter school boards.
- 3. Identifying and responding to potential legal issues and challenges.
- 4. Board and Personal liability as board members.

B – The Process of School Board Meetings and Actions

- 1. Posting of legal notice of board meetings
- 2. Conducting The Board Meeting
 - a) Selection of officers
 - b) Rules of conduct
 - c) Public participation
 - d) Voting and official action
 - e) Record of transactions and the open meeting requirement as well as the Freedom of Information regulations
- 3. The School Policy Process
 - a) Defining a school "policy"
 - b) The process of policy analysis
 - c) The dissemination and enforcement of board policies

C- The School Board and EMO Relationship

- 1. Defining the role of the EMO and School Board
- 2. Areas of overlap and process of resolution
- 3. Issues of "Micromanagement" by School Boards
- 4. The creation of the School Board and EMO "partnership"
- 5. Communication issues and requirements between the school board and the EMO
- 6. The structure of the joint board and EMO responsibility to select the school principal
- 7. Monitoring and compliance with the board and EMO legal contractual relationship

D – School Finance, Budgeting, Reporting and Audits

- 1. The state school finance process.
- 2. The joint board and EMO yearly budgeting process
- 3. Monthly financial reports to the school board
- 4. The audit requirements of the charter authorizer and the state

E – School Building Facilities

- 1. Definition of responsibilities regarding school building cleaning, maintenance, and repairs between the charter holder (board) and the EMO
- 2. Definition of responsibilities regarding payment of school building concerns such as rent, heat, utilities, information technology installation and maintenance, telephones

F – School Academics and Student Achievement

- 1. Mission and purpose of the school
- 2. The rationale for the school curriculum
- 3. The rationale for the teaching strategies
- 4. Understanding student assessments through local and state testing requirements
- 5. Establishing the yardstick for school academic "success"

G – School and Community Relations

- 1. Successfully including, training, and working with parents
- 2. Keeping connections with charter school authorizers
- 3. Assembling data to present to various constituencies regarding school success
- 4. Public and media relations
- 5. Working with local political officials at the city and state levels
- 6. Strategies for school fund-raising through local, state, federal and private foundations and organizations

AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE ASIAN HUMAN SERVICES, INC. AND THE AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION

THIS AGREEMENT (the "Agreement") is executed and effective as of July 1, 2013, by and between The American Quality Schools Corporation, an Illinois not-for-profit corporation ("AQS"), and the Asian Human Services, Inc. (AHS), an Illinois not-for-profit Corporation, exempt from tax under I.R.S. 501(c)(3).

1. <u>Term.</u> The term of this Agreement ("Term") shall commence on July 1, 2013 and end on June 30, 2018, unless terminated earlier in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth herein. The Term shall include five (5) school years, each commencing on or about August 15 and ending on or about the following June 30. However, notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the Term extend beyond the term of the Charter granted to Asian Human Services Corporation, as it may be extended from time to time.

2. AHS CHARTER SCHOOL

- a. Authorization. AHS has been granted a charter by Chicago Public Schools dated February 27, 2013 (the "Charter" which term shall include the Charter and all Schedules thereto) to organize and operate a charter school in Chicago, Illinois, AHS/Passages Charter School ("Passages"), pursuant to Illinois Charter Schools Law. AHS is governed by a Board of Directors (the "Board") which is responsible for overseeing the operations of AHS and Passages. AQS shall provide the services contemplated by this Agreement to AHS subject to AHS's direction, oversight, and policies, and the requirements of the Charter, and the Charter Schools Law, to the extent applicable to such services. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to interfere with AHS's duty to exercise its statutory, contractual, and fiduciary responsibilities governing the operation of Passages. Furthermore, AHS is deemed hereunder to retain the right to exercise its judgment in accepting or rejecting AQS's recommendations for policy, strategic planning, budgeting, and the educational program. AHS hereby agrees to consult with AQS before it agrees to any Charter amendment that materially affects AQS.
- b. <u>Charter</u>. AQS hereby expressly acknowledges that this Agreement is subject to the terms of the Charter and the Charter Schools Law. The Charter is hereby incorporated by reference as Exhibit A, and AQS agrees to comply with its terms and with all federal and state laws applicable to Charter Schools. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, to the extent any provision of this Agreement is in conflict with the Charter, or with applicable law, the Charter, or applicable law shall supersede this Agreement, as the case may be.
- c. <u>Contractual Relationship</u>. AHS is authorized under the Charter and by law, to organize and operate a public charter school, and is vested with all powers necessary or desirable for carrying out its program, including but not limited to

the power to contract for the services, equipment, and educational programs to be supplied by AQS. Acting under and in the exercise of such authority, AHS hereby contracts with AQS, to the extent permitted by law, for the provision of educational services and the management and operation of the School, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement and the Charter, and further subject to the overall oversight, monitoring, and supervision of AHS. By this Agreement, AHS and AQS intend to work together to promote, manage and operate Passages.

- d. <u>Authority</u>. AQS, in performing its duties and obligations under this Agreement, shall have power and authority, consistent with federal and state law and subject to the other terms and conditions of the Agreement and the overall oversight, monitoring and supervision of AHS, to take such actions as may be necessary or desirable to properly and efficiently operate Passages on behalf of AHS.
- e. <u>Cost of Operating the School</u>. AQS shall have no direct responsibility for the expenses of operating Passages. AHS hereby agrees that it shall be responsible for all such expenses. However, to the extent agreed hereunder, AQS shall pay Passages' expenses, on behalf of AHS, out of Operating Funds as provided in Section 9 of this Agreement.
- f. <u>School Name</u>. AHS shall have the sole authority to name the School. The School shall be known as the Asian Human Services Passages Charter School.
- g. <u>Passages' History/Purpose</u>. Passages opened in the 2001-2002 academic year. The purpose of Passages is to provide parents and children in Chicago, Illinois with a high quality academic option within the public schools. The goal of Passages is to create a school based on a rigorous curriculum that will allow children to succeed in high school and beyond. Consistent with AHS' mission, Passages seeks to be a school which focuses specifically on the learning needs of immigrant and refugee students and their families though the provision of a quality educational program, and integrated social services. AQS agrees to operate Passages in a manner which is consistent with the purpose and goals set forth in this Section, the Mission and Belief Statement and the Educational Goals set forth in the Charter, and the Mission set forth below.
- h. <u>Passages' Mission</u>. The mission of Passages is to provide immigrant and refugee children and their families educational programming geared toward high achievement standards and the needs of immigrant learners through a full-service school offering comprehensive social support services and an educational environment built upon parental and community involvement. ("<u>Mission</u>").
- i. <u>Admissions</u>. Admission to Passages shall be open to all Chicago, Illinois residents in accordance with the Charter Schools Law. The marketing emphasis of Passages will focus on the diverse population of children of the City

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of Chicago. AQS and AHS agree that Passages will engage in no policies which discriminate against students on account of race, gender, religion, national origin, ancestry or color.

j. <u>Recruitment and Marketing</u>. AQS will conduct the recruitment campaign for Passages, in accordance with the Charter, with the assistance of AHS. Marketing and advertising materials shall meet the branding guidelines established by AHS.

3. AHS Responsibilities.

- a. School Facilities. AQS shall provide the services contemplated by this Agreement currently at property located at 1643 W. Bryn Mawr, Chicago, IL (the "School Facilities"), which is owned the Archdiocese of Chicago and leased by AHS under the terms and provisions of the Lease, attached hereto as Exhibit B. AHS shall use to its best efforts to ensure that the School Facilities are suitable and appropriate for use as a school by the student population to be served at the site, and that such facilities are in compliance with all federal, state and local fire, safety, and building codes and requirements applicable to School Facilities, including, to the extent applicable to Passages Facilities, the abatement of environmental hazards and the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act. AHS shall use its best efforts to see that School Facilities are kept in good condition and repair for their intended use. AHS shall ensure that it complies with its obligations under the Lease. All ADA and non-ADA construction/ maintenance to the School Facilities, most of which is required by CPS, will be paid for through Operating Funds (see 9.c. below), and all construction will be supervised by AHS.
- b. <u>Furniture and Fixtures</u>. Although AHS shall retain legal possession of and access to School Facilities at all times, AQS may enter School Facilities to meet its obligations hereunder and may use the desks and other furniture, furnishings and other personal property included with and located at School Facilities to educate students at the School.
- c. AHS' Duties. In entering into this Agreement, AHS retains AQS to manage and operate Passages. Nevertheless, AHS desires to retain certain duties with respect to the promotion and operation of Passages, to the extent such duties do not conflict with AQS's duties under this Agreement. AQS and AHS agree that AHS's retained duties with respect to Passages shall include: (1) public relations, advocacy,, and other consultative services, carried out for various beneficial purposes including community promotion, increasing student enrollment, obtaining additional sources of funding, etc. (2) community outreach and recruitment, (3) assistance with identifying foundation and other public grants (4) coordination/integration of all other community services offered by AHS for the benefit of AHS students and parents, (5) coordination/provision of mental health/social services to the students of Passages through the community mental

health services offered by AHS, (7) clinical services offered by the Family Health Center such as nursing and other medical services, (8) to the extent desired by AQS, accounting services, (9) to the extent desired by AQS, information technology services, and (10) oversight/review, overall policy setting, strategic planning, budgeting, and supervision of Passages to ensure financial viability, a quality education for all Passages students, and compliance with its duties as a charter holder and responsibilities under the Illinois Charter Schools Law and consistent with AHS' mission.

4. AQS Responsibilities.

- a. <u>School Operations</u>. Subject to CPS approval, AQS shall provide Passages and its students in grades Pre-k through Grade 8 (and a high school if applicable) with a complete educational program based on sound school management principles previously presented in writing to AHS and included in the Charter, subject to the overall policy setting, strategic planning, budgeting, supervision, monitoring, and oversight of AHS, and shall meet all requirements of the Charter Schools Law. AQS will provide the management and administrative services necessary to implement and operate its educational program at School Facilities described in the Charter. AQS shall enroll students and provide programs only for the student age and grade ranges stated in the Charter and approved by CPS.
- b. <u>School Calendar</u>. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, the normal school year for Passages will consist of approximately 190 instructional days, from mid-August through mid-June. The number of instructional days at Passages will meet or exceed Illinois requirements. The normal school day shall be approximately seven and one-half (7½) hours per day, Monday through Friday, except for Wednesday when dismissal shall be at 2 p.m. to allow for professional development of Faculty.
- c. <u>Curriculum Materials and Other Property</u>. For the 2013-2014 school year and beyond, AQS shall evaluate and modify the curriculum as necessary with approval of AHS. AQS shall be responsible for the provision of curriculum materials to be used at Passages, including without limitation acquisition of curriculum materials from third parties to the extent necessary or appropriate.
- d. <u>Pupil Performance Evaluation</u>. AQS shall be responsible for and accountable to AHS for the performance of students who attend Passages. Said performance shall be measured in accordance with the principles set forth in Exhibit E and the Charter Schools Law, and such other assessment strategies as may be agreed to in writing by AQS and AHS.
- e. <u>Reports to AHS</u>. Information on the performance of Passages and its students shall be provided to the Passages Education Committee, established by the AHS Board of Directors, at its scheduled meetings, and periodically to the AHS Board, in an annual year end report and such other reports as may be

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required by the Charter and the Charter Schools Law. In addition, AQS shall provide all information regarding the operation of Passages and the students at such time and in such manner as AHS shall reasonably request, including without limitation monthly reports during the school year for AQS' educational performance and the efficiency of the operation of Passages to the Passages Education Committee.

- f. <u>Transportation and Food Service</u>. AQS will be responsible for providing transportation for students at Passages through negotiated contracts with local bus companies, as far as this is feasible under the constraints of the budget. Transportation costs will be paid through Operating Funds and reasonable fees charged to parents. AQS shall be responsible for providing, on behalf of AHS, food service for Passages in accordance with applicable law. All expenses in connection with food service shall be paid out of Operating Funds. If AQS and AHS jointly agree that such food services are most efficiently provided by a subcontractor, AHS shall subcontract directly with a municipality or a public or private subcontractor recommended by and with the consent of AQS for the provision of such food services.
- g. AHS Board Meetings Pertaining to Passages. AHS shall provide to AQS not less than five (5) business days prior written notice of all meetings of AHS's Board of Directors, or any duly authorized committee of the AHS Board, (including, without limitation, telephonic and similar meetings), when Passages is part of the agenda for such meetings. AQS shall send one representative and the Principal of Passages to each such meeting. Such AQS representatives shall be entitled to participate in all discussions at such meetings. However, such AQS representatives shall not be members of the AHS Board or any duly authorized subcommittee of the AHS Board, and accordingly shall not have any voting rights.
- h. <u>School Facilities Cleaning and Routine Maintenance</u>. AQS agrees that it will be responsible for the cleaning and routine maintenance of School Facilities with funds for this purpose coming from Operating Funds.

5. Special Needs.

- a. <u>Special Education</u>. AQS shall provide special education services to students who attend Passages in a manner that complies with federal, state, and local laws, and applicable regulations. AQS may subcontract all or any portion of such services to a public or private subcontractor.
- b. Other Special Student Services. AHS and AQS shall work together to ensure compliance with the requirements of Individuals with Disabilities Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, and the Americans with Disabilities Act. Services necessary to comply with such requirements shall be provided in a manner that complies with state and federal laws and applicable rules, regulations and policies. AQS may subcontract such services to a public or private

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subcontractor, including to AHS for linguistically and culturally appropriate comprehensive mental health child and adult services to Passages students and their families.

6. <u>Property Ownership.</u>

- a. <u>AHS Property</u>. All property purchased for use at Passages with AHS or grant funds, including Operating Funds, shall remain the property of AHS, or be disposed of in accordance with the terms of the applicable grant, or the provisions of AHS's By-laws.
- b. <u>AQS Property</u>. All property which has been purchased by AQS with its own funds will remain the property of AQS.
- c. <u>Teacher and Other Staff Property</u>. All property owned personally and/or individually by the teachers, administrative and support staff shall remain the property of such individual teachers and staff. Such property includes, but is not limited to, albums, curriculum manuals, and personal mementos and other materials or apparatus that have been personally financed or personally developed by teachers or staff.

7. Facilities.

- a. <u>Facilities Use</u>. AHS shall retain full possession of School Facilities and shall have access to School Facilities at any time for inspection or for any other reasonable purpose. AHS shall use reasonable efforts not to allow such inspection to interfere with AQS' duties under the Agreement.
- b. <u>Non-School Hours</u>. During after-school, evening and weekend hours, AQS may request that AHS make School Facilities available for purposes other than the regular school instructional program in a manner consistent with AHS policies, and AHS will not unreasonably deny any such request. However, such requests will be governed by the terms of the lease with the Archdiocese of Chicago.

8. Policies; Records; Waivers.

- a. <u>Discipline Program</u>. AQS shall maintain a safe and disciplined learning environment for students and teachers. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year and beyond, AQS shall have the right to evaluate and modify the discipline program curriculum within CPS guidelines, as necessary, with approval of AHS. AQS shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws concerning welfare, safety and health of students. Any student recommended by the Principal for expulsion shall follow the guidelines established by the Passages Education Committee.
- b. <u>Student Records</u>. Except to the extent expressly waived by the State authorities, AQS shall comply with the Charter Schools Law, the Charter, and all

applicable federal and state laws, concerning the maintenance and disclosure of student records. AHS hereby designates employees of AQS as having a legitimate educational interest such that they are entitled to access to education records under 20 U.S.C. 1232g the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act. AQS, its officers, and employees shall comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act at all times. AQS acknowledges that such records are property of AHS, that AQS has no rights in such records whatsoever, that it shall maintain such records on behalf of AHS and may use such records only in connection with its duties under this Agreement, and that it will follow AHS's instructions in connection with such records.

c. <u>Charter School Records</u>. The financial, educational, and other records of AQS related to the School, whether or not generated or maintained by AQS, are the property of AHS. AHS agrees that AQS shall be entitled to keep a copy of all such records. AQS acknowledges that such records are subject to copying and inspection to the same extent that records of a public school are, under the Illinois Access to Public Records Law. AQS agrees that all School records shall be made available, upon reasonable request, at School Facilities and except as permitted by the Charter or applicable law, AQS will not restrict access of AHS, CPS, or the public to such records. AQS further agrees that all financial and other records of AQS related to Passages will be made reasonably available to AHS's independent auditors for the completion of audits required by law or by the Charter. Such records will be produced at School Facilities.

9. Financial Matters.

- a. <u>State/Local and Other Funding</u>. AHS shall comply with the requirements of the Charter and the Charter Schools Law for the purpose of receiving or maintaining its eligibility to receive from the relevant state and local Illinois authorities (including CPS), the per pupil allowance for each student enrolled and in attendance at Passages ("State Revenues"). AHS shall also comply, with the requirements to receive funds from other external sources, including but not limited to those listed in subsection (c) below. AQS shall provide such assistance to AHS in the preparation or review of applications and reports as AHS may request. AHS shall permit AQS to review any such applications and reports prior to their submission.
- b. <u>AQS Fees</u>. AHS and AQS shall promptly apply for all State/City Revenues and shall remit to AQS seven percent (7%) of such Revenues, in payment for the services that AQS agrees to render hereunder. Said fees shall be included in the monthly transfer set out in (e) below. The seven percent (7%) calculation of the preceding sentence shall not take into consideration revenues such as Title 1, special education, gifted and talented, or other funding that, by terms of state or federal legislation or regulation, may only be used for direct services to students who qualify for (or whose status enables the school to qualify for) receipt of such funds.

- c. Operating Funds. All CPS education per capita revenues (not CPS facilities funding revenues) received by AHS, less a 7% fee to AQS (*see* 9.b.) and a 6% fee to AHS (in consideration for AHS's Duties as set forth in paragraph 3.c.), shall be "Operating Funds," and shall be used for educational and related operating expenses for Passages and maintenance/construction costs for the School Facilities. The fees paid AQS and AHS are subject to change annually. The calculation in the preceding sentence shall not take into consideration other sources of revenues such as Title 1, special education, gifted and talented, or other funding that, by terms of state or federal legislation or regulation, may only be used for direct services to students who qualify for (or whose status enables the school to qualify for) receipt of such funds.
- d. Compliance with External Source Funding. AHS and AQS shall comply with all terms and conditions of any external source funding (e.g., federal and state funds designated for particular purposes such as Title 1 and special education) that are received pursuant to this Agreement. Such payments shall be expended by AQS solely on behalf of the designated students when so required by the funding source. Upon reasonable advance request, AQS shall provide evidence to AHS that Passages is in compliance with such requirements, and shall provide all reports and data reasonably necessary for AHS to meet any reporting or other requirements for such funding.
- e. Payment Schedule and School Operating Account. All Revenues and other external sources of revenue attributable to Passages shall be received by AHS. The funds received by AHS shall be expended for the operating and capital requirements of Passages in agreement with CPS guidelines. Certain other revenues related to Passages such as direct giving, fees charged to students and families, etc. shall be received directly by AQS and deposited into a separate bank account at AQS earmarked for Passages. Passages funds shall be held separate and apart from other schools funds managed by AQS. On a monthly basis, and consistent with a scheduled developed jointly between AQS and AHS, AHS will remit funds directly to AQS for payment of all bills with the exception of monthly rent and other expenses paid directly by AHS. Any funds remaining in the AQS/Passages bank account at the end of the Term, or upon earlier termination of this Agreement prior to the end of the Term, shall be payable to AHS.
- f. <u>Budgets</u>. AHS and AQS shall agree on a Passages budget for each fiscal year by June 1st and submit the budget to the Passages Education Committee no later than June 30th for approval. Subsequent budget changes shall be permitted if approved by the Passages Education Committee. Final approved budgets will be required to be submitted by AQS to CPS by October 31st.
- g. <u>Monthly Financial Reports</u>. AQS shall provide monthly reports on Passages' finances to AHS for review and approval, which shall include detailed statements of all revenues received, from whatever source, with respect to Passages and detailed statements of all direct expenditures for services rendered to or on behalf of Passages and students who attend Passages, whether incurred

on-site or off-site. Such reports will also include a comparison of the budget to actual expenditures and an explanation of any material variances. Such monthly management financial reports shall be delivered to AHS no later than fifteen (15) business days following the close of each month. In addition, AQS shall prepare and deliver to AHS any other financial and other operational reports relating to Passages which may be reasonably required pursuant to the Charter and the Charter Schools Law in accordance with the requirements thereof.

- h. Grant Applications. AQS shall have the right to apply for and receive grant money on its own or together with AHS, and to retain any such funds for its use consistent with the terms of such grants; provided, that AQS will keep AHS informed in writing of such applications and grants at the level of detail that AHS reasonably requests. Any such monies received by AQS shall not reduce the fees due under the Agreement. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to prevent AQS from soliciting grants for other schools under its management or for its own purposes. All grants submitted for the benefit of Passages must be approved prior to their submission by the Passages Education Committee of the AHS Board and the AHS CEO.
- i. <u>Student Fees.</u> Subject to the Charter, the Charter Schools Law and other applicable law, and subject to the overall direction, oversight and policies of AHS, AQS may charge tuition to students at School for extra services such as summer and before and after-school programs, preschool programs and other similar activities, as well as a per-student activity fee not to exceed \$100 per school year. No portion of a Kindergarten program, whether full or half day will be deemed a "pre-school" program for purposes of charging tuition under this section if the student's age and birthday meet the eligibility requirements for enrollment in Kindergarten under Illinois Jaw.
- j. Marketing and Development Costs. Marketing and development costs paid out of Operating Funds shall be limited to costs specific to Passages and shall not include costs related solely to other schools operated by AQS. To the extent that the same marketing and development materials are used by AQS for the benefit of Passages and for other schools managed by AQS, AQS shall allocate a portion of the costs related to such materials to Passages based on an allocation formula jointly agreed to by AHS and AQS. AHS will assist AQS with the marketing and promotion of Passages, especially in the Asian community.
- k. <u>Fiscal Agency</u>. Notwithstanding the foregoing, AHS shall, at all times, be the fiscal agent for Passages.

10. Personnel.

a. <u>Personnel Responsibilities</u>. AQS shall have the responsibility to determine staffing levels at Passages and to select, evaluate, assign, discipline and transfer personnel consistent with federal and state laws, rules, and regulations

(unless waived by appropriate authorities). The responsibilities of the staff Passages shall be as set forth in the job descriptions contained in Exhibit D.

- b. <u>Passages Principal</u>. AQS will have the authority, consistent with state law, to select the Principal for Passages, subject to approval by the AHS Board of Directors. AQS will supervise such Principal and hold her, him or them accountable for the success of Passages. The annual evaluation of the Principal will be conducted by the Passages Education Committee.
- c. The Passages Principal will attend one monthly meeting at AHS with the CEO to ensure coordination and integration with all other AHS programs. The Principal will be responsible to establish the monthly meeting.
- d. AQS and the Principal shall have authority to select and supervise the teachers and the non-instructional staff at Passages.
- e. Employment Terms. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, all personnel working at Passages shall be employees of AQS. AQS agrees that all individuals who teach in Passages will be required to hold a license to teach in public school in Illinois or be in the process of obtaining such a license under the transition to teaching program and must complete the transition to teaching program no later than three (3) years after beginning to teach at Passages AQS agrees that all non-teaching personnel providing services for which licensure or certification is required shall have the appropriate license or certificate as required under Illinois. AQS agrees not to employ a teacher or administrator whose certification or license has been revoked. AQS will maintain copies of all licenses and certificates related to employees at Passages on file at School Facilities. AQS will make its best efforts to obtain a diverse workforce consistent with the mission of AHS and Passages.
- f. Employee Salaries and Benefits. Beginning with the 2013-2014 school year, AQS shall pay for the salaries, fringe benefits, employment taxes and other employment related costs and expenses for all employees at Passages from the School Operating Account. AQS will provide teachers and staff with salary, health insurance, retirement benefits, liability insurance, and other benefits as determined by AQS. AQS shall provide a report to AHS of the salaries and fringe benefits of all employees at Passages on a schedule to be agreed to by AHS and AQS. Remission of teacher and other pension benefits shall be made within fifteen (15) days after payroll with no exceptions.
- g. <u>Training</u>. AQS shall provide training in its methods, curriculum, program, technology, cultural competency and other issues to all teaching personnel at Passages. Such training may be held onsite or offsite, at locations selected by AQS. AQS shall also provide ongoing professional development programs throughout the school year. AHS staff will conduct certain trainings related to child and adolescent mental health, nutrition, parenting and health related matters in consultation with the Principal.

h. Personnel Policies.

- (i) AQS shall comply with applicable federal and state laws, concerning employee welfare, safety and health, including, without limitation, the requirements of federal law for a drug free workplace.
- (ii) AQS shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations concerning the maintenance and disclosure of employee records for School personnel.
- (iii) AQS shall not illegally discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, national origin, religion, ancestry, age, disability, marital status, citizenship, veteran status, or sexual orientation in its recruitment, selection, training, utilization, termination or other employment-related activities.
- i. <u>Criminal History Checks</u>. AQS agrees that it will comply with applicable Illinois law and the provisions of the Charter concerning criminal history checks for staff and teachers it employs at Passages.
- 11. Proprietary Information. Curriculum and other educational materials, including but not necessarily limited to, all copyright and other proprietary rights to all instructional materials, training materials, curriculum and lesson plans, teaching techniques or methods that were developed or copyrighted by AQS prior to September 1, 2002 and all improvements thereto, or that were developed by AQS after such date with funds that are not Designated Curriculum Funds (as defined below) shall be the property of AQS ("AQS Intellectual Property"). Curriculum or educational materials that (i) are both directly developed and paid for by AHS; or (ii) were developed by AQS at the direction of AHS with Operating Funds specifically dedicated to the development of curriculum or materials ("Dedicated Curriculum Funds") shall be the property of AHS. AQS shall and hereby does grant AHS a non-exclusive, perpetual, royalty free license to use the AQS Intellectual Property during the term of this Agreement. Such license does not include the right to use, assign or sub-license such Intellectual Property. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent a teacher from using lesson plans or other instructional material s/he has developed for his or her own use, in or outside of the School, regardless of the expiration or termination of the Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing set forth herein shall prohibit AHS from making available to the public free-of-charge, consistent with the purposes and provisions of the Illinois Charter Schools Law and other applicable law, any Intellectual Property.

12. Representations of AHS.

a. <u>Due Organization and Information</u>. AHS represents and warrants that it is an Illinois not-for-profit corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois. AHS warrants that the information it has furnished to AQS concerning Passages finances, revenues, and student enrollment is, to its

knowledge and belief are accurate and the latest information available-at the time of the execution of the Agreement.

b. <u>Valid and Binding Obligation</u>. AHS represents and warrants that the Agreement constitutes a legal, valid, and binding obligation of AHS enforceable in accordance with its terms.

13. Representations of AQS.

- a. <u>Due Organization and Information</u>. AQS represents and warrants that it is an Illinois not-for-profit corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Illinois. AQS represents that it has the authority under state law to execute, deliver and perform the Agreement, to incur its obligations provided for in the Agreement, and to contract with AHS to provide the services set forth in the Agreement.
- b. <u>Valid and Binding Obligation</u>. AQS represents and warrants that the Agreement constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of AQS enforceable in accordance with its terms.
- c. <u>Potential Conflicts</u>. AQS represents and warrants that no member of the Board of AHS or Passages, or employee of AHS or Passages, or their respective spouses or immediate family members have any ownership, employment, contractual, or management interest in AQS.

14. Legal Matters and Indemnification.

a. <u>Legal Representation</u>, <u>Costs</u>, <u>and Cooperation</u>. Except as expressly provided herein or in connection with insurance coverage required to be provided in the Agreement by one party for the benefit of the other, each party shall be responsible for its own legal representation and legal costs. Except where there is an actual or potential conflict of interest, AHS and AQS shall fully cooperate with legal counsel for one another in connection with any legal claim asserted against either of them. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Agreement, neither party shall settle or compromise any claim against the other without the express written permission of that party.

b. Indemnification.

(i) AQS shall indemnify and save and hold AHS, its employees, officers, directors, subcontractors and agents harmless against any and all claims, demands, suits, costs, judgments, or other form of liability to third parties, actual or claimed, including reasonable attorneys' fees, occurring or allegedly occurring in connection with the operation of Passages resulting from breach by AQS of its obligations under this Agreement or acts or omissions of AQS or by its employees, officers, directors, subcontractors, or agents. Upon timely written notice from AHS,

AQS shall defend the foregoing indemnities in any such action or proceeding brought thereon.

- (ii) AHS shall indemnify and save and hold AQS, its partners, employees, officers, directors, subcontractors and agents harmless against any and an claims, demands, suits, costs, judgments or other forms of liability to third parties, actual or claimed, including reasonable attorneys fees, occurring or allegedly occurring, in connection with the operation of Passages resulting from breach by AHS of its obligations under this Agreement or acts or omissions of AHS or by its employees, officers, directors, subcontractors, or agents. Upon timely written notice from AQS, AHS shall defend the foregoing indemnities in any such action or proceeding brought thereon.
- (iii) Each party shall give prompt written notice to the party required to of the assertion of any claim or the commencement of any litigation for which indemnification is sought and shall cooperate with the indemnifying party in the defense of the claim or litigation.
- c. <u>No Waiver</u>. The foregoing provisions shall not he deemed a relinquishment or waiver of all kind of applicable limitations of liability to third parties provided or available to any of the parties hinder applicable state governmental immunities laws.
- d. <u>Survival</u>. The provisions of this Section 14 shall survive any termination, expiration or cancellation of this Agreement.

15. Termination.

- a. <u>AHS Termination for Cause</u>. AHS may terminate the Agreement for cause prior to the end of the term specified in Section 1 of the Agreement, in accordance with the procedures set forth herein, for any of the reasons set forth in subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) below.
 - (i) If AQS substantially breaches any of the material terms and conditions of the Agreement and fails to remedy such breach within ninety (90) days after receipt of written notice of such breach from AHS.
 - (ii) If AQS files a petition in bankruptcy, is adjudicated bankrupt or files a petition or otherwise seeks relief under or pursuant to any bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization statute or proceeding, or if a petition in bankruptcy is filed against it or it becomes insolvent or makes an assignment for the benefit of its creditors or a custodian, receiver or trustee is appointed for it or a substantial portion of its business or assets.
 - (iii) If there occurs an enactment, repeal, promulgation or withdrawal of any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or court or administrative decision or order which, after all possible appeals, results in

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- a final judgment or finding that the Agreement or the operation of Passages in conformity with the Agreement violates AHS's responsibilities, duties or obligations under the state or federal constitutions, statutes, laws, rules or regulations, or any AHS contract or agreement.
- (iv) The following procedures shall apply to any termination pursuant to this Section 15 (a). AHS shall give AQS written notice of its intent to terminate the Agreement at least ninety (90) days prior to the effective date of termination stated in the notice. The cause for termination shall immediately be submitted to AHS's President and AOS' Chief Executive Officer, or their respective designees, for consideration and discussions to attempt to resolve the matter. If these representatives are unable to resolve the matter, then termination shall become effective in accordance with AHS's termination notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any termination will not become effective until the end of a school year unless there are unusual and compelling circumstances that justify the disruption to the educational program and the students caused by a mid-year termination. However, if the grounds for termination relate to a serious health, safety or educational risk to students, then notwithstanding any provision to the contrary set forth above, upon election by AHS termination shall be effective immediately.
- b. <u>AQS Termination for Cause</u>. AQS may terminate the Agreement for cause prior to the end of the term specified in Section I of the Agreement, in accordance with the procedures set forth below, for any of the reasons set forth in subparagraphs (i), (ii), or (iii) below,
 - (i) If AHS substantially breaches any of the material terms and conditions of the Agreement and fails to remedy such breach within ninety (90) days after receipt of written notice of such breach from AQS. For this purpose, a material breach may include, but is not limited to, failure to make payments as required by the Agreement unless the required payment is subject to reasonable dispute, or any other failure which undermines the purposes of the Agreement.
 - (ii) The enactment, repeal, promulgation or withdrawal of any federal, state, or local law, regulation, or court or administrative decision or order which has a material adverse effect on AQS' ability to operate a charter school in accordance with its budget.
 - (iii) The following procedures shall apply to any termination pursuant to this Section 15 (b) AQS shall give AHS written notice of its intent to terminate the Agreement at least ninety (90) days prior to the effective date of the termination stated in the notice. The cause of termination shall immediately be submitted to AHS's President and AQS' Chief Executive Officer, or their respective designees, for consideration

and discussions to attempt to resolve the matter. If these representatives are unable to resolve the matter, then termination shall become effective in accordance with AQS' termination notice. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any termination will not become effective until the end of a school year unless there are unusual and compelling circumstances that justify the disruption to the educational program and the students caused by to a mid-year termination.

- c. <u>Disposition of Fixed Assets upon Termination</u>. Upon expiration or termination of the Agreement for any reason, AHS shall have the right, subject to any limitations and/or conditions in loan or lease agreements to which AQS is a party, to acquire all, but not part, of the property and equipment owned by AQS and located in Passages by paying AQS the "net depreciated value" of such property and equipment as reflected on the books of AQS, within thirty (30) days after the effective date of termination of the Agreement. AQS shall be allowed to remove and retain such property and equipment in the event that AHS determines not to purchase it. AQS shall restore School Facilities after removing equipment to the condition that existed prior to such removal.
- d. <u>Remedies</u>. Termination of the Agreement in accordance with Sections 15 (a) or (b) shall be the sole remedy for breaches of the Agreement except for any breach of any obligation to make monetary payments to the other party. Any monetary payments that are not paid within thirty (30) days after the due date will be subject to interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall preclude any party from seeking a temporary and/or permanent injunction, or other equitable remedy, in the event of a breach hereof by the other party hereto or any person acting for or in concert with such party.

16. Insurance.

- a. <u>Coverage</u>. AQS shall secure on behalf of itself and AHS and maintain at all times during the term of this Agreement the following insurance coverage for Passages, AHS, and AQS, with deductibles and coverage minimums as set forth in Schedule A. All premiums for such coverage shall be paid from Operating Funds.
 - (i) Real and personal property insurance covering all of Passages' real and personal property, whether owned or leased, at replacement value;
 - (ii) General liability insurance;
 - (iii) Automobile insurance;
 - (iv) Workers' compensation insurance, as required by law;
 - (v) School leaders' legal/professional liability insurance;

- (vi) Umbrella (excess liability) insurance; and
- (vii) Employee dishonesty insurance.
- b. <u>Carrier</u>. The insurance must be obtained from a licensed mutual, stock, or other responsible company licensed to do business in the State of Illinois, acceptable to AHS. In addition, AQS shall provide AHS with copies of (or certificates of insurance for) all insurance policies required hereunder.
- c. <u>Change of Carriers</u>. When changing insurance policies or carriers, AQS must provide copies of (or proposed certificates of insurance for) the proposed policies to AHS at least thirty (30) days prior to the proposed change. AQS shall not cancel or modify the existing coverage without the prior approval of AHS.
- d. <u>Special Accident or Medical Coverage</u>. In the discretion of AQS, Passages may expend Operating Funds for payment of the cost of participation in an accident or medical insurance program to provide protection for pupils while attending school or participating in a school program or activity.
- e. <u>Coordination of Risk Management</u>. The parties shall coordinate risk management activities with one another. This will include the prompt reporting of any and all pending or threatened claims, filing of timely notices of claim, cooperating fully with one another in the defense of any claims and complying with any defense and reimbursement provisions of state governmental immunity laws and applicable insurance policies. Neither party shall compromise, settle, negotiate or otherwise affect any disposition of any claim or potential claim asserted against it to the extent such claims are insured by or through the other party without the approval of the other party.

17. Miscellaneous.

- a. Alternate Dispute Resolution. The parties agree to cooperate in good faith in all actions relating to the Agreement, to communicate openly and honestly, and generally to attempt to avoid disputes in connection with the Agreement. If, nevertheless, a dispute should arise in connection with the Agreement, the parties agree to use their best efforts to resolve such dispute in a fair and equitable manner and without the need for expensive and time-consuming litigation. Except as otherwise set forth in Section 15 of this Agreement, in the event any dispute arises between AHS and AQS concerning the Agreement, it shall be resolved in accordance with the alternate dispute resolution procedure that is set forth in Schedule B. All such dispute resolution proceedings shall take place in Chicago, Illinois, unless otherwise agreed by the parties.
- b. <u>Force Majeure</u>. Neither party shall be liable if the performance of any part or all of this contract is prevented, delayed, hindered or otherwise made impracticable or impossible by reason of any strike, flood, riot, fire, explosion, war, act of God, sabotage, accident or any other casualty or cause beyond either

party's control, and which cannot be overcome by reasonable diligence and without unusual expense.

- c. <u>Independent Contractor Status</u>. The parties to the Agreement intend that the relationship between them created by the Agreement is that of an independent contractor, and not employer-employee. No agent, employee, or servant of AQS shall he deemed to be the employee, agent or servant of AHS except as expressly acknowledged in writing by AHS.
- d. <u>Subcontracting</u>. AQS reserves the right to subcontract any and all services specified in the Agreement to AHS and/or to public or private subcontractors, as permitted by law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, AQS shall not subcontract the, management, oversight or operation of the teaching and instructional program.
- e. <u>No Third Party Beneficiary Rights</u>. No third party, whether a constituent of AHS or otherwise, may enforce or rely upon any obligation of, or the exercise of, or the failure to exercise any right of, AHS or AQS in the Agreement. The Agreement is not intended to create any rights of a third party beneficiary.
- f. <u>Amendments</u>. The Agreement may be altered, amended, changed or modified only by agreement in writing executed by AQS and AHS. At the end of the 2014 2015 school year, AHS and AQS agree to review this Agreement to
- g. determine if any modifications/changes are necessary after one year of operation.
- h. <u>Section Headings</u>. The section headings shall not be treated as part of the Agreement or as affecting the true meaning of the provisions hereof the reference to section numbers herein shall be deemed to refer to the numbers preceding each section.
- i. <u>Invalidity of Provisions of the Agreement</u>. If, for any reason, any provision hereof shall be determined to be invalid or unenforceable, the validity and effect of the other provisions hereof shall not he affected thereby.
- j. <u>Assignment</u>. The Agreement shall not he assigned by either party without the prior written consent of the other party.
- k. <u>No Waiver</u>. No waiver of any provision of the Agreement shall be deemed or shall constitute a waiver of any other provision. Nor shall such waiver constitute a continuing waiver unless otherwise expressly stated.
- l. <u>Survival</u>. All representations, warranties and indemnities made herein shall survive termination, of the Agreement.

- m. <u>Governing Law</u>. The Agreement shall he governed, construed and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois, without regard to the conflicts of laws principles thereof.
- n. <u>Schedules and Exhibits</u>. The parties agree to the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the Schedules and Exhibits attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. The above described Schedules and Exhibits shall become incorporated herein and part of this Agreement effective as of the date the parties agree to the terms and conditions of such Schedules and Exhibits.
- o. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. This Agreement and the Schedules and Exhibits hereto shall constitute the full and complete agreement between the parties. All prior representations, understandings and agreements are merged herein and are superseded by this Agreement.
- p. <u>Notices</u>. All notices required or permitted by this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be either personally delivered or sent by nationally recognized overnight courier, telecopy or by registered or certified U.S. mail, postage prepaid, addressed as set forth below (except that a party may from time to time give notice changing the address for this purpose). A notice shall be effective on the date personally delivered, on the date delivered by a nationally recognized overnight courier, on the date set forth on the receipt of a telecopy or facsimile, or upon the earlier of date set forth on the receipt of registered or certified mail or on the fifth day after mailing.

Asian Human Services, Inc. 4753 N. Broadway, Suite 700 Chicago, Illinois 60640

Chicago, Illinois 60640

Attention: Ms. Abha Pandya, Chief Executive Officer Telecopy: 773-290-8430

Martin K. LePointe LePointe Law, P.C.

With a copy to: 1200 Shermer Road, Suite 310

Northbrook, IL 847-786-2500

The American Quality Schools Corporation

850 West Jackson Blvd.

To AQS at: Chicago, IL 60607

Attn. Dr. Michael J. Bakalis Telecopy: 312-226-1027

With a copy to:

Leo J. Athas

Hingham 8

Hinshaw & Culbertson, LLP

222 North LaSalle Street Suite 300

To AHS at:

Chicago, Illinois 60601 Telecopy 312-704-3001

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first above written.

| Asian Human Services, Inc. | |
|--|-----|
| By its: | _ |
| The American Quality Schools Corporation, Ir | nc. |
| By its: | _ |

Exhibit A Passages Charter School Charter

AHS WILL FOLLOW THE CPS ACCOUNTABILITY PLAN FOR PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL

Exhibit B Lease of Passages Facilities

DRAFT LEASE ATTACHED

Exhibit C SY2008-2009 Budget

DRAFT BUDGET ATTACHED

Exhibit D
Job Descriptions

Schedule A **Insurance Requirements**

ALL INSURANCE REQUIRED BY CPS WILL BE OBTAINED BY AHS & AQS

1. Real and personal property

Within thirty (30) days from the date of execution of the Charter, AQS shall submit to AHS a schedule of values for Passages Facilities and for the personal property therein, indicating replacement values.

No later than thirty (30) days prior to the commencement of operations of the School, the AQS shall provide evidence of coverage, either through its own policy, a policy of AHS or a policy of the landlord of Passages Facilities, for the real and personal property at replacement value.

General liability insurance is required in the amount of \$2,000,000 aggregate and \$1,000,000 per occurrence, and shall have endorsements for the following; (a) coverage for employee benefitplan administrators; (b) specialized professional liability coverage for persons such as nurses, social workers, counselors and athletic trainers; and (c) coverage for groups conducting school sponsored activities, such as parent teacher organizations, booster clubs, and student groups.

2. Automobile

Automobile insurance is required for any vehicle(s) owned or leased, non-owned and hired vehicles by AQS, Passages or by AHS for use at Passages. Coverage shall be in an amount equal to the greater of the amount listed below or the amount required by Indiana law.

Liability \$1,000,000 aggregate/occurrence

Medical \$5,000 per person per occurrence

Uninsured-motorist \$1,000,000 Underinsured motorist \$1,000,000 Property damage

\$50,000

Comprehensive maximum deductible \$500 (Collision maximum deductible \$500

3. School leaders/legal professional liability:

Bd. Of Dir. Errors & Omissions \$2,000,000 aggregate/\$1,000,000 per occurrence

4. Umbrella/excess liability

Umbrella excess liability insurance is required over the general liability policy, the automobile coverage, and the errors and omissions coverage for the board of directors in the amount of \$5,000,000.

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION ADVISORY BOARD JUNE 30, 2010

Dr. Michael Bakalis

Vito Bianco

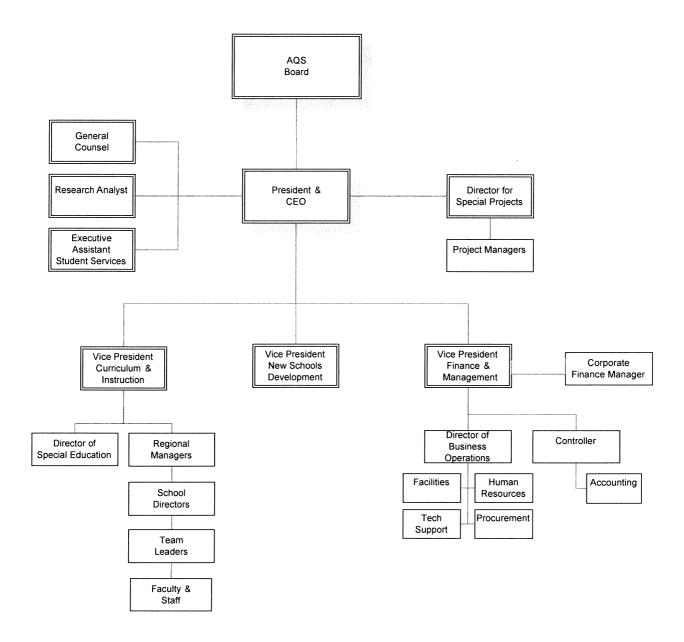
Erin Calontuono

Desi Messerges

George Nassos

Linda Randall

Robert Yadgir



Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of American Quality Schools Corporation (a nonprofit organization) as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of American Quality Schools Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Quality Schools Corporation as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2010, on our consideration of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial



statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Mulcahy, Panistach, Salvador + Co., Ltd.

Orland Park, Illinois December 2, 2010

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

| | 2010 | 2009 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash | \$ 1,591,900 | \$ 1,657,076 |
| Receivables: | | |
| Accounts | 368,334 | 118,343 |
| Advances | 88,934 | - |
| Management fees | 110,716 | 370,440 |
| Notes | 33,354 | 27,194 |
| Prepaid expenses | 83,811 | 37,261 |
| Total current assets | 2,277,049 | 2,210,314 |
| Property and equipment: | | |
| Equipment | 1,597,680 | 1,374,515 |
| Leasehold improvements | 665,127 | 650,935 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (886,470) | (596,962) |
| Net property and equipment | 1,376,337 | 1,428,488 |
| Other assets: | | |
| Deposits | 14,074 | 19,074 |
| Total assets | \$ 3,667,460 | <u>\$ 3,657,876</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 148,565 | \$ 80,922 |
| Accrued expenses | 439,685 | 353,552 |
| Deferred grant revenue | 22,895 | 348,438 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 62,100 | 61,782 |
| Total current liabilities | 673,245 | 844,694 |
| Long-term debt: | | |
| Notes payable, less current portion | 506,262 | 569,584 |
| Total liabilities | 1,179,507 | 1,414,278 |
| Net assets: | | |
| Unrestricted | 2,487,953 | 2,243,598 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | \$ 3,667,460 | \$ 3,657,876 |
| See notes to financial statements. | | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

| | 2010 | | 2009 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|
| Revenues and support: | | | |
| Chicago Public Schools: | | | |
| Per capita tuition and other funds | \$ 6,866 | 5,199 \$ | . , , |
| Special services | | 7,591 | 209,916 |
| Grants | | 0,022 | 814,216 |
| Management fees and other fee revenue | 3,115 | 5,556 | 2,822,781 |
| Student fees | | 4,659 | 212,087 |
| Contributions | | 3,500 | 3,580 |
| Interest income | | 3,459 | 2,079 |
| Other | 50 | <u>6,240</u> _ | 14,387 |
| Total revenues and support | 10,962 | 2,226 | 9,624,520 |
| Expenses: | | | |
| Program services | 6,540 | 0,217 | 5,961,546 |
| Supporting services | 4,17 | <u>7,654</u> | 2,644,056 |
| Total expenses | 10,717 | <u> 7,871</u> | 8,605,602 |
| Change in net assets | 244 | 4,355 | 1,018,918 |
| Net assets at beginning of year | 2,243 | 3,598 | 1,224,680 |
| Net assets at end of year | \$ 2,48 | <u>7,953</u> <u>\$</u> | 2,243,598 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

| | | 2010 | | 2009 |
|---|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Change in net assets | \$ | 244,355 | \$ | 1,018,918 |
| Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash | | , | _ | -,, |
| provided by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 305,400 | | 246,534 |
| Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | ŕ | | , |
| Receivables | | 9,733 | | 40,909 |
| Prepaid expenses | | (46,550) | | 6,350 |
| Deposits | | 5,000 | | (9,000) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 153,776 | | 56,563 |
| Deferred grant revenue | | (325,543) | | (401,837) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 346,171 | | 958,437 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Advances and notes receivable made | | (95,094) | | (5,194) |
| Purchases of property and equipment | | (253,249) | | (539,530) |
| Net cash used by investing activities | Manager (process) | (348,343) | • | (544,724) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Repayment of amounts due to charter schools | | - | | (250,470) |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | | - | | 270,643 |
| Principal repayments of long-term debt | | (63,004) | | (39,877) |
| Net cash used by financing activities | ·*** | (63,004) | | (19,704) |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | | (65,176) | | 394,009 |
| Cash at beginning of year | *************************************** | 1,657,076 | | 1,263,067 |
| Cash at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 1,591,900 | <u>\$</u> | 1,657,076 |

See notes to financial statements.

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Nature of Activities

American Quality Schools Corporation (AQS) was established to organize, operate and manage college preparatory K - 12 charter and contract schools. AQS currently operates two schools, Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy and Plato Learning Academy. AQS operates these schools under a contract with the Board of Education of the City of Chicago, Illinois (Chicago Public Schools). The majority of the schools' revenues and support comes from Chicago Public Schools through per student fees, grants and other revenue.

In addition to operating the two schools noted above, AQS manages six schools in Illinois, five in Indiana, and two in Missouri under annual agreements.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of AQS have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

C. Cash

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, AQS considers all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The bank account balances, at times, exceed federally insured limits. AQS has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

D. Accounts and Management Fees Receivable

AQS extends credit to Chicago Public Schools and the other schools that it manages, generally without collateral. Accounts and management fees receivable are reported at their outstanding balance reduced by the allowance for doubtful accounts, if any.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is increased by charges to income and decreased by chargeoffs (net of recoveries). Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the past collection experience of AQS, known and inherent risks of the payors comprising the accounts and management fees receivable balances, adverse situations that may affect the payor's ability to pay, and current economic conditions. Accounts and management fees receivable are charged off when management deems the balance to be uncollectible.

Based on a review of outstanding receivables, management determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary at June 30, 2010 and 2009.

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

E. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair value upon receipt. It is the policy of AQS to generally capitalize items with a cost or estimated fair value in excess of \$1,000. Lesser amounts are expensed. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed as incurred.

F. Contributed Services

Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received. AQS recognized \$123,500 of contribution income for student services performed by Chicago Public Schools nurses, social workers, psychologists and therapists for the year ended June 30, 2010.

G. Financial Statement Presentation

AQS reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets. Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. As of June 30, 2010, all net assets are considered unrestricted.

H. Income Taxes

AQS is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

I. Functional Allocation of Expenses

Salaries and related employee expenses are allocated to program and supporting service functions based on actual time employees spend on each function. The remaining expenses are specifically allocated whenever practical, or are allocated based on salaries or space utilization.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

K. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 2, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

L. Reclassifications

Certain amounts as previously reported for 2009 have been reclassified to conform to the 2010 presentation.

NOTE 2. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid for interest during the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$31,197 and \$25,248, respectively.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, AQS had noncash investing and financing transactions of \$396,122 related to purchases of equipment that were financed with long-term debt.

NOTE 3. LONG-TERM DEBT

| Long-term debt at June 30, 2010 and 2009 consisted of the following: | | 2010 | | 2009 |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| Note payable to the Illinois Facilities Fund, due in monthly installments of \$6,832 including interest at 5.31%, with the final payment due in January, 2019. The note is collateralized by leasehold improvements. The interest rate will be adjusted in accordance with the agreement in August, 2013. | \$ | 559,807 | \$ | 610,589 |
| An interest free equipment loan payable to Food Service Professionals, due in monthly installments of \$1,222, with the final payment due in May, 2011. The note is collateralized by | | 0.555 | | 20 777 |
| specific equipment. | | 8,555 | | 20,777 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 568,362 | <u>\$</u> | 631,366 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

Future maturities of long-term debt in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2011 | \$ | 62,100 |
|------------|-----------|---------|
| 2012 | | 56,458 |
| 2013 | | 59,530 |
| 2014 | | 62,769 |
| 2015 | | 66,185 |
| Thereafter | | 261,320 |
| | | |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 568,362 |

NOTE 4. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

AQS conducts its operations from facilities that are leased under noncancelable leases expiring through July, 2018. Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$375,231 and \$330,123, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under these leases in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2011 | \$ 375,759 |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2012 | 368,973 |
| 2013 | 372,800 |
| 2014 | 200,000 |
| 2015 | 200,000 |
| Thereafter | 616,667 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 2,134,199 |

Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy conducts its operations from a school that is leased under a noncancelable lease expiring in June, 2011. Under the terms of the lease, Austin is required to pay rent of \$1 per year plus all operating expenses incurred in the management, operation and maintenance of the school. Rent expense, including operating expenses, for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$496,259 and \$511,354, respectively.

NOTE 5. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Employees of AQS may participate in an Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) retirement savings plan. The plan is funded solely by employee contributions pursuant to a salary reduction agreement.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2010

WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2009

| | | american Quality Schools | Entr | Austin usiness and epreneurship Academy | - | Plato Learning Academy |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|-----------|--|---|------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 44,503 | \$ | 976,803 | \$ | 570,594 |
| Receivables: | | 202.005 | | 11.0.50 | | |
| Advances | | 382,005 | | 41,369 | | 31,649 |
| Advances Management fees | | 88,934 110,716 | | - | | - |
| Notes | | 33,354 | | - | | - |
| Prepaid expenses | | 33,783 | | 30,452 | | 19,576 |
| - | *************************************** | 35,.35 | | 30,,53 | - | 12,370 |
| Total current assets | *************************************** | 693,295 | | 1,048,624 | | 621,819 |
| Property and equipment: | | | | | | |
| Equipment | | 420,041 | | 655,213 | | 522,426 |
| Leasehold improvements | | - | | | | 665,127 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | • | (294,115) | | (326,753) | | (265,602) |
| Net property and equipment | | 125,926 | | 328,460 | | 921,951 |
| | | | | | | |
| Other assets: | | 14054 | | | | |
| Deposits | | 14,074 | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 833,295 | <u>\$</u> | 1,377,084 | \$ | 1,543,770 |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 95,152 | \$ | 10,654 | \$ | 42.750 |
| Accrued expenses | Φ | 95,152 | Ф | 281,325 | Ф | 42,759 158,360 |
| Due to charter schools | | - - | | 68,499 | | 18,190 |
| Deferred grant revenue | | - | | - | | 22,895 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | | | | - | | 62,100 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total current liabilities | | 95,152 | | 360,478 | | 304,304 |
| Long-term debt: | | | | | | |
| Notes payable, less current portion | | _ | | | | 506,262 |
| m - 111 1 1111 | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities | | 95,152 | | 360,478 | | 810,566 |
| Net assets: | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | | 738,143 | | 1,016,606 | | 733,204 |
| | | | | | *************************************** | |
| Total liabilities and net assets | \$ | 833,295 | \$ | 1,377,084 | \$ | 1,543,770 |

| | | | To | otals | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------|---|-----------|--|--|
| El | <u>iminations</u> | | 2010 | | 2009 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 1,591,900 | \$ | 1,657,076 | | |
| | (86,689) | | 368,334 | | 118,343 | | |
| | - | | 88,934 | | - | | |
| | _ | | 110,716 | | 370,440 | | |
| | - | | 33,354 | | 27,194 | | |
| | _ | | 83,811 | | 37,261 | | |
| | (86,689) | | 2,277,049 | | 2,210,314 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | - | | 1,597,680 | | 1,374,515 | | |
| | - | | 665,127 | | 650,935 | | |
| | | | (886,470) | | (596,962) | | |
| | | | 1,376,337 | - | 1,428,488 | | |
| | | | 14,074 | | 19,074 | | |
| \$ | (86,689) | \$ | 3,667,460 | \$ | 3,657,876 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | _ | \$ | 148,565 | \$ | 80,922 | | |
| • | _ | • | 439,685 | • | 353,552 | | |
| | (86,689) | | - | | - | | |
| | - | | 22,895 | | 348,438 | | |
| | | | 62,100 | | 61,782 | | |
| | (86,689) | | 673,245 | | 844,694 | | |
| Particular de la constantina | | Walter | 506,262 | | 569,584 | | |
| | (86,689) | | 1,179,507 | | 1,414,278 | | |
| | - | | 2,487,953 | | 2,243,598 | | |
| | | | | *************************************** | | | |
| \$ | (86,689) | \$ | 3,667,460 | \$ | 3,657,876 | | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

| | | American Quality Schools | | Entrepreneurship | | Plato Learning Academy |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------|----|------------------|----|------------------------------|
| Revenues and support: | | | | | | |
| Chicago Public Schools: | | | | | | |
| Per capita tuition and other funds | \$ | - | \$ | 4,460,367 | \$ | 2,405,832 |
| Special services | | - | | 149,846 | | 107,745 |
| Grants | | - | | 15,876 | | 254,146 |
| Management fees and other fee revenue | | 3,695,040 | | - | | - |
| Student fees | | - | | 37,949 | | 216,710 |
| Contributions | | - | | 58,500 | | 65,000 |
| Interest income | | 5,832 | | 8,445 | | 4,182 |
| Other | | 38,079 | | 5,744 | | 12,417 |
| Total revenues and support | | 3,738,951 | | 4,736,727 | | 3,066,032 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| Program services | | 702,488 | | 3,473,192 | | 2,384,537 |
| Supporting services | | 3,288,363 | | 891,848 | | 556,927 |
| Total expenses | | 3,990,851 | • | 4,365,040 | | 2,941,464 |
| Change in net assets | | (251,900) | | 371,687 | | 124,568 |
| Net assets at beginning of year | | 990,043 | | 644,919 | | 608,636 |
| Net assets at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 738,143 | \$ | 1,016,606 | \$ | 733,204 |

| | | Totals | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|------------|---|-----------|--|
| Elim | inations | | 2010 | | 2009 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 6,866,199 | \$ | 5,545,474 | |
| | - | | 257,591 | | 209,916 | |
| | - | | 270,022 | | 814,216 | |
| | (579,484) | | 3,115,556 | | 2,822,781 | |
| | - | | 254,659 | | 212,087 | |
| | - | | 123,500 | | 3,580 | |
| | - | | 18,459 | | 2,079 | |
| | | | 56,240 | | 14,387 | |
| | (579,484) | | 10,962,226 | | 9,624,520 | |
| | (20,000) | | 6,540,217 | | 5,961,546 | |
| *************************************** | (559,484) | | 4,177,654 | | 2,644,056 | |
| | (579,484) | - | 10,717,871 | | 8,605,602 | |
| | - | | 244,355 | | 1,018,918 | |
| | | | 2,243,598 | *************************************** | 1,224,680 | |
| \$ | - | <u>\$</u> | 2,487,953 | \$ | 2,243,598 | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION SCHEDULES OF EXPENSES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

| | 2010 | | 2009 |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Salaries | \$ 6,925,708 | \$ | 5,187,198 |
| Benefits | 1,213,694 | | 847,066 |
| Books and supplies | 228,480 | | 384,023 |
| Consulting | 31,755 | | - |
| Depreciation | 305,400 | | 246,534 |
| Insurance | 38,352 | | 24,819 |
| Interest | 31,197 | | 25,248 |
| Marketing | 44,972 | | 53,786 |
| Miscellaneous | 1,364 | | 618 |
| Occupancy | 854,666 | | 854,238 |
| Office | 155,508 | | 167,039 |
| Postage | 16,268 | | 14,346 |
| Professional fees | 66,004 | | 142,479 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 211,957 | | 141,787 |
| Student activities | 366,378 | | 376,284 |
| Telephone | 53,115 | | 42,649 |
| Travel and conferences | 127,494 | | 85,124 |
| Utilities | 45,559 | | 12,364 |
| Total expenses | <u>\$ 10,717,871</u> | <u>\$</u> | 8,605,602 |

Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of American Quality Schools Corporation (a nonprofit organization) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



During our testing, we noted an instance in which accounts payable cut-off procedures did not record an invoice in the proper period.

Management's response:

Management will increase efforts to review all subsequent transactions for proper fiscal year expense prior to and subsequent to closing of the accounting records.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether American Quality Schools Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

American Quality Schools Corporation's response to the finding identified in our audit is described above. We did not audit American Quality Schools Corporation's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information of management, the Governing Board, others within the entity, and Chicago Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mulcaky, Phuritack, Salvador + Co., Ltd.

Orland Park, Illinois December 2, 2010 Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY ADMINISTERING AGENCY

We have examined the compliance of American Quality Schools Corporation with the types of compliance requirements provided by its administering agency, the Chicago Public Schools, which are applicable to the American Quality Schools Corporation's Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy High School and Plato Learning Academy. The Chicago Public Schools provided the compliance requirements subject to examination in a memorandum dated June 23, 2010. Compliance with requirements of applicable laws and regulations prescribed by the administering agency is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our examination.

The applicable laws and regulations that were tested included the following, as applicable:

Open Meetings Act (5 ILCS 120/1.01 et seq.)

Fingerprint-based Criminal Background Investigations and Checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database & Statewide Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Database (105 ILCS 5/10-21.9 & 105 ILCS 5/34-18.5)

Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/1 et seq.)

Administration of Medication (105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b)

Hazardous Materials Training (105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a)

School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/1 et seq.)

Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (325 ILCS 5/1 et seq.)

Eye Protection in School Act (105 ILCS 115/0.01 et seq.)

Toxic Art Supplies in Schools Act (105 ILCS 135/1 et seq.)

Infectious Disease Policies and Rules (105 ILCS 5/10-21.11)

Conformance with the following sections of your Contract School Agreement (the "Agreement"):

- Section 4. Enrollment an enrollment process and lottery;
- Section 4. Governance and Operation the school's governance structure;
- Section 5. Maintenance of Corporate Status and Good Standing;
- Section 6. Management and Financial Controls;

Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 7501-07), OMB Circular A-133 and OMB Compliance Supplements.



Our examination of compliance was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the compliance requirements described above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, American Quality Schools Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the Chicago Public Schools' requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Governing Board, and Chicago Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mulcahy, Paritish, Salvador + Co., Ltd.

December 2, 2010 Orland Park, Illinois

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION ADVISORY BOARD JUNE 30, 2011

Dr. Michael Bakalis

Vito Bianco

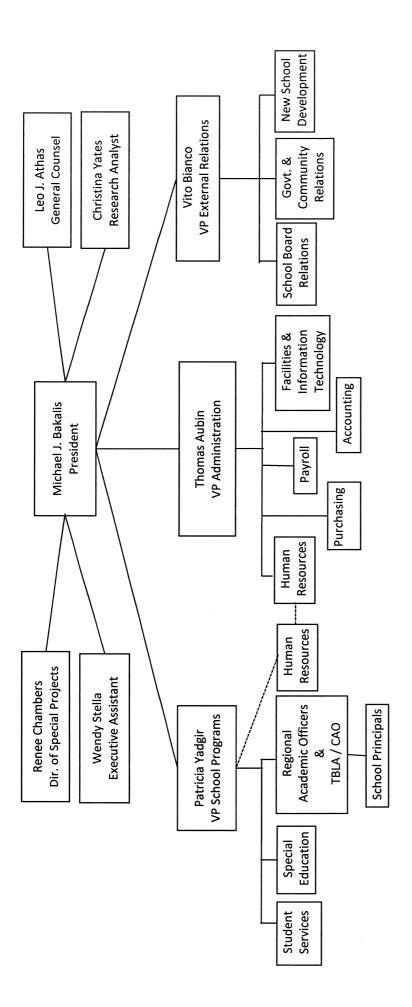
Reverend Lewis Flowers

Marlene Golembo

George Nassos

Pam Paul

Thomas Pekras



Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of American Quality Schools Corporation (a nonprofit organization) as of June 30, 2011 and 2010, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of American Quality Schools Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Quality Schools Corporation as of June 30, 2011 and 2010, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 8, 2013, on our consideration of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from



and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Mulcahy, Pauritsel, Salvador + Co., Ltd.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

| | 2011 | 2010 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash | \$ 698,380 | \$ 1,591,900 |
| Receivables: | | |
| Accounts | 310,455 | 368,334 |
| Advances | 65,700 | 88,934 |
| Management fees | 150,427 | 110,716 |
| Note due from related party | - | 33,354 |
| Prepaid expenses | 112,643 | 83,811 |
| Total current assets | 1,337,605 | 2,277,049 |
| Property and equipment | 919,216 | 1,376,337 |
| Other assets: | | |
| Long-term receivables: | | |
| Accounts | 56,669 | - |
| Management fees | 51,344 | - |
| Deposits | 14,389 | 14,074 |
| Total other assets | 122,402 | 14,074 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,379,223 | \$ 3,667,460 |

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|---|---|---|---|--|
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | |
| Current liabilities: Checks written in excess of funds on deposit Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to charter schools Deferred grant revenue Current portion of accrued lawsuit settlement Current portion of long-term debt | \$ | 46,064 82,346 301,735 33,437 21,500 90,000 66,258 | \$ | 157,120 439,685 - 22,895 - 62,100 |
| Total current liabilities | *************************************** | 641,340 | | 681,800 |
| Long-term liabilities: Accrued lawsuit settlement, less current portion Long-term debt, less current portion | | 298,000 465,970 | *************************************** | - 497,707 |
| Total long-term liabilities | | 763,970 | | 497,707 |
| Total liabilities | | 1,405,310 | | 1,179,507 |
| Net assets: Unrestricted | | 973,913 | *************************************** | 2,487,953 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | <u>\$</u> | 2,379,223 | \$ | 3,667,460 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|--|---|-------------|---|-----------|
| Revenues and support: | | | | |
| Chicago Public Schools: | | | | |
| Per capita tuition and other funds | \$ | 2,515,236 | \$ | 2,405,832 |
| Special services | | 311,726 | | 107,745 |
| Other | | 24,823 | | - |
| Grants | | 28,295 | | 254,146 |
| Management fees and other fee revenue | | 3,593,579 | | 3,115,556 |
| Student fees | | 223,870 | | 216,710 |
| Contributions | | 30,461 | | 65,000 |
| Interest income | | 1,603 | | 10,014 |
| Other | | 24,023 | | 50,496 |
| Total revenues and support | | 6,753,616 | | 6,225,499 |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| Program services | | 3,993,320 | | 3,067,025 |
| Supporting services | - | 3,537,963 | | 3,701,699 |
| Total expenses | | 7,531,283 | | 6,768,724 |
| Change in net assets from continuing operations | | (777,667) | | (543,225) |
| Discontinued operations: Income (loss) from operations of discontinued component, including loss on liquidation in 2011 of \$270,422 | *************************************** | (736,373) | *************************************** | 787,580 |
| Change in net assets | | (1,514,040) | | 244,355 |
| Net assets at beginning of year | | 2,487,953 | | 2,243,598 |
| Net assets at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 973,913 | <u>\$</u> | 2,487,953 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

| | ********** | 2011 | | 2010 |
|---|------------|------------------|---|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Change in net assets | \$ | (1,514,040) | \$ | 244,355 |
| Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash | | , , , , , | | |
| provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 330,577 | | 305,400 |
| Loss on liquidation | | 270,422 | | - |
| Write-off of note receivable from related party | | 33,354 | | - |
| Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Receivables | | (66,611) | | 9,733 |
| Prepaid expenses | | (28,832) | | (46,550) |
| Deposits | | (315) | | 5,000 |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 175,276 | | 153,776 |
| Deferred grant revenue | | (1,395) | | (325,543) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | (801,564) | | 346,171 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Advances and notes receivable made | | - | | (95,094) |
| Purchases of property and equipment | | (113,478) | *************************************** | (253,249) |
| Net cash used by investing activities | ***** | (113,478) | | (348,343) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Increase in checks issued in excess of funds on deposit | | 46,064 | | - |
| Increase in amounts due to charter schools | | 33,437 | | - |
| Principal repayments of long-term debt | | <u>(57,979</u>) | | (63,004) |
| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities | | 21,522 | Magazine | (63,004) |
| Net decrease in cash | | (893,520) | | (65,176) |
| Cash at beginning of year | | 1,591,900 | | 1,657,076 |
| Cash at end of year | \$ | 698,380 | \$ | 1,591,900 |

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Nature of Activities

American Quality Schools Corporation (AQS) was established to organize, operate and manage college preparatory K - 12 charter and contract schools. AQS operated two schools, Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy and Plato Learning Academy. AQS operated these schools under a contract with the Board of Education of the City of Chicago, Illinois (Chicago Public Schools). The majority of the schools' revenues and support comes from Chicago Public Schools through per student fees, grants and other revenue.

The agreement with Chicago Public Schools for operating Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy expired June 30, 2011, and was not renewed. Total revenues and support for Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$3,655,544 and \$4,736,727, respectively.

In addition to operating the two schools noted above, AQS managed seven schools in Illinois, five in Indiana, and two in Missouri under annual agreements. Subsequent to year-end, the agreement with one of the school operators, which consisted of five schools, was not renewed. Total management fee revenue received under this agreement during the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$1,475,000 and \$1,523,000, respectively.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of AQS have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

C. Cash

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, AQS considers all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The bank account balances, at times, exceed federally insured limits. AQS has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

D. Accounts and Management Fees Receivable

AQS extends credit to Chicago Public Schools and the other schools that it manages, generally without collateral. Accounts and management fees receivable are reported at their outstanding balance reduced by the allowance for doubtful accounts, if any.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is increased by charges to income and decreased by chargeoffs (net of recoveries). Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the past collection experience of AQS, known and inherent risks of the payors comprising the accounts and management fees receivable balances, adverse situations that may affect the payor's ability to pay, and current economic conditions. Accounts and management fees receivable are charged off when management deems the balance to be uncollectible.

Based on a review of outstanding receivables, management determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary at June 30, 2011 and 2010.

E. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair value upon receipt. It is the policy of AQS to generally capitalize items with a cost or estimated fair value in excess of \$1,000. Lesser amounts are expensed. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed as incurred.

F. Contributed Services

Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received. AQS recognized \$55,180 and \$123,500 of contribution income for student services performed by Chicago Public Schools nurses, social workers, psychologists and therapists for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

G. Financial Statement Presentation

AQS reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets. Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, all net assets are considered unrestricted.

H. Income Taxes

AQS is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The federal Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) of AQS is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, generally for three years after the date it was filed.

I. Functional Allocation of Expenses

Salaries and related employee expenses are allocated to program and supporting service functions based on actual time employees spend on each function. The remaining expenses are specifically allocated whenever practical, or are allocated based on salaries or space utilization.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Reclassifications

Certain amounts as previously reported for 2010 have been reclassified to conform to the 2011 presentation.

NOTE 2. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid for interest during the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$29,975 and \$31,197, respectively.

During the year ended June 30, 2011, AQS had noncash investing and financing transactions of \$30,400 related to purchases of equipment that were financed with long-term debt.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at June 30, 2011 and 2010 was comprised of the following:

| | 2011 | | 2010 |
|--|----------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Equipment Leasehold improvements | \$ 983,923 698,880 | \$ | 1,597,680 665,127 |
| Total Less accumulated depreciation | 1,682,803 (763,587) | | 2,262,807 (886,470) |
| Net property and equipment | \$ 919,216 | <u>\$</u> | 1,376,337 |

NOTE 4. ACCRUED LAWSUIT SETTLEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2011, AQS entered into a settlement agreement that is payable through October, 2039. The outstanding balance due at June 30, 2011 was \$388,000.

Future settlement payments required under the agreement in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2012 | \$ 90,000 |
|------------|---------------|
| 2013 | 45,000 |
| 2014 | 45,000 |
| 2015 | 8,000 |
| 2016 | 8,000 |
| Thereafter | 192,000 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 388,000 |

NOTE 5. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Administrative employees are entitled to paid sick days and vacation days, depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. It is impracticable to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences, and, accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. It is the policy of AQS to recognize the cost of compensated absences when actually used by the employees.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

| Long-term debt at June 30, 2011 and 2010 consisted of the following: | 2011 | 2010 |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Note payable to the Illinois Facilities Fund, due in monthly installments of \$6,832 including interest at 5.31%, with the final payment due in January, 2019. The note is collateralized by leasehold improvements. The interest rate will be adjusted in accordance with the agreement in August, 2013. | \$ 506,262 | \$ 559,807 |
| Note payable to a finance company, due in monthly installments of \$953 including interest at 8.05%, with the final payment due in January, 2014. The note is collateralized by specific | | |
| equipment. | 25,966 | |
| Total Less current maturities | 532,228 (66,258) | 559,807 (62,100) |
| Net long-term debt | \$ 465,970 | \$ 497,707 |

Future maturities of long-term debt in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2012 | \$ 66,258 |
|------------|---------------|
| 2013 | 69,985 |
| 2014 | 68,480 |
| 2015 | 66,185 |
| 2016 | 69,786 |
| Thereafter | 191,534 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 532,228 |

NOTE 7. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

AQS conducts its operations from facilities that are leased under noncancelable leases expiring through July, 2021. Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$379,293 and \$375,231, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under these leases in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2012 | \$ 483,572 |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2013 | 633,696 |
| 2014 | 463,445 |
| 2015 | 458,821 |
| 2016 | 465,300 |
| Thereafter | 1,892,997 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 4,397,831 |

Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy conducted its operations from a school that was leased under a noncancelable lease that expired in June, 2011. Under the terms of the lease, Austin was required to pay rent of \$1 per year plus all operating expenses incurred in the management, operation and maintenance of the school. Rent expense, including operating expenses, for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$658,837 and \$496,259, respectively.

NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Employees of AQS may participate in an Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) retirement savings plan. The plan is funded solely by employee contributions pursuant to a salary reduction agreement.

NOTE 9. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As discussed in Note 1, the agreement with Chicago Public Schools for operating Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy expired June 30, 2011, and was not renewed.

Assets and liabilities to be disposed of comprise the following at June 30, 2011 and 2010:

| | | 2011 | | |
|--|-----------|----------------------------|----|--|
| Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Property and equipment | \$ | 32,250 52,461 34,631 | \$ | 976,803 41,369 30,452 328,460 |
| Total assets | \$ | 119,342 | \$ | 1,377,084 |
| Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to charter school | \$ | 102,480 9,407 | \$ | 10,654 281,325 68,499 |
| Total liabilities | <u>\$</u> | 111,887 | \$ | 360,478 |

The summarized financial information of discontinued operations for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows:

| | | 2011 | | 2010 |
|---|-----------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|
| Revenues and support Expenses | \$ | 3,655,544 4,457,684 | \$ | 4,736,727 4,365,040 |
| Change in net assets before loss on dissolution Loss on dissolution | • | (802,140) (207,011) | | 371,687 |
| Change in net assets | <u>\$</u> | (1,009,151) | <u>\$</u> | 371,687 |

NOTE 10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 8, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

In August, 2011, AQS entered into a line of credit agreement with a bank for up to \$300,000. The agreement expired in August, 2012. AQS is currently negotiating terms of a new agreement. AQS continues to operate under the expired terms of the agreement. Interest is payable monthly at a variable rate equal to the lender's index (5.00%) plus 0.50%. The line of credit is collateralized by assets of AQS.

Subsequent to year-end, AQS received loans from three members of the Governing Board totaling \$310,000. The loans accrue interest at 5% and mature in June, 2013.

Subsequent to year-end, AQS entered into a construction agreement totaling \$296,465.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2011 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2010

| ACCEPTEG | American Quality <u>Schools</u> | | Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy | | Plato Learning Academy | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------|--|---------|------------------------------|-----------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 2,107 | \$ | 32,250 | \$ | 664,023 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 242,242 | | 52,461 | | 54,283 |
| Advances | | 65,700 | | - | | - |
| Management fees | | 150,427 | | - | | - |
| Notes | | | | - | | - |
| Prepaid expenses | | 50,699 | | 34,631 | | 27,313 |
| Total current assets | | 511,175 | | 119,342 | | 745,619 |
| Property and equipment | | 139,055 | | | - | 780,161 |
| Other assets: | | | | | | |
| Long-term receivables: | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 56,669 | | - | | - ' |
| Management fees | | 51,344 | | - | | - |
| Deposits | | 14,389 | | | - | |
| Total other assets | | 122,402 | | - | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 772,632 | \$ | 119,342 | \$ | 1,525,780 |

| | | Totals | | | | | | | |
|-------|------------------------------|--------|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Elimi | Eliminations 2011 | | | | 2010 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 698,380 | \$ | 1,591,900 | | | | |
| | (38,531) | | 310,455 65,700 150,427 - 112,643 1,337,605 919,216 | | 368,334 88,934 110,716 33,354 83,811 2,277,049 1,376,337 | | | | |
| \$ | - - - - (38,531) | \$ | 56,669 51,344 14,389 122,402 2,379,223 | \$ | 14,074 14,074 3,667,460 (continued) | | | | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2011 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2010

| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | American Quality Schools | | Austin usiness and epreneurship Academy | | Plato Learning Academy | |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------|----|--|----|------------------------------|--|
| LIADILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Checks issued in excess of funds on deposit | \$ | 46,064 | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| Accounts payable | | 79,310 | | - | | 3,036 | |
| Accrued expenses | | 26,590 | | 102,480 | | 172,665 | |
| Due to charter schools | | 33,437 | | 9,407 | | 29,124 | |
| Deferred grant revenue | | - | | - | | 21,500 | |
| Current portion of accrued lawsuit settlement | | 90,000 | | - | | - | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | - | 9,800 | | - | - | 56,458 | |
| Total current liabilities | | 285,201 | | 111,887 | | 282,783 | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accrued lawsuit, less current portion | | 298,000 | | - | | - | |
| Long-term debt, less current portion | | 16,166 | | - | | 449,804 | |
| Total long-term liabilities | | 314,166 | | _ | | 449,804 | |
| Total liabilities | | 599,367 | | 111,887 | | 732,587 | |
| Net assets: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | | 173,265 | | 7,455 | - | 793,193 | |
| Total liabilities and net assets | <u>\$</u> | 772,632 | \$ | 119,342 | \$ | 1,525,780 | |

| | | Totals | | | | | |
|------|------------------|--------|-----------|----|-------------|--|--|
| Elir | <u>ninations</u> | | 2011 | | 2010 | | |
| - | | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 46,064 | \$ | _ | | |
| | - | | 82,346 | | 157,120 | | |
| | - | | 301,735 | | 439,685 | | |
| | (38,531) | | 33,437 | | - | | |
| | - | | 21,500 | | 22,895 | | |
| | - | | 90,000 | | - | | |
| | | | 66,258 | | 62,100 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (38,531) | | 641,340 | | 681,800 | | |
| | | | | | - | | |
| | - | | 298,000 | | - | | |
| | - | | 465,970 | | 497,707 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | - | | 763,970 | | 497,707 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (38,531) | | 1,405,310 | | 1,179,507 | | |
| | , , , | | | | , , | | |
| | | | 072 012 | | 2 497 052 | | |
| | - | | 973,913 | | 2,487,953 | | |
| \$ | (38,531) | \$ | 2,379,223 | \$ | 3,667,460 | | |
| | | | | | (concluded) | | |
| | | | | | (222224404) | | |

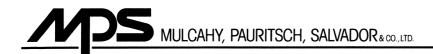
AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

| | | American Quality Schools | | Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy | | Plato Learning <u>Academy</u> | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|---------------|--|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Revenues and support: | | | | | | | |
| Chicago Public Schools: | | | | | | | |
| Per capita tuition and other funds | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,515,236 | |
| Special services | | 111,500 | | - | | 200,226 | |
| Other | | 24,823 | | - | | , · • | |
| Grants | | • | | - | | 28,295 | |
| Management fees and other fee revenue | | 4,103,475 | | - | | - | |
| Student fees | | - | | - | | 223,870 | |
| Contributions | | - | | - | | 30,461 | |
| Interest income | | - | | - | | 1,603 | |
| Other | | 13,259 | | - | | 10,764 | |
| Total revenues and support | | 4,253,057 | ************* | _ | | 3,010,455 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Program services | | 1,658,335 | | - | | 2,398,396 | |
| Supporting services | | 3,159,600 | | - | | 552,070 | |
| Total expenses | | 4,817,935 | - | - | | 2,950,466 | |
| Change in net assets from continuing operations | | (564,878) | | - | | 59,989 | |
| Discontinued operations: Income (loss) from operations of discontinued component, including loss on liquidation in 2011 of \$270,422 | | | | (1,009,151) | | <u>F_</u> _ | |
| Change in net assets | | (564,878) | | (1,009,151) | | 59,989 | |
| Net assets at beginning of year | | 738,143 | | 1,016,606 | | 733,204 | |
| Net assets at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 173,265 | <u>\$</u> | 7,455 | <u>\$</u> | 793,193 | |

| | | To | Totals | | | | |
|----|-----------------------|----|------------------------|----|------------------------|--|--|
| E | iminations_ | | 2011 | | 2010 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 2,515,236 | \$ | 2,405,832 | | |
| | - | | 311,726 | | 107,745 | | |
| | - | | 24,823 | | - | | |
| | - | | 28,295 | | 254,146 | | |
| | (509,896) | | 3,593,579 | | 3,115,556 | | |
| | - | | 223,870 | | 216,710 | | |
| | - | | 30,461 | | 65,000 | | |
| | - | | 1,603 | | 10,014 | | |
| | - | | 24,023 | | 50,496 | | |
| | (509,896) | | 6,753,616 | | 6,225,499 | | |
| | (63,411) (173,707) | | 3,993,320 3,537,963 | | 3,067,025 3,701,699 | | |
| | (173,701) | | 3,337,703 | | 3,701,077 | | |
| | (237,118) | | 7,531,283 | | 6,768,724 | | |
| | (272,778) | | (777,667) | | (543,225) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| · | 272,778 | | (736,373) | | 787,580 | | |
| | - | | (1,514,040) | | 244,355 | | |
| | | | 2,487,953 | | 2,243,598 | | |
| \$ | | \$ | 973,913 | \$ | 2,487,953 | | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION SCHEDULES OF EXPENSES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011 AND 2010

| | | 2011 | 2010 |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| Salaries | \$ | 4,636,619 | \$ 4,379,561 |
| Benefits | | 725,139 | 748,798 |
| Books and supplies | | 78,106 | 121,935 |
| Consulting | | 2,800 | 31,755 |
| Depreciation | | 212,888 | 204,216 |
| Insurance | | 25,595 | 29,570 |
| Interest | | 29,975 | 31,197 |
| Marketing | | 54,410 | 38,897 |
| Miscellaneous | | 4,877 | 1,205 |
| Occupancy | | 386,243 | 358,407 |
| Office | | 171,593 | 131,972 |
| Postage | | 10,784 | 12,445 |
| Professional fees | | 506,457 | 48,873 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 161,792 | 151,089 |
| Student activities | | 312,271 | 259,868 |
| Telephone | | 54,980 | 51,416 |
| Travel and conferences | | 113,654 | 121,961 |
| Utilities | | 43,100 | 45,559 |
| Total expenses | <u>\$</u> | 7,531,283 | \$ 6,768,724 |



Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of American Quality Schools Corporation (a nonprofit organization), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of American Quality Schools Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and another deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described below to be material weaknesses.



During our testing, we noted numerous instances in which accounts payable cut-off procedures recorded invoices in the wrong period, including the recording of the same credit card invoices twice.

Management's response:

Proper month-end cutoff procedures have been put in place which should alleviate this problem going forward.

During our audit, we noted that the payroll functions are not properly segregated. Additionally, payroll is not reviewed and approved by appropriate personnel.

Management's response:

Management has taken steps to ensure that a proper system of checks and balances are in place. Specifically, a new professional payroll manager was hired who reports directly to the Director-Human Resources. In addition, all payrolls for AQS Corporate as well as the individual schools are independently reviewed by accounting staff prior to submission to ADP for processing. The result has been a marked improvement in the payroll processing function, and the number of errors noted in the school payrolls has dropped significantly. Overtime cannot be paid to any corporate staff without the express written approval of an individual's immediate supervisor.

The completion of the audit was delayed because supporting schedules were not completed and provided on a timely basis. As a consequence, American Quality Schools Corporation did not meet its November 1, 2011 audit reporting due date.

Management's response:

As a result of staff turnover, and an over-reliance on an outside consultant to oversee the affairs of the AQS accounting department, AQS became delinquent in not only its audit, but those of several AQS schools as well. AQS has since hired a professional finance executive from the private sector who has been working to get all audits caught up. In addition, the accounting consultant has been terminated and AQS internal accounting staff has been bolstered and improved via the hiring of additional qualified staff and termination of non-performers.

During our testing of the bank reconciliations, we noted a \$100,000 deposit in transit that did not clear the bank until July 20, 2011. Upon further testing, it was discovered that this deposit was improperly recorded in the general ledger for the year ended June 30, 2011. A material audit adjustment was required to correct \$100,000 overstatements of cash and notes payable.

Management's response:

A \$100,000 payment was anticipated and scheduled to be received in June, 2011 based on discussions with the payor. The actual payment was not made until July, 2011. The recording of the transaction was in error. Procedures have been put into place to ensure cash transactions are not recorded until received or a receivable is not booked until a contract is finalized.

Journal entries prepared and recorded are not reviewed and approved by appropriate personnel.

Management's response:

Although journal entries have not been traditionally reviewed and approved prior to entry into the books of account, a compensating control in place is the monthly review of the financial statements relative to budget and prior year between the VP-Finance and Controller of AOS.

Cut-off procedures did not record a \$388,000 accrual to the proper period. This resulted in an understatement of accrued expenses.

Management's response:

Proper month-end cutoff procedures have been put in place which should alleviate this problem going forward.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described below to be a significant deficiency.

Accrued paid time off is not formally tracked and approved.

Management's response:

Management will be implementing a reporting and tracking system in the near future.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether American Quality Schools Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

American Quality Schools Corporation's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. We did not audit American Quality Schools Corporation's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Governing Board, others within the entity, and Chicago Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mulcahy, Paintsch, Salvador + Co., Ltd.

Orland Park, Illinois



Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY ADMINISTERING AGENCY

We have examined American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance with the types of compliance requirements provided by its administering agency, the Chicago Public Schools, which are applicable to the American Quality Schools Corporation's Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy High School and Plato Learning Academy. The Chicago Public Schools provided the compliance requirements subject to examination in a memorandum dated June 17, 2011. Compliance with requirements of applicable laws and regulations prescribed by the administering agency is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance based on our examination.

The applicable laws and regulations that were tested included the following, as applicable:

Open Meetings Act (5 ILCS 120/1.01 et seq.)

Fingerprint-based Criminal Background Investigations and Checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database & Statewide Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Database (105 ILCS 5/10-21.9 & 105 ILCS 5/34-18.5)

Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/1 et seq.)

Administering Medication (105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b)

Hazardous Materials Training (105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a)

School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/1 et seq.)

Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (325 ILCS 5/1 et seq.)

Eye Protection in School Act (105 ILCS 115/0.01 et seq.)

Toxic Art Supplies in Schools Act (105 ILCS 135/1 et seq.)

Infectious Disease Policies and Rules (105 ILCS 5/10-21.11)

Physical Fitness Medical Emergency Preparedness Act (210 ILCS 74/1 et seq.)

Conformance with the following sections of your Contract School Agreement (the "Agreement"):

- Section 4. Enrollment an enrollment process and lottery;
- Section 4. Governance and Operation the school's governance structure;
- Section 5. Maintenance of Corporate Status and Good Standing;
- Section 5. Facility the school's facility and ADA compliance;
- Section 6. Management and Financial Controls;
- Exhibit B. Insurance Requirements maintenance of required insurance coverage;

Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 7501-07), OMB Circular A-133 and OMB Compliance Supplements.



Our examination of compliance was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance with the requirements described above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance with specific requirements.

In our opinion, American Quality Schools Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the Chicago Public Schools' requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Governing Board, and Chicago Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mulsahy, Parintsch, Salvalor & Co., Ctd.

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION ADVISORY BOARD JUNE 30, 2012

Dr. Michael Bakalis

Vito Bianco

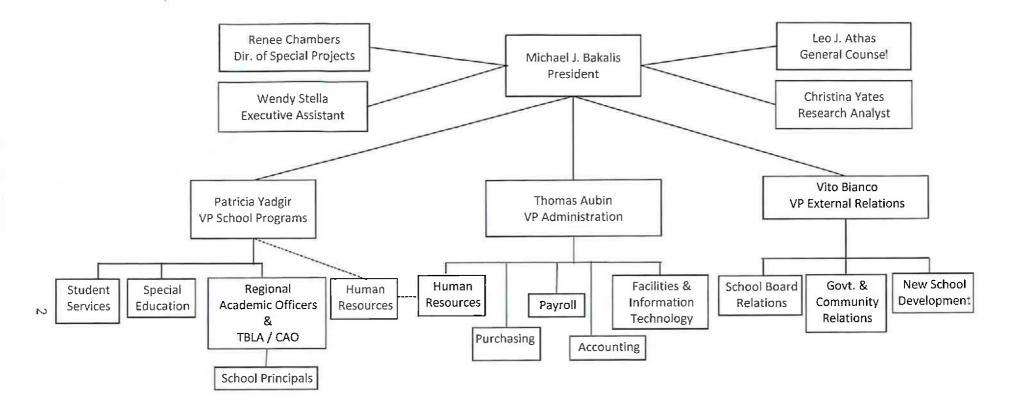
Reverend Lewis Flowers

Marlene Golembo

George Nassos

Pam Paul

Thomas Pekras





Certifled Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of American Quality Schools Corporation (a nonprofit organization) as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of American Quality Schools Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Quality Schools Corporation as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated TBD, on our consideration of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.



Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Mulcahy, Pauretsch, Salvador; Co., Utcl.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

| ASSETS | | 2012 | | 2011 |
|----------------------------------|----|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 213,474 | \$ | 698,380 |
| Receivables: | | | | |
| Accounts | | 430,933 | | 310,455 |
| Advances Management food | | - | | 65,700 |
| Management fees Prepaid expenses | | 224,895 | | 150,427 |
| Trepaid expenses | - | 117,670 | _ | 112,643 |
| Total current assets | | 986,972 | | 1,337,605 |
| Property and equipment | | 1,668,533 | - | 919,216 |
| Other assets: | | | | |
| Long-term receivables: | | | | |
| Accounts | | - | | 56,669 |
| Management fees | | | | 51,344 |
| Deposits | - | 34,466 | - | 14,389 |
| Total other assets | - | <u>34,466</u> | - | 122,402 |
| | | | | |
| Total assets | \$ | 2,689,971 | <u>\$</u> | 2,379,223 |

| | | 2012 | | 2011 |
|--|-----------|-----------|----|-----------|
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Checks written in excess of funds on deposit | \$ | 2 | \$ | 46,064 |
| Accounts payable | | 182,707 | | 82,346 |
| Accrued expenses | | 362,415 | | 301,735 |
| Due to charter schools | | 63,867 | | 33,437 |
| Deferred grant revenue | | - | | 21,500 |
| Line of credit | | 40,000 | | - |
| Current portion of accrued lawsuit settlement | | 45,000 | | 90,000 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | -141,000 | 132,733 | | 66,258 |
| Total current liabilities | | 826,722 | | 641,340 |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | |
| Accrued lawsuit settlement, less current portion | | 253,000 | | 298,000 |
| Long-term debt, less current portion | | 1,444,860 | | 465,970 |
| Total long-term liabilities | | 1,697,860 | _ | 763,970 |
| Total liabilities | | 2,524,582 | | 1,405,310 |
| Net assets: | | | | |
| Unrestricted | | 165,389 | | 973,913 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | <u>\$</u> | 2,689,971 | \$ | 2,379,223 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

| | | 2012 | | 2011 |
|--|------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
| Revenues and support: | | | | |
| Chicago Public Schools: | | | | |
| Per capita tuition and other funds | \$ | 2,992,026 | \$ | 2,515,236 |
| Special services | * | 268,552 | Ψ. | 311,726 |
| Other | | 31,002 | | 24,823 |
| Grants | | 21,500 | | 28,295 |
| Management fees and other fee revenue | | 2,714,496 | | 3,593,579 |
| Student fees | | 325,026 | | 223,870 |
| Contributions | | | | 30,461 |
| Other |) [- | 101,095 | | 25,626 |
| Total revenues and support | 182 | 6,453,697 | | 6,753,616 |
| Expenses: | | | | |
| Program services | | 4,252,630 | | 3,993,320 |
| Supporting services | | 3,009,591 | _ | 3,537,963 |
| Total expenses | _ | 7,262,221 | _ | 7,531,283 |
| Change in net assets from continuing operations | | (808,524) | | (777,667) |
| Discontinued operations: Loss from operations of discontinued component, including loss on liquidation of \$270,422 | | | | (736,373) |
| Change in net assets | | (808,524) | | (1,514,040) |
| Net assets at beginning of year | _ | <u>973,913</u> | - | 2,487,953 |
| Net assets at end of year | \$_ | 165,389 | <u>\$</u> | 973,913 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

| | _ | 2012 | _ | 2011 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Change in net assets | \$ | (808,524) | \$ | (1,514,040) |
| Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash | | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| used by operating activities: | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 240,017 | | 330,577 |
| Gain on sale of equipment | | (5,793) | | - |
| Loss on liquidation | | 1.5 | | 270,422 |
| Write-off of note receivable from related party | | 84 | | 33,354 |
| Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | | | |
| Receivables | | (86,933) | | (66,611) |
| Prepaid expenses | | (5,027) | | (28,832) |
| Deposits | | (20,077) | | (315) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 61,341 | | 175,276 |
| Deferred grant revenue | | (21,500) | - | (1,395) |
| Net cash used by operating activities | | (646,496) | _ | (801,564) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | |
| Collection of advances receivable | | 65,700 | | - |
| Proceeds from sale of equipment | | 13,000 | | - |
| Purchases of property and equipment | | (172,283) | _ | (113,478) |
| Net cash used by investing activities | | (93,583) | - | (113,478) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | | |
| Increase (decrease) in checks issued in excess of funds on deposit | | (46,064) | | 46,064 |
| Proceeds from line of credit | | 40,000 | | * |
| Increase in amounts due to charter schools | | 30,430 | | 33,437 |
| Proceeds from long-term debt | | 310,000 | | - |
| Principal repayments of long-term debt | | (79,193) | | (57,979) |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | | 255,173 | _ | 21,522 |
| Net decrease in cash | | (484,906) | | (893,520) |
| Cash at beginning of year | -comme | 698,380 | _ | 1,591,900 |
| Cash at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 213,474 | <u>\$</u> | 698,380 |

See notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Nature of Activities

American Quality Schools Corporation (AQS) was established to organize, operate and manage college preparatory K - 12 charter and contract schools. AQS operates Plato Learning Academy under a contract with the Board of Education of the City of Chicago, Illinois (Chicago Public Schools). The majority of the school's revenue and support comes from Chicago Public Schools through per student fees, grants and other revenue. The agreement with Chicago Public Schools for operating Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy expired June 30, 2011, and was not renewed.

In addition to operating Plato Learning Academy, AQS manages two schools in Illinois, seven in Indiana, and one in Missouri under annual agreements.

Quality School Maintenance Corporation (QSM), a division of AQS, was created during the year ended June 30, 2012. QSM provides cleaning and maintenance services to educational institutions including charter, private, parochial schools and private colleges and universities in the greater Chicago and Metropolitan Northwest Indiana areas.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of AQS have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

C. Cash

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, AQS considers all short-term debt securities purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The bank account balances, at times, exceed federally insured limits. AQS has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

D. Accounts and Management Fees Receivable

AQS extends credit to Chicago Public Schools and the other schools that it manages, generally without collateral. Accounts and management fees receivable are reported at their outstanding balance reduced by the allowance for doubtful accounts, if any.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is increased by charges to income and decreased by chargeoffs (net of recoveries). Management's periodic evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance is based on the past collection experience of AQS, known and inherent risks of the payors comprising the accounts and management fees receivable balances, adverse situations that may affect the payor's ability to pay, and current economic conditions. Accounts and management fees receivable are charged off when management deems the balance to be uncollectible.

Based on a review of outstanding receivables, management determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts was not necessary at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

E. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or, if donated, at the estimated fair value upon receipt. It is the policy of AQS to generally capitalize items with a cost or estimated fair value in excess of \$1,000. Lesser amounts are expensed. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are expensed as incurred.

F. Contributed Services

Contributions of donated services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at their fair values in the period received. AQS recognized \$500 and \$55,180 of contribution income for student services performed by Chicago Public Schools nurses, social workers, psychologists and therapists for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

G. Financial Statement Presentation

AQS reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets and permanently restricted net assets. Contributions received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support, depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions. As of June 30, 2012 and 2011, all net assets are considered unrestricted.

H. Income Taxes

AQS is a nonprofit organization that is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The federal Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) of AQS is subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service, generally for three years after the date it was filed.

I. Functional Allocation of Expenses

Salaries and related employee expenses are allocated to program and supporting service functions based on actual time employees spend on each function. The remaining expenses are specifically allocated whenever practical, or are allocated based on salaries or space utilization.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 5, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid for interest during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$54,418 and \$29,975, respectively.

During the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, AQS had noncash investing and financing transactions of \$814,558 and \$30,400, respectively, related to purchases of property and equipment that were financed with long-term debt.

NOTE 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was comprised of the following:

| | | 2012_ | 2011 | | |
|--|----|-------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|--|
| Equipment Leasehold improvements Less accumulated depreciation | \$ | 1,333,296 1,320,613 (985,376) | \$ | 983,923 698,880 (763,587) | |
| Net property and equipment | \$ | 1,668,533 | \$ | 919,216 | |

NOTE 4. ACCRUED LAWSUIT SETTLEMENT

During the year ended June 30, 2011, AQS entered into a settlement agreement that is payable through October, 2039. The outstanding balance due at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$298,000 and \$388,000, respectively.

Future settlement payments required under the agreement in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2013 | \$ | 45,000 |
|------------|----|---------|
| 2014 | | 45,000 |
| 2015 | | 8,000 |
| 2016 | | 8,000 |
| 2017 | | 8,000 |
| Thereafter | _ | 184,000 |
| | | |
| Total | \$ | 298,000 |

NOTE 5. LINE OF CREDIT

AQS entered into a line of credit agreement with a bank for up to \$300,000. The agreement expired in August, 2012. AQS is currently negotiating terms of a new agreement. AQS continues to operate under the expired terms of the agreement. Interest is payable monthly at a variable rate equal to the lender's index (5.00%) plus 0.50% with a floor of 5.50%. The line of credit is collateralized by assets of AQS. The outstanding balance due at June 30, 2012 was \$40,000.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

| Long-term debt at June 30, 2012 and 2011 consisted of the following: | 2012 | 2011 |
|--|---------------------|------------|
| Note payable to the Illinois Facility Fund, due in monthly installments of \$4,115 including interest at 5%, with the final payment due in November, 2027. The note is collateralized by leasehold improvements. The note allows for borrowings up to \$700,000. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2012, an additional \$184,000 was borrowed. | \$ 514,558 | \$ = |
| Note payable to the Illinois Facility Fund, due in monthly installments of \$6,832 including interest at 5.31%, with the final payment due in January, 2019. The note is collateralized by leasehold improvements. The interest rate will be adjusted in accordance with the agreement in August, 2013. | 454,624 | 506,262 |
| Uncollateralized notes payable to three members of the governing board with an interest rate of 5%, payable upon maturity. The outstanding accrued interest and principal balance is due June 1, 2015. Accrued interest at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$14,208 and \$0, respectively. | 310,000 | |
| Note payable to the Illinois Facility Fund, due in monthly installments of \$5,661 including interest at 5%, with the final payment due in February, 2017. The note is collateralized by equipment, furnishings, and fixtures purchased with the loan. | 282,244 | - |
| Note payable to a finance company, due in monthly installments of \$953 including interest at 8.05%, with the final payment due in January, 2014. The note is collateralized by specific equipment. | 16,167 | 25,966 |
| Total | \$ <u>1,577,593</u> | \$ 532,228 |

Future maturities of long-term debt in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2013 | \$ 132,733 |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2014 | 150,712 |
| 2015 | 462,621 |
| 2016 | 160,644 |
| 2017 | 146,300 |
| Thereafter | 524,583 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 1.577,593 |

Interest expense for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$68,626 and \$29,975, respectively.

NOTE 7. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

AQS conducts its operations from facilities that are leased under noncancelable leases expiring through July, 2021. Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$611,737 and \$379,293, respectively.

Future minimum rental payments required under these leases in years ending June 30 are as follows:

| 2013 | \$ 587,669 |
|------------|-----------------|
| 2014 | 463,445 |
| 2015 | 458,821 |
| 2016 | 465,300 |
| 2017 | 473,167 |
| Thereafter | 1,419,828 |
| | |
| Total | \$ 3,868,230 |

NOTE 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

Employees of AQS may participate in an Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b) retirement savings plan. The plan is funded solely by employee contributions pursuant to a salary reduction agreement.

NOTE 9. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

As discussed in Note 1, the agreement with Chicago Public Schools for operating Austin Business and Entrepreneurship Academy expired June 30, 2011, and was not renewed.

Assets and liabilities to be disposed of comprise the following at June 30, 2012 and 2011:

| | 20 | 2012 | | 2011 | |
|---|----|------|-----------|----------------------------|--|
| Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses | \$ | | \$ | 32,250 52,461 34,631 | |
| Total assets | \$ | | <u>\$</u> | 119,342 | |
| Accounts payable Accrued expenses Due to charter school | \$ | - | \$ | 102,480 9,407 | |
| Total liabilities | \$ | + | \$ | 111,887 | |

The summarized financial information of discontinued operations for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

| | 2 | 012 | _ | 2011 |
|---|----|-----|----|------------------------|
| Revenues and support Expenses | \$ | - | \$ | 3,655,544 4,121,495 |
| Change in net assets before loss on dissolution Loss on liquidation | - | = | | (465,951) (270,422) |
| Change in net assets | \$ | - | \$ | (736,373) |

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2012 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2011

| ASSETS | American Quality <u>Schools</u> | | Quality School Maintenance Corporation | | | Plato Learning Academy |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|--------|-----------|------------------------------|
| Current assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | 9,200 | \$ | 39,029 | \$ | 165,245 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | , |
| Accounts | | 435,124 | | - | | 78,990 |
| Advances | | - | | - | | · · |
| Management fees | | 224,895 | | 14 | | l - |
| Prepaid expenses | - | 16,139 | - | | _ | 101,531 |
| Total current assets | | 685,358 | | 39,029 | 200 | 345.766 |
| Property and equipment | | 107,697 | | | | 1,560,836 |
| Other assets: | | | | | | |
| Long-term receivables: | | | | | | |
| Accounts | | 2 | | No. | | |
| Management fees | | 77: 2) | | | | |
| Deposits | | 14,389 | | - | | 20,077 |
| Doposito | he auto | 14,502 | • | | | 20,077 |
| Total other assets | | 14,389 | | | _ | 20,077 |
| Total assets | \$ | 807,444 | <u>\$</u> | 39,029 | <u>\$</u> | 1,926,679 |

| | | | Totals | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|
| _Eliminations | | - | 2012 | 2011 | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 213,474 | \$ | 698,380 | | | | |
| | (83,181) | | 430,933 224,895 117,670 | | 310,455 65,700 150,427 112,643 | | | | |
| | (83.181) | | 986,972 1,668,533 | | 1,337,605 919,216 | | | | |
| | : | | 34,466 | _ | 56,669 51,344 14,389 | | | | |
| | <u> </u> | _ | 34,466 | | 122,402 | | | | |
| <u>\$</u> | (83,181) | <u>\$</u> | 2.689,971 | <u>\$</u> | 2,379,223 (continued) | | | | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JUNE 30, 2012 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR JUNE 30, 2011

| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | - | American Quality Schools | | Quality School intenance rporation | Plato Learning Academy | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|----|---|------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Current liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Checks issued in excess of funds on deposit | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | Test. | |
| Accounts payable | | 98,123 | - | 49,274 | | 118,491 | |
| Accrued expenses | | 17,321 | | - | | 345,094 | |
| Due to charter schools | | 20,686 | | (₩) | | 43,181 | |
| Deferred grant revenue | | - | | | | | |
| Line of credit | | 40,000 | | - | | III=0 | |
| Current portion of accrued lawsuit settlement | | 45,000 | | : | | - | |
| Current portion of long-term debt | - | 10,455 | - | - | _ | 122,278 | |
| Total current liabilities | _ | 231,585 | | 49,274 | _ | 629,044 | |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | | | | |
| Accrued lawsuit settlement, less current portion | | 253,000 | | | | 191 | |
| Long-term debt, less current portion | - | 315,712 | - | | | 1,129,148 | |
| Total long-term liabilities | _ | 568.712 | - | <u> </u> | | 1,129,148 | |
| Total liabilities | | 800,297 | | 49,274 | | 1,758,192 | |
| Net assets: | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | _ | 7,147 | - | (10,245) | - | <u> 168,487</u> | |
| Total liabilities and net assets | <u>\$</u> | 807.444 | \$ | 39.029 | \$ | 1,926,679 | |

| | | Totals | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Eliminations | | | 2012 | 2011 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| \$ | | \$ | 143 | \$ | 46,064 | | |
| | (83,181) | | 182,707 | | 82,346 | | |
| | - | | 362,415 | | 301,735 | | |
| | - | | 63,867 | | 33,437 | | |
| | 74 | | - | | 21,500 | | |
| | - | | 40,000 | | / <u>a</u> | | |
| | 24 | | 45,000 | | 90,000 | | |
| | 248 | | 132,733 | _ | 66,258 | | |
| - | (83,181) | - | 826,722 | | 641,340 | | |
| | - | | 253,000 | | 298,000 | | |
| | | | 1,444,860 | | 465,970 | | |
| - | <u> </u> | | 1,697,860 | _ | 763,970 | | |
| | (83,181) | | 2,524,582 | | 1,405,310 | | |
| | 17t- | | 165,389 | | 973,913 | | |
| \$ | (83,181) | \$ | 2,689,971 | <u>\$</u> | 2,379,223 (concluded) | | |
| | | | | | (concluded) | | |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

| | | American Quality Schools | | Quality School Maintenance Corporation | | Plato Learning Academy |
|---|-----------|--|------------|---|-----------|--|
| Revenues and support: Chicago Public Schools: Per capita tuition and other funds Special services Other Grants Management fees and other fee revenue Student fees Contributions Other | \$ | 127,292 31,002 - 2,699,577 - 49,881 | \$ | 458,414 - - - | \$ | 2,992,026 141,260 21,500 - 325,026 51,214 |
| Total revenues and support | - | 2.907,752 | _ | <u>458,414</u> | | 3,531,026 |
| Expenses: Program services Supporting services Total expenses | | 662,038 2,419,287 3,081,325 | - American | 412,250 56,409 468,659 | | 3,390,847 764,885 4,155,732 |
| Change in net assets from continuing operations | | (173,573) | | (10,245) | | (624,706) |
| Discontinued operations: Loss from operations of discontinued component, including loss on liquidation of \$270,422 | | | | | | |
| Change in net assets | | (173,573) | | (10,245) | | (624,706) |
| Net assets at beginning of year | | 180,720 | | (**) | _ | 793,193 |
| Net assets at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 7,147 | \$ | (10,245) | <u>\$</u> | 168,487 |

| | | Totals | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------|------------------------|----|------------------------|
| Eliminations | | | 2012 | | 2011 |
| | | | | | |
| \$ | | \$ | 2,992,026 | \$ | 2,515,236 |
| | 2 | | 268,552 | | 311,726 |
| | - | | 31,002 | | 24,823 |
| | - | | 21,500 | | 28,295 |
| | (443,495) | | 2,714,496 | | 3,593,579 |
| | - | | 325,026 | | 223,870 |
| | 12 | | - | | 30,461 |
| _ | - | _ | 101,095 | _ | 25,626 |
| | (443,495) | _ | 6,453,697 | - | 6,753,616 |
| | (212,505) (230,990) | | 4,252,630 3,009,591 | | 3,993,320 3,537,963 |
| | (230,990) | | 3,009,391 | | 3,331,903 |
| | (443,495) | | 7,262,221 | | 7,531,283 |
| | F | | (808,524) | | (777,667) |
| | | | _ | | (736,373) |
| // | | | | | |
| | - | | (808,524) | | (1,514,040) |
| 5 | | _ | 973,913 | | 2,487,953 |
| \$ | I.S. | \$ | 165,389 | \$ | 973,913 |

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORPORATION SCHEDULES OF EXPENSES YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011

| | 2012 | 2011 |
|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| Salaries | \$ 3,830,648 | \$ 4,636,619 |
| Benefits | 720,657 | 725,139 |
| Books and supplies | 216,726 | 78,106 |
| Consulting | 19,464 | 2,800 |
| Depreciation | 240,017 | 212,888 |
| Insurance | 39,686 | 25,595 |
| Interest | 68,626 | 29,975 |
| Marketing | 11,908 | 54,410 |
| Miscellaneous | 71,526 | 4,877 |
| Occupancy | 611,737 | 386,243 |
| Office | 149,963 | 171,593 |
| Postage | 9,243 | 10,784 |
| Professional fees | 124,489 | 506,457 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 509,774 | 161,792 |
| Student activities | 451,257 | 312,271 |
| Telephone | 53,478 | 54,980 |
| Travel and conferences | 61,686 | 113,654 |
| Utilities | 71,336 | 43,100 |
| Total expenses | \$ 7,262,221 | <u>\$ 7,531,283</u> |

Certified Public Accountantsi Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of American Quality Schools Corporation (a nonprofit organization), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated July 5, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of American Quality Schools Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of American Quality Schools Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described below to be material weaknesses.

American Quality Schools Corporation did not close their accounting records for fiscal year 2012 in a timely manner. As a consequence, American Quality Schools Corporation did not meet its November 1, 2012 audit reporting due date.



Management's response:

As a result of staff turnover, and an over-reliance on an outside consultant to oversee the affairs of the AQS accounting department, AQS became delinquent in not only its audit, but those of several AOS schools as well. AOS has since hired a professional finance executive from the private sector who has been working to get all audits caught up. In addition, the accounting consultant has been terminated and AOS internal accounting staff has been bolstered and improved via the hiring of additional qualified staff and termination of non-performers.

Journal entries prepared and recorded do not show evidence that they are reviewed and approved by appropriate personnel.

Management's response:

Although journal entries have not been traditionally reviewed and approved prior to entry into the books of account, a compensating control in place is the monthly review of the financial statements relative to budget and prior year between the VP-Finance and Controller of AOS.

A prior year audit adjustment to record an accrual was not recognized. This resulted in a \$343,000 understatement of accrued expenses.

Management's response:

Audit adjustments will be recorded going forward.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether American Quality Schools Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

American Quality Schools Corporation's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described above. We did not audit American Quality Schools Corporation's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Governing Board, others within the entity, and Chicago Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mulcahy, Pawietsch, Salvach: Co., Ltd.

Orland Park, Illinois

July 5, 2013

Certified Public Accountants/ Business and Personal Consultants

To the Governing Board of American Quality Schools Corporation Chicago, Illinois

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS PRESCRIBED BY ADMINISTERING AGENCY

We have examined American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance with the types of compliance requirements provided by its administering agency, the Chicago Public Schools, which are applicable to the American Quality Schools Corporation's Plato Learning Academy. The Chicago Public Schools provided the compliance requirements subject to examination in a memorandum dated July, 2012. Compliance with requirements of applicable laws and regulations prescribed by the administering agency is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance based on our examination.

The applicable laws and regulations that were tested included the following, as applicable:

Open Meetings Act (5 ILCS 120/1.01 et seq.)

Fingerprint-based Criminal Background Investigations and Checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database & Statewide Child Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Database (105 ILCS 5/10-21.9 & 105 ILCS 5/34-18.5)

Illinois School Student Records Act (105 ILCS 10/1 et seq.)

Administering Medication (105 ILCS 5/10-22.21b)

Hazardous Materials Training (105 ILCS 5/10-20.17a)

School Safety Drill Act (105 ILCS 128/1 et seq.)

Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act (325 ILCS 5/1 et seq.)

Eye Protection in School Act (105 ILCS 115/0.01 et seq.)

Toxic Art Supplies in Schools Act (105 ILCS 135/1 et seq.)

Infectious Disease Policies and Rules (105 ILCS 5/10-21.11)

Physical Fitness Medical Emergency Preparedness Act (210 ILCS 74/1 et seq.)

Conformance with the following sections of your Contract School Agreement (the "Agreement"):

Section 4. Enrollment - an enrollment process and lottery;

Section 4. Governance and Operation - the school's governance structure;

Section 5. Maintenance of Corporate Status and Good Standing;

Section 5. Facility - the school's facility and ADA compliance;

Section 6. Management and Financial Controls;

Exhibit B. Insurance Requirements - maintenance of required insurance coverage;

Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (31 U.S.C. 7501-07), OMB Circular A-133 and OMB Compliance Supplements.



Our examination of compliance was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance with the requirements described above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on American Quality Schools Corporation's compliance with specific requirements.

In our opinion, American Quality Schools Corporation complied, in all material respects, with the Chicago Public Schools' requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Governing Board, and Chicago Public Schools and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mulcahy, Pauritsch, Salvachor: Co., Utcl.

Section 3.3b Attachment 26

Department of the Treasury

Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax

Under section 501(c), 527, or 4947(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (except black lung benefit trust or private foundation)

▶ The organization may have to use a copy of this return to satisfy state reporting requirements.

OMB No. 1545-0047 2011

Open to Public Inspection

| | Hai revenue o | | 120 | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--|---|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | For the 20 | 11 calendar year, or tax year beginning $07/01/11$, and ending $06/30$ | 0/12 | D Emplo | yer identification number | | | | |
| - | Check if applica | ore. | C Name of organization | | | | | | |
| X | Address change | | | 2.0 | -4298732 | | | | |
| | Name change | Doing Business As | | | | | | | |
| П | Initial return | Number and street (or P.O. box if mail is not delivered to street address) | Room/suite | E Telephone number | | | | | |
| | | 910 W. VAN BUREN STREET | | 312 | 2-226-3355 | | | | |
| (Automorphy) | Terminated | City or town, state or country, and ZIP + 4 | | | No Artono Renemen | | | | |
| X | Amended return | | | G Gross rec | eipts \$ 6,453,697 | | | | |
| | Application pen | F Name and address of principal officer: | H(a) Is this a d | roup return for | affiliates? Yes X No | | | | |
| | | DR. MICHAEL BAKALIS | A WASK SEE WASKING | 1 0036 (015) | | | | | |
| | | 910 W. VAN BUREN STREET | H(b) Are all at | | | | | | |
| | | CHICAGO IL 60607 | lf "N | o," attach a list | (see instructions) | | | | |
| 1 | Tax-exempt sta | atus: X 501(c)(3) 501(c) () ◀ (insert no.) 4947(a)(1) or 527 | | | | | | | |
| J | Website: | N/A | H(c) Group ex | | per D | | | | |
| K | Form of organiz | ration: X Corporation Trust Association Other | L Year of formation: 1 | .999 | M State of legal domicile: IL | | | | |
| P | art I | Summary | | | | | | | |
| | 1 Brief | ly describe the organization's mission or most significant activities: | | | 3.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | |
| a | 01 | PERATION OF CHARTER SCHOOLS. | | | | | | | |
| 20 | NO WENCES | | | | patroni suprama di Caratta di Controlla di C | | | | |
| Lua | F 1000 | | | | | | | | |
| Governance | 2 Chec | k this box ▶ if the organization discontinued its operations or disposed of more than 2 | 25% of its net asset | s. | | | | | |
| Ö | 3 Num | | | | 7 | | | | |
| oŏ s | | ber of independent voting members of the governing body (Part VI, line 1b) | | | 7 | | | | |
| Activities | | number of individuals employed in calendar year 2011 (Part V, line 13) | | | 120 | | | | |
| ξį | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | 6 | 0 | | | | |
| Ä | | number of volunteers (estimate if necessary) | | 100 | 0 | | | | |
| | | unrelated business revenue from Part VIII, column (C), line 12 | | 7b | 0 | | | | |
| | b Net u | inrelated business taxable income from Form 990-T, line 34 | Prior Ye | | Current Year | | | | |
| | 8 Cont | ributions and grants (Part VIII, line 1h) | | 7,529 | 6,352,602 | | | | |
| ne | | | 1. | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| Revenue | | ram service revenue (Part VIII, line 2g) stment income (Part VIII, column (A), lines 3, 4, and 7d) | | 1,603 | 569 | | | | |
| Re | | r revenue (Part VIII, column (A), lines 5, 4, and 70) | U1 | 4,484 | | | | | |
| | | revenue – add lines 8 through 11 (must equal Part VIII, column (A), line 12) | (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) | 3,616 | 6,453,697 | | | | |
| - | | | | 0 | 0/233/33/ | | | | |
| | | ts and similar amounts paid (Part IX, column (A), lines 1–3) | | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | | ifits paid to or for members (Part IX, column (A), line 4) | | 1,758 | 4,551,305 | | | | |
| sasu | | ries, other compensation, employee benefits (Part IX, column (A), lines 5–10) | | 1,750 | 1,331,303 | | | | |
| ens | 16a Prote | essional fundraising fees (Part IX, column (A), line 11e) | | | | | | | |
| Expe | b lota | Turid didn't gosponies (1 at 13, column) | 2 90 | 5,898 | 2,710,916 | | | | |
| | 17 Offic | r expenses (Part IX, column (A), lines 11a–11d, 11f–24e) | | 7,656 | | | | | |
| | | expenses. Add lines 13–17 (must equal Part IX, column (A), line 25) | | 4,040 | | | | | |
| | 19 Reve | nue less expenses. Subtract line 18 from line 12 | Beginning of Cu | | End of Year | | | | |
| Net Assets or | 20 Total | assets (Part X, line 16) | 2 27 | 9,223 | 2,689,971 | | | | |
| Asse | 20 Total | assets (Part X, line 16) liabilities (Part X, line 26) | 1 40 | 5,310 | | | | | |
| let / | 22 Not 6 | assets or fund balances. Subtract line 21 from line 20 | | 3,913 | | | | | |
| | art II | Signature Block | | | | | | | |
| | | s of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules and statement | ents, and to the hest of | of my knowle | dge and helief it is | | | | |
| tri | nder penallie lie correct al | nd complete. Declaration of preparer (other than officer) is based on all information of which preparer I | has any knowledge. | , my knome | 1) . | | | | |
| _ | | Machael a Backeti | | X | Do 12 | | | | |
| ٥. | | Signature of officer | | Date | 1.0[15 | | | | |
| Sig | | province the second sec | SIDENT & (| TE() | | | | | |
| He | re | | SIDEMI & (| | | | | | |
| | | Type or print name and title t/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature | Date | Check | if PTIN | | | | |
| De: | | | | | 1_1" | | | | |
| Pai | EDV | MARD T. MCCORMICK EDWARD T. MCCORMICK | | 5/13 self-en | | | | | |
| | | d's name MULCAHY, PAURITSCH, SALVADOR CO. | , LTD. | Firm's EIN | 36-3074623 | | | | |
| Use | Only | 14300 S RAVINIA AVE STE 200 | | | 708-349-6999 | | | | |
| | | o's address DRLAND PARK, IL 60462-2578 | 7 | Phone no. | | | | | |
| May | the IRS dis | cuss this return with the preparer shown above? (see instructions) | | | X Yes No | | | | |

| Form 990 (20 |)11) AMERICAN QUA | LITY SCHOOL | S CORP. | 36-4298732 | | Page 2 |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---------------|
| Part III | Statement of Program Check if Schedule O | n Service Accom | plishments | | | |
| 1 Briefly | describe the organization's miss | | o to any quotion in a | | | |
| | TION OF CHARTER | | | | | |
| * | | | | | | |
| ***** | | | | | | |
| 5,858,858,858 | enti sandi Silli Nibati bihati bibibi | | | ins karasa k | | |
| 2 Did the | organization undertake any sig | nificant program servic | es during the year which we | ere not listed on the | | 10 |
| prior Fo | orm 990 or 990-EZ? | | | | | Yes X No |
| If "Yes, | " describe these new services of | n Schedule O. | | | | |
| 3 Did the | organization cease conducting, | or make significant ch | anges in how it conducts, a | ny program | | |
| service | The state of the s | | | | | Yes X No |
| | " describe these changes on So | | | | | |
| | oe the organization's program se | | | | | |
| | es. Section 501(c)(3) and 501(c | NOS N 200 | | | amount of | |
| grants | and allocations to others, the tot | al expenses, and reve | nue, if any, for each progran | n service reported. | | |
| S SECULO | | 7 060 001 | | | \ | 6 007 701 \ |
| 4a (Code: |)(Expenses \$ TION OF CHARTER | 7,262,221 | including grants of \$ | |) (Revenue \$ | 0,001,191) |
| OPERA | TION OF CHARLER | . SCHOOLS | | | esar to taxa representab | |
| 09 (6323)7963 (63 | | | | | | |
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| 4d Other p | rogram services. (Describe in S | chedule O.) | | | | |
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| _ | 1990 (2011) AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP. 36-4298732 | | | age 3 |
|-----|--|----------|------|----------|
| _Pa | art IV Checklist of Required Schedules | | Yes | No |
| 4 | Is the organization described in section 501(c)(3) or 4947(a)(1) (other than a private foundation)? If "Yes," | | 163 | 110 |
| 1 | complete Schedule A | 1 | Х | |
| 2 | Is the organization required to complete Schedule B, Schedule of Contributors (see instructions)? | 2 | | X |
| 3 | Did the organization engage in direct or indirect political campaign activities on behalf of or in opposition to | 8 | | |
| | candidates for public office? If "Yes," complete Schedule C, Part I | 3 | | X |
| 4 | Section 501(c)(3) organizations. Did the organization engage in lobbying activities, or have a section 501(h) | | | |
| | election in effect during the tax year? If "Yes," complete Schedule C, Part II | . 4 | | X |
| 5 | Is the organization a section 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), or 501(c)(6) organization that receives membership dues, | | | |
| | assessments, or similar amounts as defined in Revenue Procedure 98-19? If "Yes," complete Schedule C, | | | |
| | Part III | 5 | | X |
| 6 | Did the organization maintain any donor advised funds or any similar funds or accounts for which donors | | | |
| | have the right to provide advice on the distribution or investment of amounts in such funds or accounts? If | | | 37 |
| | "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part I | 6 | - | X |
| 7 | Did the organization receive or hold a conservation easement, including easements to preserve open space, | _ | | v |
| | the environment, historic land areas, or historic structures? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part II | . 7 | | X |
| 8 | Did the organization maintain collections of works of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets? If "Yes," | 8 | | Х |
| - | complete Schedule D, Part III | . ° | | Λ |
| 9 | Did the organization report an amount in Part X, line 21; serve as a custodian for amounts not listed in Part | | | |
| | X; or provide credit counseling, debt management, credit repair, or debt negotiation services? If "Yes," | 9 | | X |
| 40 | complete Schedule D, Part IV | - - | | |
| 10 | Did the organization, directly or through a related organization, hold assets in temporarily restricted endowments, permanent endowments, or quasi-endowments? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part V | 10 | | X |
| 44 | If the organization's answer to any of the following questions is "Yes," then complete Schedule D, Parts VI, | | | |
| 11 | VII, VIII, IX, or X as applicable. | | | |
| - | Did the organization report an amount for land, buildings, and equipment in Part X, line 10? If "Yes," | | | |
| а | Cabadula D. Bort VII | 11a | Х | |
| h | Did the organization report an amount for investments—other securities in Part X, line 12 that is 5% or more | | | |
| D | of its total assets reported in Part X, line 16? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part VII | 11b | | X |
| С | Did the organization report an amount for investments—program related in Part X, line 13 that is 5% or more | | | |
| U | of its total assets reported in Part X, line 16? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part VIII | 11c | | X |
| d | DIAN ACTION ACTI | | | |
| - | reported in Part X, line 16? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part IX | 11d | | X |
| е | Did the organization report an amount for other liabilities in Part X, line 25? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part X | 11e | Х | |
| f | Did the organization's separate or consolidated financial statements for the tax year include a footnote that addresses | | | |
| | the organization's liability for uncertain tax positions under FIN 48 (ASC 740)? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part X | 11f | | X |
| 12a | Did the organization obtain separate, independent audited financial statements for the tax year? If "Yes," complete | | | |
| | Schedule D, Parts XI, XII, and XIII | 12a | X | |
| b | Was the organization included in consolidated, independent audited financial statements for the tax year? If "Yes," and if | | | 1,40444 |
| | the organization answered "No" to line 12a, then completing Schedule D, Parts XI, XII, and XIII is optional | | - 25 | X |
| 13 | Is the organization a school described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii)? If "Yes," complete Schedule E | | X | |
| 14a | Did the organization maintain an office, employees, or agents outside of the United States? | . 14a | | X |
| b | Did the organization have aggregate revenues or expenses of more than \$10,000 from grantmaking, | | | |
| | fundraising, business, investment, and program service activities outside the United States, or aggregate | N 100 | | 1,7 |
| | foreign investments valued at \$100,000 or more? If "Yes," complete Schedule F, Parts I and IV | . 14b | | X |
| 15 | Did the organization report on Part IX, column (A), line 3, more than \$5,000 of grants or assistance to any | | | 7.7 |
| | organization or entity located outside the United States? If "Yes," complete Schedule F, Parts II and IV | 15 | | X |
| 16 | Did the organization report on Part IX, column (A), line 3, more than \$5,000 of aggregate grants or assistance | 4.0 | | v |
| | to individuals located outside the United States? If "Yes," complete Schedule F, Parts III and IV | 16 | | X |
| 17 | Did the organization report a total of more than \$15,000 of expenses for professional fundraising services on | 4- | | v |
| | Part IX, column (A), lines 6 and 11e? If "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part I (see instructions) | 17 | - | X |
| 18 | Did the organization report more than \$15,000 total of fundraising event gross income and contributions on | 40 | | X |
| | Part VIII, lines 1c and 8a? If "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part II | 18 | | 1 |
| 19 | Did the organization report more than \$15,000 of gross income from gaming activities on Part VIII, line 9a? | 19 | | X |
| | If "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part III | | | X |
| 20a | Did the organization operate one or more hospital facilities? If "Yes," complete Schedule H | | | 21 |
| b | If "Yes" to line 20a, did the organization attach a copy of its audited financial statements to this return? | 4.77.500 | 00 | 0 (2011) |

Form 990 (2011) AMERICAN OUALITY SCHOOLS CORP. 36-4298732 Page 4 Checklist of Required Schedules (continued) Part IV Yes No Did the organization report more than \$5,000 of grants and other assistance to any government or organization X 21 in the United States on Part IX, column (A), line 1? If "Yes," complete Schedule I, Parts I and II Did the organization report more than \$5,000 of grants and other assistance to individuals in the United States 22 22 X on Part IX, column (A), line 2? If "Yes," complete Schedule I, Parts I and III 23 Did the organization answer "Yes" to Part VII, Section A, line 3, 4, or 5 about compensation of the organization's current and former officers, directors, trustees, key employees, and highest compensated X 23 employees? If "Yes," complete Schedule J 24a Did the organization have a tax-exempt bond issue with an outstanding principal amount of more than \$100,000 as of the last day of the year, that was issued after December 31, 2002? If "Yes," answer lines 24b X 242 through 24d and complete Schedule K. If "No," go to line 25 24b Did the organization invest any proceeds of tax-exempt bonds beyond a temporary period exception? Did the organization maintain an escrow account other than a refunding escrow at any time during the year 24c to defease any tax-exempt bonds? 24d d Did the organization act as an "on behalf of" issuer for bonds outstanding at any time during the year? Section 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) organizations. Did the organization engage in an excess benefit transaction X 25a with a disqualified person during the year? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part I b Is the organization aware that it engaged in an excess benefit transaction with a disqualified person in a prior year, and that the transaction has not been reported on any of the organization's prior Forms 990 or 990-EZ? X 25b If "Yes." complete Schedule L. Part I Was a loan to or by a current or former officer, director, trustee, key employee, highly compensated employee, or X 26 disqualified person outstanding as of the end of the organization's tax year? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part II Did the organization provide a grant or other assistance to an officer, director, trustee, key employee, 27 substantial contributor or employee thereof, a grant selection committee member, or to a 35% controlled X 27 entity or family member of any of these persons? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part III 28 Was the organization a party to a business transaction with one of the following parties (see Schedule L, Part IV instructions for applicable filing thresholds, conditions, and exceptions): X 28a A current or former officer, director, trustee, or key employee? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part IV A family member of a current or former officer, director, trustee, or key employee? If "Yes," complete X 28b Schedule L, Part IV An entity of which a current or former officer, director, trustee, or key employee (or a family member thereof) X was an officer, director, trustee, or direct or indirect owner? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part IV 28c X 29 Did the organization receive more than \$25,000 in non-cash contributions? If "Yes," complete Schedule M 29 Did the organization receive contributions of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets, or qualified X conservation contributions? If "Yes," complete Schedule M 30 Did the organization liquidate, terminate, or dissolve and cease operations? If "Yes," complete Schedule N, X 31 Did the organization sell, exchange, dispose of, or transfer more than 25% of its net assets? If "Yes," 32 X 32 complete Schedule N, Part II Did the organization own 100% of an entity disregarded as separate from the organization under Regulations 33 X sections 301.7701-2 and 301.7701-3? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part I 33 Was the organization related to any tax-exempt or taxable entity? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Parts II, III, 34 34 IV, and V, line 1 X 35a 35a Did the organization have a controlled entity within the meaning of section 512(b)(13)? Did the organization receive any payment from or engage in any transaction with a controlled entity within the X 35b meaning of section 512(b)(13)? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part V, line 2 36 Section 501(c)(3) organizations. Did the organization make any transfers to an exempt non-charitable X 36 related organization? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part V, line 2 Did the organization conduct more than 5% of its activities through an entity that is not a related organization 37

and that is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes? If "Yes," complete Schedule R,

19? Note. All Form 990 filers are required to complete Schedule O

Did the organization complete Schedule O and provide explanations in Schedule O for Part VI, lines 11 and

Form 990 (2011)

37

X

X

38

| | Check if Schedule O contains a response to any question in this Part V | 121111 | ********* | | | |
|---------|--|----------------|---|--------|-----|---|
| | | | | | Yes | No |
| 1a | Enter the number reported in Box 3 of Form 1096. Enter -0- if not applicable | 1a | 125 | | | |
| b | Enter the number of Forms W-2G included in line 1a. Enter -0- if not applicable | 1b | 0 | | | |
| С | Did the organization comply with backup withholding rules for reportable payments to vendors and | | | | | |
| | reportable gaming (gambling) winnings to prize winners? | | | 1c | | X |
| 2a | Enter the number of employees reported on Form W-3, Transmittal of Wage and Tax | | | | | 0.01 |
| | Statements, filed for the calendar year ending with or within the year covered by this return | 2a | 120 | | | |
| b | If at least one is reported on line 2a, did the organization file all required federal employment tax returns? | , | | 2b | | X |
| | Note. If the sum of lines 1a and 2a is greater than 250, you may be required to e-file (see instructions) | | | | | |
| 3a | Did the organization have unrelated business gross income of \$1,000 or more during the year? | | | 3a | | X |
| b | | | | 3b | | |
| 4a | At any time during the calendar year, did the organization have an interest in, or a signature or other authors. | nority | | | | |
| | over, a financial account in a foreign country (such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial | cial | | | | CONTRACT OF THE PERSON OF THE |
| | account)? | | | 4a | | X |
| b | If "Yes," enter the name of the foreign country: ▶ | | | | | |
| | See instructions for filing requirements for Form TD F 90-22.1, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Acceptable (1997). | | | | | 7.7 |
| 5a | Was the organization a party to a prohibited tax shelter transaction at any time during the tax year? | | | | | X |
| b | Did any taxable party notify the organization that it was or is a party to a prohibited tax shelter transaction | | | 10000 | | X |
| С | If "Yes" to line 5a or 5b, did the organization file Form 8886-T? | | | 5c | | |
| 6a | Does the organization have annual gross receipts that are normally greater than \$100,000, and did the | | | 6a | | Х |
| h | organization solicit any contributions that were not tax deductible? If "Yes," did the organization include with every solicitation an express statement that such contributions | | | - Ua | | 22 |
| b | gifts were not tax deductible? | OI . | | 6b | | |
| 7 | Organizations that may receive deductible contributions under section 170(c). | **** | | | | |
| а | Did the organization receive a payment in excess of \$75 made partly as a contribution and partly for goo | ds | | | | |
| - | and services provided to the payor? | | | 7a | | Х |
| b | The state of the s | | | 7b | | |
| C | Did the organization sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of tangible personal property for which it was | and the second | | | | |
| | required to file Form 8282? | | | 7c | | X |
| d | If "Yes," indicate the number of Forms 8282 filed during the year | 7d | nicos satistico estroberos esperantares especie | | | |
| е | Did the organization receive any funds, directly or indirectly, to pay premiums on a personal benefit control | act? | | 7e | | X |
| f | Did the organization, during the year, pay premiums, directly or indirectly, on a personal benefit contract? | | | | | X |
| g | If the organization received a contribution of qualified intellectual property, did the organization file Form $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac$ | | | | | X |
| h | If the organization received a contribution of cars, boats, airplanes, or other vehicles, did the organization | n file a | Form 1098-C? | _7h_ | | X |
| 8 | Sponsoring organizations maintaining donor advised funds and section 509(a)(3) supporting | | | | | |
| | organizations. Did the supporting organization, or a donor advised fund maintained by a sponsoring | | | | | |
| _ | organization, have excess business holdings at any time during the year? | andreas and a | | 8 | | |
| 9 | Sponsoring organizations maintaining donor advised funds. | | | 9a | | |
| a | Did the organization make any taxable distributions under section 4966? Did the organization make a distribution to a donor, donor advisor, or related person? | | ****** | 9b | | |
| ь 10 | Section 501(c)(7) organizations. Enter: | | | - 02 | | |
| а | Initiation fees and capital contributions included on Part VIII, line 12 | 10a | | | | |
| b | Gross receipts, included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 12, for public use of club facilities | 10b | | | | |
| 11 | Section 501(c)(12) organizations. Enter: | | | | | |
| а | Gross income from members or shareholders | 11a | | | | |
| b | Gross income from other sources (Do not net amounts due or paid to other sources | | | | | |
| | against amounts due or received from them.) | 11b | | | | |
| 2a | Section 4947(a)(1) non-exempt charitable trusts. Is the organization filing Form 990 in lieu of Form 1 | 041? | | 12a | | |
| | | 12b | | | | |
| 13 | Section 501(c)(29) qualified nonprofit health insurance issuers. | | | Tigits | | |
| а | Is the organization licensed to issue qualified health plans in more than one state? | | | 13a | - | |
| | Note. See the instructions for additional information the organization must report on Schedule O. | | | | | |
| b | Enter the amount of reserves the organization is required to maintain by the states in which | | | | | |
| | the organization is licensed to issue qualified health plans | 13b 13c | | - | | |
| | Enter the amount of reserves on hand | 20 | | 14a | | X |
| | Did the organization receive any payments for indoor tanning services during the tax year? If "Yes." has it filed a Form 720 to report these payments? If "No," provide an explanation in Schedule O | | | | | |

Page 6

| Pa | "No" response to line 8a, 8b, or 10b below, describe the circumstances, processes, | or ch | anges i | | | X |
|-----|--|--------------|----------------------|--|--------------|----------|
| _ | O. See instructions. Check if Schedule O contains a response to any question in this | Par | . VI | | | |
| Sec | tion A. Governing Body and Management | | | | V | 1 |
| | | | 7 | | Yes | No |
| 1a | Enter the number of voting members of the governing body at the end of the tax year | 1a | / | | | |
| | If there are material differences in voting rights among members of the governing body, or | | | | | |
| | if the governing body delegated broad authority to an executive committee or similar | | | | | |
| | committee, explain in Schedule O. | | | | | |
| b | Enter the number of voting members included in line 1a, above, who are independent | 1b | 7 | | | |
| 2 | Did any officer, director, trustee, or key employee have a family relationship or a business relationship with | | | | | |
| | any other officer, director, trustee, or key employee? | rangosa go | | 2 | | X |
| 3 | Did the organization delegate control over management duties customarily performed by or under the direct | | | | | |
| | supervision of officers, directors, or trustees, or key employees to a management company or other person? | | | 3 | | X |
| 4 | Did the organization make any significant changes to its governing documents since the prior Form 990 was filed? | nassus e | o Rota Baltala Santa | 4 | | X |
| 5 | Did the organization become aware during the year of a significant diversion of the organization's assets? | | SECTIONS DESIGN | 5 | | X |
| 6 | Did the organization have members or stockholders? | | | 6 | | X |
| 7a | Did the organization have members, stockholders, or other persons who had the power to elect or appoint | andersons en | | | | |
| | one or more members of the governing body? | | | 7a | | X |
| b | Are any governance decisions of the organization reserved to (or subject to approval by) members, | | | | | |
| | stockholders, or persons other than the governing hody? | | | 7b | | X |
| 0 | Did the organization contemporaneously document the meetings held or written actions undertaken during the year b | the f | ollowing: | RESULTS TO THE STATE OF THE STA | | |
| 8 | The governing body? | THE I | Jiio viing. | 8a | Х | |
| a | *************************************** | | | 8b | X | _ |
| b | Each committee with authority to act on behalf of the governing body? | | | - 00 | 23 | - |
| 9 | Is there any officer, director, trustee, or key employee listed in Part VII, Section A, who cannot be reached at | | | 9 | | X |
| | the organization's mailing address? If "Yes," provide the names and addresses in Schedule O | al D | OVODUC | | | 1 21 |
| sec | tion B. Policies (This Section B requests information about policies not required by the Interr | al IN | evenue | Code.) | Yes | No |
| | | | | 10a | | X |
| | Did the organization have local chapters, branches, or affiliates? | 13-11- | | 100 | | 21 |
| b | If "Yes," did the organization have written policies and procedures governing the activities of such chapters, | | | 10k | | |
| | affiliates, and branches to ensure their operations are consistent with the organization's exempt purposes? | f | | CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE | 10,000 | |
| 11a | Has the organization provided a complete copy of this Form 990 to all members of its governing body before filing the | torm : | | 11a | Λ | |
| b | Describe in Schedule O the process, if any, used by the organization to review this Form 990. | | | | | 1 37 |
| 12a | Did the organization have a written conflict of interest policy? If "No," go to line 13 | | | 12a | | <u>X</u> |
| b | Were officers, directors, or trustees, and key employees required to disclose annually interests that could give rise to | conflic | ts? | 12h | - | - |
| С | Did the organization regularly and consistently monitor and enforce compliance with the policy? If "Yes," | | | | | |
| | describe in Schedule O how this was done | | | 120 | - | |
| 13 | Did the organization have a written whistleblower policy? | none da | | | - | X |
| 14 | Did the organization have a written document retention and destruction policy? | | | 14 | - | X |
| 15 | Did the process for determining compensation of the following persons include a review and approval by | | | | | |
| | independent persons, comparability data, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision? | | | 28/28 | | |
| а | The organization's CEO, Executive Director, or top management official | | | | | X |
| b | Other officers or key employees of the organization | Tree in | | 15t | | X |
| | If "Yes" to line 15a or 15b, describe the process in Schedule O (see instructions). | | | | | |
| 16a | Did the organization invest in, contribute assets to, or participate in a joint venture or similar arrangement | | | | | |
| | with a taxable entity during the year? | Dates Car | | 168 | | X |
| b | If "Yes," did the organization follow a written policy or procedure requiring the organization to evaluate its | | | | | |
| | participation in joint venture arrangements under applicable federal tax law, and take steps to safeguard the | | | | | |
| | organization's exempt status with respect to such arrangements? | | | 161 | | |
| Sec | tion C. Disclosure | | | | | |
| 17 | List the states with which a copy of this Form 990 is required to be filed ▶ NONE | | | | 44 - 44 - 44 | |
| 18 | Section 6104 requires an organization to make its Forms 1023 (or 1024 if applicable), 990, and 990-T (Section 501(c | (3)s o | nly) | | | |
| | available for public inspection. Indicate how you made these available. Check all that apply. | | | | | |
| | Own website Another's website X Upon request | | | | | |
| 19 | Describe in Schedule O whether (and if so, how), the organization made its governing documents, conflict of interest | policy, | | | | |
| | and financial statements available to the public during the tax year. | | | | | |
| 20 | State the name, physical address, and telephone number of the person who possesses the books and records of the | | | | | |
| | organization: ▶ MR. AARON HULL 910 W. VAN BUREN ST | | | U W 8 - 2 - | | 125 2252 |
| CF | IICAGO IL 6060 | 7 | | 312-2 | 26-3 | 355 |

36-4298732

Page 7

Part VII Compensation of Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, Highest Compensated Employees, and Independent Contractors

Check if Schedule O contains a response to any question in this Part VII

Section A. Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, and Highest Compensated Employees

- 1a Complete this table for all persons required to be listed. Report compensation for the calendar year ending with or within the organization's tax year.
- List all of the organization's current officers, directors, trustees (whether individuals or organizations), regardless of amount of compensation. Enter -0- in columns (D), (E), and (F) if no compensation was paid.
 - List all of the organization's current key employees, if any. See instructions for definition of "key employee."
- List the organization's five current highest compensated employees (other than an officer, director, trustee, or key employee) who received reportable compensation (Box 5 of Form W-2 and/or Box 7 of Form 1099-MISC) of more than \$100,000 from the organization and any related organizations.
- List all of the organization's **former** officers, key employees, and highest compensated employees who received more than \$100,000 of reportable compensation from the organization and any related organizations.
- List all of the organization's **former directors or trustees** that received, in the capacity as a former director or trustee of the organization, more than \$10,000 of reportable compensation from the organization and any related organizations. List persons in the following order: individual trustees or directors; institutional trustees; officers; key employees; highest compensated employees; and former such persons.

| Check this box in heither the orga | Tilzation not any | relate | ea or | ganiz | zatio | ns comp | ensated any current officer, | director, or trustee. | |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|-------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| (A) Name and Title | (B) Average hours per week (describe hours for related | bo | (C) Position (do not check more than one box, unless person is both an officer and a director/trustee) Individuer | | | s both an r/trustee) | (D) Reportable compensation from the organization (W-2/1099-MISC) | (E) Reportable compensation from related organizations (W-2/1099-MISC) | (F) Estimated amount of other compensation from the organization |
| | organizations in Schedule O) | Individual trustee or director | Institutional trustee | ber | Key employee | Former Highest compensated employee | | | and related organizations |
| (1) MARLENE GOLEMBO | | | | | | | | | |
| BOARD MEMBER | 0.00 | X | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (2) GEORGE NASSOS | | | | | | | | | |
| BOARD MEMBER | 0.00 | X | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (3) PAM PAUL | | | | | | | | | |
| BOARD MEMBER | 0.00 | X | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (4) THOMAS PEKRAS | | | | | | | | | |
| BOARD MEMBER | 0.00 | X | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (5) REV. LEWIS FLOWE | RS | | | | | | | | |
| BOARD MEMBER | 0.00 | X | | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (6) MICHAEL BAKALIS | | | | | | | | | |
| PRESIDENT | 40.00 | | | Χ | | | 151,500 | 0 | 0 |
| (7) VITO BIANCO | | | | | | | * 0 = == 4 | | 0 |
| <u>V.P.</u> | 40.00 | | | Χ | | | 137,754 | 0 | 0 |
| (8) | | | | | | | | | |
| (9) | | | | | | | | | 113 |
| (10) | | | | | | | | | |
| (11) | | | | | | | | | |
| (12) | | | | | | | | | |
| (13) | | | | | | | | | |
| (14) | | | | | | | | | |

| Pa | rt VII Section A. Officers (A) Name and title | (B) Average hours per week (describe hours for related organizations in Schedule O) | erage rs per do not check more than one box, unless person is both an officer and a director/trustee) rize for ated iizations shedule | | | | (E) Reportable compensation from related | (F) Estimated amount of other compensation from the organization and related organizations | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--------|-------|---------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|---|-----|--------|------|
| (15) | | | | · · | | | ited | | | | | | | |
| | ********** | | | | | | | | | | | | = | |
| (16) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (17) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (18) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (19) | -co entre centre centre entres exemples | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (20) | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (21) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (22) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| The same of the sa | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 224 KOOLO KURUKI KOTOKKO 27 KKEEN F | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Sub-total | | | | | | 1972/0 | > | 289,254 | | | | | |
| c d | Total from continuation shee Total (add lines 1b and 1c) | AMERICAN PROPERTY AND PROPERTY OF THE | | | | | | | 289,254 | | | | | |
| 2 | Total number of individuals (inc | luding but not lim | nited | to th | | | | ve) v | | 00,000 in | | | | |
| | reportable compensation from t | | | | unton | ko | , om | alove | on or highest companyated | | | | Yes | No |
| 3 | employee on line 1a? If "Yes," of For any individual listed on line | complete Schedu | le J | for su | uch i | ndivi | dual | | | 245 W. | | 3 | | X |
| | organization and related organization | zations greater th | nan \$ | 150, | 0003 | ? If "` | Yes," | com | mplete Schedule J for such | | _ | 4 | Χ | |
| 5 | Did any person listed on line 1a for services rendered to the org | receive or accru | ie co | mpe | nsati | on fr | om a | iny L | unrelated organization or inc | lividual | | 5 | | Х |
| Sec 1 | tion B. Independent Contractor Complete this table for your five | | sate | d inc | lenei | nden | ıt cor | trac | tors that received more that | n \$100.000 of | | | | |
| | compensation from the organiza | ation. Report con (A) business address | npen | satio | n for | the | cale | ndar | r year ending with or within t | he organization's tax year. (B) ion of services | | Co | (C) | tion |
| - | Name and I | ousiness address | | | | | | | Descrip | ion of services | | -00 | пропош | 1011 |
| - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | |
| 2 | Total number of independent correceived more than \$100,000 or | | | | | | | | listed above) who | 0 | | | | |

| Pa | art V | III Stater | nent of Reve | nue | | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------------------------------------|---|------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------------|--|--|---|
| | | | | | | | (A) Total revenue | (B) Related or exempt function revenue | (C) Unrelated business revenue | (D) Revenue excluded from tax under sections 512, 513, or 514 |
| ts | 1a | Federated car | npaigns | 1a | | | | | | |
| ran | b | Membership d | | 1b | | | | | | |
| O'E | С | Fundraising ev | | 1c | | | | | | |
| ar / | d | Related organ | izations | 1d | | | | | | |
| S, G | е | Government grants | | 1e | 3, | 313,080 | | | | |
| Sign | f | All other contribution | | | | | | | | |
| but | | and similar amounts | | 1f | 3, | 039,522 | | | | |
| EQ. | g | Noncash contributio | ns included in lines 1a- | 1f: | \$ | | | | | |
| Contributions, Gifts, Grants and Other Similar Amounts | h | Total. Add line | es 1a–1f | | | | 6,352,602 | | | |
| -en | | | | | | Busn. Code | | | | |
| ven | 2a | | | | | | | | Santa de la companya | |
| Re | b | | | | | | | | | |
| /ice | С | | | | | | | | | |
| Sen | d | | | | | | | | | |
| Щ | е | | | | | | | | | |
| Program Service Revenue | f | | am service rever | | | | | | | |
| P. | g | Total. Add line | s 2a-2f | | | | V | | | |
| | 3 | | ome (including d | | | | | | | |
| | | and other simil | ar amounts) | | | | 569 | | | 569 |
| | 4 | Income from in | vestment of tax- | exemp | t bond pro | oceeds 🕨 | | | | |
| | 5 | Royalties | | | | > | | | | |
| | | | (i) Real | | (ii) F | Personal | 3 | | | |
| | 6a | Gross rents | | | | | | | | |
| | b | Less: rental exps. | | 4 | | | | | | |
| | С | Rental inc. or (loss) | | | | | | | | |
| | d | Net rental inco | me or (loss) | | 101 - 27 1 - 1 P | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | 7a | Gross amount from sales of assets | (i) Securities | | (ii) | Other | | | | |
| | | other than inventory | | | | | | | | |
| | b | Less: cost or other | | | | | | | | |
| | | basis & sales exps. | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | | | | |
| | С | Gain or (loss) | | | | | | | | |
| | d | ₹// | ss) | | | | | | | |
| e | 8a | | m fundraising ever | | | | | | | |
| eni | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3ev | | | eported on line 1c). | | | | | | | |
| Other Revenu | | | 18 | | | | | | | |
| oth | | | penses | List, List | | | | | | |
| 344 | | | (loss) from fundr | 1,000 | events | | | | | |
| | 9a | | m gaming activities | | | | | | | |
| | | | 19 | a b | | | | | | |
| | | Less: direct ex | loss) from gami | 105 E | ition | | | | | |
| | | Gross sales of | | ng acu | nies | | | | | |
| | iva | | owances | а | | | | | | |
| | h | | oods sold | | | | | | | |
| | | | (loss) from sales | | entory | • | | | | |
| | - | | cellaneous Revenue | OI IIIVC | intory | Busn. Code | | | | |
| | 11a | OTHER RE | | | | 900099 | 100,526 | 100,526 | | |
| | b | | V ELYOLE | enta neta | ina Establis | | | | | |
| | c | CONTROL COURSE CO | | | cest issectivitie | | | | | |
| | | | ле | | | | | | | |
| | | | s 11a–11d | | | > | 100,526 | | | |
| | 12 | | . See instruction | | | | 6,453,697 | 100,526 | 0 | 569 |

Page 10

36-4298732

Statement of Functional Expenses Part IX

Section 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) organizations must complete all columns. All other organizations must complete column (A) but are not required to complete columns (B), (C), and (D).

| Do | not include amounts reported on lines 6b, | (A) Total expenses | (B) Program service | (C) Management and | (D) Fundraising |
|----------|---|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 7b | , 8b, 9b, and 10b of Part VIII. | | expenses | general expenses | expenses |
| 1 | Grants and other assistance to governments and organizations in the U.S. See Part IV, line 21 | | | | |
| 2 | Grants and other assistance to individuals in the U.S. See Part IV, line 22 | | | | |
| 3 | Grants and other assistance to governments, organizations, and individuals outside the U.S. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16 | | | | |
| 4 | Benefits paid to or for members | | | | |
| 5 | Compensation of current officers, directors, | | | | |
| 6 | trustees, and key employees Compensation not included above, to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B) | | | | |
| 7 | Other salaries and wages | 3,830,648 | 3,830,648 | | |
| 8 | Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions) | 12,591 | 12,591 | | |
| 9 | Other employee benefits | 357,597 | 357,597 | | |
| 10 | Payroll taxes | 350,469 | 350,469 | | |
| 11 | Fees for services (non-employees): | | | | |
| а | Management | | | | |
| b | Legal | 22,541 | 22,541 | | |
| С | Accounting | 94,998 | 94,998 | | |
| d | Lobbying | | | | |
| е | Professional fundraising services. See Part IV, line 17 | | | | |
| f | Investment management fees | | | | |
| g | Other | 6,950 | 6,950 | | |
| 12 | Advertising and promotion | 11,908 | 11,908 | | |
| 13 | Office expenses | 159,206 | 159,206 | | 1454 |
| 14 | Information technology | | | | |
| 15 | Royalties | | | | |
| 16 | Occupancy | 611,737 | 611,737 | | |
| 17 | Travel | 61,686 | 61,686 | | |
| 18 | Payments of travel or entertainment expenses | | | | |
| 98920 | for any federal, state, or local public officials | | | | A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH |
| 19 | Conferences, conventions, and meetings | 68,626 | 68,626 | | |
| 20 | Interest | 00,020 | 00,020 | | |
| 21 22 | Payments to affiliates Depreciation, depletion, and amortization | 240,017 | 240,017 | | |
| 23 | | 210,017 | 210/01/ | | |
| 24 | Insurance Other expenses. Itemize expenses not covered | | | | |
| 47 | above. (List miscellaneous expenses in line 24e. If | | | | |
| | line 24e amount exceeds 10% of line 25, column | | . 487 | | |
| _ | (A) amount, list line 24e expenses on Schedule O.) REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE | 509,774 | 509,774 | | |
| a b | STUDENT ACTIVITIES | 451,257 | 451,257 | | |
| C | SUPPLIES - PROGRAMS | 216,726 | 216,726 | | Washell 1000 II |
| d | MISCELLANEOUS | 71,526 | 71,526 | | |
| e | All other expenses | 183,964 | 183,964 | | |
| 25 | Total functional expenses. Add lines 1 through 24e | 7,262,221 | 7,262,221 | 0 | 0 |
| 26 | Joint costs. Complete this line only if the organization reported in column (B) joint costs from a combined educational campaign and fundraising solicitation. Check here if following SOP 98-2 (ASC 958-720) | ,, | | | |
| DAA | ronowing our so z (rico sou rzej | | | | Form 990 (2011 |

| | | 0 (2011) AMERICAN QUALITY SCHO | JOLS COL | RP. 36- | 4298/32 | | Page 11 |
|-------------|---------|--|-------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| | art 2 | X Balance Sheet | | | (4) | | (B) |
| | | | | | (A) Beginning of year | | End of year |
| - | 1 | Cash—non-interest bearing | | | 698,380 | 1 | 213,474 |
| | 2 | Savings and temporary cash investments | | ANTERIOR SERVICE STANCES | 0307300 | 2 | |
| | 3 | Pledges and grants receivable, net | ********* | aranganya sangga sangga s | | 3 | ***** |
| | 4 | A common appears in a company the cold for the company of the cold for | | | 526,582 | 4 | 655,828 |
| | 5 | Receivables from current and former officers, directors | | | 020,002 | - | 0007020 |
| | " | employees, and highest compensated employees. Co | | | :: | | |
| | | Cahadula I | | | | 5 | |
| | 6 | Receivables from other disqualified persons (as define | | | | | |
| | | 4958(f)(1)), persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B | | | | | |
| | | employers and sponsoring organizations of section 50 | (4) (6) (| 6.75 | | | |
| m | | employees' beneficiary organizations (see instructions | 0.7. 0.5.0.0 | 50 | | 6 | |
| Assets | 7 | Notes and loans receivable, net | | | | 7 | |
| As | 8 | Inventories for sale or use | | | | 8 | |
| | 9 | Prepaid expenses and deferred charges | *********** | | 112,643 | 9 | 117,670 |
| | 100 | Land, buildings, and equipment: cost or | | | 220/010 | | |
| | 100 | other basis. Complete Part VI of Schedule D | 10a | 2.653.909 | | | |
| | h | Less: accumulated depreciation | 10h | 985,376 | 919,216 | 10c | 1,668,533 |
| | 11 | Investments—publicly traded securities | 1001 | 303/370 | 313/113 | 11 | |
| | 12 | Investments—other securities. See Part IV, line 11 | | | | 12 | |
| | 13 | Investments—program-related. See Part IV, line 11 | | | | 13 | |
| | 14 | Intangible assets | | | | 14 | |
| | 15 | Other assets. See Part IV, line 11 | | | 122,402 | 15 | 34,466 |
| | 16 | Total assets. Add lines 1 through 15 (must equal line | | | 2,379,223 | 16 | 2,689,971 |
| | 17 | Accounts payable and accrued expenses | | 430,145 | 17 | 545,122 | |
| | 18 | Grants payable | | | | 18 | |
| | 19 | Deferred revenue | KARABAT KARABATAN | | 21,500 | 19 | |
| | 20 | Tax-exempt bond liabilities | | | | 20 | |
| | 21 | Escrow or custodial account liability. Complete Part IV | of Schedule D |) | | 21 | |
| S | 22 | Payables to current and former officers, directors, trus | | * * ********* | | | |
| Liabilities | 50000 | employees, highest compensated employees, and dis- | | ons. | | | |
| abil | | | | (a) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c | | 22 | |
| ت | 23 | Secured mortgages and notes payable to unrelated th | ird parties | E-100 C 1, 100 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 | | 23 | |
| | 24 | Unsecured notes and loans payable to unrelated third | parties | * 10* * 4 * 10* * 1 | 763,970 | 24 | 1,577,593 |
| | 25 | Other liabilities (including federal income tax, payables | | | | | |
| | interes | parties, and other liabilities not included on lines 17-24 |). Complete P | art X | | | |
| | | of Schedule D | | | 189,695 | 25 | 401,867 |
| | 26 | Total liabilities. Add lines 17 through 25 | | | 1,405,310 | 26 | 2,524,582 |
| | | Organizations that follow SFAS 117, check here ▶ | X and cor | mplete | | | |
| es | | lines 27 through 29, and lines 33 and 34. | | | | | |
| anc | 27 | Unrestricted net assets | | | 973,913 | 27 | 165,389 |
| Balances | 28 | | | | | 28 | |
| Fund | 29 | Permanently restricted net assets | | | | 29 | |
| Ξ. | | Organizations that do not follow SFAS 117, check | here ▶ | and | | | |
| s or | | complete lines 30 through 34. | | | | | |
| set | 30 | | | | 30 | | |
| As | 31 | Paid-in or capital surplus, or land, building, or equipme | | | | 31 | |
| Net Assets | 32 | Retained earnings, endowment, accumulated income, | | 000 000 | 32 | 1.55 3.55 | |
| === | 33 | | | ., | 973,913 | 33 | 165,389 |
| | 34 | Total liabilities and net assets/fund balances | | | 2,379,223 | 34 | 2,689,971 |

Form **990** (2011)

| orm | 1990 (2011) AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP. 36-4298732 | | | Pa | ge 12 |
|-----|---|--|---|-------|----------|
| Pa | art XI Reconciliation of Net Assets | | | | |
| | Check if Schedule O contains a response to any question in this Part XI | | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | |
| | | Ÿi. | | | |
| 1 | Total revenue (must equal Part VIII, column (A), line 12) | 1 | | | 697 |
| 2 | Total expenses (must equal Part IX, column (A), line 25) | 2 | | | 221 |
| 3 | Revenue less expenses. Subtract line 2 from line 1 | 3 | | | 524 |
| 4 | Net assets or fund balances at beginning of year (must equal Part X, line 33, column (A)) | 4 | 9 | 73, | 913 |
| 5 | Other changes in net assets or fund balances (explain in Schedule O) | 5 | | | |
| 6 | Net assets or fund balances at end of year. Combine lines 3, 4, and 5 (must equal Part X, line 33, | | | | |
| | column (B)) | 6 | 1 | 65, | 389 |
| Pa | rt XII Financial Statements and Reporting | | | | |
| | Check if Schedule O contains a response to any question in this Part XII | 10000 000 | | | |
| | | | | Yes | No |
| 1 | Accounting method used to prepare the Form 990: Cash X Accrual Other | | | | |
| | If the organization changed its method of accounting from a prior year or checked "Other," explain in | | | | |
| | Schedule O. | | | | |
| 2a | Were the organization's financial statements compiled or reviewed by an independent accountant? | eceses toma | 2a | | X |
| b | Were the organization's financial statements audited by an independent accountant? | SECTION CONTRACT | 2b | X | |
| С | If "Yes" to line 2a or 2b, does the organization have a committee that assumes responsibility for oversight | | | | |
| | of the audit, review, or compilation of its financial statements and selection of an independent accountant? | anana mana | 2c | X | L |
| | If the organization changed either its oversight process or selection process during the tax year, explain in | | | | |
| | Schedule O. | | | | |
| d | If "Yes" to line 2a or 2b, check a box below to indicate whether the financial statements for the year were | | | | |
| | issued on a separate basis, consolidated basis, or both: | | | | |
| | Separate basis Consolidated basis X Both consolidated and separate basis | | | | |
| 3a | As a result of a federal award, was the organization required to undergo an audit or audits as set forth in | | | | |
| | the Single Audit Act and OMB Circular A-133? | 222.025 | 3a | | X |
| b | If "Yes," did the organization undergo the required audit or audits? If the organization did not undergo the | | | | |
| | required audit or audits, explain why in Schedule O and describe any steps taken to undergo such audits | 60 C M (C (C (C (C (C (C (C (C (C | 3b | | |
| | | | Fo | rm 99 | 0 (2011) |

SCHEDULE A (Form 990 or 990-EZ)

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

Public Charity Status and Public Support

Complete if the organization is a section 501(c)(3) organization or a section 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trust.

▶ Attach to Form 990 or Form 990-EZ. ▶ See separate instructions.

OMB No. 1545-0047

2011

Open to Public Inspection

Employer identification number Name of the organization AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP. 36-4298732 Part I Reason for Public Charity Status (All organizations must complete this part.) See instructions. The organization is not a private foundation because it is: (For lines 1 through 11, check only one box.) A church, convention of churches, or association of churches described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(i). 1 2 A school described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii). (Attach Schedule E.) 3 A hospital or a cooperative hospital service organization described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(iii). A medical research organization operated in conjunction with a hospital described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(iii). Enter the hospital's name, 4 An organization operated for the benefit of a college or university owned or operated by a governmental unit described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(iv). (Complete Part II.) A federal, state, or local government or governmental unit described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(v). An organization that normally receives a substantial part of its support from a governmental unit or from the general public described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). (Complete Part II.) 8 A community trust described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). (Complete Part II.) An organization that normally receives: (1) more than 33 1/3% of its support from contributions, membership fees, and gross receipts from activities related to its exempt functions—subject to certain exceptions, and (2) no more than 33 1/3% of its support from gross investment income and unrelated business taxable income (less section 511 tax) from businesses acquired by the organization after June 30, 1975. See section 509(a)(2). (Complete Part III.) An organization organized and operated exclusively to test for public safety. See section 509(a)(4). 10 An organization organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of, to perform the functions of, or to carry out the purposes of one or more publicly supported organizations described in section 509(a)(1) or section 509(a)(2). See section 509(a)(3). Check the box that describes the type of supporting organization and complete lines 11e through 11h. c Type III–Functionally integrated Type III-Other Type I Type II By checking this box, I certify that the organization is not controlled directly or indirectly by one or more disqualified persons other than foundation managers and other than one or more publicly supported organizations described in section 509(a)(1) or section 509(a)(2). If the organization received a written determination from the IRS that it is a Type I, Type II, or Type III supporting organization, check this box Since August 17, 2006, has the organization accepted any gift or contribution from any of the following persons? (i) A person who directly or indirectly controls, either alone or together with persons described in (ii) and Yes (iii) below, the governing body of the supported organization? 11g(i) 11g(ii) (ii) A family member of a person described in (i) above? 11g(iii) (iii) A 35% controlled entity of a person described in (i) or (ii) above? Provide the following information about the supported organization(s). (iv) Is the organization (v) Did you notify (vi) Is the (vii) Amount of (i) Name of supported (iii) Type of organization (ii) EIN the organization in organization in col. in col. (i) listed in your organization (described on lines 1-9 col. (i) of your (i) organized in the above or IRC section governing document? U.S.? support? (see instructions)) Yes (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990 or 990-EZ.

Schedule A (Form 990 or 990-EZ) 2011

Total

36-4298732

Page 2

Support Schedule for Organizations Described in Sections 170(b)(1)(A)(iv) and 170(b)(1)(A)(vi)

(Complete only if you checked the box on line 5, 7, or 8 of Part I or if the organization failed to qualify under Part III. If the organization fails to qualify under the tests listed below, please complete Part III.)

| Sec | tion A. Public Support | , , | | | | | | |
|--------|--|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| Cale | ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in) | (a) 2007 | (b) 2008 | (c) 2009 | (d) 2010 | (e) 201 | 1 | (f) Total |
| 1 | Gifts, grants, contributions, and membership fees received. (Do not include any "unusual grants.") | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Tax revenues levied for the organization's benefit and either paid to or expended on its behalf | | | | | | | |
| 3 | The value of services or facilities furnished by a governmental unit to the organization without charge | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Total. Add lines 1 through 3 The portion of total contributions by each person (other than a governmental unit or publicly supported organization) included on line 1 that exceeds 2% of the amount shown on line 11, column (f) | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Public support. Subtract line 5 from line 4 | | | | | | | |
| | tion B. Total Support | Green of the second second | | | 1 100010 | | | (D. T.) |
| Cale | ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in) 🕨 | (a) 2007 | (b) 2008 | (c) 2009 | (d) 2010 | (e) 201 | 1 | (f) Total |
| 7 8 | Amounts from line 4 Gross income from interest, dividends, payments received on securities loans, rents, royalties and income from similar sources | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Net income from unrelated business activities, whether or not the business is regularly carried on | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Other income. Do not include gain or loss from the sale of capital assets (Explain in Part IV.) | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Total support. Add lines 7 through 10 | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Gross receipts from related activities, etc. (s | | | | | | 12 | |
| 13 | First five years. If the Form 990 is for the o | | | | | | | |
| | organization, check this box and stop here | | | | | ****** | | |
| Sec | tion C. Computation of Public Su | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Public support percentage for 2011 (line 6, c | | | | | | 14 | <u>%</u> % |
| 15 | Public support percentage from 2010 Sched | | | | 4/00/ obo | ale this | 15 | 70 |
| 16a | 33 1/3% support test—2011. If the organiz | | | | | | | • |
| 14 | box and stop here. The organization qualified 33 1/3% support test—2010. If the organization qualified statement of the organization of the organi | | | | ie 33 1/3% or more | | s reserves r | |
| b | check this box and stop here . The organiza | | | | | | | > [|
| 17a | 10%-facts-and-circumstances test—201 | | | oox on line 13, 16a | or 16b, and line 1 | 4 is | a betatetet s | |
| 114 | 10% or more, and if the organization meets | | | | | | | |
| | Part IV how the organization meets the "fact | | | | | | | |
| | organization | | | | | | S. Westve Transc | ▶ 🗌 |
| b | 10%-facts-and-circumstances test—2010 | 3. If the organization | on did not check a l | oox on line 13, 16a | , 16b, or 17a, and I | ine | | |
| | 15 is 10% or more, and if the organization m | | | | | | | |
| | Explain in Part IV how the organization mee | | | | | cly | | 9 |
| | supported organization | | | | | | | , > [] |
| 18 | Private foundation. If the organization did in | not check a box or | n line 13, 16a, 16b, | 17a, or 17b, check | this box and see | | | |
| | instructions | | entropie entrope e para de la | | | | | > 📙 |

36-4298732

Page 3

Support Schedule for Organizations Described in Section 509(a)(2) Part III

(Complete only if you checked the box on line 9 of Part I or if the organization failed to qualify under Part II. If the organization fails to qualify under the tests listed below, please complete Part II.)

| Sec | tion A. Public Support | quality arraor to | no tooto notog s | ololi, plodec c | | 1 | |
|-------|--|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in) | (a) 2007 | (b) 2008 | (c) 2009 | (d) 2010 | (e) 2011 | (f) Total |
| 1 | Gifts, grants, contributions, and membership fees received. (Do not include any "unusual grants.") | | | | | | |
| 2 | Gross receipts from admissions, merchandise sold or services performed, or facilities furnished in any activity that is related to the organization's tax-exempt purpose | | | | | | |
| 3 | Gross receipts from activities that are not an unrelated trade or business under section 513 | | | | | | |
| 4 | Tax revenues levied for the organization's benefit and either paid to or expended on its behalf | | | | | | |
| 5 | The value of services or facilities furnished by a governmental unit to the organization without charge | | | | | | |
| 6 | Total. Add lines 1 through 5 | | | | | | |
| 7a | Amounts included on lines 1, 2, and 3 received from disqualified persons | | | | | | |
| b | Amounts included on lines 2 and 3 received from other than disqualified persons that exceed the greater of \$5,000 or 1% of the amount on line 13 for the year | | | | | | |
| С | Add lines 7a and 7b | | | | | | |
| 8 | Public support (Subtract line 7c from | | | | | | |
| | line 6.) | | | | | | |
| | tion B. Total Support | | | | 1 | | The second will |
| Caler | ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in) ▶ | (a) 2007 | (b) 2008 | (c) 2009 | (d) 2010 | (e) 2011 | (f) Total |
| 9 | Amounts from line 6 | | | | | | |
| 10a | Gross income from interest, dividends, payments received on securities loans, rents, royalties and income from similar sources | | | | | | |
| b | Unrelated business taxable income (less section 511 taxes) from businesses acquired after June 30, 1975 | | | | | | |
| С | Add lines 10a and 10b | | | | | | |
| 11 | Net income from unrelated business activities not included in line 10b, whether or not the business is regularly carried on | | | | | | |
| 12 | Other income. Do not include gain or loss from the sale of capital assets (Explain in Part IV.) | | | | | | |
| 13 | Total support. (Add lines 9, 10c, 11, and 12.) | | | | | | |
| 14 | First five years. If the Form 990 is for the organization, check this box and stop here | | second, third, fourt | | | | > |
| Sec | tion C. Computation of Public Su | | | | | | |
| 15 | Public support percentage for 2011 (line 8, | | | (f)) | | 15 | 5 % |
| 16 | Public support percentage from 2010 Sche | | | | | | |
| - | tion D. Computation of Investme | | | | | | |
| 17 | Investment income percentage for 2011 (lir | | | olumn (fi) | | 17 | 7 % |
| 18 | Investment income percentage for 2011 (iii | | | | | | |
| 19a | 33 1/3% support tests—2011. If the organ | | | 4, and line 15 is m | ore than 33 1/3%. | CONTRACTOR OF THE STREET | |
| . Ja | 17 is not more than 33 1/3%, check this box | | | | | | > |
| b | 33 1/3% support tests—2010. If the organ | nization did not che | ck a box on line 14 | or line 19a, and lin | e 16 is more than | 33 1/3%, and | ************************************** |
| J | line 18 is not more than 33 1/3%, check this | s box and stop her | re. The organization | n qualifies as a pub | licly supported org | anization | ▶ [] |
| 20 | Private foundation. If the organization did | not check a box or | n line 14, 19a, or 19 | b, check this box a | and see instructions | 3 | > |
| | i ilitato ibaliadatom il tilo digalization dia | | | -4 | | - The second | |

| Schedule A (Fo | orm 990 or 990-EZ) 2011 | AMERICAN | QUALITY | SCHOOLS | CORP. | 36-4298732 | Page 4 |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| Part IV | Supplemental Inf | ormation. Comp | lete this part | to provide the | explanations re | quired by Part II, line 10; ditional information. (See | |
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SCHEDULE D (Form 990)

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Supplemental Financial Statements

► Complete if the organization answered "Yes," to Form 990, Part IV, line 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11a, 11b, 11c, 11d, 11e, 11f, 12a, or 12b.

► Attach to Form 990. ► See separate instructions.

2011
Open to Public Inspection

Name of the organization Employer identification number AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP. 36-4298732 Organizations Maintaining Donor Advised Funds or Other Similar Funds or Accounts. Complete if the organization answered "Yes" to Form 990, Part IV, line 6. (a) Donor advised funds (b) Funds and other accounts Total number at end of year Aggregate contributions to (during year) Aggregate grants from (during year) Aggregate value at end of year Did the organization inform all donors and donor advisors in writing that the assets held in donor advised funds are the organization's property, subject to the organization's exclusive legal control? 6 Did the organization inform all grantees, donors, and donor advisors in writing that grant funds can be used only for charitable purposes and not for the benefit of the donor or donor advisor, or for any other purpose conferring impermissible private benefit? Conservation Easements. Complete if the organization answered "Yes" to Form 990, Part IV, line 7. Part II Purpose(s) of conservation easements held by the organization (check all that apply). Preservation of land for public use (e.g., recreation or education) Preservation of an historically important land area Preservation of a certified historic structure Protection of natural habitat Preservation of open space Complete lines 2a through 2d if the organization held a qualified conservation contribution in the form of a conservation easement on the last day of the tax year. Held at the End of the Tax Year 2a a Total number of conservation easements Total acreage restricted by conservation easements 2b Number of conservation easements on a certified historic structure included in (a) 2c Number of conservation easements included in (c) acquired after 8/17/06, and not on a historic structure listed in the National Register Number of conservation easements modified, transferred, released, extinguished, or terminated by the organization during the Number of states where property subject to conservation easement is located ▶ Does the organization have a written policy regarding the periodic monitoring, inspection, handling of violations, and enforcement of the conservation easements it holds? Staff and volunteer hours devoted to monitoring, inspecting, and enforcing conservation easements during the year Amount of expenses incurred in monitoring, inspecting, and enforcing conservation easements during the year Does each conservation easement reported on line 2(d) above satisfy the requirements of section 170(h)(4)(B) (i) and section 170(h)(4)(B)(ii)? In Part XIV, describe how the organization reports conservation easements in its revenue and expense statement, and balance sheet, and include, if applicable, the text of the footnote to the organization's financial statements that describes the organization's accounting for conservation easements. Part III Organizations Maintaining Collections of Art, Historical Treasures, or Other Similar Assets. Complete if the organization answered "Yes" to Form 990, Part IV, line 8. 1a If the organization elected, as permitted under SFAS 116 (ASC 958), not to report in its revenue statement and balance sheet works of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, provide, in Part XIV, the text of the footnote to its financial statements that describes these items. b If the organization elected, as permitted under SFAS 116 (ASC 958), to report in its revenue statement and balance sheet works of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, provide the following amounts relating to these items: (i) Revenues included in Form 990, Part VIII, line 1 (ii) Assets included in Form 990, Part X If the organization received or held works of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets for financial gain, provide the following amounts required to be reported under SFAS 116 (ASC 958) relating to these items: a Revenues included in Form 990, Part VIII, line 1 Assets included in Form 990, Part X

| This spile. | edule D (Form 990) 2011 AMERICAN art III Organizations Maintainin | | | | -4298732 per Similar As | seets (c | continue | | age 2 |
|-------------|--|---|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 3 | | | | | | 3013 (0 | ontinac | ,u) | |
| J | collection items (check all that apply): | on, and other records, t | Sheck any of the follow | ving that are a signin | cant use of its | | | | |
| а | Public exhibition | d l | oan or exchange pro | grams | | | | | |
| b | Scholarly research | е (| Other | | | =: | | | |
| С | Preservation for future generations | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Provide a description of the organization's co | llections and explain he | ow they further the org | ganization's exempt p | ourpose in Part | | | | |
| | XIV. | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | During the year, did the organization solicit of | r receive donations of a | rt, historical treasures | s, or other similar | | | | | |
| | assets to be sold to raise funds rather than to | be maintained as part | of the organization's | collection? | | F R 9000 + 1000 | Yes | : L | No |
| Pa | art IV Escrow and Custodial Ar | rangements. Com | plete if the organ | nization answere | d "Yes" to For | m 990, | Part IV | (S | |
| | line 9, or reported an amou | | | | | | | | |
| 1a | Is the organization an agent, trustee, custodia | an or other intermedian | y for contributions or o | other assets not | | | | | |
| | included on Form 990, Part X? | | M. Market Markett Market Control of the Control of | | | | Yes | , | No |
| b | If "Yes," explain the arrangement in Part XIV | and complete the follow | ving table: | | reconstructe acceptance in acceptance | | | ,, | |
| | AS TO MATE STOP PROGRESSION OF THE PROGRESSION OF T | | 3 | | | | Amount | | |
| c | Reginning halance | | | | 1c | | | | |
| 4 | Beginning balance | | | ****** | 1d | | | | |
| | Additions during the year | | | | | | | ==== | |
| 1020 | Distributions during the year | | | | COLORED COLOR | | | | |
| f | | | | | 1 <u>f</u> | | | | |
| | Did the organization include an amount on Fo | | ? | | | | Yes | | No |
| | If "Yes," explain the arrangement in Part XIV. | | - C 1 (I) | /" t- F 000 | Deat IV line | 40 | | - | |
| Pa | rt V Endowment Funds. Comp | | 7117 | | AND SALES AND | | 4 VE | | |
| | - | (a) Current year | (b) Prior year | (c) Two years back | (d) Three year | 's back | (e) Four | ears b | ack |
| | Beginning of year balance | | | | | | | | |
| b | Contributions | | | | | | | | |
| C | Net investment earnings, gains, and | | | | | ì | | | |
| | losses | | | | | | | | |
| d | Grants or scholarships | | | | | | | | |
| | Other expenditures for facilities and | | | | | | | | |
| | programs | | | | | | | | |
| f | Administrative expenses | | | | | | | | |
| | End of year balance | | | | | | | | |
| | Provide the estimated percentage of the curre | ent year end balance (li | ine 1g. column (a)) he | ld as: | | | | | |
| | Board designated or quasi-endowment ▶ | | | | | | | | |
| h | Permanent endowment ▶ % | es concentrations d' | | | | | | | |
| | Temporarily restricted endowment ▶ | % | | | | | | | |
| C | The percentages in lines 2a, 2b, and 2c shou | 6.1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | | | | | |
| 32 | Are there endowment funds not in the posses | | a that are held and ad | ministered for the | | | | | |
| Ja | 10 to | ssion of the organization | Titlat are field and ad | ministered for the | | | 25 | Yes | No |
| | organization by: | | | | | | 3a(i) | 103 | 140 |
| | (i) unrelated organizations | | ****************** | | | | | | |
| 8 | (ii) related organizations | | | ******* | | | 3a(ii) | - | |
| | If "Yes" to 3a(ii), are the related organizations | | | | | | 3b | | |
| _ | Describe in Part XIV the intended uses of the | | Service Control of the Control of th | 10 | | | | | |
| Pa | rt VI Land, Buildings, and Equ | | | | | | | - Millionero | |
| | Description of property | (a) Cost or other ba | A00.550 | | (c) Accumulated | | (d) Book va | alue | |
| | | (investment) | (oth | er) | depreciation | | | | |
| 1a | Land | | | | | | | | |
| | Buildings | | | | | | | | |
| С | Leasehold improvements | | | | | | | | |
| | Equipment | | | | | | | | |
| | Other | | | | | | | | |
| otal | Add lines 1a through 1e (Column (d) must ex | qual Form 990 Part X | column (B) line 10(c) | 1.1 | 1 | | | | |

| Part VII | Schedule D (Form 990) 2011 AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOO | LS CORP. | 36-4298732 | Page 3 |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| (i) Francal derivatives (is stay now searchy (is stay now searchy) (in the stay of searchy) (in the searchy) (in the stay of searchy) (in the stay | | | | |
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| (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (9) (10) Total (Column (b) must equal Form 980, Part X, col. (B) line 12.) ▶ Part VIII Investments—Program Related. See Form 990, Part X, line 13. (9) Book value (9) Mehoc of valuation Cost or end-obysem resent value (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (10) Total (Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 13.) ▶ Part IX Other Assets. See Form 990, Part X, line 15. (9) Book value (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (10) Total (Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 15.) ▶ Part X Other Liabilities. See Form 990, Part X, line 25. (1) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (9) (1) (1) (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (8) (9) (9) (10) Total (Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 15.) ▶ Part X Other Liabilities. See Form 990, Part X, line 25. (1) Federal income taxes (2) CURRENT ACCRUED LAWSUIT SETTLEMENT 2.98, 0.00 (3) Dibb To CHARTER SCHOOLS 6.3, 867 (4) LINE OF CREDIT 4.0, 0.00 (5) Dib To CHARTER SCHOOLS - CPTLD (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) | | | | |
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| (i) Total (Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (8) line 12.) | CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF | | | |
| Total, Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 12). Part VIII Investments—Program Related. See Form 990, Part X, line 13. (c) Method of visulation: Count or enter delivered to the structure of the structure | | | | |
| Part VIII Investments—Program Related. See Form 990, Part X, line 13. | | | | |
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^{2.} FIN 48 (ASC 740) Footnote. In Part XIV, provide the text of the footnote to the organization's financial statements that reports the organization's liability for uncertain tax positions under FIN 48 (ASC 740).

| Sche | dule D (Form 990) 2011 AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP | • | 36-4298732 | Page 4 |
|------------|--|-----------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Pa | ort XI Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets from Form 990 to | Audited Fi | nancial Statements | |
| 1 | Total revenue (Form 990, Part VIII, column (A), line 12) | | 1 | 6,453,697 |
| 2 | Total expenses (Form 990, Part IX, column (A), line 25) | | 2 | 7,262,221 |
| 3 | Excess or (deficit) for the year. Subtract line 2 from line 1 | | | -808,524 |
| 4 | Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments | | | |
| 5 | Donated services and use of facilities | | 5 | |
| 6 | Investment expenses | | | |
| 7 | Prior period adjustments | | | |
| 8 | Other (Describe in Part XIV.) | | 8 | |
| 9 | Total adjustments (net). Add lines 4 through 8 | | 9 | |
| 10 | Excess or (deficit) for the year per audited financial statements. Combine lines 3 and 9 | | 10 | -808,524 |
| | rt XII Reconciliation of Revenue per Audited Financial Stateme | | | |
| 1 | Total revenue, gains, and other support per audited financial statements | | | 6,453,697 |
| 2 | Amounts included on line 1 but not on Form 990, Part VIII, line 12: | | FAMILIA FAMILIA MANAGA | |
| а | Net unrealized gains on investments | 2a | | |
| b | Donated services and use of facilities | 2b | | |
| c | Recoveries of prior year grants | | | |
| d | Other (Describe in Part XIV.) | | | |
| e | Add lines 2a through 2d | | 2e | |
| 3 | Subtract line 2e from line 1 | | | 6,453,697 |
| 4 | Amounts included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 12, but not on line 1: | | | |
| а | Investment expenses not included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 7b | 4a | Lal | |
| b | Other (Describe in Part XIV.) | | | |
| | 2.3.700 2.3.100 | | 4c | |
| | Add lines 4a and 4b Total revenue. Add lines 3 and 4c. (This must equal Form 990, Part I, line 12.) | | 5 | 6,453,697 |
| - | rt XIII Reconciliation of Expenses per Audited Financial Statement | | | |
| 1 | Total expenses and losses per audited financial statements | | | 7,262,221 |
| 2 | Amounts included on line 1 but not on Form 990, Part IX, line 25: | | exercise concentrations | |
| a | Donated services and use of facilities | 2a | | |
| b | | | | |
| C | Prior year adjustments Other losses | 20 | | |
| d | THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O | - | | |
| 277 | Other (Describe in Part XIV.) | | 2e | |
| 3 | Add lines 2a through 2d | | CONTRACTOR | 7,262,221 |
| 1 | Subtract line 2e from line 1 Amounts included on Form 990, Part IX, line 25, but not on line 1: | [] | | |
| - T | Investment expenses not included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 7b | 4a | | |
| | OH - /D | 4b | | |
| | ASSESSMENT | ***** | 4c | |
| | Add lines 4a and 4b Total expenses. Add lines 3 and 4c. (This must equal Form 990, Part I, line 18.) | | 5 | 7,262,221 |
| | rt XIV Supplemental Information | | | 1,202,221 |
| | | a 1a and 1: Day | t IV lines 1h and 2h | |
| | plete this part to provide the descriptions required for Part II, lines 3, 5, and 9; Part III, lines | | | |
| | /, line 4; Part X, line 2; Part XI, line 8; Part XII, lines 2d and 4b; and Part XIII, lines 2d and | 4b. Also comp | nete this part to provide | |
| any a | dditional information. | | | |
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| Part XIV | Suppleme | ntal Information | (continued) | | | | |
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SCHEDULE E

(Form 990 or 990-EZ)

Schools

 Complete if the organization answered "Yes" to Form 990, Part IV, line 13, or Form 990-EZ, Part VI, line 48.
 ► Attach to Form 990 or Form 990-EZ. OMB No. 1545-0047 **2011**Open to Public

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Name of the organization

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP.

Employer identification number 36-4298732

| P | art I | | | |
|----|--|----------|-----|-----|
| | | | YES | NO |
| 1 | Does the organization have a racially nondiscriminatory policy toward students by statement in its charter, bylaws, other governing instrument, or in a resolution of its governing body? | 1 | Χ | |
| 2 | Does the organization include a statement of its racially nondiscriminatory policy toward students in all its brochures, catalogues, and other written communications with the public dealing with student admissions, programs, and scholarships? | 2 | X | |
| 3 | Has the organization publicized its racially nondiscriminatory policy through newspaper or broadcast media during the period of solicitation for students, or during the registration period if it has no solicitation program, in a way that makes the policy known to all parts of the general community it serves? If "Yes," please describe. If "No," please explain. If you need more space, use Part II. ALL MEDIA INCLUDES TERMINOLOGY SUCH AS "OPEN ENROLLMENT" "EVERY CHILD" "MULTICULTURAL" | 3 | X | |
| | | | | |
| 4 | Does the organization maintain the following? | | | |
| а | Records indicating the racial composition of the student body, faculty, and administrative staff? | 4a | X | |
| b | Records documenting that scholarships and other financial assistance are awarded on a racially nondiscriminatory basis? | 4b | Х | |
| С | Copies of all catalogues, brochures, announcements, and other written communications to the public dealing with student admissions, programs, and scholarships? | 4c | Х | |
| d | Copies of all material used by the organization or on its behalf to solicit contributions? If you answered "No" to any of the above, please explain. If you need more space, use Part II. | 4d | X | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 5 | Does the organization discriminate by race in any way with respect to: | | | |
| а | Students' rights or privileges? | 5a | | X |
| u | otacine rights of privileges. | | | |
| b | Admissions policies? | 5b | | X |
| С | Employment of faculty or administrative staff? | 5c | | _X_ |
| d | Scholarships or other financial assistance? | 5d | | X |
| е | Educational policies? | 5e | | _X_ |
| f | Use of facilities? | 5f | | X |
| | | 新 | | |
| g | Athletic programs? | 5g | | _X_ |
| h | Other extracurricular activities? | 5h | | X |
| | If you answered "Yes" to any of the above, please explain. If you need more space, use Part II. | | | |
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| 6a | Does the organization receive any financial aid or assistance from a governmental agency? | 6a | Х | |
| b | Has the organization's right to such aid ever been revoked or suspended? | 6b | | X |
| J | If you answered "Yes" to either line 6a or line 6b, explain on Part II. | | | |
| 7 | Does the organization certify that it has complied with the applicable requirements of sections 4.01 through 4.05 of Rev. Proc. 75-50, 1975-2 C.B. 587, covering racial nondiscrimination? If "No," explain on Part II | 7 | x | |

| | orm 990 or 990-E | Z) (2011) | AMERICA | N QUALI | TY SCHO | OLS CO | RP. | 36-429873 | 2 Page 2 |
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| Part II | Supplementa 6b and 7 as | I l Informatior applicable: Al | Complete this so complete this | s part to provi s part to prov | ide the expla ride anv othe | anations req er additional | uired by Part information (| I, lines 3, 4d, 5h, see instructions). | |
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SCHEDULE J (Form 990)

Compensation Information
For certain Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, and Highest Compensated Employees

▶ Complete if the organization answered "Yes" to Form 990, Part IV, line 23.

▶ Attach to Form 990. ▶ See separate instructions.

OMB No. 1545-0047

Open to Public Inspection

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Name of the organization

AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP.

Employer identification number 36-4298732

| Pa | rt I Questions Regarding Compensation | | | |
|-------|--|-------|--------|------------|
| | | | Yes | No |
| | | | | |
| 1a | Check the appropriate box(es) if the organization provided any of the following to or for a person listed in Form | | | |
| | 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a. Complete Part III to provide any relevant information regarding these items. | | | |
| | First-class or charter travel Housing allowance or residence for personal use | | | |
| | Travel for companions Payments for business use of personal residence | | | |
| | Tax indemnification and gross-up payments Health or social club dues or initiation fees | | | |
| | Discretionary spending account Personal services (e.g., maid, chauffeur, chef) | | | |
| b | If any of the boxes on line 1a are checked, did the organization follow a written policy regarding payment | | | |
| | or reimbursement or provision of all of the expenses described above? If "No," complete Part III to | | | |
| | explain | 1b | | |
| 2 | Did the organization require substantiation prior to reimbursing or allowing expenses incurred by all officers, | | | |
| - | directors, trustees, and the CEO/Executive Director, regarding the items checked in line 1a? | 2 | | |
| | directors, trustees, and the open-executive birostory, oggivening the name constitution of the constitutio | | | |
| 3 | Indicate which, if any, of the following the filing organization uses to establish the compensation of the | | | |
| | organization's CEO/Executive Director. Check all that apply. Do not check any boxes for methods used by a | | | |
| | related organization to establish compensation of the CEO/Executive Director. Explain in Part III. | | | |
| | Compensation committee Written employment contract | | | i: |
| | Independent compensation consultant Compensation survey or study | | | |
| | | 6 | | |
| | Form 990 of other organizations X Approval by the board or compensation committee | | | |
| | During the year, did any person listed in Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, with respect to the filing | | | |
| 4 | | | | |
| lare. | organization or a related organization: | 4a | | X |
| 2000 | Receive a severance payment or change-of-control payment? Participate in, or receive payment from, a supplemental nonqualified retirement plan? | 4b | | X |
| b | | 4c | | X |
| С | | 40 | | - 21 |
| | If "Yes" to any of lines 4a-c, list the persons and provide the applicable amounts for each item in Part III. | | | |
| | Only section 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) organizations must complete lines 5-9. | | | |
| 5 | For persons listed in Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, did the organization pay or accrue any | | | |
| | compensation contingent on the revenues of: | | | v |
| | The organization? | 5a | | X |
| b | Any related organization? | 5b | | |
| | If "Yes" to line 5a or 5b, describe in Part III. | | | |
| 6 | For persons listed in Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, did the organization pay or accrue any | | | |
| | compensation contingent on the net earnings of: | | | |
| а | The organization? | 6a | | X |
| b | Any related organization? | 6b | | X |
| | If "Yes" to line 6a or 6b, describe in Part III. | | | |
| 7 | For persons listed in Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, did the organization provide any non-fixed | | | |
| | payments not described in lines 5 and 6? If "Yes," describe in Part III | | | X |
| 8 | Were any amounts reported in Form 990, Part VII, paid or accrued pursuant to a contract that was subject | | | |
| | to the initial contract exception described in Regulations section 53.4958-4(a)(3)? If "Yes," describe | | | |
| | in Part III | 8 | | X |
| 9 | If "Yes" to line 8, did the organization also follow the rebuttable presumption procedure described in | 2000 | | |
| | Regulations section 53.4958-6(c)? | 9 | 200.00 | La company |
| | Schedule Schedule | 1/500 | ~ 000 | 1 2011 |

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990.

Schedule J (Form 990) 2011

AMERICAN OUALITY SCHOOLS CORP.

Schedule J (Form 990) 2011

Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, and Highest Compensated Employees. Use duplicate copies if additional space is needed.

36-4298732

For each individual whose compensation must be reported in Schedule J, report compensation from the organization on row (i) and from related organizations, described in the Part II

Note. The sum of columns (B)(i)-(iii) for each listed individual must equal the total amount of Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, applicable column (D) and (E) amounts for that individual. instructions, on row (ii). Do not list any individuals that are not listed on Form 990, Part VII.

| | (B) Breakdown | (B) Breakdown of W-2 and/or 1099-MISC compensation | ompensation | (C) Refirement and | oldevetook (d) | (E) Total of columns | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| (A) Name | (i) Base compensation | (ii) Bonus & incentive compensation | (iii) Other reportable compensation | other deferred compensation | benefits | (B)(i)-(D) | (F) Compensation reported as deferred in prior Form 990 |
| MICHAEL BAKALIS (0) | 0 151,500 0 | 0 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 151,500 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| (1) | 0 | | | | | | |
| (i) (ii) | 0 | | | | | | |
| (i) (ii) | e e | | | | | | |
| (1) | 0 | | | | | | |
| (0) | (I) | | | | | Trees and the second of the se | 30 123000 133000 13000 |
| (1) 8 | (u | | | | | | |
| (ii) 6 | (u (u | | | 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | | |
| (0) (10 | n) | | | | | | |
| (ii) | (u | | | | | | |
| (0) | n) n) | | | | | | |
| 13 (ii) | (i) (ii) | | | | EL COLLEGE (C. DOCTO) el CODOCO DE CO | | |
| | (ii) | | | | | | |
| | (ii) | | | | | | |
| | (II) (II) | | | | | | Allac |
| | | | | | | Sot | Schedule J (Form 990) 2011 |

SCHEDULE O (Form 990 or 990-EZ)

Supplemental Information to Form 990 or 990-EZ

2011

OMB No. 1545-0047

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Complete to provide information for responses to specific questions on Form 990 or 990-EZ or to provide any additional information. Attach to Form 990 or 990-EZ.

Open to Public Inspection

| Name of the organization AMERICAN QUALITY SCHOOLS CORP. | Employer identification number $36-4298732$ |
|--|---|
| AMENDED RETURN EXPLANATION | |
| THE 2012 AUDIT RESULTED IN ADJUSTMENTS CHANGING SOME OF T | HE YEAR END |
| BALANCES. | |
| FORM 990, PART VI, LINE 11B - ORGANIZATION'S PROCESS TO RETURN THE CONTROLLER AND VICE PRESIDENT OF FINANCE REVIEW FORM AFTER IT IS FILED. THE PRESIDENT REVIEWS THE FORM IF THERE ISSUES. | 990 FOR ACCURACY |
| FORM 990, PART VI, LINE 19 - GOVERNING DOCUMENTS DISCLOSU | RE EXPLANATION |
| NO DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC | |
| | |
| | and a second |
| | |
| | GERENTI PETER KURUKKAN KANDALAN KANDAN KANDAN KURUK |
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| | in order companies thereof the the control of |
| | |
| s des mass fra dats sant serve and destruction man announce s and many announce and announce and the first | O CHANTELLE LA PARTE PARTE A PROPER PARTE |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Section 3.3b

Attachment 26

36-4298732

Federal Statements

Tax-Exempt Interest on Investments

| Descri | ption | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|--------|----------------------------|----|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Amount | Unrelated Business Code | | Postal A | Acquired after 6/30/75 | InState Muni (\$ or %) |
| INTEREST ON SAV | INGS | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 569 | | 14 | | | |
| TOTAL | \$ | 569 | | | | | |

| | | LILLY TO STORE WHITE CONTROL TO STORE THE STOR | | | | Section 3.3b Attachment 26 |
|---------------|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Fund Raising | | Fund Raising | W- | |
| | mployee) | Management & General | | Management & General | O O | |
| Statements | Form 990, Part IX, Line 11g - Other Fees for Service (Non-employee) | Program Service \$ 6,950 | IX, Line 24e - All Other Expenses | Program Service \$ 71,336 53,478 39,686 | \$ 183,964 | |
| Federal State | , Line 11g - Other Fe | Total Expenses \$ 6,950 | Form 990, Part IX, Line 24e | Total Expenses 71,336 53,478 | \$ 183,964 | |
| | Form 990, Part IX | ption SERVICES | Form 9 | ption | | |
| 36-4298732 | | Description OTHER PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TOTAL | | Description UTILITIES TELEPHONE - PROGRAMS INSURANCE | TOTAL | |

| | | Section 3.3b |
|--|---|---------------|
| 36-4298732 | Federal Statements | Attachment 26 |
| Committee of Association and the control of the con | | |
| | Cash - BOY | |
| Description | Amount | |
| CASH | \$ 698,380 | |
| TOTAL | \$ 698,380 | |
| | | * |
| | <u>Cash - EOY</u> | |
| Description | Amount | |
| CASH - NON-INTEREST-BEAF | V | |
| TOTAL | \$ 213,474 | |
| | Accounts receivable - EOY | |
| Code Desc | eription Amount | |
| ACCOUNTS RECEI | VABLE \$ 430,9 | |
| MANAGEMENT FEE | | |
| TOTAL | \$655,8 | 28 |
| | Prepaid expense - EOY | |
| Code Desc | eription Amount | |
| PREPAID EXPENS | ES AND DEFERRED \$ 117,6 | 70 |
| TOTAL | \$ 117,6 | 70 |
| | Accounts payable - BOY | |
| Description | Amount | |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | \$ 430,145 | |
| TOTAL | \$ 430,145 | |
| | Accounts payable - EOY | |
| Code Desc | eription Amount | |
| ACCOUNTS PAYAB | LE AND ACCRUED \$ 182,7 | |
| ACCRUED EXPENS | *************************************** | |
| TOTAL | \$545,1 | 22 |
| | Unsecured notes - EOY | |
| Code Desc | ription Amount | |
| NOTES PAYABLE | \$ 1,577,5 | 93 |
| TOTAL | \$1,577,5 | 93 |
| | | |

Listing of Financial Reports for Passages Charter School

Passages Charter School is managed by American Quality Schools (AQS). All reports are generated from AQS' Sage financial reporting system. The Account Specialist at AQS is responsible for the accuracy and creation of these reports.

Monthly Reports:

On a monthly basis the following reports are created and presented to Passages School Board

- Balance Sheet
- Income Statement
- Budget vs Actual Variance Report
- Aged Payables
- Bank Reconciliations

On a monthly basis the following reports are created and submitted to CPS

• Expenditure Tracking Ledger for all Grants that Passages receives via CPS. This report tracks all the grant expenses and breaks them down by function number and code so that the school can be reimbursed with grant funds from CPS.

Quarterly Reports:

On a quarterly basis the following reports are created and submitted to CPS

Quarterly Financial Statement, which includes Balance Sheet, Income Statement and Budget vs
Actual Variance. This report is submitted in a format of CPS' choosing and includes the annual
budget.

Yearly Reports:

Audit Reports

 On a yearly basis Passages is subject to an Audit. For the Audit, all Work Papers to tie-out the Balance Sheet and all documents needed to confirm Income and Expenses are created and verified via the external auditors. Various reports are created and mentioned in the audit as Work Papers.

Annual Budget

- On an annual basis, Passages operating budget is created with input from all applicable parties.
 This budget is established at the beginning of each school year, for the entire school year July-June. As needed, this budget is updated and reapproved by the school board.
- On an annual basis, Passages Program Design is created. This Program Design acts as the grant budget and includes all State and Federal grants that Passages received via CPS and outlines the use and amount of each grant for a one year period. Typically at midyear, the Program Design is amended due to increased funding or changes in the use of funds.

Fiscal Policies

12.0 Fiscal & Business Management (From AQS Business Policy Manual Sec. 12-12)

12.1 System Purpose

The Accounting Department staff is responsible for processing all requests for payments, payroll, cash receipts and grant/fund tracking. The systems in place to accomplish financial processing also allow the department to ensure compliance with internal accounting, EMO reporting, state government auditing and grant/fund required reporting. The accounting cycle for expenditures begins with purchase orders, invoices and/or check request submissions, approval for payment and actual check disbursement. The accounting cycle for payroll includes employee orientation for benefit and payroll information and regulations, payroll system setup, payroll action report adjustments, special payroll tracking, submission of bi-weekly payroll to service, proof and approval of payroll run and final payroll disbursement authorization. The accounting cycle for revenues includes recording of quarterly/monthly funding from CPS or State source, Grants or Special Fund revenues, Food Service revenues or deficits, Student program and fundraising revenues.

There is specific information needed for tracking of Grants, Funds, Student Activities and Fundraising revenues and expenditures that must be monitored and reported periodically. The requirements for submission of expenditures and receipt of revenues are designed to facilitate timely and accurate processing of disbursement requests and cash receipts, while providing required information for reporting and compliance.

12.2 Authorized Signatures for Expenditures

All requests for expenditure of funds shall be requested on an AQS Purchase Order or Check Request. The Purchase Order or Check Request shall be approved by the campus Director and AQS.

12.3 Indebtedness

No employee shall sign contracts with outside vendors or create indebtedness for AQS without express written authorization of the AQS Chief Executive or Chief Financial Officer.

12.4 Inventory & Property Records

Directors are responsible for building inventory. Teachers are responsible for room inventory. All inventory/property shall be maintained and kept in good working condition. No inventory or property shall be moved (even from room to room) or discarded without notification to the campus Director. The Director must notify the Director of Business Operations of all moves or who will notify the Director of Business Operations. Inventory/property reports will be conducted annually.

12.5 Collecting & Securing School Funds

Funds collected from any source, including student field trip fees, school fundraising activities, parent fines, and any other activity or event that results in the collection of funds, are subject to strict standards of accountability. The campus Director is responsible for any funds collected no matter what the source. In order to bring accountability and order to the process of fund collecting, the following procedures shall be followed.

- 1. Written receipts are to be issued for all monies collected.
- 2. No personal checks shall be accepted.
- 3. Any funds collected shall be **locked** in the school safe. The safe shall be securely locked at all times.
- 4. No funds are to be kept in desk drawers, even if the drawer is locked.
- 5. Monies shall be counted, sorted, and accurately recorded on the Cash Transmittal Forms, signed by the Director, in the appropriate envelope, and picked up by the designated AQS Jackson office staff.
- 6. If there is a discrepancy between the Cash Transmittal Form and the actual monies received by the AQS office, the Campus Director will be notified immediately and the discrepancy resolved.
- 7. No monies shall be held by an **Illinois** campus Director more than five (5) school days. Any monies held will always be locked in the safe controlled by the Director. **Indiana and Missouri** campus Directors should deposit all funds within 24 hours.
- 8. AQS central office staff will send the Director a copy of the bank receipt indicating the date and amount of the deposit.

12.6 Purchasing

The use of Purchase Orders is mandatory and includes (but is not limited to) nurse supplies, supplies from approved vendors, books and other educational supplies, conference registration, etc. All purchases must be completed using the Purchase Order Form.

No purchase shall be made without an approved Purchase Order.

In the event an order has been placed before the Purchase Order has been approved, the order will be cancelled and the Purchase Order will not be approved. If the order cannot be cancelled, then the employee who placed the order will be held responsible. Complete the form by filling in the following information:

Date

Vendor name, address, phone, and fax c/o Requestor, Campus name and address Grant, Fundraiser, or Title use of funds clearly marked Specific budget account to be deducted Subtotal Shipping charge (if applicable)

Once the purchase order has been signed by the campus Director, it shall be sent to the AQS Jackson office for Comptroller approval. Purchase Orders totaling \$4,000 or less may be approved by the corresponding Regional Manager. Once the Comptroller approves the request, the pink copy will be returned to the campus until the order has been received.

All deliveries/shipments shall be received by the main office at each campus. The campus Director shall assign an employee clerk to receive all deliveries of merchandise. The Clerk shall be responsible for incoming merchandise and verifying delivery.

Upon delivery/receipt of the goods, the pink copy or approved order copy (along with the signed shipping/delivery ticket) must be returned to the AQS Jackson office with the date received and signature of the Receiving Clerk as soon as possible.

Failure to properly use a Purchase Order may result in delay or rejection of merchandise.

NOTE: No vendor purchase orders will be paid unless the pink copy or approved order copy is signed and received in the AQS Jackson office.

12.7 Check Request & Petty Cash

Check Request

The following are examples of when Check Requests should be used—field trips, student activities, buses, reimbursements for cell phone usage, mileage, conference attendance expenses, postage, tuition reimbursements, petty cash, etc. Check Requests must be submitted at least two weeks in advance of need of the funds requested. All Check Request forms must have the following information complete in order to be properly processed: date, requestor's name and address, original receipt, campus, and signature of the requestor and Director and explanation for the expense. Grant, Fundraiser, or Title expenditures should be clearly marked on form.

Petty Cash

Petty Cash log/request forms should include: original receipts, explanation of each expense and signature of campus Director, and a Check Request for the replacement of funds.

12.8 Fundraising

AQS managed schools may raise funds for legitimate educational activities that directly benefit the school's students. Fundraising for educational activities and for the purchase of equipment and materials is subject to the following procedures:

Outside fundraising

Director and staff members are encouraged to engage in appropriate fund-raising activities for their particular school. Events such as cookie sales, taffy apple sales, bake sales, candy sales, etc. can be organized at the discretion of the school staff and Director. Larger events which may entail insurance liability or security concerns must be cleared through Vito Bianco at the AQS central office before any activity commences. Schools dealing with outside corporations or foundations for grants may deal directly with those entities for grant requests not exceeding \$5000.00. All proposals for grant requests exceeding \$5000 must be approved by the AQS central office grant committee chaired by Renee Chambers before submission. The AQS grant committee is available to assist in the preparation and writing of these larger amount grant proposals. All funds received by an individual school from fundraising or grants must be fully accounted for and are subject to an internal AQS audit. All funds received must follow the reporting procedure specified in the —Funds and DepositsII section of the Directors Manual.

I. FUND-RAISING PROPOSAL

Prior to commencing a fundraising activity, the campus Director shall prepare a Fundraising Proposal for each project. This includes the installation of vending machines on the school premises. The Fundraising Proposal shall include the following information:

Items being sold or activity proposed
Anticipated cost of items being sold or charge for activity
Anticipated revenue/receipts and profits
Inclusive dates of sale/duration of sale
Proposed use of profits

The Fundraising Proposal must be approved by the Vice President of Finance prior to the beginning of the fundraising event or activity. If the proposal is not approved the fundraising activity may not take place.

II. COLLECTIONS AND EXPENDITURES

All funds collected are to be secured and accounted for by the campus Director and transmitted to the AQS Jackson office with a completed Cash Transmittal Form.

No funds from the proceeds of the activity or event shall be used for direct expenses. All expenses to be paid from collected funds shall be paid by an AQS check issued pursuant to a Check Request or Purchase Order. All expenditures of funds generated from fundraising activities will be paid by AQS check and shall be requested by the campus Director. Such request shall be accompanied by original invoices and receipts.

13.1 Director Reporting

Director budget to actual financial reports by fund reports are issued monthly. These reports also include monthly purchase order registers, and open purchase order reports (un-liquidated obligations). These reports are designed to allow the Director, Regional Manager to monitor spending within approved budget areas, verify use and posting of expenditures within funds and request adjustments or changes if required.

13.2 Designated Fund Reporting

Designated funds from all sources (Federal, State, Grants or Private) are tracked and reported separately to ensure proper expenditure of such funds.

Grants and Designated Funds are assigned unique fund codes within the accounting system; reports are generated that reflect actual expenditures against approved budgets. Reports are evaluated monthly by AQS controller, CFO, Regional Managers and Directors. Compliance reporting for designated funds is required at various times during the year based on funding source.

13.3 Financial Reporting

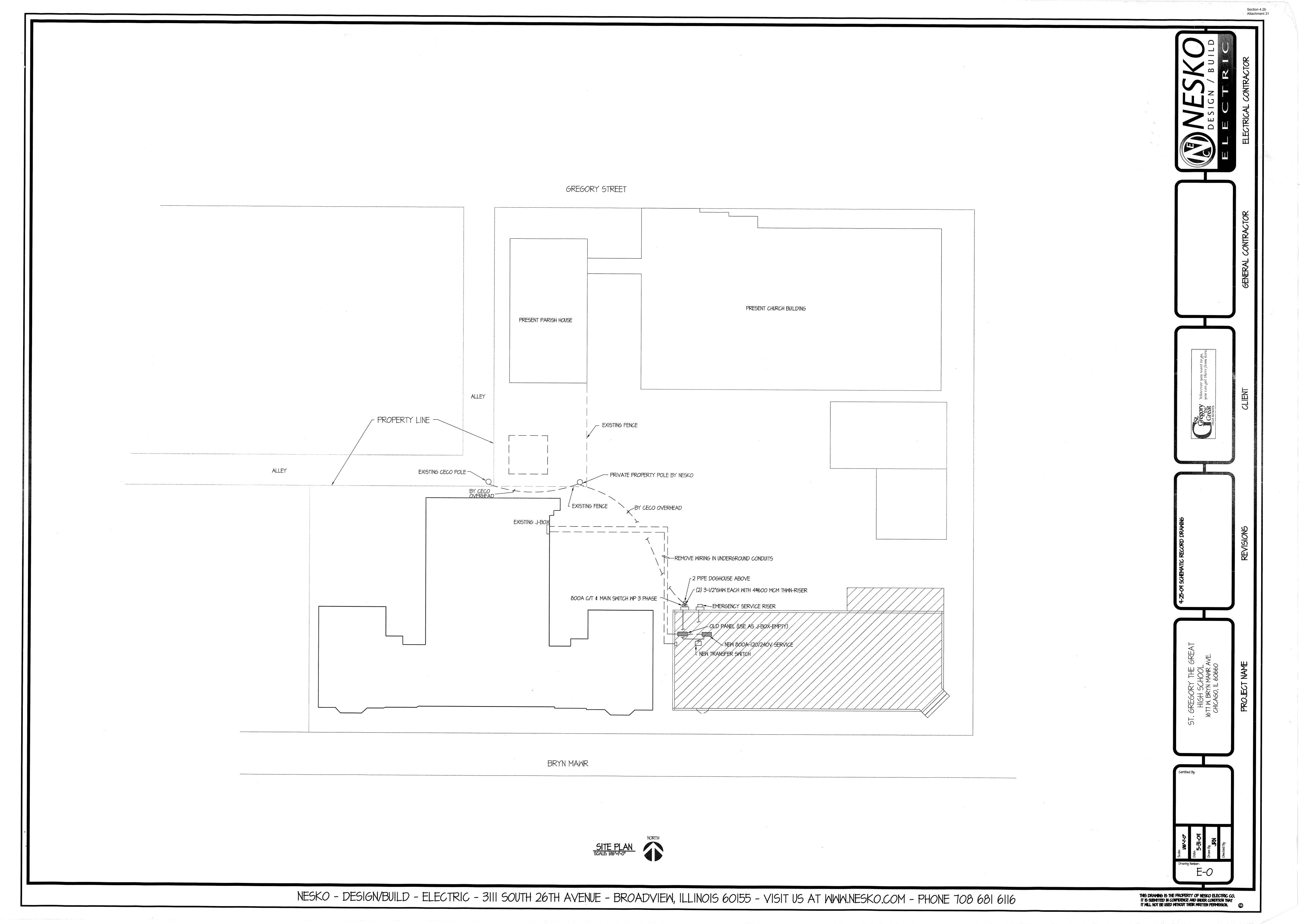
Financial reports are generated monthly, quarterly and annually. Financial reports are submitted and/or presented to the appropriate school, foundation and corporation boards for review and approval. Financial reports include Balance Sheet, Statement of Revenues and Expenditures (Current Period and Year to Date), Accounts Payable Aging Report, And Monthly Check Registers.

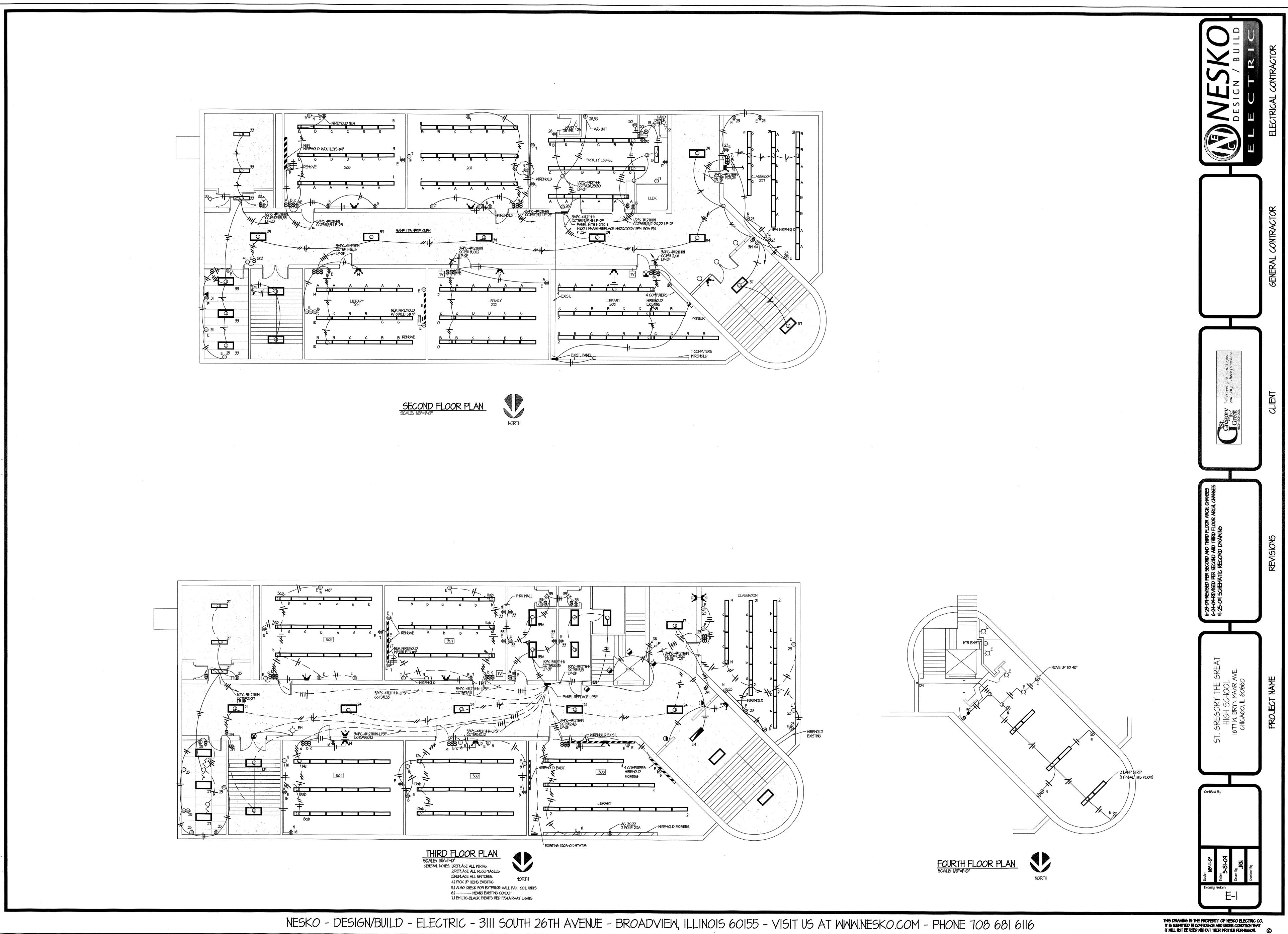
Additional reports may also be included at the request of the board and availability of the data. Examples of additional reports provided in monthly board packets may include Fixed Asset Schedules and Depreciation, Management Fee Calculations, Bank Account Reconciliations and Registers, Open Purchase Order Register (un-liquidated obligations), Capital Project Expenditure reports and Debt Service reports.

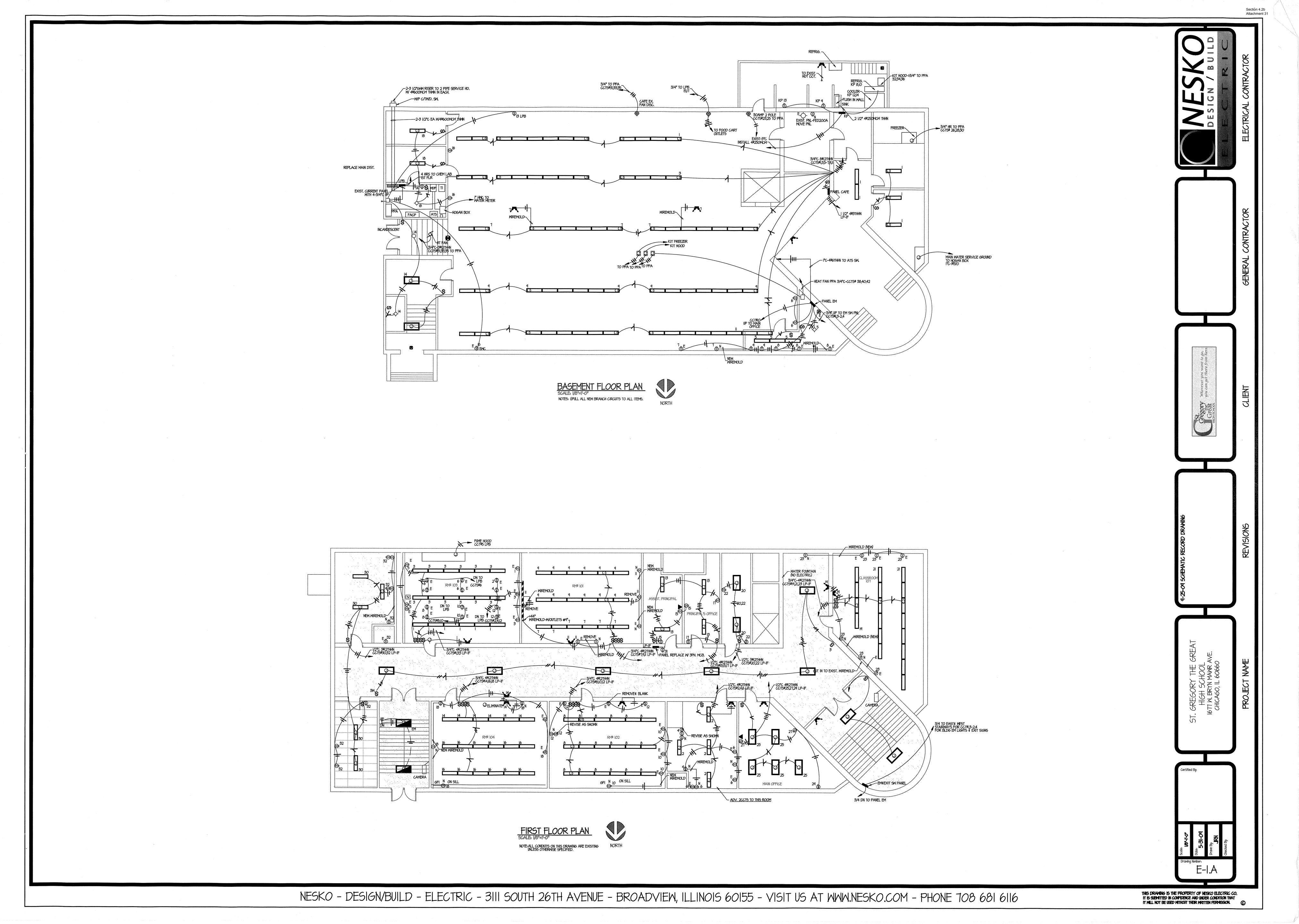
13.4 Auditing

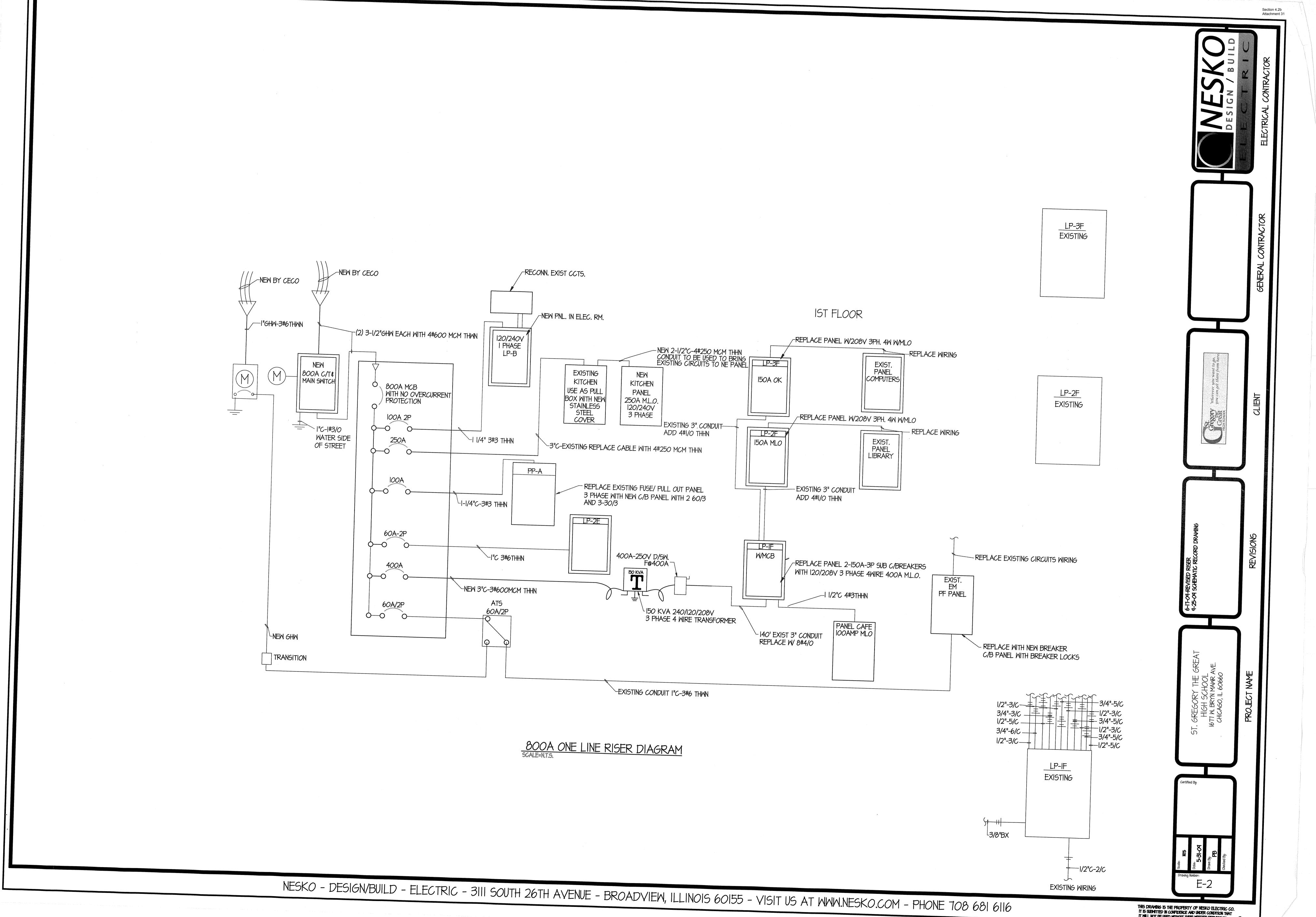
Annual audits are performed on all campuses and AQS corporation books by an independent audit firm. AQS Corporation currently works with no less than three independent audit firms whose bids and engagement contracts were approved by the appropriate school and/or foundation boards. As required or requested AQS Corporation will solicit bids for financial audits, financial reviews or internal control reviews as needed. Bids are presented to the school boards for selection and approval. Audited statements and any resulting deficiencies or comments are reviewed with the appropriate school boards for approval and response.

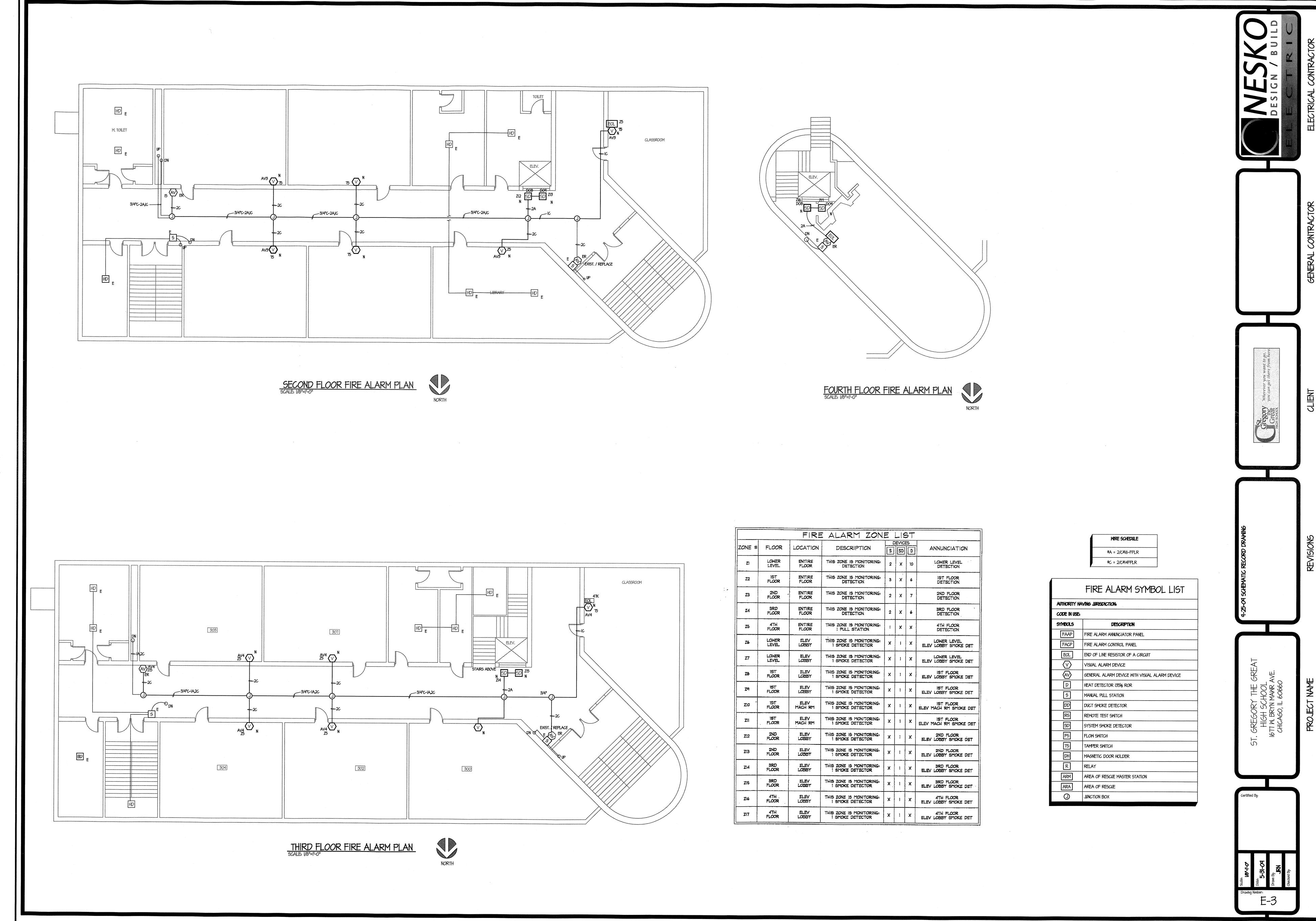
All monies received from individuals or companies will be receipted using a duplicate receipt system approved by AQS. The campus Director shall record donations of goods or in-kind services and the recording submitted to the central office. Directors shall not advance personal funds

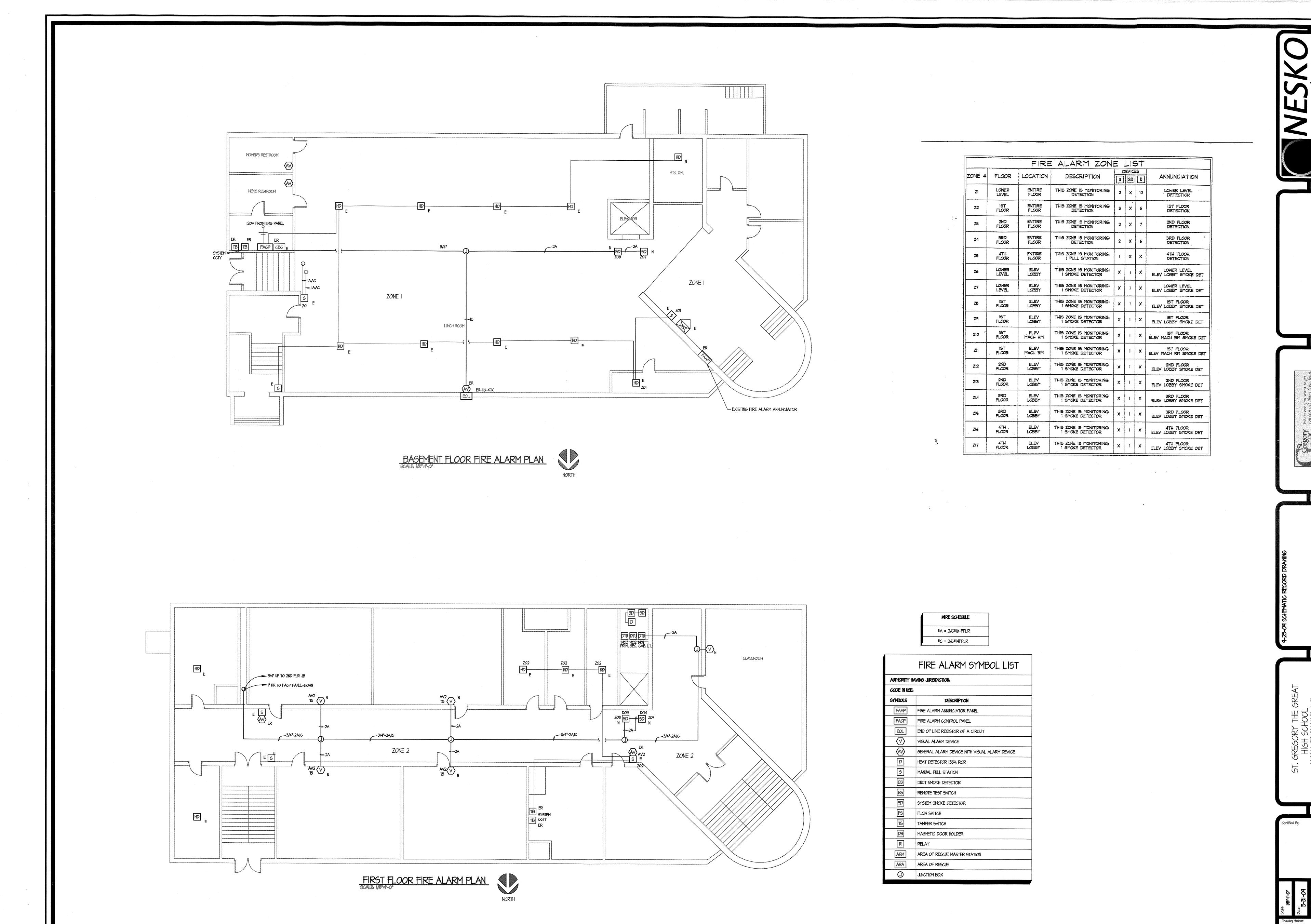




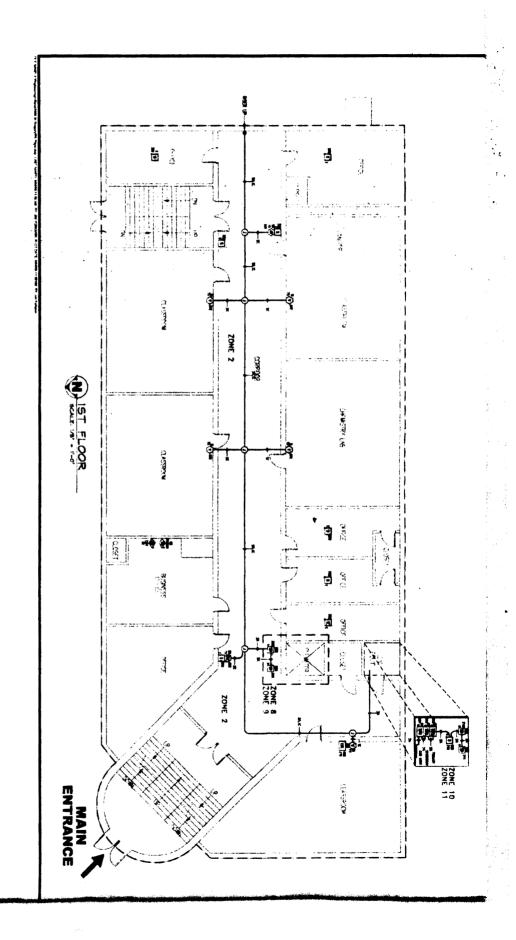


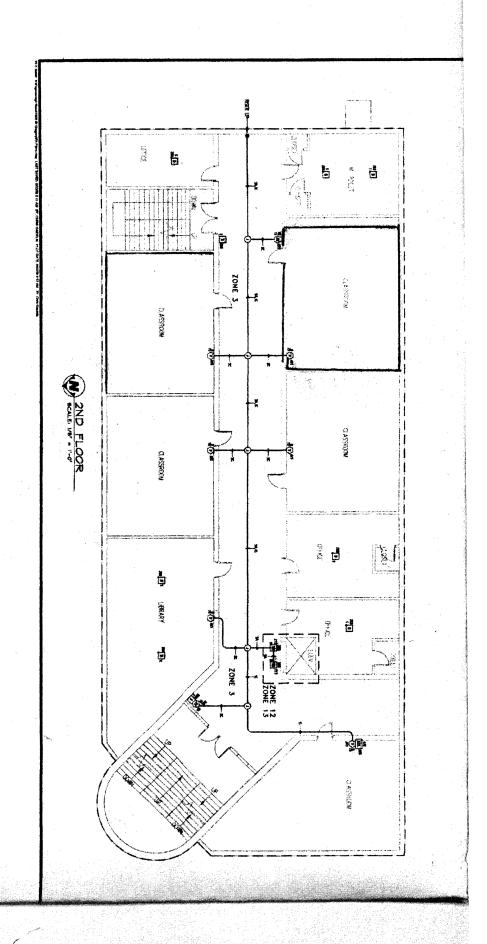






Section 4.2b Attachment 31





| | | FIRE | ALARM ZONE | | S | |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|-----|-----|---|
| ZONE # | FLOOR | LOCATION | DESCRIPTION | DEV | CES | ANNUNCIATION |
| ZI | GROUND FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 7 | 10 | GROUND FLOOR DETECTION |
| 72 | IST FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 6 | 1 | IST FLOOR DETECTION |
| Z3 | 2ND FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 3 | 3 | 2ND FLOOR DETECTION |
| Z 4 | ROOF/ ATTIC | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: 2 HEAT DETECTORS | × | 2 | ROOF/ATTIC DETECTION |
| Z 5 | ROOF/ ATTIC | EAST MEZZANINE | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: I HEAT DETECTOR | × | 1 | EAST MEZZANINE STORAGE HEAT DETECTOR |
| Z6 | ROOF/ ATTIC | WEST MEZZANINE | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: | × | 1 | WEST MEZZANINE STORAGE HEAT DETECTOR |

| | CURRENT | CAL | CULA | ATION | 15 F | OR A | PS-6R | #1 |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| CIRCUIT NUMBER | LOCATION | V 15CD 66mA | V 30CD 94mA | V 75CD 158mA | AV 15CD 79mA | AV 75CD 176mA | TOTAL DEVICES PER CIRCUIT | TOTAL AMPS PER CIRCUIT |
| V١ | GROUND FLOOR | 3 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 1.400 |
| V2 | IST FLOOR | 2 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 1.279 |
| V3 | 2ND FLOOR | 2 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 16 | 1,455 |
| V4 | 3RD FLOOR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2. | 2 | 0.352 |
| SU | PPLIED AMPS: | | U | SED AMP 4.486 | S: | | | NG AMPS: 514 |

| Designation Letter | AWG | Number of Conductors | Туре | Shielded/ Unshielded | Use Description | Belde Part |
|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|--|---------------|
| Α | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Addressable Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) | 5220UL |
| C | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Notification Appliance Circuits (NAC) | 5120UL |
| F | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Non-Resettable 24VDC Power | 5120UL |
| G | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Conventional Initiating Device Circuits (IDC) | 5120UL |
| M | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Miscellaneous Fire Alarm Connections | 5120UL |
| N | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Shielded | EIA-485, Data | 5220FL |
| To Use The Listed In Th Then Plenum | Correct e Wire : Rated Riser, | vility Of The Ele Wire Type; Reg Schedule. If Wire Cable (FPLP) S Then Riser Rate | ardless : Is Run bhall Be | Of What Is In A Plenum, Used. If Wire | #It Is The Responsibility Of The Electrical Con Verify All Wire Types With The Authority Havi To Ensure All Wire Or Cable Being Used Is Ac | ng Jurisdict |
| Be Used, Et | | | | | *All Conduit And Stubs Are 3/4" Unless Noted | |

| | F | IRE ALARM DEVICE LEGE | ND |
|--------------|----|--|-----------|
| SYM | | DESCRIPTION | PART # |
| FCP | ì | FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL | NF5-640 |
| FAA | 0 | FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR | XLB |
| D | 10 | HEAT DETECTOR 135" RATE OF RISE | FST-85IR |
| S | ٦ | MANUAL FULL STATION | BNG-ITSRL |
| ISO | 2 | ISOLATOR MODULE | 150-X |
| ⟨ v ⟩ | ٦ | STROBE | SR |
| (AV) | 8 | HORVSTROBE | P2R |
| <₿> | 1 | CITY TROUBLE BELL CONTROLLER | CITY |
| <®> | 1 | FIRE TROUBLE BELL CONTROLLER | FIRE |
| FA | ø | CITY TIE | M34-13 |
| CBC | 1 | SYSTEM 5000 CITY OF CHICAGO CONTROLLER | CBC I/II |
| EOL | 1 | END-OF-LINE RESISTOR | VARIE6 |
| (1) | 4 | JUNCTION BOX | BY OTHERS |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

SCOPE OF WORK

OCCUPANCY TYPE: CLASS C3, TYPE IB - ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PER SECT. I3-56-100

SCOPE OF WORK:

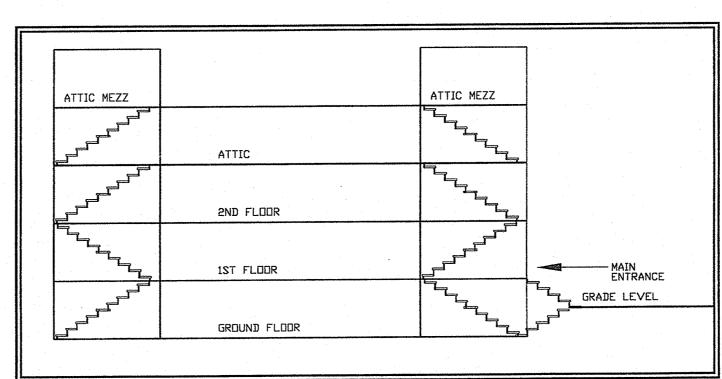
DESIGN, INSTALL AND TEST AN ADDRESSABLE NOTIFIER
NFS-640 CLASS I FIRE ALARM SYSTEM PROTECTING A 3
STORY SCHOOL WITH AN ATTIC.
WIRING STYLE USED IS N.F.P.A. 7

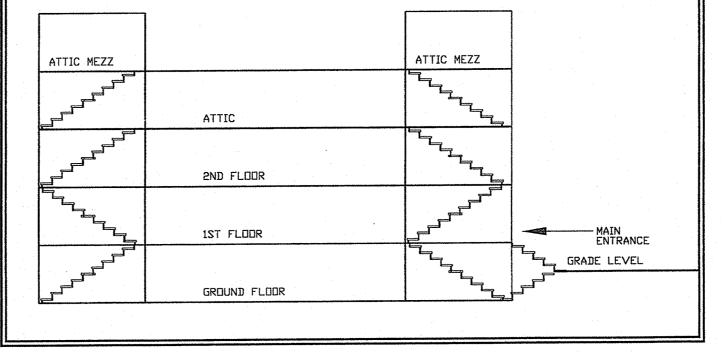
CONSTRUCTION TYPE: TYPE I-B SPRINKLER COVERAGE: NONE

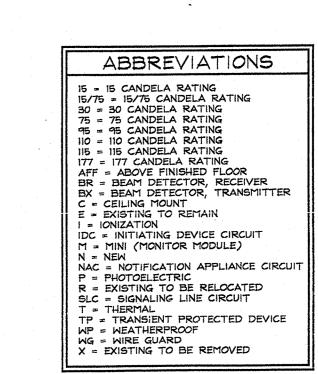
| BO" AFF OR 6" AFF LCCATE NO MORE THAN 6" FROM EILEGS AHICHEVER IS LEGS ANICHEVER IS LE |
|--|
| FINISHED FLOOR |

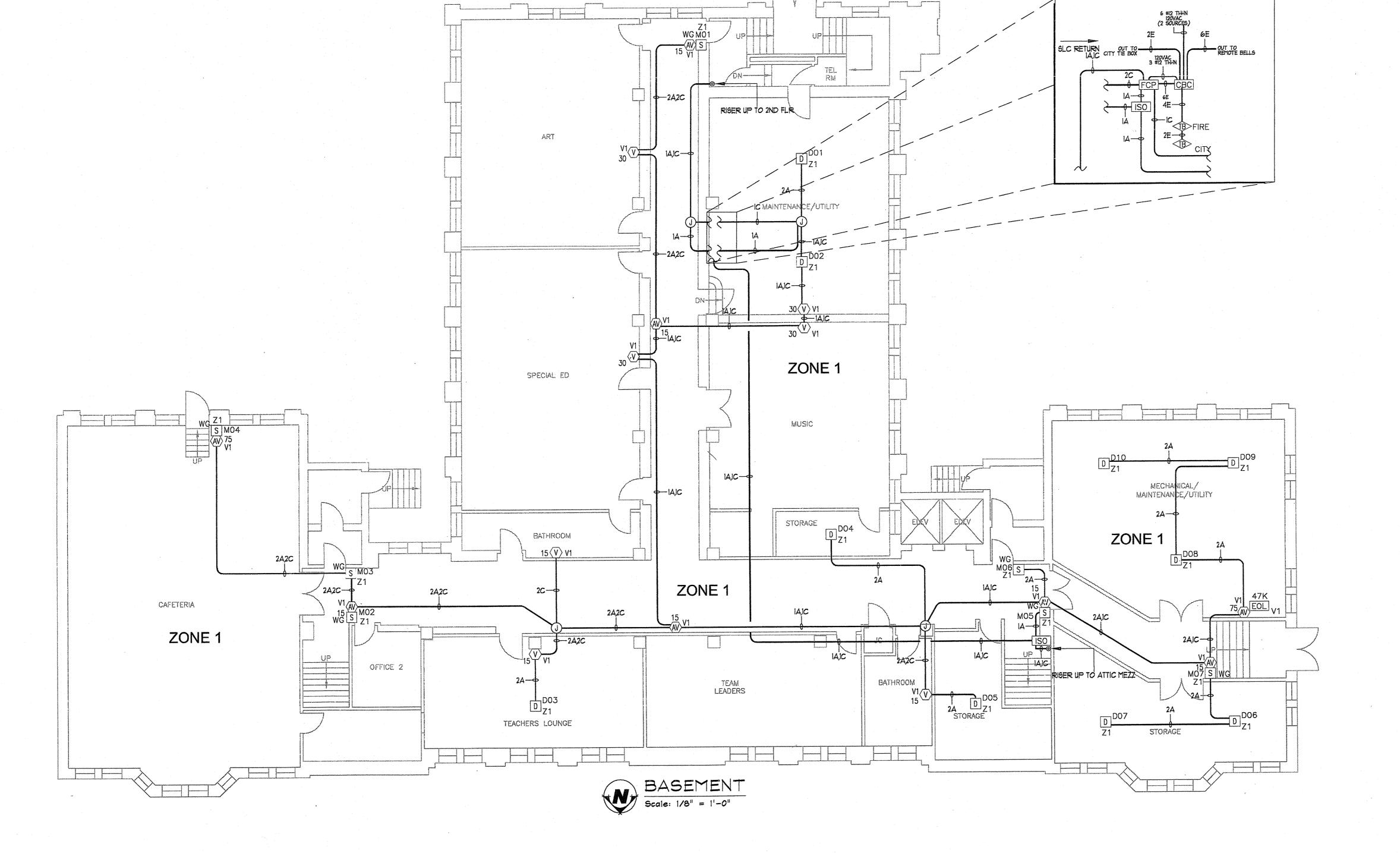
FILE NAME: X:\Engineering\~Rene\6849-Passage Charter School\6849-FA Plans.dwg LAST SAVED: 11/03/08 9:05 AM BY: CHRIS GAIDELIS PLOT DATE: 11/03/08 9:22 AM BY: Chris Gaidelis

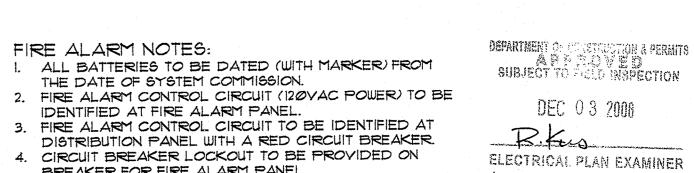
| | VOLTAGE DROP DATA FOR APS-6R #1 | | | | | | |
|----|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | CIRCUIT NUMBER | CIRCUIT LOCATION | WIRE GAUGE | CIRCUIT LENGTH | VOLTAGE AT LAST DEVICE | TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP | VOLTAGE DROP % |
| | · V I | GROUND FLOOR | #14 | 6841 | 17.67 VDC | 2.73 VDC | 13.40% |
| I | V2 | IST FLOOR | #14 | 670¹ | 17.79 VDC | 2.61 VDC | 12.79% |
| II | V3 | 2ND FLOOR | #14 | 678 ¹ | 17.20 VDC | 3.20 VDC | 15.68% |
| I | V4 | ATTIC | #14 | 1871 | 20.08 VDC | 0.32 VDC | 1.57% |











P.Ko

OF Auticle 760.

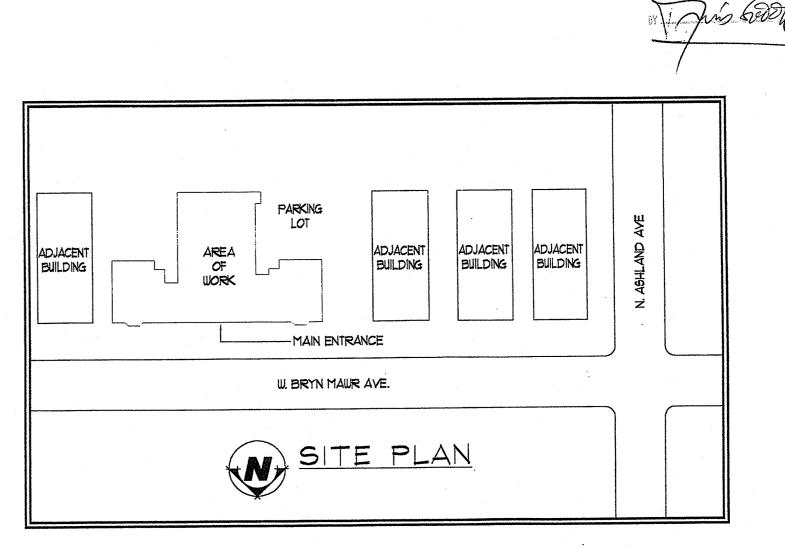
050 35 200

- 4. CIRCUIT BREAKER LOCKOUT TO BE PROVIDED ON BREAKER FOR FIRE ALARM PANEL.

 5. AC CIRCUIT TO BE DEDICATED TO FIRE ALARM Subject to compliance CONTROL PANEL.
 6. NO ADDRESSABLE MODULES TO BE MOUNTED OVER
- 7. NO REMOTE TEST SWITCHES TO BE MOUNTED OVER 72" 8. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL WATERFLOW & TAMPER SWITCHES HAVE NORMALLY OPEN CONTACTS IN NON ALARM STATE.
- 9. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL CIRCUITS ARE FREE FROM BOTH GROUND & OPEN CONDITIONS. 10. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM DEVICE ADDRESSES AS LABELED ON DRAWINGS WITHOUT FIRST CONTACTING HIGH RISE SECURITY
- SYSTEMS.

 II. ALL AUDIBLE DEVICES SHALL SOUND THE NON-TEMPORAL PATTERN.

96" AFF.



| EQUIPT | 1ENT SUPPLIER |
|----------------------------------|---|
| High R | Authorized Distributor ise Security Systems 11.6 |
| 762 B urr C Tel: 630-9 | ineered Fire Alarm Systems Sales & Service ak Drive, Westmont, IL 60559 20-0100 • Fax. 630-920-0470 ire Alarm License # 127-001272 |

REVISIONS LET. DATE DESCRIPTION Machinent 3 FOR APPROVAL

INSTALLING CONTRACTOR MAKS Electric

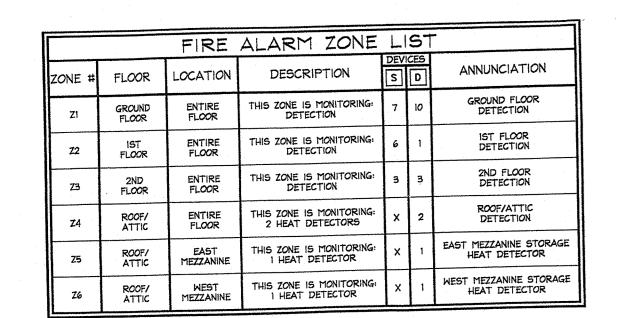
> 2708 W. Sarragut Chicago, IL 60625 Tel: 773-418-5536 Fax: 773-275-7058

CITY OF CHICAGO APPROVAL STAMP

PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL 1643 W. BRYN MAWR CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM GROUND FLOOR DEVICE LAYOUT

JOB NUMBER: REVISION SHEET NUMBER



| | CURRENT | CAL | CULA | TION | IS FO | OR A | PS-6R | #1 |
|---------|---------------|----------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| CIRCUIT | LOCATION | V ISCD | V 30CD 94mA | V 75CD 158mA | AV 15CD 79mA | AV 75CD 176mA | TOTAL DEVICES PER CIRCUIT | TOTAL AMPS PE CIRCUIT |
| NUMBER | GROUND FLOOR | 3 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 1,400 |
| | | 2 | В | 0 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 1.279 |
| V2 | 1ST FLOOR | <u> </u> | В | 0 | 5 | 1 | 16 | 1,455 |
| V3 | 2ND FLOOR | 2 | | | | | 2 | 0.352 |
| V4 | 3RD FLOOR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | <u> </u> | NG AMPS: |
| SU | IPPLIED AMPS: | | U | SED AMF 4.486 | ·S: | | | NG AMPS: 514 |

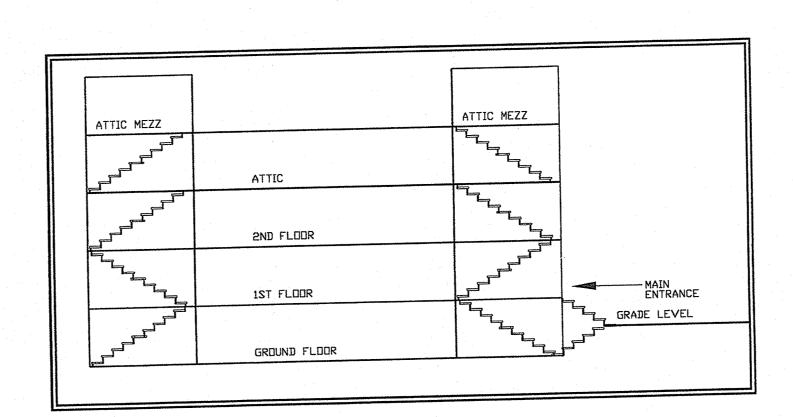
| | | | 11/1 | Shielded/ | CHEDULE (IN CONDUIT) | Belden |
|--|-----|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Designation Letter | ANG | Number of Conductors | Туре | Unshielded | . Use Description | Part # 5220UL .174 |
| A | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Addressable Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) | 5/200L .774 |
| | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Notification Appliance Circuits (NAC) | 5120UL .213 |
| F | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Non-Resettable 24VDC Power | 5120UL .213 |
| | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Conventional Initiating Device Circuits (IDC) | 5120UL .213 |
| <u> </u> | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Miscellaneous Fire Alarm Connections | 5220FL .178 |
| N N | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Shielded | EIA-485, Data | |
| *It Is The Responsibility Of The Electrical Contractor To Use The Correct Wire Type; Regardless Of What Is Listed In The Wire Schedule. If Wire Is Run In A Plenum, Then Plenum Rated Cable (FPLP) Shall Be Used. If Wire Is Run In A Riser, Then Riser Rated Cable (FPLR) Shall Be Used, Etc. | | | gardiess e Is Run Shail Be | In A Plenum, Used. If Wire | *All Conduit And Stubs Are 3/4" Unless Noted. | g Jurisaiction |
| *If There Is <u>Any</u> Deviation To The Wire Listed Above, The Electrical Contractor Shall Verify That The Proper Conduit Fill Is Not Exceeded. For EMT: 1 Wire-53%, 2 Wires-31%, And More Than 2 Wires-40%. | | | | | | |

| | F | IRE ALARM DEVICE LEGE | ND |
|--------------|-----------|--|--------|
| SYM | | DESCRIPTION | PART |
| FCP | 0 | FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL | NFS-64 |
| FAA | - | FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR | XLB |
| 0 | 1 | HEAT DETECTOR 135" RATE OF RISE | F6T-85 |
| S | 6 | MANUAL FULL STATION | BNG-IT |
| ISO | 2 | ISOLATOR MODULE | 190-3 |
| ⟨ v ⟩ | 10 | STROBE | SR |
| (AV) | 5 | HORVSTROBE | F2F |
| | 1 | CITY TROUBLE BELL CONTROLLER | CITY |
| → | 1 | FIRE TROUBLE BELL CONTROLLER | FIRE |
| FA | 1 | CITY TIE | M34- |
| CBC | 0 | SYSTEM 5000 CITY OF CHICAGO CONTROLLER | CBC |
| EOL | 1 | END-OF-LINE RESISTOR | VARI |
| 4 | 2 | JUNCTION BOX | BY OTH |
| Ĕ | \vdash | | |
| <u> </u> | \vdash | | |
| | \dagger | | |
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| - | + | | |

| | | HEIGHT I | | |
|--|-------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|
| | FINIS | SHED CEIL | ING | |
| SD D | | | | |
| CEILING MOUNT DEVICES 96" AFF 80" AFF OR 6" FROM CEILING | MHICHEVER IS LESS | LOCATE NO MORE THAN 5' FROM EXIT 42" TO 48" AFF | 24.125" NFS-640 CONTROL PANEL | XAM LEC XAM 127 XAM 127 XAM 189 XAM 189 |

FINISHED FLOOR

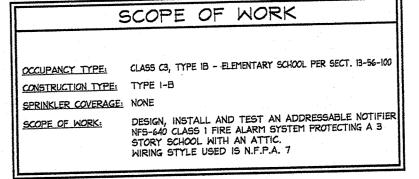
| | VOLTAGE | DROP | DATA | FOR APS | 5-6R #1 | |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| CIRCUIT | CIRCUIT LOCATION | WIRE GAUGE | CIRCUIT LENGTH | VOLTAGE AT | TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP | VOLTAGE DROP % |
| NUMBER VI | GROUND FLOOR | #14 | 684' | 17.67 VDC | 2.73 VDC | 13.40% |
| V1 V2 | IST FLOOR | #14 | 6701 | 17.79 VDC | 2.61 VDC | 12.79% |
| V2 V3 | 2ND FLOOR | #14 | 678 ¹ | 17.20 VDC | 3.20 VDC | 15.68% |
| V4 V4 | ATTIC | #14 | 1871 | 20.08 VDC | 0.32 VDC | 1.57% |

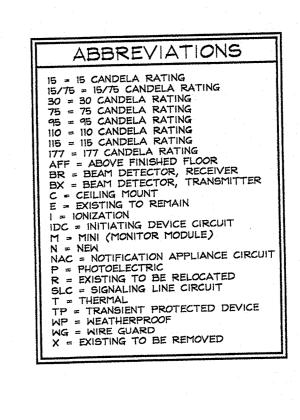


CLASSROOM 5

CLASSROOM 6

-MAIN ENTRANCE





| 1. A | ALARM NOTES: | I MARKER) FROM |
|------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| 71 | JE DATE OF SYSTEM COMMISSION. | |

- THE DATE OF SYSTEM COMMISSION.

 2. FIRE ALARM CONTROL CIRCUIT (120VAC POWER) TO BE IDENTIFIED AT FIRE ALARM PANEL.

 3. FIRE ALARM CONTROL CIRCUIT TO BE IDENTIFIED AT DISTRIBUTION PANEL WITH A RED CIRCUIT BREAKER.

 4. CIRCUIT BREAKER LOCKOUT TO BE PROVIDED ON BREAKER FOR FIRE ALARM PANEL.

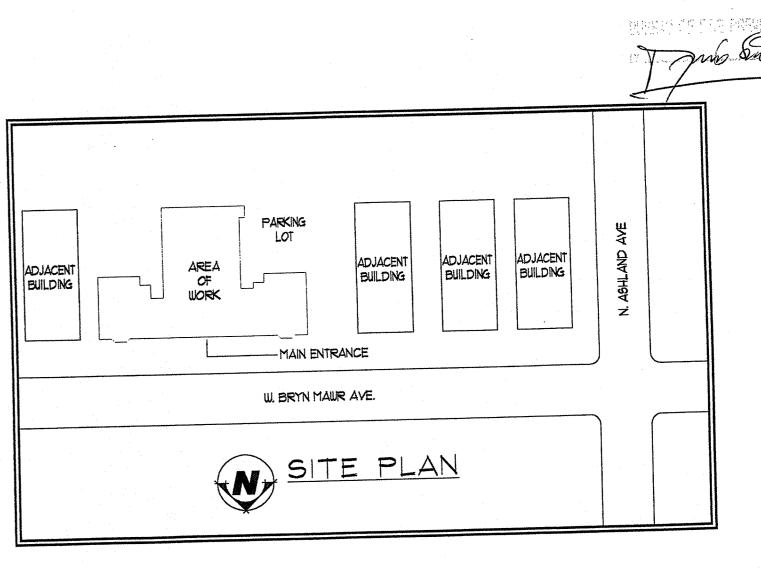
 5. AC CIRCUIT TO BE DEDICATED TO FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL.
- CONTROL PANEL.
- 6. NO ADDRESSABLE MODULES TO BE MOUNTED OVER 7. NO REMOTE TEST SWITCHES TO BE MOUNTED OVER 72" 96" AFF.
- 8. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL WATERFLOW & TAMPER SWITCHES HAVE NORMALLY OPEN CONTACTS IN NON
- SWITCHES HAVE NORMALL I OPEN CONTACTS IN NO.

 ALARM STATE.

 9. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL CIRCUITS ARE FREE FROM BOTH GROUND & OPEN CONDITIONS.

 10. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM DEVICE ADDRESSES AS LABELED ON DRAWINGS WITHOUT FIRST CONTACTING HIGH RISE SECURITY SYSTEMS.

 11. ALL AUDIBLE DEVICES SHALL SOUND THE



| II. | NON-TEMPORAL PATTERN. | | 23/2011 1960 1960 03/2013 2018 |
|---------------------|---|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | - W | Tamb Ent |
| DJACENT BUILDING | PARKING LOT ADJACENT BUILDING BUILDING MAIN ENTRANCE | N. ASHLAND AVE | |
| | SITE PLAN | | |

| | EQUIPI | MENT | SUPP | LIER |
|---|--------------------|---------------|---|--------------------|
| | | | (I) NO | orized Distributor |
| | High B | ise Sec | urity Syst | emsc |
| • | Specializīng in En | gineered Fire | Narm Systems Sa | ales & Service |
| | Tel: 630- | 920-0100 • | Westmont, IL Fax: 630-920 cense#127 | -0470 |
| | | | | |
| 1 | NSTALL | ING | CONTR | ACTOR |

2708 W. Sarragut Chicago, IL 60625

Tel: 773-418-5536 Fax: 773-275-7058

PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL 1643 W. BRYN MAWR CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

CITY OF CHICAGO APPROVAL STAMP

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM IST FLOOR DEVICE LAYOUT

CLASSROOM 1 RISER UP TO 2ND FLR ZONE 2 CLASSROOM 3 CLASSROOM 4 BATHROOM CLASSROOM 7 ZONE 2 RISER UP TO ATTIC MEZZ BATHROOM PRINCIPAL CLASSROOM 8

| | | FIRE | ALARM ZONE | L | S | , |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|-----|-----|---|
| ZONE # | FLOOR | LOCATION | DESCRIPTION | DEV | CES | ANNUNCIATION |
| Z 1 | GROUND FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 7 | 10 | GROUND FLOOR DETECTION |
| 72 | IST FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 6 | 1 | IST FLOOR DETECTION |
| Z3 | 2ND FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 3 | 3 | 2ND FLOOR DETECTION |
| Z 4 | ROOF/ ATTIC | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: 2 HEAT DETECTORS | × | . 2 | ROOF/ATTIC DETECTION |
| Z5 | ROOF/ ATTIC | EAST MEZZANINE | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: I HEAT DETECTOR | × | 1 | EAST MEZZANINE STORAGE HEAT DETECTOR |
| Z 6 | ROOF/ ATTIC | MEST MEZZANINE | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: | × | 1 | WEST MEZZANINE STORAGE HEAT DETECTOR |

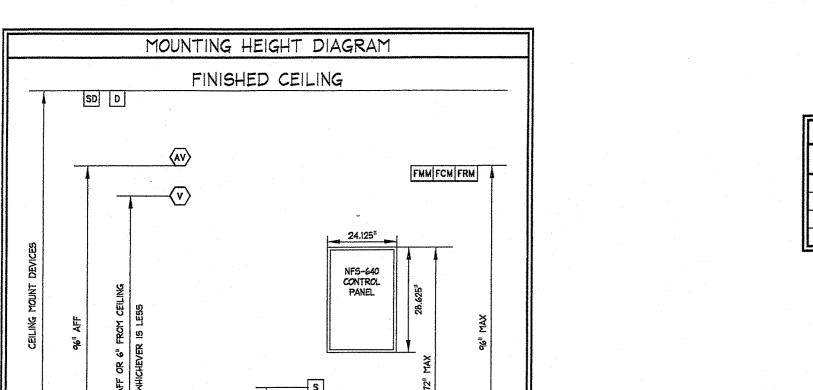
FINISHED FLOOR

FILE NAME: X:\Engineering\-Rene\6849-Passage Charter School\6849-FA Plans.dwg LAST SAVED: 11/03/08 9:05 AM BY: CHRIS GAIDELIS PLOT DATE: 11/03/08 9:22 AM BY: Chris Gaidelis

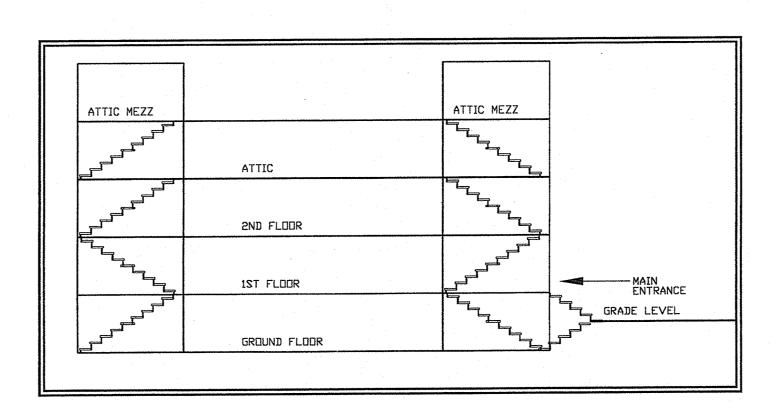
| | CURRENT | CAL | CULA | ATION | VS F | OR A | PS-6R | #1 |
|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| CIRCUIT NUMBER | LOCATION | V 15CD 66mA | V 30CD 94mA | V 75CD 158mA | AV 15CD 79mA | AV 75CD 176mA | TOTAL DEVICES PER CIRCUIT | TOTAL AMPS PER CIRCUIT |
| .VI | GROUND FLOOR | 3 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 1.400 |
| V2 | 1ST FLOOR | 2 | В | 0 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 1.279 |
| VЭ | 2ND FLOOR | 2 | В | 0 | 5 | 1 | 16 | 1.455 |
| V4 | 3RD FLOOR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | . 2 | 0.352 |
| SI | UPPLIED AMPS: 6 | | U | SED AMP 4.486 | ·S: | | | NG AMPS: 514 |

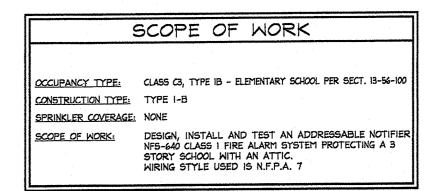
| Letter | ANG | Number of Conductors | Туре | Shielded/ Unshielded | Use Description | Belden Part # |
|--|-----|----------------------|------|-------------------------|---|------------------|
| Α | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Addressable Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) | 5220UL .174 |
| С | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Notification Appliance Circuits (NAC) | 5120UL .215 |
| F | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Non-Resettable 24VDC Power | 5120UL .215 |
| G | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Conventional Initiating Device Circuits (IDC) | 5120UL .213 |
| М | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Miscellaneous Fire Alarm Connections | 5120UL .213 |
| N | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Shielded | EIA-485, Data | 5220FL .17 |
| *It is The Responsibility Of The Electrical Contractor To Use The Correct Wire Type; Regardless Of What is Listed in The Wire Schedule. If Wire is Run in A Plenum, Then Plenum Rated Cable (FPLP) Shall Be Used. If Wire is Run in A Riser, Then Riser Rated Cable (FPLR) Shall Be Used, Etc. | | | | | *It Is The Responsibility Of The Electrical Contr Verify All Wire Types With The Authority Having To Ensure All Wire Or Cable Being Used Is Acce *All Conduit And Stubs Are 3/4" Unless Noted. | g Jurisdiction |

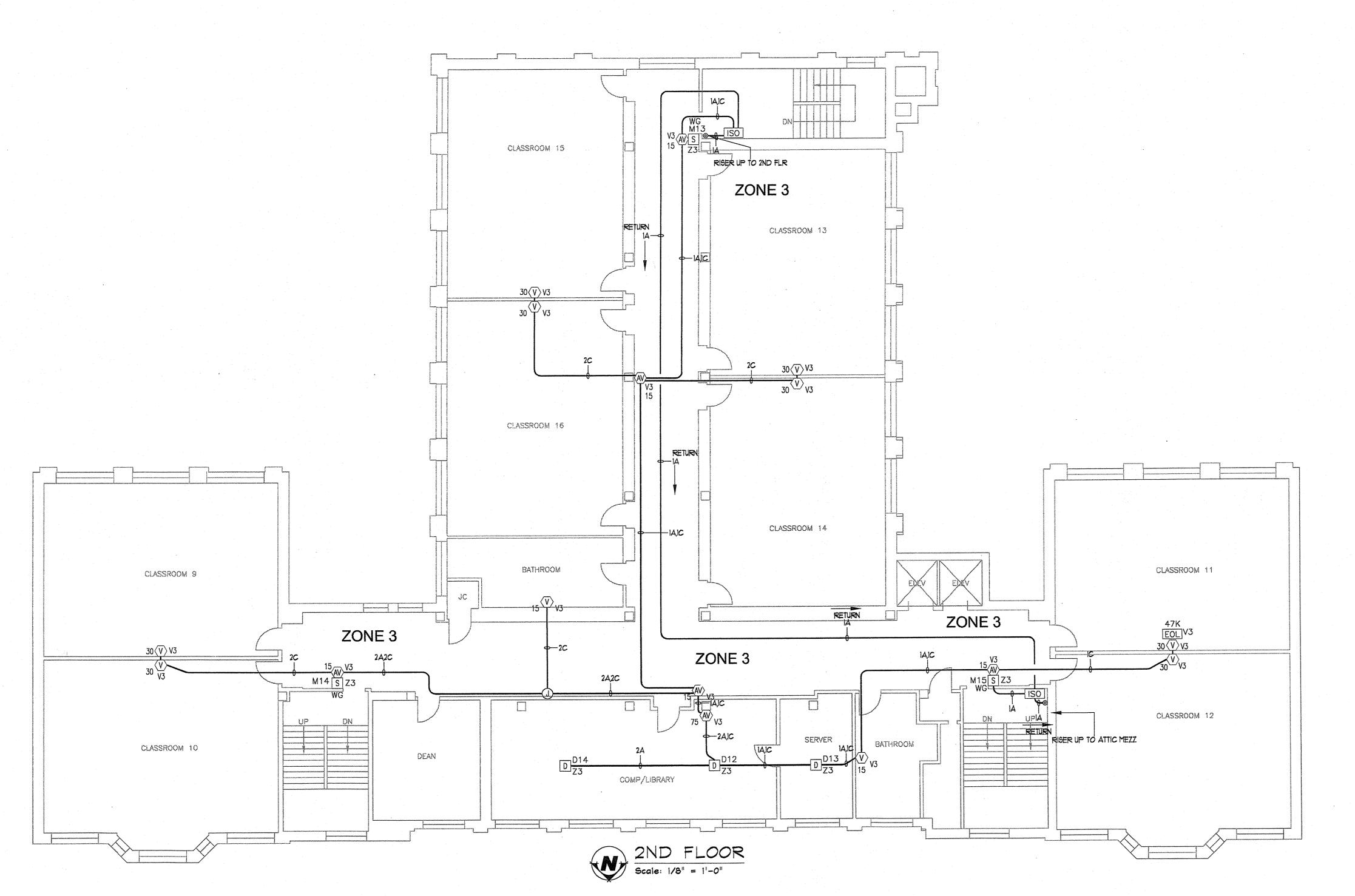
| | F | IRE ALARM DEVICE LEGE | ND |
|------------|-----|--|-----------|
| SYM | QTY | DESCRIPTION | PART # |
| FCP | 0 | FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL | NFS-640 |
| FAA | 0 | FIRE ALARM ANNUNCIATOR | XL8 |
| D | 3 | HEAT DETECTOR 135" RATE OF RISE | FST-85IR |
| S | 3 | MANUAL PULL STATION | BNG-ITERL |
| ISO | 2 | ISOLATOR MODULE | 150-X |
| <u>(v)</u> | 10 | STROBE | SR |
| (AV) | 6 | HORN/STROBE | F2R |
| (B) | 0 | CITY TROUBLE BELL CONTROLLER | CITY |
| ♦ | 0 | FIRE TROUBLE BELL CONTROLLER | FIRE |
| FA | 0 | CITY TIE | M34-13 |
| CBC | Ø | SYSTEM 5000 CITY OF CHICAGO CONTROLLER | CBC I/II |
| EOL | 1 | END-OF-LINE RESISTOR | VARIES |
| (J | 1 | JUNCTION BOX | BY OTHERS |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

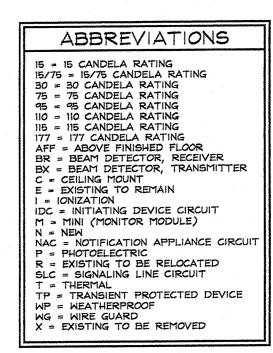


| | VOLTAGE | DROP | DATA | FOR APS | 5-6R #1 | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| CIRCUIT NUMBER | CIRCUIT LOCATION | WIRE GAUGE | CIRCUIT LENGTH | VOLTAGE AT LAST DEVICE | TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP | VOLTAGE DROP % |
| VI | GROUND FLOOR | #14 | 684¹ | 17.67 VDC | 2.73 VDC | 13.40% |
| V2 | IST FLOOR | #14 | 670¹ | 17.79 VDC | 2.61 VDC | 12.79% |
| V3 | 2ND FLOOR | #14 | 6781 | 17.20 VDC | 3.20 VDC | 15.68% |
| V4 | ATTIC | #14 | 1871 | 20.08 VDC | 0.32 VDC | 1.57% |









FIRE ALARM NOTES:

1. ALL BATTERIES TO BE DATED (WITH MARKER) FROM

THE DATE OF SYSTEM COMMISSION

1. ALL BATTERIES TO BE DATED (WITH MARKER) FROM
THE DATE OF SYSTEM COMMISSION.
2. FIRE ALARM CONTROL CIRCUIT (120VAC POWER) TO BE
IDENTIFIED AT FIRE ALARM PANEL.
3. FIRE ALARM CONTROL CIRCUIT TO BE IDENTIFIED AT
DISTRIBUTION PANEL WITH A RED CIRCUIT BREAKER.

 CIRCUIT BREAKER LOCKOUT TO BE PROVIDED ON BREAKER FOR FIRE ALARM PANEL.
 AC CIRCUIT TO BE DEDICATED TO FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL.

6. NO ADDRESSABLE MODULES TO BE MOUNTED OVER 96" AFF.
7. NO REMOTE TEST SWITCHES TO BE MOUNTED OVER 72"

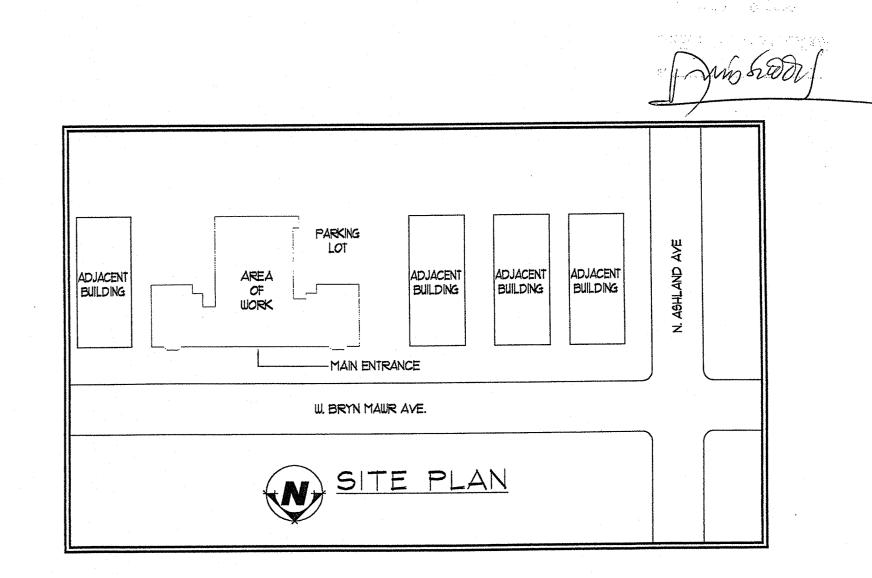
8. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL WATERFLOW & TAMPER SWITCHES HAVE NORMALLY OPEN CONTACTS IN NON ALARM STATE.

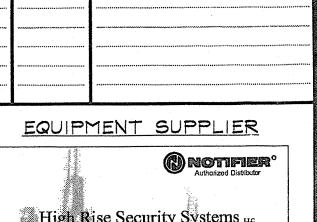
9. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL CIRCUITS ARE FREE FROM BOTH GROUND & OPEN CONDITIONS.

10. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM DEVICE ADDRESSES AS LABELED ON DRAWINGS

WITHOUT FIRST CONTACTING HIGH RISE SECURITY

II. ALL AUDIBLE DEVICES SHALL SOUND THE NON-TEMPORAL PATTERN.





LET. DATE DESCRIPATION 31

Authorized Distributor

High Rise Security Systems us

Specializing in Engineered Fife Alarm Systems Sales & Service

762 Burr Oak Drive, Westmont, IL 60559
Tel: 630-920-0100 • Fax: 630-920-0470

State of IL Fire Alarm License # 127-001272

INSTALLING CONTRACTOR

MAKS Electric

2708 W. Sarragut Chicago, IL 60625

Tel: 773-418-5536 Fax: 773-275-7058

APPROVAL STAMP

CITY OF CHICAGO

PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL 1643 W. BRYN MAWR CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM 2ND FLOOR DEVICE LAYOUT

DRAWN BY: CSG SCALE: APPROVED BY:

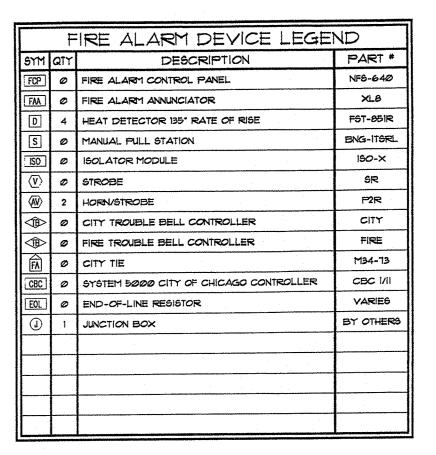
DATE: 10/30/08 1/8" = 1'-0"

JOB NUMBER: REVISION SHEET NUMBER
6849 A 3 OF 7

| | | FIRE | ALARM ZONE | L | S | |
|------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|-----|-----|---|
| ZONE # | FLOOR | LOCATION | DESCRIPTION | DEV | CES | ANNUNCIATION |
| Z 1 | GROUND FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 7 | 10 | GROUND FLOOR DETECTION |
| 72 | IST FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 6 | 1 | IST FLOOR DETECTION |
| 73 | 2ND FLOOR | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: DETECTION | 3 | 3 | 2ND FLOOR DETECTION |
| Z4 | ROOF/ ATTIC | ENTIRE FLOOR | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: 2 HEAT DETECTORS | × | 2 | ROOF/ATTIC DETECTION |
| Z 5 | ROOF/ ATTIC | EAST MEZZANINE | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: I HEAT DETECTOR | × | 1 | EAST MEZZANINE STORAGE HEAT DETECTOR |
| Z 6 | ROOF/ ATTIC | WEST MEZZANINE | THIS ZONE IS MONITORING: | × | 1 | WEST MEZZANINE STORAGE HEAT DETECTOR |

| | CURRENT | CAL | CULA | MOITA | 15 F | OR A | PS-6R | #1 |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| CIRCUIT NUMBER | LOCATION | V ISCD 66mA | Y 30CD 94mA | V 75CD 158mA | AV 15CD 79mA | AV 75CD 176mA | TOTAL DEVICES PER CIRCUIT | TOTAL AMPS PER CIRCUIT |
| ٧I | GROUND FLOOR | - 3 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 1.400 |
| V2 | IST FLOOR | 2 | В | 0 | 5 | 0 | 15 | 1.279 |
| V3 | 2ND FLOOR | 2 | 8 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 16 | 1,455 |
| V4 | 3RD FLOOR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0.352 |
| SUPPLIED AMPS: | | | U | SED AMP 4.486 | S: | | | NG AMPS: 514 |

| Designation Letter | AWG | Conductors | | Belden Part # | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|---|------------|--|--|--|
| · А | 16 | . 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Addressable Signaling Line Circuit (SLC) | 5220UL .17 | | | |
| C | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Notification Appliance Circuits (NAC) | 5120UL .21 | | | |
| F | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Non-Resettable 24VDC Power | 5120UL .21 | | | |
| G | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Conventional Initiating Device Circuits (IDC) | 5120UL .21 | | | |
| M | 14 | 2 | FPLR | Unshielded | Miscellaneous Fire Alarm Connections | 5120UL .21 | | | |
| N | 16 | 2 | FPLR | Shielded | EIA-485, Data | 5220FL .17 | | | |
| To Use The Listed In The Then Plenum Is Run In A | Correct Wire S Rated Riser, | vility Of The Ele Wire Type; Req Schedule. If Wire Cable (FPLP) S Then Riser Rate | pardless s Is Run Shall Be | Of What Is In A Plenum, Used. If Wire | *It Is The Responsibility Of The Electrical Contractor To Verify All Wire Types With The Authority Having Jurisdictio To Ensure All Wire Or Cable Being Used Is Acceptable. | | | | |
| Be Used, Etc | | | | | *All Conduit And Stubs Are 3/4" Unless Noted. | | | | |
| Ale well | Any De | viation To The | Wire List | ted Above, The Proper Conduit | | | | | |



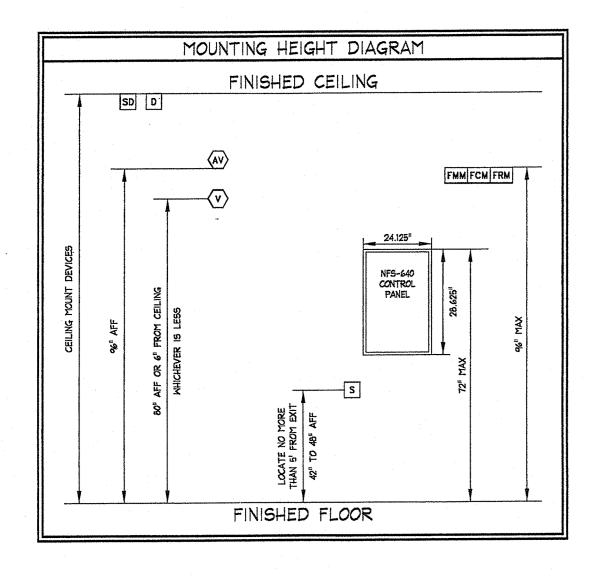
SCOPE OF WORK

OCCUPANCY TYPE: CLASS C3, TYPE IB - ELEMENTARY SCHOOL PER SECT. IB-56-100

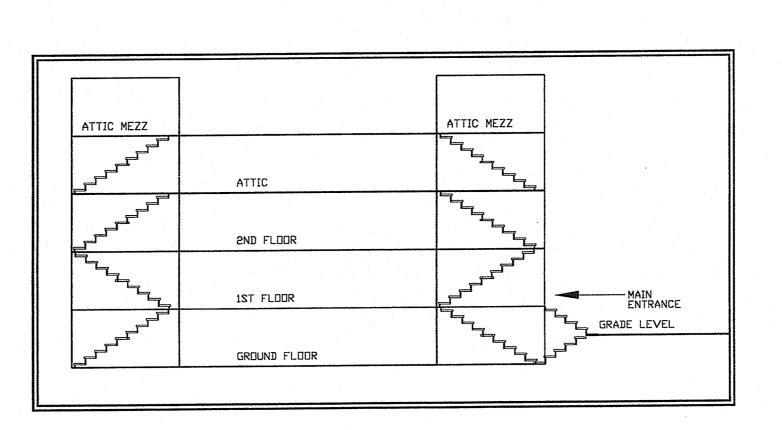
SCOPE OF WORK:

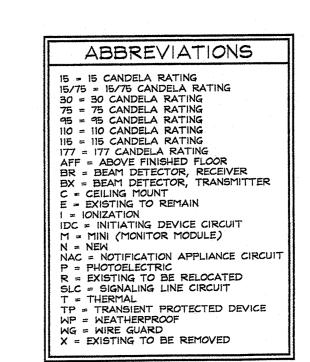
DESIGN, INSTALL AND TEST AN ADDRESSABLE NOTIFIER
NFS-640 CLASS 1 FIRE ALARM SYSTEM PROTECTING A 3
STORY SCHOOL WITH AN ATTIC.
WIRING STYLE USED IS N.F.P.A. 7

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: TYPE I-B SPRINKLER COVERAGE: NONE



| | VOLTAGE | DROP | DATA | FOR APS | 5-6R #1 | |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| CIRCUIT NUMBER | CIRCUIT LOCATION | WIRE GAUGE | CIRCUIT LENGTH | VOLTAGE AT LAST DEVICE | TOTAL VOLTAGE DROP | VOLTAGE DROP % |
| V١ | GROUND FLOOR | #14 | 684' | 17.67 VDC | 2.73 VDC | 13.40% |
| V2 | IST FLOOR | #14 | 6701 | 17.79 VDC | 2.61 VDC | 12.79% |
| V3 | 2ND FLOOR | #14 | 678¹ | 17.20 VDC | 3.20 VDC | 15.68% |
| V4 | ATTIC | #14 | 187' | 20.08 VDC | 0.32 VDC | 1.57% |
| | | | | | | |





THE DATE OF SYSTEM COMMISSION.

IDENTIFIED AT FIRE ALARM PANEL.

BREAKER FOR FIRE ALARM PANEL.

CONTROL PANEL.

ALARM STATE.

96" AFF.

5. AC CIRCUIT TO BE DEDICATED TO FIRE ALARM

2. FIRE ALARM CONTROL CIRCUIT (120VAC POWER) TO BE

3. FIRE ALARM CONTROL CIRCUIT TO BE IDENTIFIED AT DISTRIBUTION PANEL WITH A RED CIRCUIT BREAKER. 4. CIRCUIT BREAKER LOCKOUT TO BE PROVIDED ON

6. NO ADDRESSABLE MODULES TO BE MOUNTED OVER

7. NO REMOTE TEST SWITCHES TO BE MOUNTED OVER 72"

8. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL WATERFLOW & TAMPER SWITCHES HAVE NORMALLY OPEN CONTACTS IN NON

9. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY (UPON JOB COMPLETION) THAT ALL CIRCUITS ARE FREE FROM BOTH GROUND & OPEN CONDITIONS.

10. ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT DEVIATE FROM DEVICE ADDRESSES AS LABELED ON DRAWINGS WITHOUT FIRST CONTACTING HIGH RISE SECURITY

II. ALL AUDIBLE DEVICES SHALL SOUND THE NON-TEMPORAL PATTERN.

RISER UP FROM GROUND FLOOR RISER UP FROM ATTIC STORAGE STORAGE ZONE 6 ZONE 5 ROOF BELOW ROOF BELOW RISER UP TO ATTIC MEZZ ROOF BELOW RISER UP TO ATTIC MEZZ ATTIC

FIRE ALARM NOTES:

CITY OF CHICAGO APPROVAL STAMP I. ALL BATTERIES TO BE DATED (WITH MARKER) FROM

ADJACENT ADJACENT ADJACENT MAIN ENTRANCE W. BRYN MAWR AVE.

PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL 1643 W. BRYN MAWR CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

REVISIONS Attachment 31

LET. DATE DESCRIPTION 10/30/08 FOR APPROVAL

EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER

High Rise Security Systems ...

762 Burr Oak Drive, Westmont, IL 60559 Tel: 630-920-0100 • Fax: 630-920-0470.

State of IL Fire Alarm License # 127-001272

INSTALLING CONTRACTOR

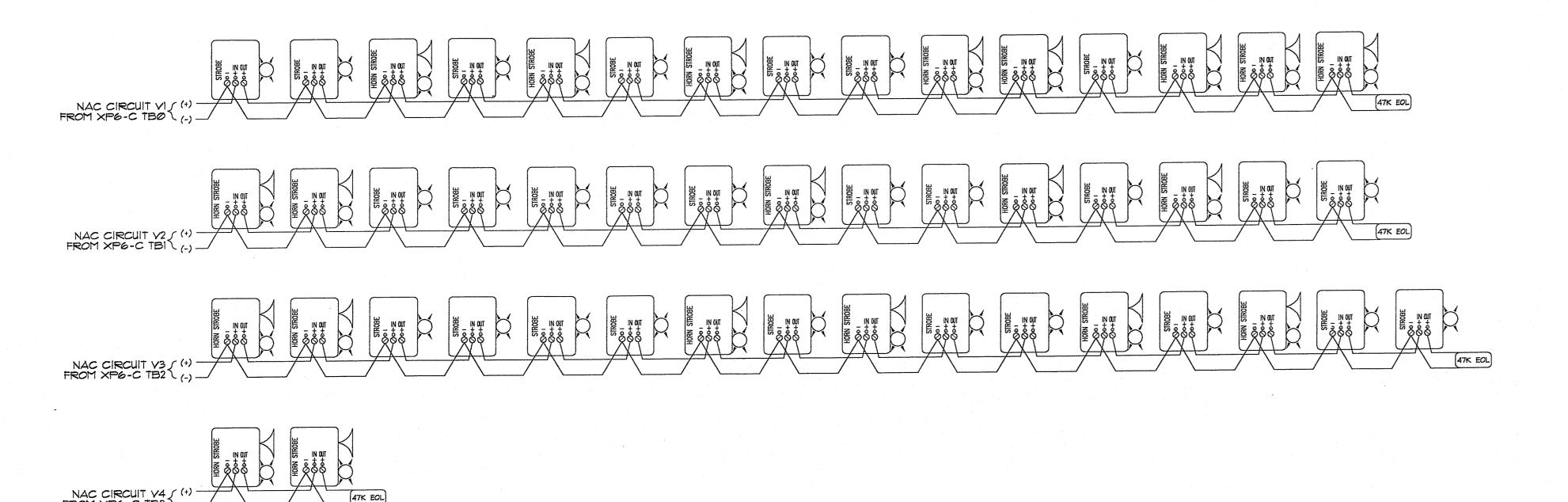
Electric

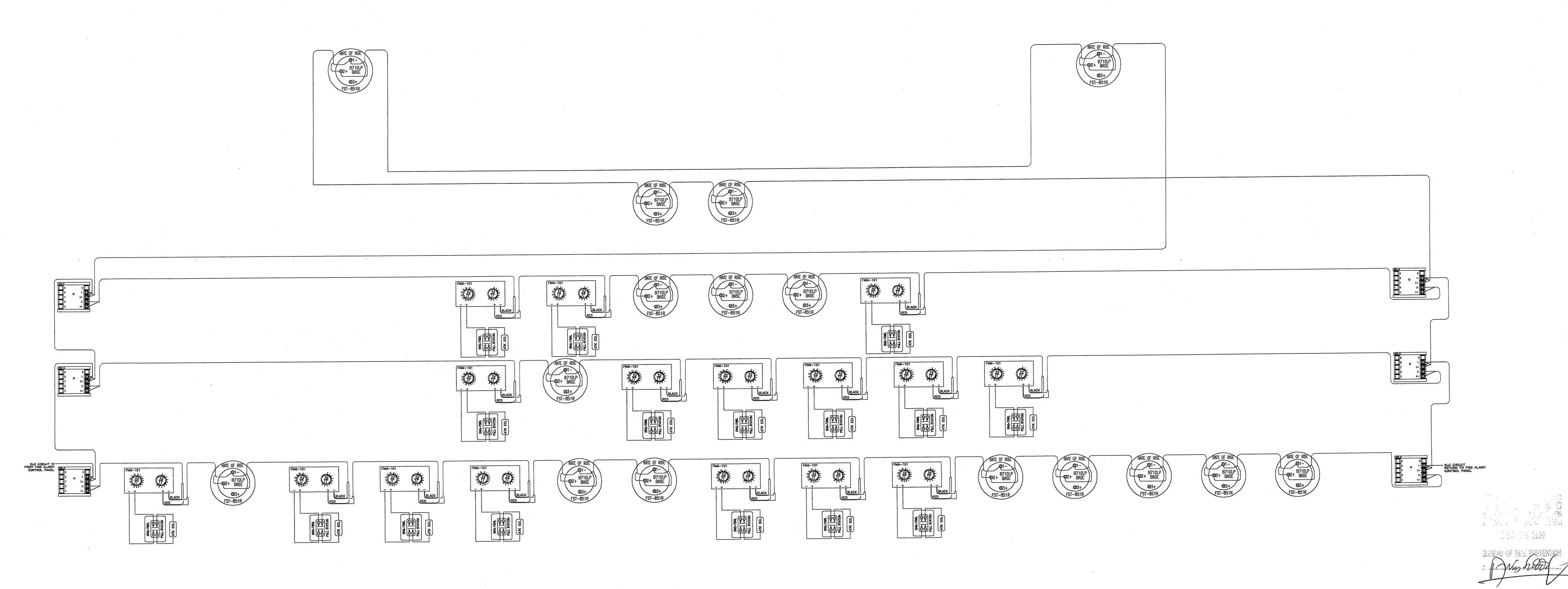
2708 W. Sarragut Chicago, IL 60625

Tel: 773-418-5536 Fax: 773-275-7058

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM ATTIC/ROOF DEVICE LAYOUT

SHEET NUMBER





EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER INSTALLING CONTRACTOR MAKS Electric 2708 W. Sarragut Chicago, IL 60625 Tel: 773-418-5536 Fax: 773-275-7058 CITY OF CHICAGO APPROVAL STAMP

> PASSAGES CHARTER SCHOOL 1643 W. BRYN MAWR CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM
POINT TO POINT
WIRING DIAGRAM

DRAWN BY: CSG SCALE: APPROVED BY:

DATE: 10/30/08 NONE

JOB NUMBER: REVISION SHEET NUMBER
6849 A 5 OF 7

