

Franklin Elementary Fine Arts Center

Fullerton Elementary Network 225 W Evergreen Ave Chicago, IL 60610 ISBE ID: 150162990252207 School ID: 609926 Oracle ID: 29081



Mission Statement

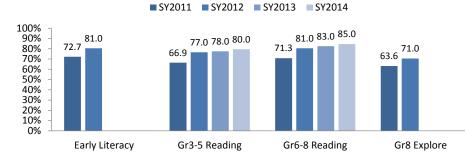
The mission of Franklin Fine Arts Center is to provide all students, including those with special needs, a challenging educational program that includes a focus on individual learning styles and developing critical thinking skills, emphasizes academics and ensures that the arts are addressed as independent core subjects as well as integrated into other curriculum areas.

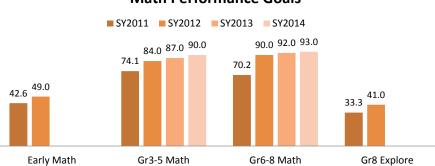
Strategic Priorities

- 1. Increase the number of students in the exceed category on the ISAT math
- 2. Increase the percentage of students who exceed in science on the ISAT
- 3. Increase percent of students in grades 3-8 in Tier 4 on quarterly NWEA reading assessment.

School Performance Goals







Math Performance Goals

100%

90%

80%

70%

60%

50% 40%

30%

20%

10% 0%

Date Stamp November 22, 2012

CIWP

Continuous Improvement Work Plan 2012 - 2014



Overview

The Continuous Improvement Work Plan (CIWP) is a stream-lined, strategic planning process for schools that also meets the state and federal requirements of a school improvement plan. The CIWP uses previous goal and priority setting completed by the schools from the Scorecard metrics, School Effectiveness Framework and Theory of Action. Please see the CIWP Planning Guide at <u>www.cps.edu/CIWP</u> for detailed instructions on completing the tool.

School Name

To get started, please select your school's name from the drop down list:

Franklin Elementary Fine Arts Center

Developing a CIWP Team

A CIWP team consists of 6 – 12 committed stakeholders that act as the steering committee for the entire CIWP planning process. The principal should serve as the chairperson of the CIWP Team, appointing other team members from the school and community, which can include members from the ILT and/or LSC. These CIWP Team members should have strengths in collaboration and consensus-building. While the CIWP Team needs to remain small, it should include people with a variety of perspectives.

CIWP Team

Name (Print)	Title/Relationship
Carol J. Friedman	Principal
Margie D. Smagacz	Assistant Principal
Jennifer MacKenzie	Classroom Teacher
Paula Clark	Classroom Teacher
Connie Brink	Classroom Teacher
Amanda Olson	Classroom Teacher





Elementary Goal Setting

Instructions: Your school's data is organized by Scorecard categories. Using your current performance data and your SY2012 goals, determine the SY2013 & SY2014 performance goals for each metric. Note: ISAT scores include all students in the aggregates, including English Language Learners.

Academic Achievement

Pre-K - 2nd Grade	SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal		SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2 Go
Early Literacy % of students at Benchmark on DIBELS, IDEL	72.7	81.0			Early Math % of students at Benchmark on mClass	42.6	49.0		
3rd - 5th Grade									
Grade Level Performance - Reading % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	66.9	77.0	78.0	80.0	Grade Level Performance - Math % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	74.1	84.0	87.0	90
Keeping Pace - Reading % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	50.0	52.0	55.0	57.0	Keeping Pace - Math % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	53.1	63.0	65.0	67
6th - 8th Grade									
Grade Level Performance - Reading % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	71.3	81.0	83.0	85.0	Grade Level Performance - Math % of students at or above grade level on Scantron/NWEA	70.2	90.0	92.0	93.
Keeping Pace - Reading % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	54.8	57.0	60.0	62.0	Keeping Pace - Math % of students making growth targets on Scantron/NWEA	56.4	58.0	62.0	65
8th Grade									
Explore - Reading % of students at college readiness benchmark	63.6	71.0			Explore - Math % of students at college readiness benchmark	33.3	41.0		





Elementary Goal Setting

Instructions: Your school's data is organized by Scorecard categories. Using your current performance data and your SY2012 goals, determine the SY2013 & SY2014 performance goals for each metric. Note: ISAT scores include all students in the aggregates, including English Language Learners.

Climate & Culture

All Grades	SY2011	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal		SY2011	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal
Attendance Rate Average daily attendance rate	95.9	96.0	96.1	96.2	Misconducts Rate of Misconducts (any) per 100	5.6			

State Assessment

All Grades % Meets & Exceeds	SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal	All Grades % Exceeds	SY2011 Score	SY2012 Goal	SY2013 Goal	SY2014 Goal
ISAT - Reading % of students meeting or exceeding state standards	90.2	91.0	92.0	93.0	ISAT - Reading % of students exceeding state standards	50.2	66.0	70.0	72.0
ISAT - Mathematics % of students meeting or exceeding state standards	95.5	96.0	96.0	96.0	ISAT - Mathematics % of students exceeding state standards	55.1	75.0	80.0	84.0
ISAT - Science % of students meeting or exceeding state standards	94.5	95.0	96.0	96.0	ISAT - Science % of students exceeding state standards	36.3	45.0	50.0	54.0





	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evalua	ation
	Goals and theory of action		> 4	-
DIMENSION 1:Leadership	 The school has established goals for student achievement that are aimed at making incremental growth and narrowing of achievement gaps. The school has a plan but may have too many competing priorities. 	 The school has established clear, measurable goals for student achievement aimed at aggressively narrowing the achievement gap and ensuring college and career readiness of all students at the school, grade, and classroom levels. The school has established a clear theory of action or strategic plan that outlines the school's priorities (derived from analysis of data) and key levers along with the anticipated impact when implemented with fidelity. 	The school has established a goal to move students from meets exceeds on the ISAT. Our teachers use a variety of differentiation methods aimed at narrowing the achievment gap and ensuring high standards for students at all achievement levels. Data analysis is conducted quarterly and drives instruction and school's priorities .	t r
M	Principal Leadership		> 4	1
	 Professional learning is organized through whole 	Principal creates a professional learning system that	Development of the professional learning community is ongoin	ng.
	staff development but it is not tightly linked to what	evaluates teacher need and interest and builds	Principal clarifies a vision for instructional best practice to be a	pplied
	happens in teacher team meetings or 1:1 coaching	opportunities for growth in content knowledge and	to teacher evaluations. Professional development requires mo	ore
	cycles.	leadership	differentiation for content areas and best practices. A clear vis	sion
	• Principal monitors instructional practice for teacher	• Principal clarifies a vision for instructional best practice,	exists for instructional best practice.	
	evaluations.	works with each staff member to determine goals and	Grade level unit plans are being developed.	
	 School-wide or class specific vision is not 	benchmarks, monitors quality and drives continuous		
	•	improvement.	Principal provides internal and external communications to sup	pport
	• Principal provides basic information for families on	 Principal establishes and nurtures a culture of college and 	culture of college and career readiness. Students are targeted t	
	school events and responds to requests for	career readiness through clarity of vision, internal and	accelleration and transformation. High standards are set for all	
	information. Families and community are engaged		students.	
	through occasional school-wide events such as open	support students in understanding and reaching these goals.		
	houses or curriculum nights.	 Principal creates a system for empowered families and 	performance, goals and involvement. Open House is held every	rv fall.
		communities through accurate information on school	Monthly Coffees with the Principal are held for grade levels. Pa	-
		performance, clarity on student learning goals, and opportunities for involvement.	Organizations are active. e-News is sent regularly to all on mai list. Report Card Pick Up has over 90% attendance.	





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evaluation
Teacher Leadership		> 4
 A core group of teachers performs nearly all eadership duties in the school. A few voices tend to contribute to the majority of decision-making at the ILT and teacher team levels. Teacher learning and expertise is inconsistently shared after engagement in professional learning activities. 	 Each teacher is invested in the success of the school through leadership in one or more areas, including (but not limited to): -ILT membership -Grade/Course team lead - RtI team -Committee chair or membership -Mentor teacher -Curriculum team -Coach -Family liaison -Data team -Bilingual lead -SIPAAA/CWIP team -Union representative -Grant writer Each teacher has equity of voice in grade/course, ILT and whole staff meetings Each teacher is encouraged to share learning about effective practice from PD or visits to other schools 	100% of staff are investesd in the school through leadership in one or more areas, including ILT membership, grade/department team lead, committee mentership, coashing, after school instructors, union representative, PPLC committee, CWIP team, Full School Day team. Staff attend conferences, lead workshops, Staff are also engaged with the PTA and LSC and Friends of Franklin organizations. Franklin ensures that each teacher has equity of voice in grade/course as ILT members lead grade/team meetings. Thirty percent of staff write grants. Teachers are encouraged to share learning about effective best practices from outside PD.





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
Instructional Leadership Team (ILT)		>	2
 expertise, like special education, bilingual education or counseling. The ILT splits time and focus between improving teaching and learning and solving day-to-day operational concerns. The ILT organizes some whole staff professional development activities. Development at the teacher team or teacher level is not coordinated by the ILT. ILT decision-making is carried out in isolation, or without a clear process for staff-wide engagement. ILT engages in changes to practice in response to voiced concerns. 	 The school's ILT is assembled based on the combination of knowledge and expertise needed to make decisions for all students and staff. The ILT leads the work of improving teaching and learning school-wide The ILT leads the school's approach to professional development – whole staff PD, teacher teams, and coaching. The ILT facilitates two-way communication and engages all staff in participating in decision-making that advances the school's strategic focus. The ILT engages in regular reflection upon its own team processes and effectiveness and takes actions to improve its functioning and progress towards school-wide goals. The ILT regularly analyzes qualitative and quantitative data to monitor the implementation of school's plan and make adjustments accordingly 	not special education or counseling. They represent a co of knowledge and expertise in their areas. The ILT bring addressed in meetings to their grade level meetings. Th organizes some whole staff professional development. monthly or more in response to speciic needs. The ILT a as it is made available. The ILT feels constrained by time	ombination is issues ie ILT ILT meets nalyzes data
Monitoring and adjusting		>	3
instructional practice.	 The school has a systematic approach to analyzing data relative to the school's theory of action on an ongoing basis—at the school level, department/grade level, and classroom level—in order to make adjustments to their focus and to target support for particular teachers and students. 	Data is analyzed at the beginning of the school year and Teachers analyze data at the grade and classroom level changes in instructional practices and targeted support.	leading to





	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
	Curriculum		>	3
J 2: Core Instructio	 Curricular pacing/scope and sequence is most often determined by the pacing set forth in instructional materials or by an individual teacher. Each teacher develops his/her own units of instruction or follows what is suggested by the pacing provided in instructional materials. Text used for instruction exposes some students to grade-appropriate complexity and is heavily focused on fiction. Short- and long-term plans do not consistently differentiate by learner need. 	 standards teachers should teach and in what order in core subject areas. Each grade level or course team develops/uses common units of instruction aligned to the standards. Text used for instruction exposes all students to a grade-appropriate level of complexity and informational texts to at least the CCSS-recommended levels by grade band. Short and long term plans include the supports necessary 	literacy. Teacher teams are beginning to develop common units CCSS. Texts are being reviewed for complexity. Through observation, differentation occurs is inconsisted throughout the grade levels. A deeper understanding of differentiation practices will be provided through PD.	based on ent of end will be ecessary for knowledge
	Instructional materials		>	3
	 Core instructional materials vary between teachers of the same grade/course or are focused mainly on a single textbook with little exposure to standards- aligned supplemental materials. Instructional materials support a general curriculum with little differentiation for student learning need. 	 Each grade level or course team has a set of instructional materials that are aligned with standards. Instructional materials are supportive of students with disabilities as well as varying language proficiency levels of ELLs (including native language and bilingual supports). 	Each grade level has a set of instructional materials tha with standards. Texts are available for students with di some differentiation. A limited amount of materials ar students who require enrichment.	sabilities with
		bur school in this area, we encourage schools to begin invento s is not a comprehensive inventory of your school's instructior e State Standards in the upcoming school year.		





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Ev	valuation
Assessment		>	3
 team or classroom data is not always available when teachers need it—or teachers inconsistently bring it to teacher team meetings. Each grade level or course team administers the required district assessments but there may be gaps in the kind of assessment tools available to them. Assessments are focused on a particular form of assessment and may not adequately provide a complete picture of student learning. Most assessments are designed to be identical for all students, without accommodation for learner need. 	 each assessment. Each grade level or course team uses a comprehensive set of assessments – screening, diagnostic, benchmark, 	assessments and formative and summative - to monitor st learning on a frequent basis. Assessment accomodations and modifications are in place that students with disabilities and ELLs are able to appropr demonstrate their knowledge and skills.	ment. of ased udent to ensure





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evalua	ation
Instruction		> 3	
 inconsistent or lesson objectives do not consistently align to standards. Questioning is more heavily aimed at assessing basic student understanding and comprehension. Sequencing of lessons in most classes is primarily driven by the pacing suggested in instructional materials. Instruction is most often delivered whole-group with few opportunities for scaffolding learning or the level of rigor is not consistently high. Formative assessment during instruction is used occasionally or inconsistently between teachers. 	 techniques that promote student thinking and understanding. Each teacher purposefully sequences and aligns standards- based objectives to build towards deep understanding and mastery of the standards. 	Teachers clearly state goals to the students. Teachers use low and high level questioning. Units are developed that align to standards. Most teachers purposefully sequence and aligh standards-based objectives to toward deep understanding and mastery. Differentiation varies among classrooms, level and subject. Arts instruction scaffolds to ensure all students are engaged in complex tasks. Each teacher uses formative assessment during instruction to monitor student progress and make adjustments as necessary.	build





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evaluatio
Intervention		> 2
students are in need of intervention, what interventions they receive and how to determine the success of interventions is not regularly monitored. The intervention options are limited (sometimes one- size-fits-all), making it difficult to find a targeted solution to address a particular student's needs. Intervention monitoring and adjustments are left to teacher discretion without school-wide systems.	 The school has a systematic approach to administering screening assessments to identify students in need of academic intervention. The school has a systematic approach to administering diagnostic assessments to identify particular skills gaps. Interventions at the elementary level include in-class, small group instruction, push-in support provided by specialists, one on one support and additional supports outside of the classroom. Interventions at the secondary school level include small group instruction, double blocks in literacy and mathematics, push-in support provided by specialists, one on one support and additional supports outside of the classroom Interventions are closely monitored at the ILT, teacher team and individual teacher level so that adjustments can be made at least every 6 weeks. 	The school will develop a systemwide approach to administer screening assessments to identify students in need of academic intervention. The school will create an RtI team with a point person to coordinate and assist in the process. Interventions at the elementary level include in-class, sma group instruction, push-in support, and one-on-one suppo outside of the classroom. Interventions will be on the ILT and grade level agenda at least every 6 weeks.
Whole staff professional development		> 2
regularly but is not tightly aligned to the school's priorities. • Quality, effectiveness or relevance of professional development is not monitored.	 The school has a year-long, focused plan for whole staff professional development aligned to school-wide priorities and growth goals. The school has a method for continually monitoring the effectiveness of all professional development (including coaching and teacher collaboration). School-wide structures ensure that professional development is ongoing, job-embedded and relevant to teachers. 	The school will allow more time for implementation, follow up and reflection with professional development initiatives. PD will be more content-related and differentiated for grade level and department. The majority of PD sessions will focus on specific grade and department needs and how schoolwide initiatives can be implemented by the various groupings including fine arts teachers. We anticipate less interruptions from CPS-mandated PD with the implementation of the Full School Day.





School Effectiveness Framework

	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
ä	Grade-level and/or course teams		>	2
DIMENSION	 Teachers meet regularly but it is focused on a mix of activities—planning, professional development, and data analysis—that may change from week to week. Teachers do not have a regular opportunity to discuss progress monitoring data to track effectiveness of student intervention. Ownership for student learning results lies primarily with individual teachers. Planning typically takes place with general education teachers only. Special education, bilingual or other specialists typically plan and meet separately or only join the group occasionally. There are meeting agendas, but no clear protocols or norms for discussion. 	 Teachers collaborate in regular cycles: quarterly for long-term unit planning, weekly to analyze formative assessment data and plan weekly instruction. Teachers and specialists meet approximately every six weeks to discuss progress-monitoring data for students receiving intervention. Teacher teams share ownership for results in student learning. Teams are inclusive of general education, special education, bilingual teachers and other specialists. Teams are supported by an ILT member, team leader, or "expert", as appropriate. Teachers have protocols or processes in place for team collaboration. 	Teachers meet regularly but it is focused on a mix of ac planning, professional development and data analysis-t change from week to week. Teachers do not have a reg scheduled opportunity to discuss progress monitoring of the effectiveness of student intervention. Teacher teams share ownership for results in student le The ILT and grade level teams will develop a protocol for collaboration and norms for discussion at the beginning year. 2/3 of special education teachers meet with general ed teachers in scheduled meeting and planning sessions, o informally.	hat may gularly data to discuss earning. or g of the school ucation
	Instructional coaching		>	2
	 Coaching typically takes place through informal associations or is only focused on a smaller group of teachers. Formal support for new teachers comes from district-sponsored induction. Professional development decisions are not systematized and left to teacher initiative/discretion. Teachers occasionally receive quality feedback to support individual growth. Peer observation and cross-classroom visitation happens occasionally, but not as an integral part of the school's plan for professional learning. 	 Every school has a coaching plan that identifies teacher needs, who provides the coaching, and how frequently. New teachers are provided with effective induction support. Teachers have individual professional development plans tailored to their needs. Teachers consistently receive quality feedback that supports their individual growth. Peer coaching and cross classroom visitation is also used as a form of coaching. 	A point person for new teachers and staff members is in the role and responsibilities are unclear. Formal suppor teachers comes from district-sponsored induction. Tea occasionally receive quality feedback to support individ	t for new chers



School Effectiveness Framework

	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
	High expectations & College-going culture		>	4
	 Some staff members reinforce expectations for all students to aspire to college and career ready standards, or expectations are only reinforced for some students. 	 The school has developed and is executing an intentional plan to build and maintain a college-going culture. Every student has opportunities for authentic leadership and student voice 	Staff members frequently articulate high standards for s become college and career ready. Every students has opportunities for authentic leadershi individual expression especially through the arts educati teachers provide intensive preparation for auditions and development for students going into high school.	ip and ion. Arts
	Relationships		>	4
DIMENSION	 Some students form bonds with adult advocates. Patterns of interaction between adults and students and among students are inconsistent Students with disabilities are typically confined to a special education classroom with few opportunities to interact with peers. Student home language and culture is often overlooked. 	 Patterns of interactions, both between adults and students and among students, are respectful, with appropriate, fair responses to disrespectful behavior Students with disabilities are engaged in the school community, including both physical and social integration. Students' classroom experiences demonstrate value of home language and culture. 	that they have an adult to advocate for their needs and	help them dults and opriate, fair and needs. cipal have s general
	Behavior& Safety		>	4





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evaluat
are handled differently between teachers without school wide norms.School environment occasionally leads to situations un-conducive to learning.		PBIS is a common, consistent school-wide approach to behaviora intervention that is in place and implemented throughout the school. It reinforces positive behavior and strategies. The staff has established a safe and welcoming school environme and culture.





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence E	Evaluation	
Expectations		>	4	
 Principal provides information to families on school performance in response to parent requests. Teachers provide information to families on their grading system, but families may be unclear on what successfully meeting the standard would look like. Families can learn about the transition process if they reach out to the school for information. 	 Principal provides clear information for families on school performance and accurately explains this information so that families understand its relevance to their children as well as the plan for improvement. Teachers provide clear information for families on what students are expected to achieve in a given grade level or course and examples of what meeting the standards looks like. Schools proactively provide information regarding school choices to families looking to relocate or to students in transition grades. 	The principal provides clear information for families. We have O House for all parents in the fall to review performance and goals the year. Principal has monthly coffees with each grade level. Parents are encouraged to use Parent Portal. e-News is sent out parents regularly. School newspaper is distributed monthly to a students and teachers send out grade level newsletters. Teacher have web pages on Franklin web site. Information on school performance is presented to LSC annually. Third grade teachers present to parents in preparation for the ISAT test. Presentation made to seventh and eighth grade parents and stude about high school selection process.		
Ongoing communication		>	4	
• Communication to families is typically conducted only during report card pick-up and in cases of behavior/academic concerns.	• Teachers and other school staff engage in ongoing, two- way communication with families so that they know how their child is doing relative to grade-level expectations and how the families can support their child's learning at home,	Grade levels provide newsletters for parents on a weekly basis. Progress reports are distributed quarterly. Parents teachers email consistently. Teachers meet with parents after school.	and	
Bonding	but also so that school staff can learn from the families about their child's strengths and needs.	>	4	





	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Evaluation
DIM	families and community members to participate in authentic and engaging activities in the school community like student performances, exhibitions, literacy or math events, etc.	 The school establishes and non-threatening, welcoming environment. The principal leads the work to empower and motivate families and community to become engaged. School staff provides frequent opportunities for families and community members to participate in authentic and engaging activities in the school community like student performances, exhibitions, literacy or math events, etc. 	The school has established a non-threatening, welcoming environment. Families and community members have many avenues to become engaged. A beginning of the year, International Picnic, sets the tone for family members as it promotes cultural diversity and respect for all. Familes attend student performances and studio shows, science fair, literacy events, etc.





	Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
	Specialized support		>	3
	 School provides required services to students within the school building/typical school hours. 	 School staff conducts intensive outreach to families in need of specialized support through home visits and collaboration with social services agencies. 	The school refers parents to outreach organizations as	needed.
	College & Career Exploration and election		>	
Supports	 Information about college or career choices is provided. 	• The school provides early and ongoing exposure to experiences and information necessary to make informed decisions when selecting a college or career that connects to academic preparation and future aspirations.	N/A	
SSS	Academic Planning		>	4
e and Career Readines	 Support for college and career planning is provided for some students. Information and opportunities to explore paths of interest are limited. The school encourages high performing students to plan on taking advanced courses. 	preparation, participation, and performance in their college and career aspirations and goals through a rigorous academic program and access to information and	The school conducts a High School night and High Scho partner school. The fine arts department prepares stud auditions for high school. The after school activities en in college and career opportunities. High performing st encouraged to take accelerated math class and advanc courses, when appropriate.	ents for gage students udents are
90	Enrichment & Extracurricular Engagement		>	4
6: Coll	• Extracurricular activities exist but may be limited in scope or students may not be purposefully involved in activities that align with their strengths and needs.	extracurricular and enrichment opportunities that build leadership, nurture talents and interests, and increase	All students are able to participate in a wide variety of extracurricular and enrichment activities that build lead nurture talents and interests in academics and the arts include sports teams for girls and boys, arts classes, che	Activities





School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence	Evaluation
College & Career Assessments • Students do not participate in college and career		>	4
 Students do not participate in college and career ready assessments 	• The school promotes preparation, participation, and performance in college and career assessments.	Our students participate in the We are Ready program a career opportunities. Eighth grade math students take a course. Our students also take the EXPLORE examination	algebra
College & Career Admissions and Affordability		>	
• Students in 11th and 12th grade are provided information on college options , costs and financial aid.	• The school provides students and families with comprehensive information about college options and costs (HS only) The school ensures that students and families have an early and ongoing understanding of the college and career application and admission processes, including information on financial aid and scholarship eligibility.		
Transitions		>	4
 Transitions between key grades provide families with the required minimum paperwork/information. 	 The school works to ensure effective transitions—into Kindergarten, at each "benchmark" grade, and from 8th to 9th. (HS only) The school connects students to school and community resources to help them overcome barriers and ensure the successful transition from high school to college. 	The school works to ensure effective transitions in Kind each grade. We conduct a Meet and Greet information parents and students to meet the teacher before schoo monthly grade level coffees, new parent meetings, teac pages and e-news bulletins.	session for K I starts,



School Effectiveness Framework

Typical School	Effective School	Evidence E	valuation
Use of Discretionary Resources		>	4
aligned to identified needs and priorities.i• Outside funding or community partnerships are•• orimarily limited to opportunities that present•• hemselves to the school.•• Funding of non-priority initiatives is common•• hroughout the year.•	 School actively identifies and pursues opportunities to for outside funding or community partnerships to help meet 	The school has a Friends of Franklin organization that raise that align with the identified needs and strategic priorities Approximately 1/3 of teachers write grants. We have strong arts partnerships with outside organizatio Steppenwolf, Chicago Childen's Theater, Intuit and CAPE. Our resources focus is consistent with school and student	s. ons such a
Building a Team		>	4
 vacancy is identified. All or nearly all applicants have little to no prior connection to the school. Interviews typically consist of an interview with the principal or a team from the school, but there are no popportunities to demonstrate knowledge or skill in the chassroom. 	 School actively works to build a pool of potential staff members through internships and part-time work. A multistep interview process includes a protocol for questioning and classroom lesson demonstrations to assess candidate expertise, philosophy and commitment. Grade/course teams are assembled to include the needed 	Hiring is conducted after an assessment of student needs, capacity and scheduling priorities. The school uses student teachers to actively build a pool of candidates. The school uses a multistep interview process which includ questioning, classroom lesson demonstrations, assessmen candiate expertise, philosophy and commitment as well as from references. Interviewing is conducted in teams.	of potentia des nt of





Typical School	Effective School	Evidence Eva	luation
 School schedule is designed based on number of 	 School designs a "right fit" schedule based on student 	School designs a "right fit" schedule based on student needs	and
minutes per subject or course.	needs and school-wide growth goals.	school-wide growth goals.	
• Teacher collaboration time is limited or occurs only	• The school schedule allows for regular, meaningful	Struggling students will receive intervention in dedicated blo	ocks with
before/after school.	collaboration in teacher teams.	the Full School day implementation.	
Intervention for struggling students happens at the	 Struggling students receive structured intervention in 	The school schedule will allow for regular, meaningful collab	oration
discretion/initiative of individual teachers, during core	dedicated blocks.	in teacher teams with the Full School day impleImentation.	
courses.			





Mission & Strategic Priorities

Instructions: Write in your Mission Statement. Using your key levers from the Theory of Action, develop 3 - 5 strategic priorities you will focus on over the next two years. Provide a Rationale using these guiding questions: What data (student achievement, school effectiveness framework, etc.) did you use to determine the priority? How does this priority impact instruction? How does this priority help you to achieve your goals? **Tip: When entering text, press Alt+Enter to start a new paragraph.**

Mission Statement

The mission of Franklin Fine Arts Center is to provide all students, including those with special needs, a challenging educational program that includes a focus on individual learning styles and developing critical thinking skills, emphasizes academics and ensures that the arts are addressed as independent core subjects as well as integrated into other curriculum areas.

Strategic Priorities

‡	Priority Description : Write in the description of your priority.	Rationale: Write in your rationale (see instructions for guiding questions).
1	Increase the number of students in the exceed category on the ISAT math	On last year's math ISAT scores, 95.5% met and 55.1% of students exceeded standards on math subtests.
2	Increase the percentage of students who exceed in science on the ISAT	Based on last year's ISAT scores, students are further behind in science than in math or reading. 94.5% of fourth and seventh graders met standards and 36.3% exceeded in science.
3	Increase percent of students in grades 3-8 in Tier 4 on quarterly NWEA reading assessment.	Based on fall Scantron scores, a greater percentage of students should be in the Exceeds category. We are transferring the results of Scantron to NWEA.
4	4 Optional	
5	5 Optional	





Strategic Priority 1

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale
ncrease the number of students in the exceed category on the ISAT math	On last year's math ISAT scores, 95.5% met and 55.1% of students exceeded standards on math subtests.

Action Plan

Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
In the fall and throughout the year teachers will analyze classroom data.	Instruction	All	Principal, Teacher Teams	On-going	Quarter 1		
In the fall and throughout the year Identify students for acceleration instruction.	Instruction	Other student group	Principal, Teacher Teams	On-going	Quarter 1		
Monitor student progress on NWEA and teacher made assessments	Instruction	Other student group	Principal, Teacher Teams	On-going	Quarter 1		
Order materials that provide the necessary challenge to students at all grade level	Instructional Materials	Other student group	Principal, Asst. Principal	On-going	Quarter 2		
Teachers teams meet weekly to analyze student progress and plan accordingly.	ILT/ Teacher Teams	Other student group	Teacher Teams	Summer 2012	Quarter 1		
Assign teacher/teacher aide to support students at Acceleration level	Instruction	Other student group	Principal	Summer 2012	Summer 2012		
Provide after school programming to provide necessary challenge for students based on data	After School/ Extended Day	Other student group	Principal	On-going	Quarter 1		





Strategic Priority 1							





Strategic Priority 2

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale
	Based on last year's ISAT scores, students are further behind in science than in math or reading. 94.5% of fourth and seventh graders met standards and 36.3% exceeded in science.

Action Plan

Version 03/12

Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
In the fall and throughout the school year, analyze data and determine student areas of need by grade level	Instruction	All	Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
Identify subtest areas where improvement needed	Instruction	All	Teacher Teams	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
Review lesson plans to meet standards	Instruction	All	Principal and Teachers	On-going	Quarter 1		
Vertical alignment of science instruction by teachers of science	Instruction	All	Teacher Teams	On-going	Quarter 2		
Make inventory of instructional materials and purchase additional materials as needed	Instructional Materials	All	Teachers, Asst. Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		
Based on needs identified by teacher teams, provide PD on science and CCSS.	Instruction	All	Principal, Assistant Principal	On-going	Quarter 1		
Revew quarterly assessment results	ILT/ Teacher Teams	All	Principal, ILT, Teacher Teams	Quarter 1	Quarter 4		
Increase the minutes in science instruction at all grade levels	Instruction	All	Principal	Summer 2012	Summer 2012		
Include science in after school programming based on targeted skills identified by data	After School/ Extended Day	All	Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		



Franklin Elementary Fine Arts Center



Strategic Priority 2





Strategic Priority 3

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale
	Based on fall Scantron scores, a greater percentage of students should be in the Exceeds category. We are transferring the results of Scantron to NWEA.

Action Plan

Monitoring

Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
Review quarterly NWEA assessment data to identify student targeted for acceleration	ILT/ Teacher Teams	All	Asst. Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
Assign staff person to work with targeted students	Instruction	All	Asst. Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
Acquire rigorous text to support accelerated student learning.	Instruction	All	Asst. Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 2		
Monitor student progress after each quarterly assessment and adjust instruction based on findings.	ILT/ Teacher Teams	Other student group	Asst. Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 1		
Provide PD for teachers on differentiating instruction based on student needs.	Instruction	Other student group	Asst. Principal	Quarter 2	Quarter 3		
Monitor lesson plans for differentiation strategies	Instruction	Other student group	Principal	Quarter 1	On-going		
Provide after school tutoring for identified students	Instruction	Other student group	Asst. Principal	Quarter 1	Quarter 4		





Strategic Priority 3				



Action Plan



Strategic Priority 4

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale

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Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
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Monitoring



Action Plan

Monitoring



Strategic Priority 5

Instructions: Develop milestones for each strategic priority that you will implement. Milestones are significant steps that a school must accomplish in the implementation of the strategic priority. Milestones are SMART (Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Time-bound). Indicate the category and group of students to which the milestone applies, the responsible party and the timeline. You will update the status and next steps throughout the year as part of your continuous improvement cycle.

Strategic Priority Description	Rationale

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Milestones	Category	Target Group	Responsible Party	Start	Completed	Status	Comments & Next Steps
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Version 03/12