

South Shore Fine Arts Academy / Plan summary

2018-2020 plan summary

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Team meetings				
Date	Participants		Торіс	
02/26/2018	All CIWP Members		CIWP Development	
02/20/2018	All CIWP Members		CIWP Development	

03/01/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
03/20/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
04/10/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
04/17/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
04/24/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
04/08/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
05/08/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development
05/22/2018	All CIWP Members	CIWP Development

School Excellence Framework

Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement

4 of 4 complete

Leadership & Collective Responsibility:

Leadership & Collective Responsibility is characterized by an unwavering commitment to fulfilling a shared vision of success. There is a clear focus and high expectations for staff and students, motivating the entire school community to continue striving for success for every student.

The school vision is shared with the Local School Council, the school website as well as school and classroom newsletters.

- 5 Essentials program coherence rating of neutral.
- 5 Essentials program coherence rating of neutral.

Agendas and presentations to the staff, led by the ILT and teacher leaders.

Teachers collaborate around structures such as the grading policies.

All teachers participate in lesson study professional development.

Teachers at SSFAA have partnerships with local university teacher education programs to mentor student teachers.

Teachers regularly attend network professional development and PD from outside organization like Chicago Foundation for Education.

Several teachers are NBCT or are in the process.

Teacher are members of professional organizations such as AFT and Educators for Excellence.

Guide for Leadership & Collective Responsibility

- Set the direction and create a sense of purpose by building consensus on and implementing a shared vision.
 - Consider the demographics of the school community in developing a shared vision.
 - Help stakeholders understand the relationship between the school's vision and their initiatives and priorities.
 - Consistently use informal and formal opportunities to champion and articulate the vision.
 - Act in ways that consistently reflect the school's core values, beliefs, and priorities in order to establish trust.
 - Ensure the school's identity, vision, and mission drive school decisions.
 - Use the Multi-Tiered System of Support framework as a standard for how to distribute leadership and make significant decisions both academically and social-emotionally.
- Inspire a culture of collective responsibility for the success of ALL students in the whole school (not solely teacher's own students).
- Empower others to make or influence significant decisions.
 - Build shared leadership structures and opportunities for job-embedded leadership training and development.
 - Capitalize on the leadership skills of others.
 - Constantly listen and synthesize what is heard, and learn from all sources.
- Employ the skills to effectively manage change.

Score

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- Master skills associated with large-scale strategic planning processes and implementation of such plans.
- Steer through the challenges associated with making improvements, both large and small.
- · Create and sustain a coherent instructional program (coordinated and consistent) with learning goals.
- Use the CPS Framework for Teaching to ground instructional guidance and coaching.
 - Model ambitious goals for teaching and learning for all students, including priority groups.
 - Draw from the best available evidence to inform instructional improvement decisions.
- . Enable staff to focus and prioritize what matters most.
 - Buffer staff from external distractions to the school's priorities and goals.
 - Limit school improvement goals to a few high leverage activities.
 - Prioritize teaching challenging content, engaging students in learning, rigor and ways to raise achievement.

Suggested Evidence	 ✓ School's vision, beliefs, and how it is shared (e.g. presentations to community, promotional materials) ✓ Five Essentials – Program Coherence 				
Measures	√ Five Essentials				
Five Essentials	Effective Leaders Collaborative Teachers				
CPS Framework for Teaching	4d. Growing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism				
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	A1. Assesses the Current State of School Performance and Develops a CIWP A2. Implements Data Driven Decision Making and Data Driver Instruction A5. School Vision and Mission Drive Decision-Making D4. Demonstrates Change Management				

Instructional Leadership Team:

The ILT is characterized by having a consistent structure for teacher leadership that is focused on creating and implementing the theories of action that improve teaching and learning. ILT meetings are a productive forum to identify challenges, collect and review evidence, exchange ideas, and propose and implement solutions to challenges to school improvement.

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ILT meetings occur regularly and with clear agendas and meeting objectives around school-wide goals and theories of action. The ILT sets school-wide goals at the beginning of the year and works to implement them and work through the challenges that arise.

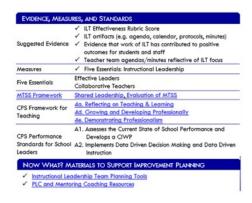
The ILT has implemented teacher classroom observations to provide teachers with feedback. The ILT has shared information about unit planning.

Agendas and presentations to the staff led by the ILT. Three clear school improvement goals that have been the focus of nearly all professional development and collaboration throughout the year. We have had a consistent focus across all grade levels on teaching math through problem solving. The ILT has implemented peer classroom observations focused on teaching math through problem solving and MPS 3. In ELA the focus is on vocabulary acquisition and engaging students. In lesson study, the ILT has developed relationships with other schools that are engaging in lesson study for the exchange of ideas.

Guide for Instructional Leadership Team

- Engage in on-going inquiry (e.g. continuous improvement cycles) as a basis for improvement.
 - Gain productive insight and take substantial new action or adjust strategy that clearly addresses root causes.
 - Relentlessly ask, "Is it working?" about every program, initiative, and strategy in the school.
 - Vet Initiatives and strategies on the basis of their direct or proven impact on outcomes.
 - Monitor if previous actions were implemented (fidelity) and working as intended. Ask, "If not, why not?"
- · Share leadership for improving teaching and learning with representative school members.
 - Organize the team around a common understanding of team's purpose and instructional priorities.
 - Represent all relevant specialty content areas, programs, related services, and grade bands/department teams and is an appropriate size.
 - Represent a balance of work styles (e.g. task-oriented, provides push-back, synthesizes, etc.)
- · Use protocols and ask probing questions.
 - Ask questions focused on factors within sphere of control and avoid a focus on student factors.
 - Use appropriate protocols and level of analysis (grade, school-wide, individuals) for meeting purpose.
 - Systematically consider root cause(s) based on thorough review of evidence.
- · Use timely and relevant data/evidence sources.
 - Gather and use current and relevant local student, school, teacher performance (e.g. attendance data, assessment results), and operational data formatively to review and revise school and classroom practices as needed.
 - Disaggregate data for priority student groups (e.g. English learners, diverse learners).
- Schedule and structure frequent meetings.
 - Meet regularly (2-4 times per month).
 - Use an agenda with a clear focus.

- · Collaborate effectively, value transparency, and inform and engage stakeholders.
 - All team members have equity of voice and are actively engaged in asking questions.
 - Celebrate small wins and improvements.
 - Regularly inform and engage stakeholders of key data and work of the ILT.
- · Build the capacity of teacher teams to lead cycles of learning and problem solving focused on student learning data and student work.



Professional Learning:

Professional Learning includes sufficient time, support, and 'safe practice' space to internalize new knowledge to change practice and beliefs. Adults persevere in collaboration with their colleagues to innovate and improve implementation of new practices.

School's professional development plan. Teachers are freed for two or more full days of lesson study planning in addition to the use of some weekly grade level time. Individual peer observations and coaching are a recurring practice. Teachers engage in action research cycles on an ongoing basis. REACH evidence of improvement of teacher practice. Modified the weekly schedule to expand the time given for teacher collaboration. The ILT has provided ample time for teachers to try new strategies over the past three years and developed PD experiences based on teacher feedback and observed need. The ILT has developed and shared a guide for using DOK to analyze assessment items.

Guide for Professional Learning

Select and design professional learning (PL) to achieve school-wide improvement, including closing priority group achievement gaps.

Score

3

- Use data to identify performance and practice gaps to inform PL plan.
- Use research about best practices to identify potential learning and subject matter experts to support.
- Solicit feedback from staff to inform selection of PL opportunities.
- Provide PL relevant to the cultural and linguistic needs of students.
- Provide both whole staff and differentiated PL to individual teacher levels.
- Implement and sustain on-going, job-embedded professional learning (PL) (e.g. coaching, peer learning opportunities, action research)
 - Recommend and/or provide PL opportunities directly related to individuals' specific areas of need and professional growth goals.
 - Encourage staff to broaden networks to bring new knowledge and resources to learning environment.
 - Teachers initiate opportunities for professional growth and proactively seek opportunities to enhance content knowledge and pedagogical skill.
- Structure time for teachers to collaborate and learn together.
 - Create schedules and systems to conduct peer observations, and coaching. Reflect on its impact.
 - Teachers provide and accept collegial support and feedback to/from colleagues.
 - Teachers participate in and facilitate professional inquiry in teams to advance student learning.
- Make 'safe practice' an integral part of professional learning.
 - Allow teachers ample time to try new strategies, refine skills, grapple with implementation problems, and share knowledge and experience.
 - Provide support that addresses the specific challenges of changing classroom practice. Provide coaching/mentoring support to validate continuing to work through struggles.
- Monitor implementation to ensure staff uses new knowledge to improve practice and it is having the desired effect on practice and student outcomes
 - Conduct frequent non-REACH observations to provide coaching and actionable feedback.
- · Provide induction and support for new teachers.
 - Assign each new teacher a mentor who is skilled in pedagogy and is an open, collaborative colleague.
 - Schedule a series of 'learning experiences' for new teachers that helps them navigate important initiatives (e.g. REACH) and provides information on school specific goals and resources.

plan advance the school's improvement agenda? ✓ PD agendas, PD feedback surveys ✓ Teacher practice improving on the Framework for Teaching				
(e.g. Basic>Proficient, Proficient>Distinguished) ✓ SQRP Attainment and Growth				
✓ SGKP Attainment and Growth ✓ Five Essentials: Collaborative Teachers				
Effective Leaders Collaborative Teachers				
Shared Leadership, Curriculum & Instruction				
4a. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning 4d. Growing and Developing Professionally 4e. Demonstrating Professionalism				
82. Observes and Evaluates Staff and Gives Feedback to Staf Bó. Professional Development Provided for Staff				
TERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING				
of Research				

- ✓ Upcoming Professional Learning Opportunities
- ✓ Upcoming Professional Learning Opp
 ✓ Framework for Teaching PD Modules

Aligned Resources:

Resources (e.g. time, budget, staff, and community resources) are aligned to school priorities. Improving achievement guides resource allocation. Making the most of student time and staffing is a priority. The school organizes resources school-wide through schedules and staffing plans that target additional time and individual attention to those students who need it most and to highest priority subject areas.

School schedule is built using CPS instructional time/instructional block recommendations. CIWP evidences alignment of budget to school priorities and needs. Purchased new math curriculum for grades K-1 based on school priorities. There is a collaborative hiring process. Grade level teams demonstrate thoughtful and balanced formation of teams. Individual teacher goal-setting meetings with principal to foster growth and leadership.Community-based organizations, e.g. Foster Grandparents, The Holding Circle, Rebuild, Forward Momentum, Muntu Dance Theater. School uses the STAR Teacher interview protocol (Haberman).

Guide for Aligned Resources

- Design a school day that is responsive to student needs.
 - Use CPS Instructional Time Guidelines to maximize instructional time.
 - Use CPS Instructional Block Guidelines to maximize academic-engaged time.
- Align the budget to the CIWP priorities and the mission of the school.
 - Avoid overemphasis on the purchase of products/programs that are not research based or do not respond to SEF needs.
 - Leverage strategic source vendors to maximize dollars.
 - Seek and obtain grants to support articulated needs.
 - Use grant funds strategically to support areas of highest need.
 - Maximize the use of supplemental funding to close any priority group achievement gaps.
- · Streamline purchase procedures to minimize lapses between ordering and receiving materials.
- Evaluate, to the extent possible, the consequences for student learning of resource allocation decisions to develop an evidence base of outcomes of particular uses of resources.

Score

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- Have a 'hiring team' and collaborative hiring process with clear selection criteria to identify and select best available candidates.
 - Actively work to build a pool of potential staff members, particularly difficult to fill positions (e.g. staff to serve English learners).
 - Use an interview process including a protocol for questioning and select highly qualified candidates.
 - Require a classroom lesson demonstration to assess candidate expertise, philosophy and commitment.
 - Check teachers' previous performance at CPS schools.
- Strategically assign teachers to grade and content areas to create a balanced team with a variety of strengths.
 - Ensure all students have fair access to high-quality teachers in the school.
- Effectively utilize Related Service Providers at the classroom level.
- Use data including teacher evaluations and exit interviews to inform a retention strategy.
 - Create a positive climate and working conditions for teaching that attracts and retains educator talent.
 - Create opportunities for growth including opportunities for staff to assume additional leadership roles or pursue personal growth goals.
 - Track retention rates over time and use this information to isolate staffing strengths and identify opportunities to improve.
 - Solicit information from staff using exit interviews/surveys to understand reasons for leaving school or district.
- Make outreach efforts to engage community members as partners and resources.
- Partner with one or more organizations that share the values of the school and have a complementary mission to the school's vision.
 - Monitor the impact of partner organizations' activity.

	✓ Schedules					
	✓ Teacher retention rates					
	 ✓ Staff exit interviews/surveys (data on reasons for leaving school or district) 					
	✓ Candidate interview protocol documents					
Suggested Evidence	\checkmark List of community-based organizations that partner with					
	school and description of services Evidence of effectiveness of the services that community-					
	 Evidence of effectiveness of the services that community- based organizations provide 					
	✓ Budget analysis and CIWP					
Measures	✓ Five Essentials					
Five Essentials	Effective Leaders, Collaborative Teachers					
HTCC Francisco	Shared Leadership, Curriculum & Instruction, Family &					
MTSS Framework	Community Engagment					
CPS Framework for	4a. Reflecting on Teaching & Learning					
Teaching	4e. Demonstrating Professionalism					
CPS Performance	A3. Allocates Resources to Support Student Learning,					
Standards for School	Prioritizing Time					
Leaders	B4. Hires and Retains Highly Effective Teachers					
NOW WHAT? M.	ATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING					
	es with Priorities: Focusing on What Matters Most					
✓ Instructional Sup						
✓ Strategic Source						
	Time Guidelines: Elementary School Overview					
✓ CPS Instructional	Time Guidelines: High School Overview					
	Block Guidance: K-2 Literacy					

Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning

4 of 4 complete

Curriculum:

The curriculum – what students should know and be able to do - makes standards come alive for students. All students have access to an academically rigorous curriculum that inspires students to think and contribute high quality work to authentic audiences beyond the classroom. The curriculum fully integrates academic and social emotional learning opportunities for all students, including diverse learners, English learners, and advanced learners. The school regularly examines the curriculum to check alignment to standards and opportunities for all students to meet those standards.

Teachers are required to have Network 12 pacing guides for math and reading posted in the classroom. 100% of teachers (with the exception of cluster teachers) use the pacing guides as a tool for planning instruction. All teachers in grades 1-8 create and administer 5-week interim assessments in reading and math. During weekly grade level meetings teachers collaborate to analyze the assessments using the DOK model prior to administering them. Common core focused lesson plans are aligned between diverse learner teachers and gen Ed teachers. Teachers make modifications and accommodations to give diverse learners access to grade level appropriate content. Primary teachers use Second Step for social emotional learning.

In Ambitious Instruction our rating was neutral. However, Academic Press was rated strong.

Growth on MAP is above average in both reading and math. Attainment in grade 2 is below average in reading and math. In grades 3-8 it is average in reading and below average in math.

Guide for Curriculum

- Align units of instruction (horizontally/vertically) to scope and sequence maps and pace units and lessons appropriately.
 - Focus so units can be adequately addressed in the time available.
 - Examine formative data to determine mastery and pace. Discuss how much time it takes to adequately address the essential elements, and the
 viability of documents that articulate essential content and timing of delivery (e.g. pacing guides, curriculum maps).
- Utilize the 'big ideas' that should be taught to determine whether students are being taught the body of knowledge, the understandings and the skills expected.
 - Identify the essential understandings what students should learn in greater depth. In other words, know 'covering everything but learning nothing' does not work.
- Expose and extend opportunities for all students to grade appropriate levels of text complexity in all types of texts, including informational
 in all content areas.
 - Articulate language goals that are separate from and support content goals. Literacy reading, writing and speaking are essential 'learning tools'
 across the curriculum (disciplinary literacy).
- · Engage all learners in content areas by fully integrating opportunities for all learners, including:
 - Diverse learners to demonstrate core knowledge and skills.
 - English Learners to develop academic language to demonstrate mastery.
 - Use English and native language development standards in addition to content standards to differentiate instruction and assessments for English learners, to ensure meaningful access to content, regardless of English language proficiency.
 - Understand research and implement programs to develop native language literacy for English learners.
 - Advanced learners to extend core knowledge and skills.
- · Integrate academic and social emotional learning.
- Connection to real world, authentic application of learning. For example,
 - Provide opportunities for meaningful project-based learning.
 - Integrate field-based learning through partnerships with city institutions (e.g. museums), colleges, universities, and community based organizations.

Score

- Curriculum is culturally relevant/sustaining and provides opportunities to explore and celebrate students' communities, culture, history, and language.
 - Curriculum is tailored to the strengths, needs, and interests of each student.



Instructional Materials: Score

3

Materials to present learning content and what the learner uses to demonstrate are characterized by variability and flexibility. Materials are identified and adapted to increase access to learning for all students. Materials include multimedia and embedded, just-in-time supports; varied tools and supports; alternative pathways, and varied levels of support and challenge. (adapted from UDL Guidelines 2.0)

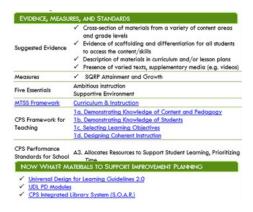
Instructional materials, including technology, are aligned to common core state standards. 100% of Teachers have access to supplemental resources, which include use Khan academy, Stride, Unique Curriculum, Reading A to Z, IXL, Readworks, NewsELA, My Perspectives, Interactive Science, Envision Math, Primary Math International, Scholastic Magazines, audiobooks, etc. There is a one to one ratio of technology to students in Third through Eighth grade including iPads, Google Chrome books and Laptops. We use speech to text and text to speech technology to give students access to the curriculum. All students participate in weekly technology classes. As part of the school wide problem of practice, 100% of students maintain math journal that are used to organize, analyze and synthesize weekly teaching through problem solving concepts. So that technology is an integral part of student learning, classrooms are equipped with smart boards, projectors and or document cameras.

Guide for Instructional Materials

Instructional materials (including technology) are.....

- Aligned to curricular plans and expectations of the standards.
- Varied and flexible.
 - Are selected and adapted based on learning objectives and learner needs.
 - Include a variety of quality media, manipulatives and supplies to achieve valued learning outcomes.
- Intentionally planned by identifying or adapting appropriate tools (including technology) for specific instructional needs.
 - Student outcomes and developmental appropriateness determine when and who will use the materials.
 - Materials are updated/upgraded in response to new information and understandings.
- Equitably available and accessible to all teachers and students.
 - Teachers and students have available a variety of high quality, standards-aligned instructional materials and resources.
 - Materials are in English and native language for English learners.
 - Reference and resource materials are readily available and circulated throughout the school.
- Include multimedia and embedded, just-in-time supports (e.g. hyperlinked glossaries, background information, and on-screen coaching) for conveying conceptual knowledge.
 - Students interact with instructional materials to engage all modalities in the learning process.
 - Technology is integral to students learning experiences.
 - Units and lessons include grade-appropriate levels of texts and other materials so every student can access the content/skills.
- Include tools and supports needed to access, analyze, organize, synthesize, and demonstrate understanding in varied ways for learning and expression of knowledge.
 - The needs of the students at different performance levels are met by using a variety of instructional materials that allow students to draw on all of their learning capacities.
 - The teacher models effective use of various materials.
 - Students understand that materials are a means to acquire language, knowledge, and competencies.
 - Technology enhances students' higher order, creative thinking and problem solving.

- Materials connect subject area content to real life applications.
- Include alternative pathways including choice of content, varied levels of support and challenge, and options for recruiting and sustaining interest and motivation – for engaging and learning.
 - Students make choices about instructional materials as part of learning.
 - Materials address the needs of the total child: cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, physical, and aesthetic.
 - Consumables are often non-print supplies that promote active, hands-on learning.



Rigorous Student Tasks:

The school regularly examines student work - what students are being asked to do on in their classrooms - across grades or courses in all content areas. Examining the texts and tasks students experience provides the necessary insight to gauge rigor and illuminate how the standards are actualized prompting the question whether or not approaches support the true spirit of college and career readiness. (adapted from The Education Trust – Equity in Motion Series)

98% of teachers at South Shore were rated proficient or distinguished for component 2b, creating a culture for learning. The ILT identified and shared math resources for rigorous tasks with teachers. All teachers participated in four math research lessons to examine student work to identify and showcase the qualities of strategic thinking. Teachers use the teaching-through-problem-solving method in math which requires students to solve complex, open-ended problems.100% of the teachers use the network's pacing guide, which is aligned to common core standards with a heavy focus on citing textual evidence, to plan for literacy instruction.

All teachers in grades 1-8 create and analyze interim assessments for rigor and alignment to standards. One school-wide focus is DOK. Teachers have been given training and guidance in using DOK to determine the rigor or their classroom-based assessments.

In Ambitious Instruction our rating was neutral. However, Academic Press was rated strong.

Growth on MAP is above average in both reading and math. Attainment in grade 2 is below average in reading and math. In grades 3-8 it is average in reading and below average in math.

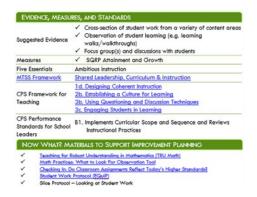
Guide for Rigorous Student Tasks

- Begin with the belief that all students can learn. (see Culture for Learning)
 - Convey high learning expectations for all students and develop structures that enable practice and perseverance for each individual student.
 - Create an environment where students assume responsibility for high-quality work by persevering, initiating improvements, addressing critiques, making revisions, adding detail and/or helping peers.

Score

- Communicate the necessity of attendance and engagement everyday in order to succeed.
- Plan and assign tasks that are cognitively challenging for individual students and require students to provide evidence of their reasoning.
 - Align tasks with standards-based learning objectives that reflect the depth of knowledge expectations.
 - Tasks are Integrative to draw on multiple standards.
 - Teach for Robust Understanding in Mathematics (TRU Math). Engage students with important mathematical ideas, not simply receiving knowledge, requiring students to engage in productive struggle.
- · Tasks reflect the key shifts in literacy.
 - Complexity: Tasks reward close reading of complex text; Focus on comprehension of academic language, not obscure vocabulary.
 - Evidence: Cite evidence from text and write to sources, not decontextualized prompts.
 - Knowledge (non-fiction): Tasks embed reading and writing across disciplines with a variety of literary and informational complex texts and tasks and demonstrate comprehension through speaking, listening.
- Tasks reflect the key shifts in mathematics.
 - Focus: Tasks reflect a curricular and instructional focus on the major work in (e.g. operational fluency and number sense in K-2).

- Coherence: Multi-grade progressions stress key beginnings (e.g. ratios in 6th grade) and key end points (e.g. fluency with multiplication in 3rd);
- Rigor: Problems require construction of mathematical reasoning and critiques of other possible solutions.
- Provide opportunities for students to create authentic work for real audiences (beyond the teacher) to motivate them to meet standards and engage in critique and revision.
- · Examine student work to identify and showcase the qualities of strategic thinking that are both rich in content and relevant for students.
 - Analyze models with students to build a vision of quality.
 - Use protocols to collectively reflect regularly on the level of cognitive demand asked of students across the school, particularly priority group students, to think strategically as speakers, listeners, readers, and writers.
 - Analyze student work samples as part of professional learning to best support students' attainment of quality work and standards.



Transitions, College & Career Access & Persistence:

The school creates pathways to success built on a vision in which all students leave secondary school with a clear plan for their initial postsecondary destination, whether in apprenticeship training, work, or college. All students have equal access to college preparatory curriculum to be successful. The school is characterized by structures for developing early postsecondary awareness and the knowledge and skills that lay the foundation for the academic rigor and social development necessary for college and career success. Students are equipped with the confidence in their ability to implement and adapt their plan throughout their lives as they and the world around them change. This vision sees students as the architects of their own lives.(adapted from Creating Pathways to Success, Ontario)

100% of eighth grade students participate in a summer transition program to prepare them for their first year of high school. 100% of middle grade students are exposed to and participate in the "high school experience" such as, high school fairs, high school visits and opportunities to discuss and research high school options.

Students participate in a Jr. Achievement activity each year.

Middle school students participate in guidance class each week. Middle school teachers are working with students on developing a growth mindset versus a fixed mindset.

Teachers and students are aware of college and career readiness NWEA goals. Teachers set growth goals with the whole class and engage individual students in goal setting around NWEA.

Counselor guided each 8th grade student through the high school application and the registration process.

Guide for Transitions, College & Career Access & Persistence

- TRANSITIONS Have structures and processes in place to ensure successful transitions (e.g. into school, grade to grade, school to school, school to post-secondary).
 - Mitigate the adverse effects experienced by some students in transition such as arriving part-way through the school year that can cause students
 to fall behind or become disengaged from school.
 - Monitor the progress of English learners after transition from services.
 - Provide programs and interventions that help students as they move from middle school through Freshmen year, including but not limited to: High School Investigation Days, CTE recruitment fairs, Freshmen Connection program (where budget allows), and a robust Freshmen Orientation program. Implement targeted holistic student supports the entire Freshmen year.
 - Provide sustained summer learning experiences to minimize learning loss and support key transition periods (e.g. summers before Kindergarten, HS, and college).
 - Use student data and best practices research to develop focused programs.
 - Expand access beyond students who are struggling academically.
 - Provide school counseling and postsecondary advising transition support and follow-up during "Summer Melt" and the first year of college.
- AWARENESS Expose students early to academic/professional worlds beyond K-12.

Score

- Provide students opportunities to discover personal talents and skills, identify career interests, and pursue coursework/activities necessary to reach
 personal, academic and career goals. Expose students to CTE Pathways around career options
- Expose students to a range of career paths and the educational requirements of each to improve long-term planning and goal-setting.
- Start the conversation about college in primary grades.
- Make parents aware of academic opportunities and supports for their child.
- READINESS Ensure equitable access to college preparatory curriculum.
 - Provide access to 8th Grade Algebra to all eligible 8th grade students.
 - Provide access to early college and career coursework and credential opportunities while in HS (e.g. AP credit, Dual credit, industry credentials (CTE),
 Seal of Biliteracy)
 - Teach students to analyze their transcripts and test scores, as well as connect course selection, attendance, and grades to their continued success
 and access to postsecondary options, and adjust their actions and behavior to make progress toward graduation and their top postsecondary choice.
 Provide support and motivation to encourage B's or better and improving attendance.
 - Create opportunities for students to explore college and career knowledge, mindsets, and skills necessary for academic planning and goal setting.
 - Find opportunities to work with all students on academic and personal behaviors, including persistence, engagement, work habits/organization, communication/ collaboration, and self-regulation.
 - In Naviance, develop an Individual Learning Plan that tracks coursework, college and career assessments, goal setting, 6th-12th grade milestones completion that culminates in a concrete postsecondary plan.
 - Provide opportunities for Dual Credit/Dual Enrollment
- SUCCESS Provide direct assistance to all students and families through every stage of the college selection, application, and entry process (Transition to College (HS)) including, but not limited to academic planning/advising to assist with:
 - Selecting colleges with the best institutional graduation rates for their level of qualifications. (Students of all qualification levels are more likely to graduate from college if they attend a postsecondary institution with high graduation rates
 - Researching/comparing options including short and long-term financial outcomes, comparing college graduation rates, and other statistics to narrow down options.
 - Researching living wage options such as an apprenticeship or certification programs for students who wish to work after high school and/or want to delay college.
 - Applying to multiple colleges—generally three or more.
 - Navigating financial aid and capitalizing on grant and scholarship opportunities.
 - Equipping students and families with persistence strategies. (College Persistence Toolkit)
 - Help families learn about existing CTE career pathways, apprenticeships/pre-apprenticeship programs



Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching

3 of 3 complete

Instruction:

The teachers have finely honed instructional skills. They can shift from one approach to another as the situation demands by carefully monitoring the effect of their teaching on student learning. They seamlessly incorporate ideas and concepts from other parts of the curriculum into their explanations and activities. Their questions probe student thinking and serve to extend understanding. They promote the emergence of self-directed learners.

Score

Teachers' ratings on reach Framework for Teaching in Domain 3 are largely in the proficient and distinguished range. Teachers assess clearly defined objectives using exit slips, classroom assessments and common interim assessments. Teachers share interim assessment results and use common planning time to make instructional decisions.

By implementing lesson study as the school –wide problem of practice, teachers are able to engage in a form of long-term professional development in which teams of our teachers collaboratively plan, research, and study their math and ELA instruction as a way to determine how students' best learn.

As a result of teaching through problem solving, NWEA math attainment has increased from 20% to 38%, our math growth goals have increased from 54% to 60%. Our reading attainment has increased from 33% to 52%. In addition, our 5 essential rating has decreased from moderately organized to partially organized.

We also saw improved performance of teacher practice in reach Domain 3 results. Domain 3a-52% of teachers were rated distinguished, domain 3b, 55% of teachers were rated proficient, domain 3c, 76% of teachers were rated proficient, domain 3d, 72% of teachers were rated proficient, and in domain 3e, 69% of teachers were rated proficient.

Over the past four years our overall SQRP rating has increased from a level 3 to a level 1, an increase of 3 ratings.

Guide for Instruction

- Plan a range of effective pedagogical approaches suitable to student learning of the content/skills taught and anticipate student misconceptions.
- Effectively communicate with students.
 - Guide students to articulate the relevance of the objective(s) to learning.
 - Anticipate possible student misunderstanding
 - Enable students to develop a conceptual understanding of content while making connections to their interests, knowledge, and experience.
 - Enable students to contribute to extending the content by explaining concepts to their classmates.
 - Build on students' language development and understanding of content.
 - Use vocabulary appropriately for students' ages and development. Students contribute to the correct use of academic vocabulary.
- Use questioning and discussion as techniques to deepen student understanding and challenge.
 - Use a variety of low- and high-level, open-ended, and developmentally appropriate questions to challenge students cognitively, advance high level thinking and discourse, and promote metacognition.
 - Use techniques that enable students to engage each other in authentic discussions about content. And, enable students to formulate their own
 questions and respectfully challenge one another using viable arguments based on evidence.
 - Encourage student responsibility for ensuring all voices are heard in the discourse and that all students are listening and responding to questions and answers from their teacher and peers.
 - Require students to cite textual evidence to support/develop a claim.
- · Engage students in learning.
 - Scaffold instruction to ensure all students, including diverse learners and English Learners, access complex texts and engage in complex tasks.
 - Provide targeted supports to individual students or groups of students based on their identified needs.
 - Provide instruction designed to develop language domains for English learners.
- . Monitor the effect of teaching on student learning and integrate formative assessment into instruction.
 - Monitor progress and check for understanding for individual students.
 - Change instructional practice based on analysis of current data.
 - Use universally designed assessments that allow for multiple pathways for students to demonstrate understanding of the objective(s.
 - Also see Balanced Assessment.
- Persist in adjusting instruction so individual student misunderstandings or advanced needs are successfully accommodated.
 - Intervene in a timely and effective way to help students who are struggling.
 - When formative assessments show a need for intervention or enrichment, make effective impromptu adjustments that individualize instruction.
 - Use progress monitoring data to trace effectiveness of interventions and student response to intervention.
- · Foster student ownership. Create opportunities for students to have voice and choice in instructional tasks.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards

Suggested Evidence	 ✓ Evidence of best practices (flexible grouping, cognitively demanding tasks, open-ended questions) ✓ Informational observations, peer observations, learning walks ✓ Lesson studies 				
Measures	SQRP Antoinment and Growth REACH observation trends (de-identified) Ambitious Instruction Effective Leaders Supportive Environment				
Five Essentials					
MTSS Framework	Curriculum & Instruction 3a. Communicating with Students 3b. Using Questioning and Discussion Techniques 3c. Engaging Students in Learning 3d. Using Assessment in Instruction 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness				
CPS Framework for Teaching					
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	Implements Curricular Scope and Sequence and Reviews Instructional Practices Observes and Evaluates Staff and Gives Feedback to Staff				
NOW WHAT? A	NATERIALS TO SUPPORT IMPROVEMENT PLANNING				
✓ CPS Frame ✓ CPS Frame ✓ Special Ed	work for Teaching with Critical Attributes work for Teaching Professional Learning Modules work for Teaching Professional Learning Opportunities work for Teaching Professional Learning Opportunities work for Teaching Professional Learning Opportunities work for Teaching Professional Learning Committee Com				

Balanced Assessment & Grading:

A balanced assessment system effectively measures the depth and breadth of student learning and monitors student progress towards college and career readiness. It also produces actionable data to inform planning for instruction, academic supports, and resource allocation. To meet these goals, a balanced assessment system must include multiple measures and be responsive to the needs of all students, including diverse learners and English learners.

Assessments do not yet fully utilize universal design to meet the needs of diverse learners. We are developing a school-wide interim assessment, but the ILT does not yet have a system to evaluate the effectiveness of assessment for student achievement. Likewise, we have only begun to build our 5 week summative interims, but have not begun to evaluate our day to day assessments for rigor, alignment to standards, etc. Also, our grading system does not always clearly communicate to students and parents how their children are progressing toward college and career readiness and what specific areas they struggle. We do not have a universal screening system to identify tier 2 and tier 3 students. Teachers do collaborate to create and analyze common assessments.

Score

1 2 3 4

Guide for Balanced Assessment & Grading

- Use multiple measures (i.e. a range of assessment types and at multiple points in time) to supplement district-centralized assessments with other formative assessments to provide a more comprehensive picture of student learning.
- Use screening, diagnostic, and progress monitoring assessment to correctly identify specific gaps and monitor improvement, especially for students receiving Tier 2 and 3 services, in addition to Tier 1 core instruction. (also see MTSS and Instruction)
- Make assessments accessible to students, including diverse learners and English Learners through employing features of universal design and use of accommodations and, where needed, modifications.
 - Provide accommodations in presentation (i.e. how assessment text and tasks are presented to students), response (i.e. how students provide their answers), and/or setting/timing (i.e. scheduling/location of assessment).
- Utilize assessments that reflect the key shifts in literacy and mathematics in teacher created or selected assessments. (see Rigorous Student Tasks)
- Utilize assessments that measure the development of academic language for English learners.
- Have access to and analyze school-wide, teacher team, and classroom assessment data to determine instructional effectiveness and subsequent learning needs
- Improve and promote assessment literacy.
 - Work together on building common assessments within a department, course, or grade level team.
 - Invest resources in helping teachers evaluate and improve the quality of formative assessments. For example, use the Assessment Design Toolkit.
 - Use common protocols and calibrate on scoring and grading in teacher teams.
 - Analyze quality and alignment of assessments and tasks to ensure they meet the expectations of the standards and embed various levels of complexity.
- Have a grading system that clearly, accurately, consistently, and fairly communicates learning progress and achievement to students, families, postsecondary institutions, and prospective employers.
 - Ensure that students, families, teachers, counselors, advisors, and support specialists have the detailed information they need to make important
 decisions about a student's education.
 - Measure, report, and document student progress and proficiency:
 - Against a set of clearly defined cross-curricular and content-area standards and learning objectives collaboratively developed with staff.
 - Separately from work habits, character traits, and behaviors, so that educators, counselors, advisors, and support specialists can accurately
 determine the difference between learning needs and behavioral or work-habit needs. academic mindsets and behaviors (CCSR).
 - Ensure consistency and fairness in the assessment of learning, and assignment of scores and proficiency levels against the same learning standards, across students, teachers, assessments, learning experiences, content areas, and time.
 - Ensure grades are not used as a form of punishment, control, or compliance.

Suggested	 Examples of a variety of teacher created and teacher selected ossessments Units and lesson plans with formative and summative assessments embedded in a long term plan Evidence of assessment data analysis for the purpose of planning 					
Evidence	Assessment calendar Examples of gradebooks School's grading policy Grade distribution reports (course success rates)					
Measures	✓ SQRP Attainment and Growth					
Five Essentials	Ambitious Instruction					
MTSS Framework	Curriculum & Instruction					
CPS Framework for Teaching	1c. Selecting Learning Objectives 1 b. Designing Student Assessment 3d. Using Assessment in Instruction 4a. Deflecting on Teaching & Learning 4b. Maintaining Accords Regards					
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	81. Implements Curricular Scope and Sequence and Reviews Instructional Practices					
Now What?	Materials to Support Improvement Planning					
✓ Assessm	lanced Assessment Framework & Assessment Models ent Design Toolkit r Made Assessment Basics					
-	g principals and guidelines					

Multi-Tiered System of Supports:

The school is characterized by full implementation a system of academic and social emotional (SEL) supports for all students. Every day, in all classrooms, all teachers provide: Universal instruction in the core curriculum - academic & SEL (Tier 1) to all students; additional targeted academic and SEL supports (Tier 2) where needed; and deep and intense supports (Tier 3) based on individual and small group needs. The school also monitors On Track data (grades/GPA and attendance (ES), and course credits (HS)) to provide interventions/supports for students at risk for failure and/or truancy.

Our attendance supports are more developed, but less so in academics. We don't currently track "On Track" (who's failing). We are not implementing PLPs. Students who are failing often continue to fail without adjustments being made to their instruction. We lack some supports and resources to support struggling students. We are also not fully utilizing all available resources. We don't currently have a system in which teams of teachers and related service providers work to effectively support tier 2 and 3 students.

Score

1 2 3 4

Guide for Multi-Tiered System of Supports

- TIER 1 Persist in adjusting instruction so individual student misunderstandings or advanced needs are successfully accommodated. (3e)
 - Intervene in a timely and effective way to help students who are struggling.
 - When formative assessments show a need for intervention or enrichment, teachers make effective impromptu adjustments that individualize instruction for students
 - Use progress monitoring data to trace effectiveness of interventions and student response to intervention.
- TIER 1 Customize the learning environment, pace, and approach of teaching and curriculum in order to meet each learners' individual needs ('Personalized Learning').
 - Empower student to advance their learning.
 - Use up-to-date individual student profiles that include strengths, needs, motivations, and outlines an individualized path to reach his/her goals.
 - Classrooms are student-centered with student agency.
 - Each student has the opportunity to advance upon demonstrating mastery.
- ON TRACK Provide universal supports to prevent failing and absenteeism and targeted interventions for grades below "C" or chronic absenteeism. (On Track)
 - Identify students off track due to low attendance and poor course performance and provide intensive supports to address root causes of why students have low grades and poor attendance.
- TIER 2 & 3 Collaborate and work as teams of teachers and Related Service Providers (RSP) to plan and monitor targeted student support
 with varied instructional strategies and SEL support of varying degrees of intensity for all students.
 - Monitor students requiring and receiving targeted and intensive instruction/interventions.
 - Use the Problem Solving Process to plan Tier 2 and 3 instruction/interventions.
 - Determine appropriate interventions for students or groups of students not making adequate progress.
 - Use progress monitoring data to track effectiveness of interventions and student response to intervention.
- TIER 2 & 3 Implement Personal Learning Plans (PLP) goals and intervention strategies for students requiring school year supports as described in Elementary School Promotion Policy (Board Report 09-1028-PO2).
 - Ensure implementation of these plans, review subsequent 5 week data, determine the effectiveness of the strategies and adjust plans as needed.
- Communicate to parents/guardians the additional supports and/or interventions provided for their child to better align school and home environments.

LYIDENCE, MEAS	ures, and Standards
Suggested Evidence	V Evidence of multi-tiered system of supports (e.g. progress monitoring data, menu of available interventions in use, teacher team protocols in use) V Evidence of Personal Learning Plan (PLP) implementation Integrated data system that informs instructional choices V Flexible learning environments V Use of student learning plans V Use of competency-based assessments V Use of personalized learning rubric V Evidence of On Track monitoring and supports
Measures	SQRP Attainment and Growth Attendance Rates Course success rates (e.g. grade distributions, pass/failure rates)
Five Essentials	Ambitious Instruction Collaborative Teachers Supportive Environment
CPS Framework for Teaching	1a. Demonstrating knowledge of content and pedagogy 1b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students 1d. Designing Coherent Instruction 2d. Managing Student Behavior 3d. Using Assessment in Instruction 3e. Demonstrating Flexibility and Responsiveness 4b. Maintaining Accurate Records
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	B3. MTSS Implemented Effectively in School

Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life

6 of 6 complete

Culture for Learning:

A culture for learning is characterized by a school atmosphere that reflects the educational importance of the work undertaken by both students and staff. It describes the norms that govern the interactions among individuals about the mindsets (e.g. ability/confidence to grow with effort), academic behaviors (e.g. attending classes, completing assignments), the learning strategies and skills, the value of perseverance despite challenges and obstacles, and the general tone of the school. The classroom is characterized by high cognitive energy, by a sense that what is happening there is important, and that it is essential to "get it right." There are high expectations for all students. The classroom is a place where teachers and students value learning and hard work, and students take visible delight in accomplishing their work. Staff believe they can make a difference, that their hard work is the fundamental cause of student achievement, and are invested in student outcomes.

Most teachers provide students with timely feedback as evidenced by grade book. Also, teachers set goals for and with their students as it relates to NWEA and encourage students to reach those goals. Currently most students have not developed a reflective habit of mind for improvement. At this time, teachers have difficulty with differentiating expectations for all students. Our students are more focused on a "fixed mindset" rather than a "growth mindset". For example, once a student has been identified as a diverse learner they remain a diverse learner throughout their school years. We are approaching a score of three because many teachers and students do have a growth mindset and a shared belief in the importance of learning and of the work we do, as evidenced by the serious and rich conversations about student learning that happen at research lessons.

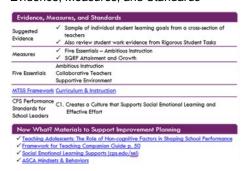
Guide for Culture for Learning

- Create a culture that reflects a shared belief in the importance of learning and hard work.
 - Use strategies to reinforce and cultivate student curiosity.
 - Make learning goals relevant to students, and inspire students to stay committed to their learning goals.
 - Consistently communicate the expectation that all students can achieve at high levels.
 - Utilize strategies to encourage daily and timely attendance.
- Convey high learning expectations for all students and develop structures that enable practice and perseverance for each individual student.
 - Clearly display school-wide expectations for academic and personal success throughout the building.
 - Set high expectations according to grade-appropriate learning objectives.
 - Differentiate expectations so all students stretch to not only meet but exceed personal learning goals.
 - Recognize high levels of student achievement. All students receive recognition.
 - Encourage student resilience and hard work.
 - Ensure students feel safe to share misunderstandings and struggles.
- Encourage students to take ownership and pride in their work where students assume responsibility for high-quality work by persevering, initiating improvements, addressing critiques, making revisions, adding detail and/or helping peers.
 - Students self-assess (e.g. checking own work before giving to teacher) to develop a reflective habit of mind essential for improvement. This ensures
 students take responsibility for their own learning, focuses attention on criteria for success, and increases effort and persistence.
- Provide students frequent, informative feedback.

Score

1 **2** 3 4

- Tell/show students what they have done well (through positive reinforcement) and what they need to do to improve, including clarifying criteria and goals.
- Give feedback on the task, the processes used to complete the task, and on the student's ability to self-regulate their own learning.
- · Develop academic mindsets and behaviors.
 - Teach a growth mindset that over time with effort and practice, students can learn and succeed.
 - Encourage students' sense of belonging to the school and classroom community (see Relational Trust).
 - Employ strategies including ongoing monitoring and support of students' academic behaviors.
 - Praise effort and process. For example, "Good job, that must have taken a lot of effort" instead of, "Good job. You must be really smart."



Relational Trust:

The school is characterized by high levels of relational trust between all school participants - the "glue" or the essential element that coordinates and supports the processes essential to effective school improvement. Interactions, both between the teacher and students and among students, are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring. Students contribute to high levels of civility. Interactions are sensitive to students as individuals, appropriate to the ages and development of individual students, and to

Our teacher to teacher trust was rated "neutral" on the 5 Essentials with 94% saying they agree or strongly agree that they trust each other. Currently, students do not have enough opportunities to build positive relationships with peers. Teacher-principal trust was rated neutral, with most teachers saying that they trust the principal at her word. Students are not as accepting of differences as we would like, for example, with SES or different learning abilities. Currently we do not do enough to build relationships and partnerships with people and organizations outside of our school. Most adult-student interactions are warm and positive.

the context of the class. The net result of interactions is that of academic and personal connections among students and adults.

Score

2 3

Guide for Relational Trust

- Develop trusting relationships with students so each student has at least one trusted adult in the school.
 - Adults are responsible for occasional check-ins or serve as mentors.
- Adult-student interactions are positive, caring, and respectful.
 - Ensure a greater proportion of interactions are positive (as opposed to corrective) between staff and student consistently school-wide.
- Student interactions are mutually supportive and respectful, with strong norms for positive behavior.
 - Create opportunities for students to build positive relationships with peers.
 - Create opportunities for older students to mentor younger students.
- Understand diversity and its impact on student learning; recognize and integrate the learning opportunities that come from a diverse community.
 - Create opportunities for students to learn about the community they serve (e.g. culture and neighborhoods).
 - Have mutual respect for individual differences (e.g. gender, race, culture, etc.) at all levels of the school—student-student; adult-student; adult-adult
 and overall norms for tolerance.
 - Provide training to engage diverse families and communities.
- · Support and respect one another, personally and professionally (Teacher-Teacher Trust, Teacher-Principal Trust)
 - Respect other teachers who take the lead in school improvement efforts.
 - Respect colleagues who are experts at their craft.
 - Exchanges are marked by genuinely listening to what each person has to say and by taking these views into account in subsequent actions. Even when people disagree, individuals can still feel valued if others respect their opinions.
 - Personal regard springs from a collective willingness to extend beyond the formal requirements of a job definition or a union contract (e.g. openness
 or reaching out to others).
- Utilize relationships as a means of deterring truant behavior brought on by unspoken hurdles a child may be facing.

Suggested Evidence	 ✓ Five Essentials/My Voice, My School Survey ✓ School Climate Standards Self-Assessment
Measures	✓ Five Essentials
Five Essentials	Collaborative Teachers Supportive Environment
MTSS Framework	Shared Leadership, Family & Community Engagment
CPS Framework for Teaching	1b. Demonstrating Knowledge of Students 2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport
CPS Performance Standards for School Leaders	D2. Creates, develops and sustains relationships that result in active student engagement in the learning process Creates a Culturally Responsiveness Climate
	aterials to Support Improvement Planning
	tional Learning Supports (cps.edu/sel)
	sools: A Core Resource for School Reform (ASCD) School Community (ASCD)

Student Voice, Engagement, & Civic Life:

Students are interested and engaged in learning, invested in their school, and contributing to their community. The school provides early and ongoing exposure to a wide range of extracurricular activities and rigorous courses and programming.

We do have discussions around current and controversial issues using Socratic seminars and accountable talk. Students have a voice through student council. Although students are beginning to have some opportunities for community engagement (Civic Leadership) they don't currently have enough and they are not fully integrated into their academic and daily work.

Score

1 **2** 3 4

Guide for Student Voice, Engagement, & Civic Life

Study politics

- Teachers teach about the structure and function of government as well as local, national, and international political structures and power dynamics.
- Teachers invite students to reflect on their own role in the political landscape, engage in analyses of power, and identify strategies they can use to utilize civic power as an individual and as a member of a community.
- · Become informed voters and participants in the electoral process
 - Students learn about the history and structures of the local and national voting process and ballot issues and candidates.
 - The school supports non-partisan engagement in all parts of the electoral process, including voter education, voter mobilization and registration.
 - There are a variety of school/classroom activities or simulations that support student voter preparation and participation in the electoral process.
- Engage in discussions about current and controversial issues.
 - Students prepare for discussions, learn about issues that matter to them through deliberation, evaluate evidence from a range of sources, consider competing views, develop arguments, and deepen their viewpoints.
 - With teachers' support, students learn how to engage in and lead respectful and productive democratic discussions where everyone expresses their viewpoints, shares evidence, and listens to one another.
 - Teachers teach how to find different points of view online and instruct how to engage in respectful, informed, and productive online dialogue.
- · Explore their identities and beliefs
 - Teachers design learning experiences that enable students to explore how their identities influence their lived experiences and their perspectives.
 - Students are encouraged to learn about and understand the perspectives of those who have different identities and beliefs.
 - School staff reflect on their own identities and consider how that impacts their role and support of teaching and learning with youth.
- Exercise student voice
 - Students can participate on multiple decision/policy making bodies and their perspectives are regularly included in decisions at their school.
 - Student Voice Committee represents the diversity of the school, addresses school-based issues, and regularly gathers input from their peers to inform and impact school policy and decisions.
 - Teachers respond to and integrate students' lived experiences, perspectives, and interests in class.
 - Authentically interact with civics leaders
 - Students learn about community, city, state, and national civic leaders and their roles in civil society.
 - School staff support engagement with civic leaders by inviting them into

classrooms/the school and identifying face-to-face or online avenues for students to share their feedback and perspectives with civic leaders.

Engage with their community

• Students complete at least 2 service learning projects before graduation in which they gain exposure to civic organizations, leaders, and careers. Students gain tools to work cooperatively in partnership with peers, community members, and organizations to advance a specific cause

- Take informed action where they work together to propose and advocate for solutions.
 - Students research and analyze issues that matter to them, identify root causes, develop a theory of action, determine relevant audiences, outline specific goals, implement a response, and reflect before, during and after experiences.
 - Students use social and digital platforms to raise awareness about issues, produce and circulate multimedia content, and mobilize involvement.

Experience a Schoolwide civics cultur

- School leaders articulate a commitment to and vision for the importance of civic learning; students are civic leaders in the school.
- Schools integrate civic learning across the curriculum, including projects that address relevant issues in their schools and communities.
- School staff have professional development, collaboration time, and curriculum resources to infuse civic learning across disciplines.
- Systems and structures exist where students are invited to participate in shaping school's policies, goals, instruction, and climate.

	MVMS Student Survey completion rates and results		
	Artifacts from student-run organizations and events (including SVCs)		
	Mooting minutes/agendas that include student participation		
20 000000	Policias regarding student angegement in decision making		
Suggested Evidence	 Service learning reports and/or reflections of SL projects 		
	 Unit and curriculum maps, rubrics, assessment artifacts 		
	Evidence of student work		
	Democracy School recognition		
Mooruros	✓ Fine Essentials - Supportive Environment		
Five Essentials	Supportiva Environment		
MTSS Framework	Curriculum & Instruction, Family & Community Engagment		
CPS Framowork for	2a. Creating an Environment of Respect and Rapport		
Tooching	3c. Engaging Students in Learning		
CPS Performance			
Standards for School Loadors	D2. Utilizer Feedback from Multiple Stakeholders for School Improvement		
Contant Standards	Illinois Social Science Standards, Illinois Social Emotional Learning Standards, CCSI ELA/HST Standards		

Safety & Order:

The school is characterized by high levels of safety and order. Students feel physically and emotionally safe from harm, and adults work to actively maintain a safe, orderly school environment.

Our rating on student safety is weak. Nearly a quarter of students don't feel completely safe in hallways and washrooms. Our approaches to discipline are not fully restorative. Criteria for office referrals are not clear. Most teachers have effective routines and procedures in place for students as they transition within the school. Most staff teach, model and reinforce clear behavior expectations. However, support staff do not always practice active supervision. Support staff do not always use best practices for redirecting student behavior. (E.g collective punishment versus targeted consequences.)

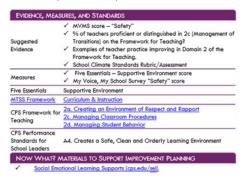
Score

1 2 3 4

Guide for Safety & Order

- . Ensure students and adults feel physically, socially, intellectually, and emotionally safe throughout the school.
- Provide clear procedures for reporting and responding to safety concerns.
- · Manage efficient and orderly transitions between activities.
 - Manage classroom routines and procedures to maximize instructional time.
 - Orchestrate the environment so students contribute to the management of classroom routines (e.g. transitions) without disruption of learning).
 - Arrival, dismissal, and other school-wide transitions are safe, efficient, and orderly.
- Provide a framework for positive behavior throughout the school based on shared values and expectations.
 - Have shared expectations for positive behavior. (See Restorative Approaches to Discipline)
- . Teach, model, and reinforce (by all staff members) clear behavior expectations for all areas of the school.
 - All adults use active supervision (move, scan, and interact) in all settings.
- Have a voice and take informed action.
 - Students are included in key conversations about their learning experience and work with the principal and staff to identify issues and implement solutions. (e.g. student voice committee).
 - Students initiate and lead some school improvement initiatives.
 - Students participate in democratic decision-making at the school level.
 - Students identify and research issues of relevance and work together to propose/advocate for solutions.
- Emphasize proactive, instructive, and restorative approaches to student behavior and minimize punitive consequences through policies and procedures. (See Restorative Approaches to Discipline)
- Adults correct misbehavior in ways that reinforce established expectations and cause minimal disruption to learning.
- Clarify criteria for office referrals versus classroom managed behavior.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



Restorative Approaches to Discipline:

The school is characterized by having and implementing policies and procedures that emphasize proactive, instructive, and restorative approaches minimizing punitive consequences. Discipline practices primarily focus on shaping behavior as opposed to punishing behavior. The school only uses out-of-school suspension as a last resort and utilizes a systems-change approach to bring

about a more restorative culture. The school is also characterized by strong and consistent school and classroom climates. The school reinforces positive behaviors and responds to misbehaviors in calm, respectful, and thoughtful ways, teaching students important social and emotional skills that enable them to get along with others, make responsible decisions, and focus on learning. When misbehavior occurs, the school seeks to understand the underlying reasons (root cause) in order to design a response that effectively changes student behavior using a menu of instructive, corrective and restorative responses.

Most teachers use some form of positive rewards to recognize good behavior. Most reactions to misbehavior are calm and instructive. All teachers have a deliberate system to reinforce positive student behavior. We have not found an effective system to engage families and parents. Some programs we have used and some teachers still implement are morning meetings, calm classroom, PBIS, and some restorative practices. We do not have a consistent restorative justice system. We do not have a team to support students with SEL needs. We have not established a culture in which students take responsibility for harm they have caused. Some staff need additional support with strategies and skills for supervising behavior.

Guide for Restorative Approaches to Discipline

- PROACTIVE Reinforce positive student behavior with clear expectations, routines, and procedures.
 - A team meets regularly to organize systems that support a restorative environment.
 - Develop, reinforce, and model shared agreements and clear, positively stated expectations.
 - Well-managed routines and transitions maximize instructional time.
 - Engage families as partners.
 - Contact families frequently to inform them of positive student behavior and progress.
 - Vary acknowledgements and provide both short and long term opportunities for reinforcement for all students.
- INSTRUCTIVE Integrate universal SEL skills instruction and core content.
 - Intentionally teach competencies outlined in SEL Standards. Use discipline as opportunity to teach these skills.
 - Use a Multi-tiered System of Supports (MTSS) for social, emotional, and behavioral growth.
 - Use data to determine which behaviors should be retaught or more heavily reinforced.
 - Explicitly teach expected behavior and positively reinforce consistently school-wide.
 - Avoid power struggles with students by offering choices. Redirect students privately and respectfully.
- RESTORATIVE Employ a discipline system that guides students to take ownership, resolve conflict, and learn from their actions.
 - Support all staff to engage in restorative conversations and respond to behavior incidents in ways that de-escalate conflict, reteach expectations, build social & emotional skills, repair relationships, and cause minimal disruption to learning.
 - Support staff in understanding the impact of trauma on student behaviors and using trauma-sensitive approaches to discipline.
 - Identify clear disciplinary procedures for classroom-managed behaviors and office-managed behaviors. Develop a continuum of interventions and logical consequences that address the root cause of behavior and align to MTSS processes.
 - Ensure discipline systems minimize the use of punitive responses, including removing students from the classroom or school community.
 - Respond equitably to students in all subgroups. Implement processes that address and meet the needs of students who are impacted by behavior incidents.
 - Designate an administrator, such as a dean or restorative practices coordinator, responsible for leading centrally-managed response to behaviors
 using consistent, restorative processes.
 - Provide opportunities for students to take responsibility for repairing harm caused by their actions, generate solutions, and resolve conflicts with peers
 or staff.

Score

3

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



Parent and Family Partnership:

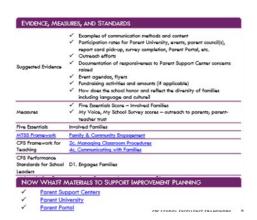
All schools have authentic partnerships with parents or family members that lead to a sense of shared responsibility for the academic, physical, and social emotional development of their students. Through meaningful consultation with parents, these partnerships include creating an intentional process to foster and sustain school-wide procedures, programs, and activities which involve and empower parents or family members and are responsive to student and family's needs. Schools provide a variety of parent volunteer opportunities (both in and out of school) and leadership opportunities (ie - PACs, BACs and PLNs), which support school operations, instructional programs and community partnerships. Research shows that when families, schools and communities partner in promoting learning and healthy development for all students schools thrive and student outcomes increase. The development and implementation of effective outreach and communication strategies will be inclusive of all families and school staff, creating a two-way feedback loop process which will lead to an increase in the home-school connection to identify, problem-solve and design actions which target instructional and student programs.

We use a variety of outreach strategies for parents (parent portal, principal and teacher newsletters). LSC and PAC meetings are regular venues where parents can participate. The school is generally a non-threatening, welcoming, warm and inviting environment. Math and literacy nights are sporadic. We need more authentic and engaging activities in the school community (assemblies, Black history, math and literacy nights, Pi day). The Holding Circle runs weekly parent groups. Some parents assist in planning and carrying out events like Field Day. Parents have become more aware of attendance expectations. We promote the use of Parent Portal on report card days.

Guide for Parent and Family Partnership

- Establish a non-threatening, welcoming environment that is warm, inviting, and helpful.
- Provide frequent, high quality, well publicized opportunities for families and community to participate in authentic and engaging activities in the school community (e.g. student performances/ exhibitions, literacy or math events).
- · Provide multiple opportunities for parents to ask questions, raise concerns, and give feedback.
 - Respond to families' concerns and requests for information professionally and in a timely manner, providing resources and solutions to address the
 concerns
- Solicit the support and engagement of families as partners in the instructional program (e.g. volunteering, working at home with their child, involvement in class and school projects in and out of school, and parent workshops).
 - Host events for parents to share with other parents how home and school complement each other.
 - Share best practices around learning and development with parents to support students at home.
 - Inform parents of grade level standards and expectations and grading policies with a clear description of what meeting the standard looks like.
 - Inform parents of attendance expectations and the impact of attendance on a student's trajectory.
 - Assist parents to volunteer in the school and/or participate on teams/committees.
 - Promote the use of Parent Portal and Parent University to connect and engage parents with school.
- Frequently communicate with families about class and individual activities and individual student's progress.
 - Regularly inform parents of their child's progress across all relevant measures: attendance, discipline, academics, social-emotional learning, and health and wellness.
 - Send regular, positive, personalized communication from a staff member.
 - Use a variety of consistent communication methods (e.g. calls, text, newsletter, website, face to face) sensitive to cultural norms and needs.
- · Conduct intensive outreach to families in need of specialized support through home visits and collaboration with social services agencies.
 - School responses to student excessive absences and/or tardiness includes outreach to families.
- Provide proactive communication (e.g. parent handbook and resources).
- Partner equitably with parents speaking languages other than English.
 - Information is provided to parents in their native language.
 - Parent meetings scheduled with interpreters present to facilitate participation.

Evidence, Measures, and Standards



School Excellence Framework Priorities

Score Framework dimension and category

Area of focus Ø= Not of focus

Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Aligned Resources

Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching: Balanced Assessment & Grading

2	Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching: Multi-Tiered System of St	upports		1	2	3	4	5	0
	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Culture for Learning			1	2	3	4	5	0
Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Restorative Approaches to Discipline			1	2	3	4	5	0	
	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Safety & Order			1	2	3	4	5	0
	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Student Voice, Engagemen	t, & Civic Life		1	2	3	4	5	0
	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Leadership & Collective Re	sponsibility		1	2	3	4	5	0
	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Professional Learning			1	2	3	4	5	0
	Expectations for depth & breadth of Quality Teaching: Instruction			1	2	3	4	5	0
	Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Curriculum			1	2	3	4	5	Ø
Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Instructional Materials			1	2	3	4	5	0	
	Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Rigorous Student Tasks			1	2	3	4	5	0
Expectations for depth & breadth of Student Learning: Transitions, College & Career Access & Persistence			1	2	3	4	5	0	
Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Parent and Family Partnership			1	2	3	4	5	Ø	
	Expectations for Quality & Character of School Life: Relational Trust			1	2	3	4	5	0
	Culture of & Structure for Continuous Improvement: Instructional Leadership Te	am		1	2	3	4	5	Ø
·	metrics (Elementary)	2016-2017 Actual	2017-2018 Actual	2017 SQR Goal		S	018-2 QRP oal		f 18 compl 2019-202 SQRP Goal
National School Growth Percentile - Reading		92.00	75.00 93		93.00		94.00		
assessme	nenting a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interiments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to get instruction to individual students.	78.00	92.00	73.	.00		93.00	,	94.00
ational S	chool Growth Percentile - Math								
assessme	nenting a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interiments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to get instruction to individual students.	43.00	77.00	75	.00		80.00		85.00
% of Stud€	ents Meeting/Exceeding National Ave Growth Norms								
	nenting a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interiments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to	54.50	59.70	65	.00		65.00)	70.00

better target instruction to individual students.

By implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim	82.00	92.00	75.00	93.00	94.00
assessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to better target instruction to individual students.					
ispanic Growth Percentile - Reading					
NA	(Blank)	(Blank)	0.00	0.00	0.00
nglish Learner Growth Percentile - Reading					
NA .	(Blank)	(Blank)	0.00	0.00	0.00
iverse Learner Growth Percentile - Reading					
y implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim sessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to	99.00	99.00	20.00	80.00	85.00
better target instruction to individual students.					
frican-American Growth Percentile - Math					
By implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim assessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to	42.00	76.00	75.00	80.00	85.0
better target instruction to individual students.					
ispanic Growth Percentile - Math					
NA .	(Blank)	(Blank)	0.00	0.00	0.00
nglish Learner Growth Percentile - Math					
NA .	(Blank)	(Blank)	0.00	0.00	0.00
iverse Learner Growth Percentile - Math					
By implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim assessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to	42.00	98.00	65.00	80.00	85.00
better target instruction to individual students.					
ational School Attainment Percentile - Reading (Grades 3-8)					
By implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim assessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to	35.00	56.00	50.00	70.00	75.0
better target instruction to individual students.					
ational School Attainment Percentile - Math (Grades 3-8)					
By implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim assessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to better target instruction to individual students.	25.00	36.00	50.00	50.00	55.00
ational School Attainment Percentile - Reading (Grade 2)					

35.00

6.00

40.00

30.00

40.00

National School Attainment Percentile - Math (Grade 2)

By implementing a full MTSS system, including BOY/EOY and 5-week interim assessments, teachers will be better informed about student progress and will be able to better target instruction to individual students.

% of Students Making Sufficient Annual Progress on ACCESS NA (Blank) (Blank) 0.00 0.00 0.00 **Average Daily Attendance Rate** The school has developed several successful initiatives to promote student attendance 95.40 94.60 96.00 96.00 97.00 that target individual students across tiers 1, 2 and 3. . We will maintain what's working and continue developing new strategies for incremental growth in this measure. My Voice, My School 5 Essentials Survey (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) (Blank) 0 of 0 complete Custom metrics 2016-2017 2017-2018 2017-2018 2018-2019 2019-2020 SQRP Actual Actual **SQRP SQRP** Goal Goal Goal Strategies Strategy 1 If we do... ...which leads to... ...then we see... Provide differentiated instruction to tier 2 and A reduction in the number of tier 2 and 3 Decrease in the percent of students who are off tier 3 students by fully implementing an MTSS students. track and performing below grade level. system Area(s) of focus: Tags: MTSS, Mtss folders, Mtss tiers 1, 2, and, Mtss plann, Mtss math, Mtss coordinator, Mtss tool, Mtss team, Mtss process, Mtss referral handbook Action step Responsible Timeframe Status Jun 20, 2018 to Establish the MTSS team. Dr. Lee and Mr. Not started Sep 4, 2018 Davis Sep 4, 2018 to MTSS team Not started Determine who is responsible for tier 3 interventions. Oct 1, 2018 Jun 20, 2018 to Refine MTSS Planning Guide (Includes criteria for each tier in reading and MTSS team Not started Sep 4, 2018 math at each grade level; guide to the progress monitoring process; assessments to use for each tier; data collection and documentation Jul 1, 2018 to Create a schedule for tier 2 and 3 interventions that doesn't conflict with MTSS team Not started Aug 31, 2018 tier 1 instruction time. Oct 1, 2018 to Monitor implementation of interventions by classroom teachers. MTSS team Not started Jun 1, 2019

Provide professional development for teachers

Oct 1, 2018 to

Jun 3, 2019

Not started

MTSS team

Strategy 2

If we do...

Raise expectations for and recognition of academic excellence. Assemblies. Greater promotion and use of apps. Spelling bee. Monthly school focus (questioning, etc). Student of the month. Literacy night. Math night. Graduates coming back for panel discussion. College campus visits. Career days. Activities that convey to students the importance of the work we are doing now for their future. Daily question over the intercom, the classrooms that have the answer buzz the office. Teachers give students work packets to do when they are "done". History and science fair. Student work portfolios. Gallery walks. Students and teachers presenting their work publicly to a broader audience. School wide projects (e.g. pollution in nearby river, community issues, social justice issues.) Teachers, admin and students visit other schools that are successful.

...then we see...

Students are motivated and engaged in the learning process. They take ownership of the learning process. Enhancements in teacher learning, development and capacity. Support staff are more involved in academic support. Greater parental and community support and engagement.

...which leads to...

Improving and advancing student learning. Increasing teacher satisfaction and retention. Increasing parent and student satisfaction and engagement.

Tags: Area(s) of focus:

Action step

Develop a "Culture for Learning" series of events. Literacy night, math night, science fair, history fair, spelling bee, academic decathlon/olympics, international fair, academic-focused assemblies (honor roll, Black history, pep rally)

Responsible

ILT, a committee for each event. (Two teachers at each grade level split up serving on the math/science committee and the literacy/history fair.) Timeframe

Sep 4, 2018 to Jun 12, 2020 Status

Not started

Develop a series of college and career promotion activities. Career day, university campus visits, high school and college guest speakers, speakers with "failure and redemption, learn from my mistakes" stories.

ILT and school counselor, social workers, dean.

Sep 4, 2018 to Jun 19, 2020

Not started

Strategy 3

If we do...

Through grade level teacher planning and collaboration, develop a grade level diagnostic assessment for BOY and EOY. (The same assessment given twice.) Share EOY data with the next grade level.

...then we see...

A more balanced assessment and grading system. Teachers are better informed at BOY to target instruction to standards students have not mastered and to specific students who have not mastered them.

...which leads to...

Improved student learning.

Tags: Area(s) of focus:

Action step Responsible Timeframe Status

Develop or identify BOY/EOY assessments.

Grade level teachers

select

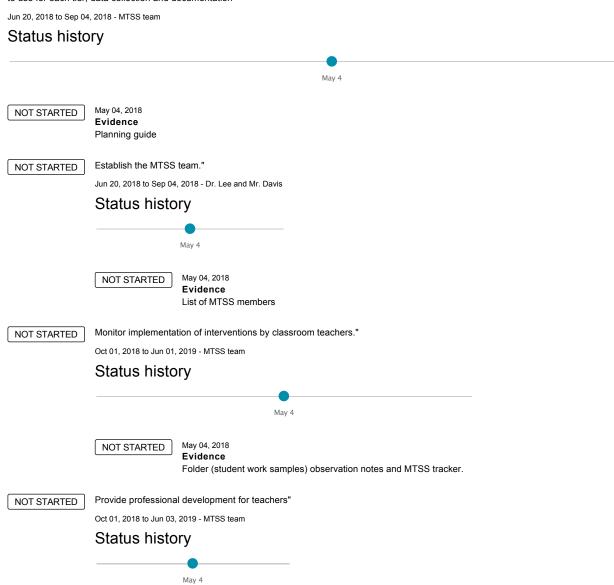
Behind

Strategy 1



NOT STARTED

Refine MTSS Planning Guide (Includes criteria for each tier in reading and math at each grade level; guide to the progress monitoring process; assessments to use for each tier; data collection and documentation"



May 04, 2018 NOT STARTED Evidence PD plan Create a schedule for tier 2 and 3 interventions that doesn't conflict with tier 1 instruction time." NOT STARTED Jul 01, 2018 to Aug 31, 2018 - MTSS team Status history May 4 May 04, 2018 NOT STARTED Evidence Weekly schedule that includes time for interventions.

Strategy 2

NOT STARTED

Develop a "Culture for Learning" series of events. Literacy night, math night, science fair, history fair, spelling bee, academic decathlon/olympics, international fair, academic-focused assemblies (honor roll, Black history, pep rally)"

Sep 04, 2018 to Jun 12, 2020 - ILT, a committee for each event. (Two teachers at each grade level split up serving on the math/science committee and the literacy/history fair.)

Status history

May 4 May 04, 2018 NOT STARTED **Evidence** The events NOT STARTED Develop a series of college and career promotion activities. Career day, university campus visits, high school and college guest speakers, speakers with

"failure and redemption, learn from my mistakes" stories."

Sep 04, 2018 to Jun 19, 2020 - ILT and school counselor, social workers, dean.

Status history

May 4 May 04, 2018 NOT STARTED Evidence **Events**

Strategy 3



Next steps

Fund Compliance

Supplemental General State Aid(SGSA)

My school receives SGSA funds

By checking the above box, the school is verifying that the attendance center complies with the statement regarding the use of SGSA funds:

- 1. The attendance center allocation is correctly based on the number of students eligible to receive free and reduced lunch and breakfast.
- 2. The attendance center has an approced plan, developed in consultation with teachers, administrators, and other appropriate personnel, and parents of thes tudents attending the attendance center.
- 3. The attendance center's plan is approved by the LSC and CPS.
- 4. SGSA funded activities fall within the allowable program categories: early childhood education, reduced class size, enrichment programs, remedial assistance, attendance improvement, and other educationally beneficial expenditures which supplement the regular programs as determined by the illinois state board of education.
- 5. SGSA Funds supplement and do not suppland non-categorical and other categorical funds allocated to the attendance center.
- 6. SGSA funds are supporting only those activities specified in the school's approved plan/amendment.
- 7. SGSA funds are not used for capital expenditures. 8. SGSA funds are not used for any political or lobbying activities by the attendance center.

ESSA Program

ESSA Schoolwide Program

(Not available to schools receiving NCLB funds for the first time) [Title 1/SW].

The school annually reviews the schoolwide plan/program. The schoolwide program plan is available to CPS, parents, and the public, and the information in the plan is in an understandable and uniform format, and to the extent practicable in a language the parents can understand.

ESSA Targeted Assistance Program Title I funded staff participate in the school's general professional development and school planning activities. Title I funded staff assume limited duties that are assigned to similar personnel including duties beyond the classroom, or that do not benefit Title I students, as long as the amount of time spent on such duties is the same proportion of the total work time with respect to similar staff.

Non-title school that does not receive any Title funds

Parent Involvement in Targeted Assistance and Schoolwide Programs

I verify that the statement below is correct

Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), the reauthorization of the Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965 continues a legislative commitment to parental involvement. Central features of prior reauthorizations, such as school-parent compacts, parent involvement policies, and the parent involvement funding formula remain unaltered. However, the ESSA reauthorization represents a notable shift in the role of parental involvement in the schools. It includes new provisions increasing parental notification requirements, parental selection of educational options, and parental involvement in governance. It envisions parents as informed and empowered decision makers in their children's education.

Parent and Family Plan

Parent and Family Engagement Policy

Complete

Schools must involve parents and family in the joint development and periodic review and revision of the ESSA, Title I school parental and family engagement plan and policy, and in the process of school review and improvement. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

Parents will be invited to attend monthly PAC (Parent Advisory Council) meetings and will have an opportunity to have input into the development of and periodic review of the NCLB, Title I school parental involvement plan and policy.

The school will hold an annual meeting at a time convenient to parents and families during the first month of school to inform them of the school's participation in ESSA, Title I programs and to explain the Title I requirements and their right to be involved in the Title I programs. The school will also offer a number of additional parental and family engagement meetings, including school PAC meetings, at different times and will invite all parents and key family members of children participating in the ESSA, Title I program to these meetings, and encourage them to attend. Please describe how this will be accomplished. Please list the projected date of your Title I Annual Meeting and your Title I PAC Organizational Meeting

The school will hold its Annual Title I PAC meeting and PAC Organization meeting on September 27, 2018 where parents will be informed of the school's participation in NCLB, Title I programs, and their right to be involved in Title I programs. The PAC will host monthly meetings at the school and invite all parents to attend. Flyers will be sent home to inform parents of meetings at least a week in advance. Flyers and agendas will be posted at the schools main entrance in advance of the meetings. The principal will also include notification during weekly robo calls.

At the request of parents and family members, schools will provide opportunities for regular meetings, including the School Parent Advisory Council meetings, for parents and family members to formulate suggestions and to participate, as appropriate, in decisions about the education of their children. Please describe how the school will immediately respond to any such suggestions.

School administration will attend monthly PAC meetings where parents will have the opportunity to formulate suggestions and participate in decisions about the education of their children. School administration's attendance at the meetings will enable them to give immediate feedback or to respond at subsequent meetings to any such suggestions.

Schools will provide parents a report of their child's performance on the State assessment in at least math, language arts and reading. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

The school will send home individual NWEA and PARCC student performance reports as soon as they are available in early fall. Parents may also request this information from their child's teacher or administration.

Schools will provide parents timely notice when their child has been assigned to, or taught by, a teacher who is not "highly qualified," as defined in the Title I Final Regulations, for at least four (4) consecutive weeks. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

The school will send home letters informing parents when at any time their child is taught by a teacher who is not qualified for four weeks..

Schools will assist parents of participating ESSA Title I children in understanding: the state's academic content standards; the state's student academic achievement standards; the state and local academic assessments including alternate assessments; the requirements of Title I, Part A; how to monitor their child's progress; and how to work with educators. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

The school will host Open House/Curriculum Night on September 27, 2018 where parents will get information regarding the curriculum and assessment tools, including state assessments. Parents will receive letters at the beginning, middle, and end of year outlining students progress on a variety of interim assessments. The school will host parent workshops to help inform parents on how to best support their children at home. The principal will also conduct two (2) State of the School Addresses to ensure parents understand the state's academic content standards, the state's student academic achievement standards, and the state and local academic assessments including alternate assessments.

Schools will provide information, resources, materials and training, including literacy training and technology, as appropriate, to assist parents and family members in working with their children to improve their academic achievement, and to encourage increased parental involvement. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

The school will host grade level parent workshops to help inform parents on how to best support their children at home.

Schools will educate all staff in the value and utility of contributions by parents and family and in how to reach out to, communicate and work with, parents and family as equal partners in the education of their children and in how to implement and coordinate parent and family programs and build ties with parents and family members. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

School staff development will include effective communication with parents to impact student achievement. The school staff will host Open House/Curriculum Night in September as well as parent workshops to help inform parents on how to best support their children at home. Teachers will use various internet-based programs to communicate with parents, such as, Class Dojo and Parent Portal.

Schools will, to the extent feasible and appropriate, coordinate and integrate parent and family programs and activities with Head Start, Reading First, Early Reading First involvement, Even Start, Home Instruction Programs for Preschool Youngsters, the Parents as Teachers Program, public preschool, and other programs, to further encourage and support parents and families in more fully participating in their children's education. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

Pre-K and Kindergarten teachers and parents will participate fully in Open House/Curriculum Night and parent workshops throughout the school year. Pre-K and Kindergarten parents will be informed of their children's progress on early literacy assessements and communication on how to best support their early readers at home.

Schools will ensure that information related to the school and parent and family programs, meetings, and other activities is sent to parents in understandable and uniform formats, including language. Please describe how this will be accomplished.

The school will send home flyers related to school events and parent programs and meetings in multiple languages if necessary. The school will also use robo-call system and website to get information to parents pertaining to programs in meetings. Robo-calls and website information will be provided in multiple languages if necessary.

Policy Implementation Activities

▼ The LSC will approve the school improvement plan and monitor the CIWP.

V

In the CIWP, the school identifies current parental and family engagement practices and outlines activities related to expanding parent and family partnership programs.

V

The school will coordinate the parent and family engagement programs identified in the CIWP.

W

The school will evaluate the Parent and Family Engagement Policy for effectiveness and make improvements as necessary.

Explain why any of the boxes above are unchecked: (type "n/a" if all are checked)

N/A

School-Parent Compact Complete

The school will provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive and effective learning environment that enables the participating student to meet the State's student academic achievement standards. Describe how the school will provide high-quality curriculum and instruction in a supportive environment. (Restate the school mission.)

South Shore Fine Arts Academy's mission is to prepare every student for success in high school and beyond by providing a standards based, vertically aligned, well integrated, and engaging curriculum tailored to meet all students' needs, including students with special needs. By aligning curriculum to State Standards and implementing MTSS systems, the school will provide high quality curriculum in a supportive environment.

The school will hold parent-teacher conferences. Describe the kinds of parent-teacher conferences that will be held and the dates on which they are scheduled.

The school will hold parent-teacher conferences twice a year where teachers and parents will review report cards and assessment results together. The first parent-teacher conference will be in mid November and the second in April.

The school will provide parents with frequent reports on their children's progress. Describe when and how the school will provide reports to parents.

Parents will receive quarterly report cards, 5-week progress reports, and assessment summaries three times a year. The reports will be sent home with students and will require parent signatures.

The school will provide parents access to staff. Describe when, where and how staff will be available for consultations with parents.

Staff will be available for parent conferences every morning from 7:50-8:00. Parents may go to the main office to request an appointment with teacher or administrative staff. Parents may also contact teachers via the CPS email to schedule appointments.

The school will provide parents opportunities to volunteer and participate in their children's classes. Describe how and when parents and family members may volunteer, participate, and observe classroom activities.

Parents may request to observe their child's class at any time. Parents will be encouraged to volunteer for field trips, curriculum nights, fund raisers, and other school events. Parents will be required to complete CPS' Parent Volunteer Application.

The parents will support their children's learning. Describe how the parents will assist learning (i.e. monitoring attendance, homework completion).

Parents will support their children's learning by making sure that their child is at school everyday on time, assisting their child with homework, attending parent meetings and workshops, and meeting with school staff as needed.

The parents will participate in decisions relating to the education of their children. Describe when, where and how parents will consult with the school.

Parents will consult with the school during PAC and LSC meetings, at parent-teacher conferences, during as needed appointments, and through parent surveys.

The students will share the responsibility for improved student academic achievement. Describe how the students will assure academic achievement (i.e. good attendance, positive attitude, class preparation).

Students will assure their own academic achievement by being at school each day prepared to work and being safe, respectful and responsible.

Parent Budget Complete

Goals: Indicate goals, timeline of activities and training topics that are designed to assist parents and families with increasing their students' academic achievement. The overarching goal is to increase student academic achievement through parental and family engagement involvement; specify your goals.

With a focus on College and Career Readiness, the goal of the PAC is to increase parent engagement in the process. Parents will be invited to sessions focused on helping students improve their grades, high school readiness, and vision planning.

Allocate your Mandated Title 1 Parent and Family Engagement Funds to support your Parent and Family Engagement Program.

Account(s) Description Allocation

51130, 52130	Teacher Presenter/ESP Extended Day For Teacher presenter, ESP Extended Day, please remember to put money on the benefits line. Non-Instructional pay rate applies.	\$ 537	.00
53405	Supplies In addition to supplies for parent program, please use this account to also purchase books for parents only. Use this account for equipment with a per unit cost of less than \$500.	\$ 1000	.00
53205	Refreshments Allocation CAN NOT EXCEED 25% of the Parent Budget. Refreshments must be used for Title 1 PAC meetings, trainings and workshops.	\$ 545	.00
54125	Consultants For Parent Training Only. Consultant must have a CPS vendor number and paid with a Purchase Order after service is rendered (NO CHECKS ARE ALLOWED)	\$ 0	.00
54505	Admission and Registration Fees, Subscriptions and memberships For Parents use only.	\$ 0	.00
54205	/pFravel Buses for Parents use. Overnight Conference travel- schools must follow the CPS Travel Policy. The CPS Parent Overnight Travel Approval Form and Conference Travel Form must be completed.	\$ 0	.00
54565		\$ 0	.00
53510	Postage Must be used for parent and family engagement programs only.	\$ 100	.00
53306	Software Must be educational and for parent use only.	\$ 0	.00
55005	Furniture and Equipment Must have a parent room or a secure place to keep furniture/equipment. Cannot be placed in the main office or where staff and students have access too. To by used only by parents.	\$ 0	.00