

Pershing Elementary Network

4436 S Union Ave Chicago, IL 60609

ISBE ID: 150162990252224

School ID: 609947 Oracle ID: 23391



Mission Statement

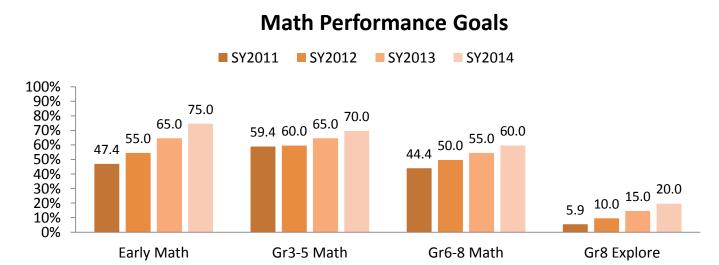
To enable our students to succeed academically and become productive citizens by implementing a curriculum aligned to the Common Core Standards while providing a safe and positive learning environment.

Strategic Priorities

- 1. Improve student achievement
- 2. Implement schoolwide RTI
- 3. Improve student attendance

School Performance Goals

Literacy Performance Goals





Continuous Improvement Work Plan 2012 - 2014



Overview

The Continuous Improvement Work Plan (CIWP) is a stream-lined, strategic planning process for schools that also meets the state and federal requirements of a school improvement plan. The CIWP uses previous goal and priority setting completed by the schools from the Scorecard metrics, School Effectiveness Framework and Theory of Action. Please see the CIWP Planning Guide at www.cps.edu/CIWP for detailed instructions on completing the tool.

School Name To get started, please select your school's name from the drop down list: Alexander Graham Elementary School

Developing a CIWP Team

A CIWP team consists of 6 – 12 committed stakeholders that act as the steering committee for the entire CIWP planning process. The principal should serve as the chairperson of the CIWP Team, appointing other team members from the school and community, which can include members from the ILT and/or LSC. These CIWP Team members should have strengths in collaboration and consensus-building. While the CIWP Team needs to remain small, it should include people with a variety of perspectives.

CIWP Team	
Name (Print)	Title/Relationship
John Nichols	Principal
Dione Wilson	Assistant Principal
Lutitia Halcolm	Classroom Teacher
Theresa Huante	ELL Teacher
Karen McDonagh	Special Education Faculty
Jamie McElligott	Classroom Teacher
Wanda Power	Classroom Teacher
Dorothy Clabaugh	Other
Christine Campos	LSC Member
Dawn Brewer	LSC Member
Kenneth Sifuentes	LSC Member





Elementary Goal Setting

Instructions: Your school's data is organized by Scorecard categories. Using your current performance data and your SY2012 goals, determine the SY2013 & SY2014 performance goals for each metric. Note: ISAT scores include all students in the aggregates, including English Language Learners.

Academic Achievement

Pre-K - 2nd Grade	SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal		SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY201
Early Literacy % of students at Benchmark on DIBELS, IDEL	76.7	80.0	82.0	85.0	Early Math % of students at Benchmark on mClass	47.4	55.0	65.0	75.0
3rd - 5th Grade									
Grade Level Performance - Reading % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	38.8	45.0	50.0	55.0	Grade Level Performance - Math % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	59.4	60.0	65.0	70.0
Keeping Pace - Reading % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	51.6	60.0	65.0	70.0	Keeping Pace - Math % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	76.2	78.0	80.0	80.0
6th - 8th Grade									
Grade Level Performance - Reading % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	31.3	40.0	45.0	50.0	Grade Level Performance - Math % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	44.4	50.0	55.0	60.0
Keeping Pace - Reading % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	49.3	60.0	65.0	70.0	Keeping Pace - Math % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	66.7	68.0	72.0	75.0
8th Grade									
Explore - Reading % of students at college readiness benchmark	35.3	40.0	45.0	50.0	Explore - Math % of students at college readiness benchmark	5.9	10.0	15.0	20.0





Elementary Goal Setting

Instructions: Your school's data is organized by Scorecard categories. Using your current performance data and your SY2012 goals, determine the SY2013 & SY2014 performance goals for each metric. Note: ISAT scores include all students in the aggregates, including English Language Learners.

Climate & Culture

All Grades	SY2011	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal		SY2011	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal
Attendance Rate Average daily attendance rate	92.5	93.5	94.5	95.0	Misconducts Rate of Misconducts (any) per 100	27.4	25.0	20.0	15.0

State Assessment

All Grades % Meets & Exceeds	SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal	All Grades % Exceeds	SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal
ISAT - Reading % of students meeting or exceeding state standards	72.9	77.0	80.0	84.0	ISAT - Reading % of students exceeding state standards	11.1	15.0	18.0	21.0
ISAT - Mathematics % of students meeting or exceeding state standards	82.0	84.0	86.0	88.0	ISAT - Mathematics % of students exceeding state standards	20.8	22.0	25.0	28.0
ISAT - Science % of students meeting or exceeding state standards	74.2	77.0	80.0	84.0	ISAT - Science % of students exceeding state standards	9.3	12.0	15.0	18.0



School Effectiveness Framework

Instructions: Evaluate your school from 1-4 on each of the Effective Practices of the School Effectiveness Framework in the drop down box under "Evaluation". Cite evidence from observations, any available data, surveys, etc. NOTE: 2= Typical School and 4 = Effective School TIP: When entering text, press Alt + Enter to start a new paragraph.

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
Goals and theory of action		>	3
The school has established goals for student The school has established goals for student	The school has established clear, measurable goals for	School utilizes data from DIBELS, Scantron, and Explore	
achievement that are aimed at making incremental growth and narrowing of achievement gaps.		are aware of their growth data scores. Staff analyzes date and students are students and students.	
• The school has a plan but may have too many	achievement gap and ensuring college and career readiness of all students at the school, grade, and classroom levels.	implements activities to provide for growth and studer	it success.
competing priorities.	 The school has established a clear theory of action or 		
competing priorities.	strategic plan that outlines the school's priorities (derived		
	from analysis of data) and key levers along with the		
	anticipated impact when implemented with fidelity.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Principal Leadership		>	3
Professional learning is organized through whole	Principal creates a professional learning system that	School has professional development trainings monthly	y and infor
taff development but it is not tightly linked to what	evaluates teacher need and interest and builds	the staff of available trainings through memos and ema	ails.
nappens in teacher team meetings or 1:1 coaching	opportunities for growth in content knowledge and	School sends home monthly newsletter. Notes are sen	nt home
cycles.	leadership	regularly. Announcements are made daily. Open Hous	e is held in
 Principal monitors instructional practice for teacher 	 Principal clarifies a vision for instructional best practice, 	beginning of the school year. School hosts parent worl	kshops.
evaluations.	works with each staff member to determine goals and		
School-wide or class specific vision is not	benchmarks, monitors quality and drives continuous		
onsistently focused on college and career	improvement.		
eadiness	Principal establishes and nurtures a culture of college and		
	career readiness through clarity of vision, internal and		
chool events and responds to requests for	external communications and establishment of systems to		
nformation. Families and community are engaged	support students in understanding and reaching these		
chrough occasional school-wide events such as open	goals.		
houses or curriculum nights.	Principal creates a system for empowered families and		
	communities through accurate information on school		
	performance, clarity on student learning goals, and		

opportunities for involvement.





School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
Teacher Leadership		>	3
 A core group of teachers performs nearly all leadership duties in the school. A few voices tend to contribute to the majority of decision-making at the ILT and teacher team levels. Teacher learning and expertise is inconsistently shared after engagement in professional learning activities. 	Each teacher is invested in the success of the school through leadership in one or more areas, including (but not limited to): -ILT membership -Grade/Course team lead - Rtl team -Committee chair or membership -Mentor teacher -Curriculum team -Coach -Family liaison -Data team -Bilingual lead -SIPAAA/CWIP team -Union representative -Grant writer • Each teacher has equity of voice in grade/course, ILT and whole staff meetings • Each teacher is encouraged to share learning about	Teachers participate in one or more of the leadership Teachers share information they receive at the PD's at meetings and on school PD'd days as well as through memos. Yes, the teachers use the school data wall regularly.	areas. t grade level





School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
Instructional Leadership Team (ILT)		>	3
 The ILT represents some or most grade levels or departments, but may not include critical areas of expertise, like special education, bilingual education or counseling. The ILT splits time and focus between improving teaching and learning and solving day-to-day operational concerns. The ILT organizes some whole staff professional development activities. Development at the teacher team or teacher level is not coordinated by the ILT. ILT decision-making is carried out in isolation, or without a clear process for staff-wide engagement. ILT engages in changes to practice in response to voiced concerns. ILT analyzes student test data if new data is available. 	 The school's ILT is assembled based on the combination of knowledge and expertise needed to make decisions for all students and staff. The ILT leads the work of improving teaching and learning school-wide The ILT leads the school's approach to professional development – whole staff PD, teacher teams, and coaching. The ILT facilitates two-way communication and engages all staff in participating in decision-making that advances the school's strategic focus. The ILT engages in regular reflection upon its own team processes and effectiveness and takes actions to improve its functioning and progress towards school-wide goals. The ILT regularly analyzes qualitative and quantitative data to monitor the implementation of school's plan and make adjustments accordingly 	ILT is comprised of grade level, special education, and teachers. ILT informs the staff through sharings by email, staff at meetings. ILT regularly analyzes data to make decisions regarding We formed the intensive learning groups to address descention winter assessment.	nd grade level
Monitoring and adjusting		>	4
Data for district assessments is occasionally analyzed at the school level, typically when new reports are made available. Analysis may lead to instructional practice.	The school has a systematic approach to analyzing data relative to the school's theory of action on an ongoing basis—at the school level, department/grade level, and classroom level—in order to make adjustments to their focus and to target support for particular teachers and students.	Teachers analyze data on a daily to weekly basis. Schools analyzed at grdae level and school pd days.	oolwide data





School Effectiveness Framework

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Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
Curriculum		>	3
 Curricular pacing/scope and sequence is most often determined by the pacing set forth in instructional materials or by an individual teacher. Each teacher develops his/her own units of instruction or follows what is suggested by the pacing provided in instructional materials. Text used for instruction exposes some students to grade-appropriate complexity and is heavily focused on fiction. Short- and long-term plans do not consistently differentiate by learner need. 	and sequence that maps out what Common Core or other state standards teachers should teach and in what order in core subject areas.	Quarterly goals are developed and sent home. Teacher collaborate on and follow common lesson planteachers use level readers to reinforce reading lessons Modifications for students with disabilities and ELL students are place Upper grades needs more development with common unit development.	s dents are i
Instructional materials		>	3
 Core instructional materials vary between teachers of the same grade/course or are focused mainly on a single textbook with little exposure to standards-aligned supplemental materials. Instructional materials support a general curriculum with little differentiation for student learning need. 	 Each grade level or course team has a set of instructional materials that are aligned with standards. Instructional materials are supportive of students with disabilities as well as varying language proficiency levels of ELLs (including native language and bilingual supports). 	Reading and Math series have been updated and corresprimary and middle grades texts Storytown Series includes leveled readers and novels a supplemental materials. Math and Social Studies have texts. Science uses CMSI materials/kits and needs addinaterials	er used a updated

Reading Materials Survey: In addition to evaluating your school in this area, we encourage schools to begin inventorying grade level literacy materials by completing the survey at www.surveymonkey.com/s/materialsurvey. While this is not a comprehensive inventory of your school's instructional materials, this will help you identify the additional literacy materials needed to help implement the Common Core State Standards in the upcoming school year.





School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evaluation
Assessment		> 4
 School wide data is available to the ILT. Teacher team or classroom data is not always available when teachers need it—or teachers inconsistently bring it to teacher team meetings. Each grade level or course team administers the required district assessments but there may be gaps in the kind of assessment tools available to them. Assessments are focused on a particular form of assessment and may not adequately provide a complete picture of student learning. Most assessments are designed to be identical for all students, without accommodation for learner need. 	 School-wide, teacher team and classroom data is organized and available to all who need it immediately after each assessment. Each grade level or course team uses a comprehensive set of assessments – screening, diagnostic, benchmark, formative, and summative – to monitor student learning on a frequent basis. Assessment methods (e.g., student work, selected response, constructed response, performance task) are aligned with the standard(s) being assessed (e.g., knowledge mastery, reasoning proficiency, performance skills, ability to create products). Assessment accommodations and modifications are in place to ensure that students with disabilities and ELLs are able to appropriately demonstrate their knowledge and skills. 	Data Rooms available for teacher access with school wide data walls by grade and subject. Identify at risk students for recommended remediation Teachers use Scantron, Dibels & mclass math weekly and quarterly assessments Teachers utilize oral, written, and small group projects based on units of study. Teachers follow accomodations and modifications as identified on IEP and collorate with special and bilingual teachers





School Effectiveness Framework

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Typical School	Effective School	Evidence E	Evaluation
Instruction		>	3
 Communication of the learning objective is inconsistent or lesson objectives do not consistently align to standards. Questioning is more heavily aimed at assessing basic student understanding and comprehension. Sequencing of lessons in most classes is primarily driven by the pacing suggested in instructional materials. Instruction is most often delivered whole-group with few opportunities for scaffolding learning or the level of rigor is not consistently high. Formative assessment during instruction is used occasionally or inconsistently between teachers. 	 Each teacher clearly communicates with students the standards-based learning objective, directions and procedures, as well as the relevance of the learning. , Each teacher uses low- and high-level questioning techniques that promote student thinking and understanding. Each teacher purposefully sequences and aligns standards-based objectives to build towards deep understanding and mastery of the standards. Each teacher scaffolds instruction to ensure all students, including students with disabilities and English language learners access complex texts and engage in complex tasks. Each teacher regularly uses formative assessment during instruction to monitor student progress and check for understanding of student learning. 	Dailyand weekly onjectives are displayed in most classro Can statements. Teachers use Bloom's Taxonomy to focus on Higher Order Skills There is evidence of teacher scaffolding activities and te modeling before student independent practice. Teachers use questioning and daily observation and DOI for understanding. Student differentiation varies among classes and grade I	er Thinking eacher L to check

Date Stamp November 22, 2012



School Effectiveness Framework

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Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
 Intervention Decision-making about how to determine which students are in need of intervention, what interventions they receive and how to determine the success of interventions is not regularly monitored. 	 The school has a systematic approach to administering screening assessments to identify students in need of academic intervention. The school has a systematic approach to administering diagnostic assessments to identify particular skills gaps. Interventions at the elementary level include in-class, small group instruction, push-in support provided by specialists, one on one support and additional supports outside of the classroom. Interventions at the secondary school level include small 	School uses Dibels and Aimsweb to progress mostudents. Use of targeted instruction for students of like s for skill development 2 days a week prior to ISARTI is in devlopmental stages with systems begin place. In need of more training on implementing interventions.	3 onitor at risk kills base T nning to in
	group instruction, double blocks in literacy and mathematics, push-in support provided by specialists, one on one support and additional supports outside of the classroom Interventions are closely monitored at the ILT, teacher team and individual teacher level so that adjustments can be made at least every 6 weeks.		

Whole staff professional development

2

- Whole staff professional development occurs regularly but is not tightly aligned to the school's priorities.
 Quality, effectiveness or relevance of professio development is not monitored. regularly but is not tightly aligned to the school's
 - Quality, effectiveness or relevance of professional
- The school has a year-long, focused plan for whole staff professional development aligned to school-wide priorities and growth goals.
- The school has a method for continually monitoring the effectiveness of all professional development (including coaching and teacher collaboration).
- School-wide structures ensure that professional development is ongoing, job-embedded and relevant to teachers.

Team meetings centered on student data Teachers attend network writing pd and use common rubrics Teachers embed strategies into classroom teaching More follow up with ILT needed

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School Effectiveness Framework

	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evaluation
3:	Grade-level and/or course teams		> 2
DIMENSI	 Teachers meet regularly but it is focused on a mix of activities—planning, professional development, and data analysis—that may change from week to week. Teachers do not have a regular opportunity to discuss progress monitoring data to track effectiveness of student intervention. Ownership for student learning results lies primarily with individual teachers. Planning typically takes place with general education teachers only. Special education, bilingual or other specialists typically plan and meet separately or only join the group occasionally. There are meeting agendas, but no clear protocols or norms for discussion. 	 Teachers collaborate in regular cycles: quarterly for long-term unit planning, weekly to analyze formative assessment data and plan weekly instruction. Teachers and specialists meet approximately every six weeks to discuss progress-monitoring data for students receiving intervention. Teacher teams share ownership for results in student learning. Teams are inclusive of general education, special education, bilingual teachers and other specialists. Teams are supported by an ILT member, team leader, or "expert", as appropriate. Teachers have protocols or processes in place for team collaboration. 	Teachers have weekly grade level meetings. Every other week staff has multi grade level meetings. Teachers share strategies. Teachers include modifications for Special Education and Bilingual students. Unit planning in upper grades needs improvement. Progress monitoring for students with interventions needs structured progress for monitoring
	Instructional coaching		
	 Coaching typically takes place through informal associations or is only focused on a smaller group of teachers. Formal support for new teachers comes from district-sponsored induction. Professional development decisions are not systematized and left to teacher initiative/discretion. Teachers occasionally receive quality feedback to support individual growth. Peer observation and cross-classroom visitation happens occasionally, but not as an integral part of the school's plan for professional learning. 	 Every school has a coaching plan that identifies teacher needs, who provides the coaching, and how frequently. New teachers are provided with effective induction support. Teachers have individual professional development plans tailored to their needs. Teachers consistently receive quality feedback that supports their individual growth. Peer coaching and cross classroom visitation is also used as a form of coaching. 	Teachers support new teachers to the school. Our staff is a veteran staff and recently has had some teachers new to the school, but not brand new teachers. Having an on-site mentor teacher has worked in the past with golden mentors. New teachers have available trainings through CPS New teacher trainings.





School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluatio
High expectations & College-going culture		>	2
• Some staff members reinforce expectations for all students to aspire to college and career ready standards, or expectations are only reinforced for some students.	 Every staff member reinforces school expectations for all students to aspire to college and career-ready standards. The school has developed and is executing an intentional plan to build and maintain a college-going culture. Every student has opportunities for authentic leadership and student voice 	Some staff members promote college going culture. In student voice some teachers provide communication.	consistent
Relationships		>	3
 Some students form bonds with adult advocates. Patterns of interaction between adults and students and among students are inconsistent Students with disabilities are typically confined to a special education classroom with few opportunities to interact with peers. Student home language and culture is often overlooked. 	 All students have an adult advocate who cares about them deeply and supports them in achieving their goals Patterns of interactions, both between adults and students and among students, are respectful, with appropriate, fair responses to disrespectful behavior Students with disabilities are engaged in the school community, including both physical and social integration. Students' classroom experiences demonstrate value of home language and culture. 	Assemblies address and respect various cultures. Students with disabilities are fully engaged to schoolwienrichments, and services are provided. School has implemented schoolwide PBIS for consister positive behaviors.	
Behavior& Safety		>	1
 Discipline violations and positive behavior supports are handled differently between teachers without school wide norms. School environment occasionally leads to situations un-conducive to learning. 	approach to student discipline and tiered approach to behavioral intervention that recognizes and builds on	Parents report that they are not feeling welcomed and feeling. Parent feel student discipline is inconsistent.	not a safe





School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Ev	aluatio
Expectations		>	2
 Principal provides information to families on school performance in response to parent requests. Teachers provide information to families on their grading system, but families may be unclear on what successfully meeting the standard would look like. Families can learn about the transition process if they reach out to the school for information. 		The principal provides clear information and keeps the act parents up to date on school activities through the LSC and meetings. Teachers' communication to parents needs improvement. Communication between the two buildings is poor and inconsistent.	d parer
Ongoing communication		>	2
 Communication to families is typically conducted only during report card pick-up and in cases of behavior/academic concerns. 	 Teachers and other school staff engage in ongoing, two- way communication with families so that they know how their child is doing relative to grade-level expectations and how the families can support their child's learning at home, but also so that school staff can learn from the families about their child's strengths and needs. 	Some teachers are really good , but it depends on teacher their effort to be available.	s and
Bonding		>	1
 The school has a business-like atmosphere. School staff provides occasional opportunities for families and community members to participate in authentic and engaging activities in the school community like student performances, exhibitions, literacy or math events, etc. 	 The school establishes and non-threatening, welcoming environment. The principal leads the work to empower and motivate families and community to become engaged. School staff provides frequent opportunities for families and community members to participate in authentic and engaging activities in the school community like student performances, exhibitions, literacy or math events, etc. 	The music department is the only positive opportunity for to feel welcomed. All other areas needs improvement	parent





School Effectiveness Framework

	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
Speci	alized support		>	4
	ool provides required services to students the school building/typical school hours.	 School staff conducts intensive outreach to families in need of specialized support through home visits and collaboration with social services agencies. 	Our support team provides all required services throug school day. In addition, our team lead by our counselor provides many contacts to outsic such as free dental, immunizations, educational speakers, etc.	
Colleg	ge & Career Exploration and election		>	2
• Infor	rmation about college or career choices is led.	The school provides early and ongoing exposure to experiences and information necessary to make informed decisions when selecting a college or career that connects to academic preparation and future aspirations.	Our middle school team engages students in career explicitly high school & college readiness by reinforcing the skills and traits of successful students. Research an colleges and areas of professional study are woven into curriculum	d essays on
Acade	emic Planning		>	4
for sor explor • The	me students. Information and opportunities to re paths of interest are limited.	 The school provides support for student planning, preparation, participation, and performance in their college and career aspirations and goals through a rigorous academic program and access to information and opportunities. (HS only) The school regularly evaluates rigorous coursetaking and performance patterns (e.g., AP) and removes barriers to access. 	Our teachers use the EPAS standards of explore and preighth grade students to perform according to these al Common Core Standards. Algebra in eighth grade is a this opportunity for a rigourous academic program.	ong with the
Enric	hment & Extracurricular Engagement		>	3
scope		 The school ensures equitable exposure to a wide range of extracurricular and enrichment opportunities that build leadership, nurture talents and interests, and increase 	Graham School has a variety of after school enrichmen with our entensive choir, band and orchestra program After School All Stars which builds on leadership and so	along with





School Effectiveness Framework

	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
ON	College & Career Assessments		>	3
DIMENSI	Students do not participate in college and career ready assessments	 The school promotes preparation, participation, and performance in college and career assessments. 	Graham school has promoted the use of the Explore to preparing our students to become college ready. This had the eighth graders take a practice Explore exam a teachers analyze the results to shape their instruction continue this strategy and exposure students to rigoro	past year we nd had our . We will
	College & Career Admissions and Affordability		>	
	 Students in 11th and 12th grade are provided information on college options, costs and financial aid. 	• The school provides students and families with comprehensive information about college options and costs (HS only) The school ensures that students and families have an early and ongoing understanding of the college and career application and admission processes, including information on financial aid and scholarship eligibility.	NA	
	Transitions		>	2
	Transitions between key grades provide families with the required minimum paperwork/information.	 The school works to ensure effective transitions—into Kindergarten, at each "benchmark" grade, and from 8th to 9th. (HS only) The school connects students to school and community resources to help them overcome barriers and ensure the successful transition from high school to college. 	Our Head Start program provides our students and parearly social and literacy exposure which leads to acade in Kindergarten. Our third and six grade students are academic interventions through in school and after solinterventions such as computer aided instruction through Myon Reading. ISAT targeted groups of instruction A+ for transiting students and buildings.	emic success provided key hool ugh St Math



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Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation		
Use of Discretionary Resources		>	3		
 Outside funding or community partnerships are primarily limited to opportunities that present themselves to the school. Funding of non-priority initiatives is common throughout the year. 	 School discretionary funding is inconsistently igned to identified needs and priorities. Outside funding or community partnerships are imarily limited to opportunities that present emselves to the school. School allocates discretionary spending to align with identified needs and strategic priorities. School allocates discretionary spending to align with identified needs and strategic priorities. School allocates discretionary spending to align with identified needs and strategic priorities. School actively identifies and pursues opportunities to for outside funding or community partnerships to help meet student and staff needs. School maintains focus on use of resources for the 				
Building a Team		>	4		
 All or nearly all applicants have little to no prior connection to the school. Interviews typically consist of an interview with the principal or a team from the school, but there are no opportunities to demonstrate knowledge or skill in 	 staff capacity and scheduling priorities. School actively works to build a pool of potential staff members through internships and part-time work. A multistep interview process includes a protocol for questioning and classroom lesson demonstrations to assess candidate expertise, philosophy and commitment. Grade/course teams are assembled to include the 	Hiring is always based on school need and ability to bu capacity. Candidates with multi-endorsements and certifications preferred. Our participation in the cluster four middle program lead to the current CPS middle school special Teams have been flexible and adapt to the highest price the school. The current CPS hiring process prescreens all eligible cand gives the principal more information to select the candidate for their school.	s are always school ization policy ority need of andidates		
Use of Time		>>	3		
 Teacher collaboration time is limited or occurs only before/after school. Intervention for struggling students happens at the 	 School designs a "right fit" schedule based on student needs and school-wide growth goals. The school schedule allows for regular, meaningful collaboration in teacher teams. Struggling students receive structured intervention in dedicated blocks. 	Teacher have common planning			

Date Stamp November 22, 2012





Mission & Strategic Priorities

Instructions: Write in your Mission Statement. Using your key levers from the Theory of Action, develop 3 - 5 strategic priorities you will focus on over the next two years. Provide a Rationale using these guiding questions: What data (student achievement, school effectiveness framework, etc.) did you use to determine the priority? How does this priority impact instruction? How does this priority help you to achieve your goals? Tip: When entering text, press Alt+Enter to start a new paragraph.

Mission Statement

To enable our students to succeed academically and become productive citizens by implementing a curriculum aligned to the Common Core Standards while providing a safe and positive learning environment.

Strategic Priorities										
#	Priority Description: Write in the description of your priority.	Rationale: Write in your rationale (see instructions for guiding questions).								
1	Improve student achievement	Set individual student growth plans using NWEA, Dibels, and Explore data to plan for instruction that will positively impact student achievement measured on the School Report Card.								
2	Implement schoolwide RTI	Targeting struggling students and progress monitoring interventions will assist students in meeting performance and growth goals on School Report Card.								
3	Improve student attendance	Student attendance has a direct effect on student academic success. Increasing student attendance rate to 95% or above will contribute to our overall student performance and growth goals.								
4	Optional									
5	Optional									





Strategic Priority 1

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale
	Set individual student growth plans using NWEA, Dibels, and Explore data to plan for instruction that will positively impact student achievement measured on the School Report Card.

Action Plan Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
Review student data from Spring on current students	Professional Development	All	Teachers, ILT	Summer 2012	On-going		Process will start over summer and teacher orientation days.
Teacher adminster Fall benchmark assessment in NWEA and Dibels	Instruction	All	Teachers, Administration	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
ILT team will meet regularly to review, analyze, discuss, and plan for student progress using various pieces of data.	ILT/ Teacher Teams	All	Teachers, Administration	Summer 2012	On-going		Team will meet biweekly to monitor CIWP implementation and plan and school professional development.
Teacher adminster Fall benchmark assessment in NWEA and Dibels	Instruction	All	Teachers, Administration	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
Teachers will create a school wide data wall for instructional planning and goal setting.	ILT/ Teacher Teams	All	Teachers, Principal, ILT	Quarter 1	On-going		Use NWEA /Dibels data to plan for student instruction and prioritize student selection for limited slots in after school programs.
After School programs: SES, Computer Lab, small group	After School/ Extended Day	Other student group	Principal, ILT	Quarter 1	Quarter 3		Use data to prioritize student selection for limited slots. After school computer lab provides more opportunity for student access to intervention
Progress monitoring	Instruction	Other student group	Teachers, RTI Team	Quarter 1	On-going		
Small group instruction	Instruction	All	Teachers	Quarter 1	On-going		Teachers will form small learning groups for instruction.
Administer and analyze quarterly assessments for each grade and subject.	ILT/ Teacher Teams	All	Teachers, ILT	Quarter 1	Quarter 4		
Teacher adminster Winter benchmark assessment in NWEA and Dibels	Instruction	All	Teachers, Administration	Quarter 2	Quarter 2		
Teacher adminster Spring benchmark assessment in NWEA and Dibels	Instruction	All	Teachers, Administration	Quarter 4	Quarter 4		





Strategic Priority 1				





Strategic Priority 2

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale
	Targeting struggling students and progress monitoring interventions will assist students in meeting performance and growth goals on School Report Card.

Action Plan Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
RTI team will meet regularly to report on student progress monitoring	ILT/ Teacher Teams	All	Teachers, ILT, RTI team	Quarter 1	On-going		
Review student data from Spring on current students	Professional Development	All	Teachers, ILT, RTI team	Quarter 1	On-going		Process will start over summer and teacher orientation days.
Tier I & II interventions	Instruction	Other student group	Teachers, RTI team	Quarter 1	On-going		
Tier III will be progress monitored by assigned teacher by RTI team	Instruction	Other student group	Teachers, RTI team	Quarter 1	On-going		Students in K-2 will use Dibels and grades 3-8 will use AIMS Web or Easy CBM
Primary teachers will administer Reading 3D to lowest 20% on Dibels benchmarks	Instruction	Other student group	Primary Teachers	Quarter 1	Quarter 4		Reading 3D is an indepth assessment giving specific reading ability level administered three times a year.





Strategic Priority 2			





Strategic Priority 3

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale
	Student attendance has a direct effect on student academic success. Increasing student attendance rate to 95% or above will contribute to our overall student performance and growth goals.

Action Plan Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
Increasing student attendance has a direct correlation to improving student achievement.	Parental Involvement	All	Administration	Quarter 1	On-going		School communications, newsletters, notes, and scheduled meeting will increase the home school connection.
Quarterly perfect attendance celebrations	Other	All	Administration	Quarter 1	Quarter 4		School wide recognition and celebrations will motivate students to improve attendance.
Student incentive Race to Ten for prmary grades	Parental Involvement	Other student group	Administration	Quarter 1	On-going		The first homeroom with 10 cumulative perfect attendance days for entire class will win pizza party.
Monthly raffle for perfect attendance	Other	All	Administration	Quarter 1	On-going		
Monitor 5 & 10 day cumulative nonexcused absences	Other	All	Attendance Clerk, Administration	Quarter 1	On-going		





Strategic Priority 3			





Strategic Priority 4

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale

Action Plan Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps





Strategic Priority 5

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale

Action Plan Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps